

# The Port Hope Times

AND COUNTY OF DURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN.

J. B. TRAYES, Editor and Proprietor.

"A Free and United People, Cherishing British Connection."

TERMS, \$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.

VOLUME 21.

PORT HOPE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1882.

NUMBER 24.

## Midland Loan & Savings' Co

ESTABLISHED 1878.

HEAD OFFICE, - PORT HOPE.

On QUEEN STREET, leading to the Market.

Paid up Capital, - - - \$250,000.  
Assets at last Audit, 31st Dec., 1881, - 537,550.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM CRAIG, PRESIDENT.  
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H. H. MEREDITH, NATHAN CHOATE.  
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Money obtainable from this Company on good Real Estate security, at the lowest current rates, and on terms to suit borrowers.  
The principal may be repaid in one sum or in instalments, as may be agreed on, with liberal privileges for pre-paying or postponing payment if desired.  
Parties dealing with this Company secure the strictest privacy as to their affairs.

### SAVINGS' BANK.

Deposits received and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. on current accounts, interest payable or compounded half yearly.  
Certificates of deposit will be issued for one year or longer, which will bear interest at 5 per cent.

Depositors have as security the whole assets of the Company, and there is invested in Mortgages on Real Estate of assets about half a million dollars.  
Good Mortgages on Real Estate purchased. Apply personally or by letter to

GEORGE M. FURBY, Secretary-Treasurer.

Port Hope, March, 1882.

### MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Trains Arrive:-	
Express	8 15 a.m.
Way freight	5 30 p.m.
Express	8 00 "
Mail	9 10 "
Trains Depart:-	
Mail	7 00 a.m.
Way freight	7 10 "
Express	8 20 "
Mail	9 30 p.m.
Express	8 35 "

### THE ROYAL HOTEL, PORT HOPE.

CHARLES GARRETT, Proprietor. The best \$1 a day, see in town. Good 8-10-12 Rooms, and stable. Mr. Garrett having lately bought out the former proprietor, Mr. J. W. GERMAN, has had the house thoroughly refitted. Billiard Parlors attached.

### LAMBERT'S HOTEL.

ONTARIO street, Port Hope, having been purchased by the undersigned, he is confident he will be able to retain the high reputation it has always enjoyed. The rooms are all well furnished—the bar is supplied with the best liquors and cigars—the table is excellent—while the stabling is the best in the United County.

### WAVERLEY HOUSE.

THURSDAY morning, Rochester, N. Y., should not call to stop at the Waverley House, as it is first class every respect, being newly furnished throughout. The rates have been reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.50 and \$2 per day, according to location of rooms. This house is centrally located, being near the New York Central Depot, on the corner of Railroad Ave. and State St. Our porters meet all trains.

### FARM TO RENT.

COMPOSED OF LOT NO. 7 IN THE 2nd CON. OF South Monaghan, containing 500 Acres. About 150 cleared fit for crops and machinery. Buildings all in good repair. Further particulars on application to William Rutherford, South Monaghan P. O. 28-4.

### T. NEELANDS, L. D. S.

Has removed to Queen street, 3 doors south of Toronto Bank. Special attention given to the extraction of those troublesome GOLD FRILLINGS and the preservation of the natural teeth.

### PIANOFORTE TUITION.

MISS PITTS

Is prepared to give Lessons to a few pupils, either at their own residences, or at the residence of her father, Fish Street. Terms moderate. d612-7

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

AND Certificates issued by authority under the New Marriage Act, at the Town Hall, Port Hope. No bond required, and License Returned in Five to Ten Days. H. V. SANDERS, d61-4.

### JOSEPH G. KING

Flour, Grain and Commission Merchant, Office: Paterson's Block, Port Hope, Ont. d1-444

### J. A. BROWN,

Dentist. Gas administered for the relief of extraction of teeth. Rooms over Ross and Skelton's store, Walton street, Port Hope. 18-7

### FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THE CANTON STORE, with POST OFFICE attached. This valuable property will be sold or rented on or before the first of March 1882. It is situated on Lot No. 12, 4 Con., Hope. The property is in a first class state, as it has only been completed this season. It is a splendid stand for any person desiring the business. For particulars apply to

### MIDLAND HOUSE, JOHN STREET.

PORT HOPE Midland Station on East side, Mr. George Hewson's Livery Stable on West side. First-class rooms and neatly furnished. One of the best dollar a day Houses in town. Board by the week moderately. Choicest Liquors and Cigars. Good table attendance. Good stabling.

### QUEEN'S HOTEL MILLBROOK ONT.

WM. REYNOLDS, Proprietor.

THE building and furniture being new, guests can depend upon being comfortably provided for. Tables supplied with everything in season. Choicest liquors and Cigars. Good stabling and a careful hostler.

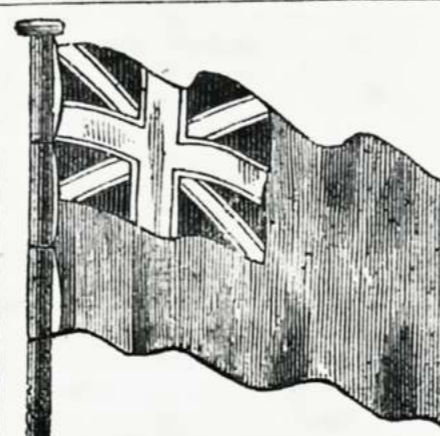
### P. T. KELLAWAY,

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MANUFACTURER OF DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, ARCHITRAVES, BASE, Flaming, and Be-Sawing, and everything in the Building line, at the lowest prices. Estimates for Buildings, etc. Jobbing promptly attended to. Mill Street, Steam Mill, Port Hope. d1-44-7

### FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A GOOD PRIVATE DWELLING HOUSE, with 4000 BUILDS attached, on Lot 12, 4th Con., Hope. This is a splendid large lot, well adapted for gardening, with a good variety of fruit. It is a very commodious place for any person wishing to live private, as it is near the church, and school. Possession given on the first March, 1882. For particulars apply to

JOHN BOYD, P. M., Canton.



## THE RECEPTION.

The Most Brilliant ever Accorded to a Resident of Port Hope.

## A TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION OVER HALF A MILE LONG.

## ROUSING SPEECHES IN THE DRILL-SHED BY PROMINENT CONSERVATIVES.

## The Result a Complete Vindication of Col. Williams.

Col. Williams' reception as the representative of East Durham in the House of Commons for the next five years, by the electors in Port Hope, was one that might cause any man to feel proud. After the returns had been received to a great extent at the Liberal-Conservative Committee Rooms, and the same had been communicated amid rousing cheers to the crowds outside, previous arrangements for a demonstration in honor of the successful candidate were then carried out. Knowing that the result could not be otherwise than a victory for the Colonel, full preparations in the way of torch-lights and processions were made. At 9:20 p.m. the adjournment was made to the drill-shed, which had been lighted up and made ready for the occasion. An immense number of torches were distributed and eagerly seized by staunch Conservatives, and those of the rising generation who felt it a delight and an honor to take part as torch-bearers in so noble a cause. At the drill-shed the procession was formed in double file, single files walking on each side of the street. Carriages containing the most ardent and prominent of Colonel Williams' supporters, took the van of the procession between the files. Marshals mounted on horseback took the direction of the procession. In this manner it marched off, and to give an idea of its magnitude to those who did not witness it, it is only necessary to state that the bright line of the brilliant and dazzling torches extended for over half a mile. The scene was one of magnificent brilliancy. It moved from the drill-shed, going due west to King street, thence to Ward street, where a turn was made on to Mill street, and thence up Walton street. We do not think we are exaggerating when we say that so many people were never seen in Port Hope before, and certainly never so enthusiastically disposed. Along the streets where the procession passed were throngs of men, women and children, some following and all, or nearly all, cheering. We forgot to mention that a special train on the Midland brought a very large number of the "loyal" from Cavan and Manvers, who joined in the grand procession at the drill-shed. The brilliancy of the scene is better imagined than described. The imposing appearance of the parade itself, from its length, the illumination of many of the private residences and dwellings, the glorious ascent of hundreds of rockets, the grotesque and dazzling effect of the torches as they were crossed and recrossed away in the rear, thronging of the thousands upon the streets, the ringing cheers which rent the air every few yards, the splendid music of the old and familiar band of the 46th, which once more "attuned the masses to harmony,"—all combined to make Col. Williams' political reception one a price might envy, and the effect of which will never be forgotten by those who participated. It was in itself, taking place in Port Hope, the grandest and most sweeping vindication of Col. Williams' character from the volley of attacks poured unceasingly upon him for over a year back, that an injured man could desire.

Moving up Walton street to the corner of Julia street, the order was given to "right about face," and was obeyed with an alacrity and military regularity that was admirable. From Walton street to the drill-shed the procession moved via John street, turning at the Baptist Church corner. At the drill-shed door the procession disbanded, the torches were extinguished, and in a few moments the voice of Col. Williams from the platform was the signal for quietness. It was arranged, as is usual after victory, to have some short address by a few of the victorious chiefs of the contest.

Col. Williams was the first to speak. He was received with deafening cheers. He said he had not words to express his feelings upon

this occasion. The magnificent majority of 382, and this magnificent reception, were things to be proud of, and were the best answer to the slander that had been heaped upon him. (Cheers.) If he returns in this riding were so gratifying, how much more so is the news from the whole Dominion. (Cheers.) From a report just received, 74 out of 90 of those so far heard from were supporters of Sir John Macdonald. (Loud and vociferous cheering.) In voting for him they had voted not only for him, but for good government and Canada's prosperity. (Cheers.) It was a matter for more than mere personal pride, for the whole Dominion to be congratulated upon. Under the N. P. we hope now to make still more rapid progress towards the development of our vast resources. We have a great country, and one which is destined to become the greatest in the world, under good government. (Cheers.) In our riding, have we not reason to be proud of the result! Our opponents were going to have 200 in Port Hope and 250 in Hope Township. He felt that their disappointment was a complete vindication at the hands of the honest yeomanry of East Durham. (Cheers.) He was proud to stand here to-night as their representative, and when he took his seat in the House he would endeavor, as he had in the past, to serve them to the very best of his ability, and attend to their wants as constituents with unflinching attention. (Cheers.) He thanked them heartily for their splendid support and handsome reception. (Loud and continued cheering.)

Dr. Brereton came forward amid ringing cheers. He was one of the party in the North who were solid to the front. He had pleasure in working for Col. Williams as he had, and by their support they had elected a good man. (Cheers.) Not only was he a good man of himself, but he supports Sir John Macdonald and an able Ministry, whose motto is progress, and under whose guidance we will march onwards and upwards. Their policy was strongly in contrast with that of Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake, who were unworthy as administrators. Our majority to-day, although less than in 1878, is still greater. Over 60 from Cavan have left for the Northwest, and if we add 60 to 284, we find our majority has increased considerably. We were all proud of the result of the day, and he must again congratulate the electors. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Winslow spoke briefly, and received loud and hearty plaudits.

Mr. Marshall Thompson, one of the orphans from Hope, upon appealing was cheered heartily. Reference had been made to the work done by the good old township of Cavan but he thought Hope had done better. (Laughter and cheers.) Instead of being all Conservatives they were nearly all Grits in that township, and the work was so much the harder. He had worked hard, and the victory was won by hard work. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Preston, of Manvers, was loudly called for, and in coming forward said that if Cavan had done well and Hope better, Manvers had done still better. (Laughter and cheers.) She had rolled up a majority the highest ever polled before—314. Manvers was solid to the core. There was a time, he regretted it, when money was brought in and a sop thrown into the faces of our people, but he was glad that time had passed away. (Cheers.) Manvers is Conservative to the backbone, and he hoped that as long as he lived it would always remain so. He trusted it would be a long time before he would see Reformers having the majority. (Cheers.) The policy of our leader is a great policy, and he was sorry—ashamed—to see respectable Reformers coming out to Manvers, trying all the petty excuses imaginable as reasons for rejecting that policy. It was almost scandalous. He was happy to-night over the news, and he would go to sleep and dream that he saw one plank after another of the Grit platform float away on the waves of public opinion until not one was left. (Laughter and cheers.) It was his desire to be as liberal as possible, but he could not reconcile himself to that party. What had they ever done for the country? (Loud cheers.)

R. O'Neill took the stand, remarking that he had great pleasure in reviewing the result of the contest to-night. He had lived twenty-five years in Port Hope, and never cast anything but a Conservative vote in his life, and never in all his life was he so proud of a vote he ever cast as to-night. He never was so proud of being a Conservative as to-night. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Chisholm received a hearty greeting. The battle, he said, is fought, the victory is won, the country is safe and the Conservative party are again returned with strength to carry on the affairs of our grand Dominion. (Loud cheers.) The prosperity of our Dominion is bound up with the success of the Conservative party. It would have been a public calamity if at this time, when so many matters of vital importance to the unity and permanence of the Dominion are in their hands if they were driven from power. (Cheers.) The tendency of the oppositionists is to separate and disunite parts of the Dominion. The whole policy of the present Government is to keep the Dominion one and indivisible. Colonel Williams is again the chosen of the East Riding of Durham. East Durham has vindicated him against the aspersions cast upon him by a majority of 382. Col. Williams is the representative of the whole people of the Riding now that he is member. Let the voters prove magnanimous. Let politics be dropped, until the occasion arises for its exercise. Let the affairs of town and country go on without stirring up any political animosities. He is a miserable calf who for his own private and vindictive purposes would assassinate any Port Hope institution. Let the people of Port Hope sink politics and put their shoulder to the wheel. Let those who have money do some good with it by helping to foster industries amongst us. (Cheers.) Let those who are not possessed of money, not put obstructions in the way of progress, but speak kindly of efforts in

that direction. If Col. Williams, to-night, feels the weight of the honors placed upon him, he no doubt also feels the burden of responsibility cast upon him, as well on account of his position as by reason of the great confidence reposed in him by the people. Let us sustain and cheer him in promoting what may be for the good of the country, the riding, and the town of Port Hope. (Vigorous applause.)

Mr. James Evans' appearance elicited hearty cheers. He felt glad that he was a Conservative to-night for several reasons. 1st. He was on the winning side. He had been on the losing side several times, and he knew how it would grate on their ears in the other rooms. He knew just how bad he felt. (Laughter and cheers.) But it was not merely for the sake of gaining the victory that he was proud. He was proud of the way that victory was won. (Loud cheers.) It had not been done by slander or throwing dirt at their opponents. We have shown fair play at every one of our meetings, and given every speaker a fair hearing, and altogether the contest on our side was fair and honorable, which is more than can be said of our opponents. He was proud also that the N. P. was to be sustained, for not only had he a personal interest in supplying the harbor, for which altogether he had received \$15—but the whole Dominion was interested; he was proud that Col. Williams was our candidate—a man in every sense of the word; he was proud that he belonged to the party that wished to retain British connection. There were those who would rather be first in a hamlet than second in Rome, but he did not believe in that. He would rather see Canada a little gem in England's crown, than a solitary ornament by herself. Last of all he was glad that there were so many Conservatives here to-night. (Loud and enthusiastic cheering.)

Mr. John Clomes was loudly cheered. "Jack Clomes," he said, was proud of belonging to the rising generation, to whom much of the credit was due. "I am one of the boys," and as such was proud of the victory. (Cheers.) He had worked hard in this contest—harder than he ever had worked before, but the willingness with which voters had responded to solicitations for their votes had inspired him. We have done well. (Cheers.)

Dr. Might made a rousing speech in his characteristically vigorous and earnest way, and was cheered loudly. Particular reference was made to the beneficial effects of the N. P. in the North-West.

Shouts for Mr. H. A. Ward brought that gentleman to the fore, receiving rousing cheers. He thanked them for their hearty greeting, and thought it an occasion for general pride and rejoicing. All had done their duty. If in Port Hope the majority for Mr. Ross was increased, it was due to local influences of a rather degrading character. He had been exceedingly gratified with the exhibit of Cavan and Manvers, and no doubt all felt the debt of gratitude we owe to those veteran townships. Campaign songs were much used during the late campaign. J. D. Edgar, of Toronto, had written several, one of which went "Ontario, Ontario, the traitor is at thy throat." From the verdict of the people rendered to-day he thought they were of the opinion that one robber is as good as another, if not a great deal better. (Hear, hear, laughter and cheers.)

Mr. A. Winslow, President of the Rising Generation Club, was received heartily. It used to be the cry that the rowdy element was on the Tory side, but he thought that the record of the campaign just closed would show that the rowdies were all on the other side. (Loud cheers, and cries of "yes, your right there.") Our opponents claim that the N. P. has never done anything for Port Hope. He would assure them that the N. P. or anything else would never do anything for us as long as the Grits were in the ascendancy. (Cheers.) The future of this town depends upon the rising generation, and to them we must look for the results. Our success is owing a good deal to our opponents, whose policy of abuse and slander had sickened the electors and turned away many who would have voted. Did any one suppose that the people of this riding would be influenced by the slander of a two-and-a-half cent man. (Immense cheering.) He was generally known as the twenty-center, but he put him down cheaper than that.

Mr. T. M. Benson congratulated the party on the glorious victory, and upon the fact that Sir Richard John Cartwright and several other arch-enemies to our country in the forest had been defeated. (This announcement was received with rousing cheers.)

Mr. B. in a happy speech, referred to the present grand position of the party, and also to the vilification pursued by local lesser enemies of our country.

Mr. J. J. Preston, a very promising and talented young man, of Manvers, next addressed the audience, and brought forth volleys of cheers. We anticipate for Mr. Preston, a successful future as a politician.

Mr. Gardiner, of Hope, also made a short speech in effective style, being heartily cheered.

Mr. J. B. Trayes then came forward and congratulated the electors upon their magnificent success as a party. He could speak from experience of Col. Williams' influence in the House and with the Government, for he had been in his professional capacity appointed on a delegation to go to Ottawa. There were two Reformers and himself, and they found Col. Williams very obliging. Through his influence with the Government they had obtained everything they asked for. So much for the Col.'s parliamentary prestige.

The 46th Regiment band, which had discoursed music for the occasion, then played "God Save the Queen, and after three good Tory cheers for Col. Williams, Sir John Macdonald and the Queen, the meeting was dispersed.



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## Is the Majority East Durham gives Col. Williams.

WHICH MEANS 50 OF AN INCREASE SINCE 1878.

## A Complete Answer to the Slanderous Charges made by His Opponents.

## CAVAN AND MANVERS SURPASS THEMSELVES IN ROLLING UP MAJORITIES FOR THE COL.

## What about the Reduced Majority Now?

The success of Col. Williams' candidature was not much more of a surprise to his opponents than it was to many of his friends.

It was said that Port Hope would give Mr. Ross 150 of a majority, and that Hope would give 250, while the Colonel's majority would be from 150 to 200. *Vide* returns below. That this was believed in proved by the fact that their convictions were in many cases backed up by dollar bills.

From the fact that a number of electors had left Cavan, it was thought by our friends that Col. Williams' majority would have been pulled down. But counting sixty votes which would have been cast for the Colonel had their possessors been at home, his majority would have been 442—not much of a decrease in popularity.

We will say nothing about the matter at present, the facts below speak for themselves.

It is natural to crow over an opponent who is defeated. We do not glory in that sense. It was a victory of principles, not of man over man.

Ward	Williams	Total	Williams	Total
	1878.		1882.	
Ward 1, North	77	151	70	159
" 1, South	71	143	64	144
" 2, East	50	99	41	80
" 2, West	96	192	111	203
" 3, East	64	128	55	116
" 3, West	68	136	56	123
	420	840	455	910
Majority for Ross 36.			Majority for Ross 87.	

Sub-division	No. 1, majority	38		
" " " 2	" 31			
" " " 3	" 48			
" " " 4	" 15			
" " " 5	" 16			
" " " 6	" 9			
		167	40	
Majority for Ross in 1882, 127.				
" " " in 1878, 192.				
			167	40

Sub-division	No. 1, majority	38		
" " " 2	" 31			
" " " 3	" 48			
" " " 4	" 15			
" " " 5	" 16			
" " " 6	" 9			
		167	40	
Majority for Ross in 1882, 127.				
" " " in 1878, 192.				
			167	40

MANVERS.

Sub-division	No. 1, majority	38	
" " " 2	" 31		
" " " 3	" 48		
" " " 4	" 15		
" " " 5	" 16		
" " " 6	" 9		
		167	40
Majority for Col. Williams, 1882, 284.			
" " " in 1878, 261.			

HOPE TOWNSHIP.

Sub-division	No. 1, majority	38		
" " " 2	" 31			
" " " 3	" 48			
" " " 4	" 15			
" " " 5	" 16			
" " " 6	" 9			
		167	40	
Majority for Ross in 1882, 127.				
" " " in 1878, 192.				
			167	40

CAVAN.

Sub-division	No. 1, majority	38	
" " " 2	" 31		
" " " 3	" 48		
" " " 4	" 15		
" " " 5	" 16		
" " " 6	" 9		
		167	40
Majority for Col. Williams, 1882, 284.			
" " " in 1878, 261.			

MANVERS.

Sub-division	No. 1, majority	38	
" " " 2	" 31		
" " " 3	" 48		
" " " 4	" 15		
" " " 5	" 16		
" " " 6	" 9		
		167	40
Majority for Col. Williams, 1882, 310.			
" " " in 1878, 297.			

An extraordinary story of Russian corruption was told at a trial at St. Petersburg the other day. The accused was Privy Councillor Busch, Director-General of the Medical Department of the Navy, who was charged with having received bribes from the officers of his department for their promotion. One hundred and twenty-six navy surgeons came forward as witnesses, eighty-six of whom testified that the practice of paying the head of the department for promotions had been in existence for many years, and that Dr. Busch never promoted a surgeon without receiving payment in cash or by promissory note. One of the witnesses alleged that he had to make two such payments—one of 300 roubles in 1874 for his first promotion, and another of 1,500 for permission to be transferred from the army to the navy. It also appeared that in 1877 a young surgeon was appointed to a higher position by the Governor of Cronstadt, and that Dr. Busch, on hearing of this, threatened to cancel the appointment unless the surgeon would pay him 4,000 roubles. The surgeon then paid Dr. Busch 3,000 roubles and was allowed to keep his appointment.

### WHAT THEY SAY.

Oh for a lodge in some vast wilderness.—The defeated candidate.

Amen! brother.—Sympathizing friends.

You're not sure unless you bet and then you can't most always tell.—Legion of losers.

Ross was in, sure, if they had only voted the right way. Hang the ballot.—Grit wire pullers.

MARRIED.

FUTLEY.—MARRON.—On Wednesday, June the 20th at the residence of Mr. Richard Maple, by the Rev. J. & Baker, incumbent of St. Mark's church, Wm. S. Smyley, of Rochester, to Maggie Marron, of the same place.

GRANDPAPA'S OLD COAT.

Only one silk and that not new! Dear me, dear me, it is dreadful! and Aunt Grayson caught up the pretty bodice of the garment in question, and gave it a spiteful little shake.

"What can't be cured must be endured; there's no help for it, auntie," she said.

"Yes, there was help for it," cried the lady, tossing the bodice from her "if you had taken my advice; but you must go and act like a simpleton! The idea of a girl of your age giving away her hard earnings, and then getting married without a decent change of clothing! I declare it is too absurd. And you are making such a good match, too! Charles Montague comes of one of the best families in the country, and he'll be rich one of these days, though he may be poor enough at the start, and you, having as good as thrown your money away, can contribute nothing—not even able to buy your own clothes, which every wife ought to do."

"At which time, let us hope, my scanty wardrobe will be replenished," said Kathie, merrily.

Her aunt frowned contemptuously. "But what are you to do now?" she went on. "What do you think Mrs. Montague, of Oaklands, will think of you, when she sees your outfit?"

"Not one wit less than she thinks of me to-day," answered Kathie, stoutly, "or I should be greatly mistaken in my estimate of her character."

Mrs. Grayson laughed in scorn. "You poor little simpleton! Wait until you know the world as I know it, and you'll change your tune. I tell you, Kathie, appearance is everything. Your bridegroom himself will feel ashamed of you when he sees you in the midst of his stately sisters, in the grand rooms of Oaklands."

Kathie winced, but she answered bravely, "I don't believe Charlie will ever feel ashamed of me, or I should give him up to-day."

"Wait until he sees you in your shabby garments."

"Shabby garments!" said Kathie, opening her bright brown eyes, "My garments are not shabby, auntie. I am quite sure I never looked shabby in my whole life."

Mrs. Grayson glanced at the trim, graceful little figure. The close-fitting blue merino was faultless; the linen cuffs, and collars were as spotless as snow. Kathie was right, she never looked shabby. Her garments seemed to be part and parcel of herself, like the glossy feathers and black tuft of a canary. Yet these garments were usually made of all sorts of odds and ends, for Kathie was poor, and obliged to be rigidly economical. But she was possessed of that tact, or talent, or whatever it might be called, which is more to a woman than beauty or fortune, enabling her by the mere skill of her willing fingers and artist soul, to make life, her home, her own person, "a thing of beauty and a joy forever."

Mrs. Grayson, Kathie's well-to-do aunt, with daughters of her own, who trailed their silks in the dust and tumbled their laces and plumes and looked dowdy all the while, regarded the trim little figure by the window with a half admiring, half contemptuous expression.

"You're rather a pretty girl Kathie," continued her aunt, "and you understand the art of getting yourself up in good style. What you've got will do well enough, perhaps, but there's so little of it. Your bridal outfit is shameful. What will you do for carriage dresses, and dinner dresses, and evening dresses, when you are Charles' wife? Why, when I was a bride I had everything, a round dozen of silks of every hue, poplins, merinos, tissues, and a half dozen sorts of wraps. I didn't go to James Grayson bare of clothes, I tell you."

Kathie said nothing for a moment, but bent over her ruffles, her bright eyes dim with tears; then answering, "You may well say that aunt; but it is kind that you should tattle me, when you know that your father was a rich man while mine was poor, and my uncle with all his promising to me died leaving me nothing."

"Such a simpleton as you've been," her aunt continued, "after toiling and teaching for your money, to turn round and give it away! I declare it puts me out of temper to think of it."

"What else could I do?" the girl burst out, passionately. "Could I see poor George's children turned into the street?"

"Assuredly," answered the lady coolly, "he could have rented a house easy enough. In your place, I should have kept my money in my pocket; but you wouldn't listen to my advice. You are sorry for it now, no doubt."

"I am not sorry. I would do the same thing again to-morrow. I'm glad I had the money to pay poor George's debt, and I don't care if I even do look shabby."

"Very well, I shall try not to care, either. I shan't help you; I told you that in the beginning; I can't afford it, and even if I could I should not feel it my duty. You would be headstrong and senseless, you must bear the consequences. I'll give you some lace for your neck and sleeves, and you may wear the garnet set of Josephine's."

"I am perfectly aware of your not caring, though you are my aunt, but

I don't want the lace, nor should anything induce me to wear borrowed garments. Besides I have some very fine lace which belonged to my dear, dead mother, which I shall wear in remembrance of her, knowing how happy she would be, were she alive and with me, at the event that is soon to take place."

"Oh! very well; don't snap my head off, I beg; you needn't wear them. Much thanks one gets for trying to assist you. You won't wear any hat either, I suppose."

"I have plenty of trimmings! I shall trim that light felt I wore last winter."

"And your jacket? Where's that to come from, pray?"

Kathie's tears were gone, and her brown eyes flashed like stars, as she answered, "I intend to make myself a jacket of grandpapa's coat."

Her aunt threw back her head and laughed boisterously as she went on: "Grandpapa's old coat! oh, that is too good. What would Mrs. Montague say to that? Kathie, child, what a goose you are!"

Kathie threw aside her ruffles, and going to the clothes-press brought out the old coat. "The material is very fine," she said, "and this rich, old-fashioned fur will cut into nice strips for trimming. Oh, I am sure that I can make a handsome jacket out of it, and I think," she added, softly, "grandpapa would like me to have it, if he knew."

"Grandpapa, indeed!" echoed Mrs. Grayson. "I should think you'd have but little respect for his memory after the manner he treated you in never leaving you a penny after having nursed him and saved for him as you did night and day for all those years."

"I have no doubt he intended to leave me something," said Kathie. "I know he did, but he died so suddenly, and put off altering his will until it was impossible to do so."

"Oh, nonsense! I wouldn't give a fig for good intentions! He had lots of money—everybody knows that; it has all gone to that scrapegrace, Dugald, and leaving you without a shilling for your wedding dowry."

"Charlie won't mind that," said Kathie, her cheeks blooming like a rose.

"Won't he? don't tell me, child! Every one thought you would be old Tom Rowland's heiress when you first met Mr. Montague. Ten to one he'd never have given you a second thought but for that. [Now that he's disappointed, he's so much of a man to back out, of course but he feels it all the same. Don't tell me, I know men better than you.]"

Kathie uttered no word in answer. She took the old coat, and crossing to the window, sat down to rip it apart. Her wedding-day was drawing near, and there was no time to lose. Mrs. Grayson settled herself on the lounge for an afternoon nap; the big Maltese cat purred on the rug; the canary chirped lazily in her cage; and, without, above the waving line of the wooded ridge, the December sunset glowed.

Kathie began to rip the strong, closely-stitched seams, her pretty, fresh face looking sad, but not hopeless. Aunt Grayson's world-wise talk had somewhat hurt her from its unkindness, or rather heartlessness.

All her life she had been such a brave, sweet little soul. Left an orphan early, she had lived with her grandfather, and made his last days bright. He said to her more than once: "You're a dear child, Kathie; by and by, when you think of being a bride, I'll give you a wedding dowry."

Yet, after his sudden death one mid winter night, there was no mention of Kathie found in the will, and everything went to Dugald, the son of a second marriage.

Kathie did not complain, but it cut her to the heart to think that after all she had been utterly forgotten. She tried to believe that there was some mistake, but it was very hard to do so.

And when Dugald sold out the old homestead, gathered up the funds and went off to America, she gathered up all the souvenirs and took care of them. The old fur-trimmed overcoat was one, and this was distinguished from all the rest by having a card appended to it, on which was her full name.

Then, boarding at her aunt's, she taught the village children, and saved up her earnings for her marriage-day, for Charles Montague had asked her to be his wife.

The wedding-day was appointed, and Kathie was beginning with a fluttering heart to think about making her purchases, when her brother George fell ill; and worse, got into trouble. He was rather a thriftless man, and had been unfortunate; his little home was mortgaged, and unless the debt could be repaid the house would be sold over his head.

Kathie heard, and did not hesitate an instant. Her hoarded earnings went to pay the debt.

She did not regret her generosity sitting there in the glow of the waning sunset; she would have done the same thing again. She did not doubt her handsome high-born lover's loyalty, yet her girl's heart ached, and tears dimmed her clear bright eyes.

It was bad to be so cramped for a little money, and one's wedding-day so near. Her wardrobe was limited, and sadly needed replenishing. Aunt Grayson told the truth; she would look shabby in the grand rooms at Oaklands, in the midst of Charlie's stately sisters!

The tears came faster, and presently the sharp pearl-handled knife, with which she was ripping the seams,

slipped suddenly, and cut a gash right across the breast of the coat.

Kathie gave a shriek of dismay. "There, now, I've spoiled the best of the cloth; I can't get a jacket from the much abused old coat. What shall I do?"

Down went the bright young head, and with her face buried in grandpapa's old coat, Kathie cried as if her heart would break.

Mrs. Grayson sneered on the lounge, the Maltese cat purred before the hearth, the canary twittered, and out above the wintry hills the sunset fires glowed in golden glory.

Her cry out, Kathie raised her head, dried her eyes, and went on with her ripping, when something rustled under her hands.

"Why, what's this? some of grandpapa's papers."

She tore the lining loose, and there, beneath the wadding, was a package done up in parchment, and tied with red tape, and addressed in a clear hand to herself!

Kathie drew forth. One side was marked: "This package belongs to my grand-daughter, Kathie."

"Why, what can it be?" cried Kathie, her fingers fluttering as she tugged at the tape.

At last the knot yielded, and she unfolded the package. Folded coupon bonds—a round dozen at least—and a thick layer of crisp bank notes. On the top a little note. She read it.

"My dear little grand daughter, here is your marriage dower. Two thousand pounds. One day some fine fellow—none other I trust—will claim you for his wife. You are a treasure in yourself, but take this from old grandpapa as a slight remembrance for all your care and kindness to him."

"Oh, grandpapa, then you did not forget me!" sobbed Kathie.

A ring at the door at that moment startled her. She looked out and saw her lover. Gathering her treasures into the lap of her ruffled apron, she rushed out to meet him.

"Oh, Charlie, come in quick. I've got some wonderful news to tell you!"

The young man followed her into the drawing-room, wondering what had happened.

"Oh! Charlie," she cried breathlessly, holding up her apron, her eyes shining, her cheeks aglow; "see here; I'm a rich girl after all! I've found my marriage dower. A minute ago I was so poor, and had nothing to give you with me. I had to give poor George all my money and I've only one silk; and I had to trim my old hat over, and auntie laughed at me so, and said you would feel ashamed of me. I was cutting up grandpapa's old overcoat to make a jacket, and I found this. Only see! two thousand pounds. Oh, Charlie! I'm so glad for your sake."

The young man bent down and kissed the sweet, tremulous mouth with a full, glowing heart, as he said: "My darling," his voice thrilling with tenderness, "I am glad of all this because you are glad. For my own part, I would rather have these dear little hands without a shilling in them. You need no dowry, Kathie; you are crowned with beauty and purity and goodness, and what could I wish more? In my eyes you are always fresh and fair and lovely, no matter what you wear. I love you for your own sweet self, rich or poor."

Kathie let the folded bank coupons and notes slip from her apron and fall to the floor in a rustling shower.

"Oh, Charlie!" she whispered, leaning her head against his shoulder, "I am so glad."

"Glad of what, Kathie—grandpapa's dowry?"

"No; glad you love me for myself."

He clasped her closely, and at their feet grandpapa's marriage dowry lay almost unheeded.

Her aunt and her cousins, though they pretended to be pleased and to congratulate her, yet it was easy to see how thoroughly they were chagrined. The marriage proved to be a happy one, not only to the party directly concerned, but equally to "Mrs. Montague of Oaklands" and her proud stylish daughters.

The money given to Kathie's brother proved to be the making of him. He recovered his lost ground, and in a few years he had accumulated a handsome property, repaid his sister all that he owed, though against her wishes, and showed to her how fortunate was the result of her liberality so heartily condemned by her aunt.

**Satisfactory Results in Montreal.** Whilst Montreal is a model city in many respects, it is not exactly a quarter section of Paradise, as Capt. Geo. Murphy Chief of Government Police can testify. A reporter of a Montreal journal waited upon this gentleman a short time ago, and put to him the following query: "Chief, do you find the duties irksome and dangerous in your strange calling?" "Irksome," replied Mr. Murphy, "I seldom find them; but that they are attended with danger is very true. There is danger to be faced, of course, from wind, weather and criminals, and the least of these dangers, is not those of exposure to a bad weather. The heavy, moist atmosphere that gathers over the water is very conducive to rheumatism, and many of my men suffer from that complaint more or less. I believe that our danger from exposure from this time forward is past as St. Jacobs Oil, if applied in time in cases of rheumatism, has a wonderful way of knocking that malady out of people. It certainly relieved me of a severe pain in my shoulder."

**Don't Die in the House.** "Rough on rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers, etc.

Farmers, before buying your reaper and mower oil, ask for and procure a sample of "Kaiser" Machine Oil. It is warranted not to gum, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

A Splendid Meeting in Col. Williams' Interest, in What the Reform Leaders Call Their Cavan Stronghold.

There was a large and enthusiastic assemblage, of the electors of the northern part of the Township of Cavan at the meeting held at Mount Pleasant in the interest of Col. Williams on Friday. Those present were in the proportion of three to one, supporters of Col. Williams and the National Policy, and among these were many intelligent, honest Reformers who place country before party.

Councillor John Boyd was called to the chair, and in a few well-chosen remarks asked for a fair and impartial hearing for all the speakers. This was accorded in the fullest measure, and a more intelligent and attentive audience, no speaker could desire.

Col. Williams first addressed the meeting, and calmly and convincingly set forth the reasons which had rendered it necessary for him now to ask the suffrages of the electors. Amongst other causes he mentioned two as the chief ones; that the addition by the late census of four representatives to the number of members of the House of Commons from Ontario, required that that increased representation of this province should at once be given in order that Ontario might immediately have the full voice she is entitled to in the councils of the Dominion; and secondly, that enormous amounts of capital were now being withheld from investment in the Dominion until capitalists should be assured of the renewal of the support of the country to the present Government, that no change of serious nature would be made in the fiscal policy to be pursued in the future. He referred to the condition of the country prior to 1878, and to the incapacity and inexperience of the Mackenzie Administration, and contrasted it vividly with the reign of prosperity and activity which had followed upon the return of Sir John Macdonald to power. He begged the electors not to allow their minds to be drawn off from the grand and all important question of the National Policy either by the statement that Mr. Blake would not disturb it, or by the attempted substitution for it of the absurd and groundless cries which were raised upon the Boundary Award and the Disallowance question. "There was, he said, no foundation whatever for the assertion that Sir John Macdonald had any intention or desire to deprive Ontario of one foot of territory to which she is entitled. It was a mere election cry, put forward for the purpose of trying to win back from the support of the National Policy those Reformers who in 1878 had set country before party, and had given their support to that policy. The attempt would fail, and he had no doubt that on the 20th instant he would receive, as he had done in 1878, a very large measure of support from intelligent and patriotic members of the Reform party.

Mr. Williams was followed by Mr. J. N. Kirchoff, who briefly but pointedly set before the meeting the main issues in question in this election, and called upon them to perform their important duty in a fearless and conscientious manner, and if they did so they must throw all their energies into the support of Col. Williams and the Government of Sir John Macdonald.

Mr. Randall next spoke in the interest of Mr. Ross, and as usual began by saying that the N. P. is not an issue in this election at all; that it is a fixed fact and will not be disturbed, except to "re-adjust" it a little; but as he proceeded with his "re-adjustment" it became evident that, as Mr. Chisholm humorously put it, he "would cut his tail off close behind his ears." After a great deal of wholly irrelevant matter, much of which consisted of personal attacks of a personal nature on Mr. Chisholm, Mr. R. went on to say that he had been blamed for stating at Canton that there were many men out of employment at Port Hope. What he had said at Canton he reaffirmed, and he made the extraordinary statement that there were now lying tied up in the harbor of this town six vessels, which could get nothing to do, and that there were from thirty-six to forty men connected with these vessels out of employment. He gave Capt. George Wright as his authority. In addition to this he said there were dozens of men in Port Hope who could get nothing to do, and altogether he painted a most melancholy picture of the utter stagnation of our town. Apart from the impropriety of the chief officer of the town degrading it and endeavoring to ruin its reputation, the audience evidently thought that he had nothing whatever to do with the local affairs of Port Hope.

Dr. Might, in a few forcible remarks, gave some account of the marvellous prosperity and progress of the Northwest, and of the benefits that country is deriving from the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Dr. Brereton, M.P.P., also spoke briefly upon the several questions which have been raised by the Opposition during the campaign and called upon his hearers to stand by the National Policy and the Government of Sir John Macdonald.

He was followed by Mr. Curry in the interest of Mr. Ross. Mr. Curry essayed to attack the National Policy, but it was evident that the subject was one upon which he had not yet succeeded in informing himself much.

Mr. Chisholm spoke on the side of the Government, and dealt in an able and masterly manner with the sophistries of Mr. Randall, whom he styled "the man of many promises but of no performances." He referred to the statement made on more than one occasion by Mr. Randall, that one of the members of the Canadian Pacific had entered it with but \$7000, and had lately been offered \$68,000,000 for his interest in it. This, he thought, was a grand exhibition of Mr. Randall's "visions" imagination. Mr. Preston, with an evident enjoyment of the opportunity afforded him, suggested that Mr. Randall claimed that he had said \$28,000,000 instead of \$68,000,000, but he dexterously declined to be responsible for the correctness of the statement.

Mr. Chisholm administered to Mr. Randall a well deserved rebuke for his unbecoming attacks upon Port Hope, and proceeded to discuss in an able and convincing manner the questions of the National Policy and the Boundary Award.

Mr. Preston, of the "News," was the last speaker on the side of the Opposition. He stated the evident dissatisfaction at the loss of their time, caused by the aimless and unnecessary remarks of Mr. Randall on the local affairs of Port Hope, and it was apparent that he felt that that time might more profitably be left for him. He proceeded to give a revised and condensed version of his own campaign speech, adapted to the short time at his disposal and the locality in which he was speaking. Mr. Preston's remarks had one merit which his previous speeches did not possess, namely they were free from personalities. This was probably the result of the positive injunction laid upon him by the more discreet leaders of the party, whose displeasure at his mode of conducting political warfare has not been concealed.

Mr. Benson closed the discussion, and after disposing of the points attempted to be made against the Government, proceeded to expose the utter fallacy of the assertion that the Boundary Award question in any sense a live issue. He pointed out the legal difficulties in the way of the acceptance of the Award as determining the true boundary, and briefly set forth the facts connected with the reference. He showed convincingly that neither Sir John Macdonald nor his Government had any desire to deprive Ontario of an acre of her territory; that the position of the Government as trustees for the whole Dominion absolutely required them, in the interest of Confederation, to have the matter settled in the only proper and conclusive manner, viz: by a decision of the Privy Council of the Empire. It was unworthy of a great political party, such as the Reform Party, to come before the country and ask the overthrow of a Government against which no charge of incapacity or impropriety could be brought, upon a mere sectional cry which had no foundation in fact. The Reformers and intelligent Reformers of this constituency would not be misled by any such senseless and absurd attempts to draw their minds from weightier and more important matters.

Mr. Benson referred to the treaty resolutions of Mr. Blake, and denied emphatically that he had ever said anything impugning Mr. Blake's loyalty. What he had said was that the tendency of his resolutions would be to raise up in Canada a party who would in time want to go further in the direction of independence than ever Mr. Blake contemplated, and who would then set him aside as a leader who would not go far enough for them, and take one who would be more in accord with their ideas; while in the mother-land the anti-colonial party would be greatly strengthened, and a demand would be made that the Dominion should be left to take care of herself. Mr. Benson closed by urging those Reformers who in 1878 placed their country's welfare above their party allegiance, and supported the policy of Sir John Macdonald, to continue to him their support in his honest efforts to perfect and perpetuate that policy.

Col. Williams moved, and Mr. Kirchoff seconded, a vote of thanks to the chairman, which was enthusiastically carried by the meeting.

**\$200,000 Reward!** Will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation Hop Bitters, especially Bitters or preparations with the word Hop or Hops in their name or connected therewith, the person so misled and cheated the public, or for any person putting in any form, pretending to be the same as Hop Bitters. The genuine have cluster of Green Hope (notice this) printed on the white label, and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for Kidney, Liver and Nervous Diseases. Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or recipes of Hop Bitters published in papers or for sale, as they are frauds and swindles. Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted. HOP BITTERS MFG. CO., 22 1/2 Astor, Rochester, N. Y.

Now that the reaping and mowing season is coming on, farmers should remember that "Kaiser" Machine Oil is the best reaper and mower oil in the market. For sale by all dealers.

KIDNEY-WORT FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.

Another disease so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Wherever the cause, however situated, this remedy will overcome it.

**PILES.** This distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with Constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of piles even when abscesses and medicines have before failed.

PRICE IN USE. DRUGGISTS SELL.

BIG BOOM AT LINTON'S CARRIAGE WORKS ORONO.

LARGE STOCK AND BEST STYLES Come and See for Yourself. J. LINTON. Trade and Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Ontario.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. AUTHORIZED GUARANTEED CAPITAL, \$500,000. Wm. Myles, Esq., President Snowden Iron Mining Co., President. EDWARD GALLOWAY, Esq., Contractor; Vice-President. DIRECTORATE: C. H. NELSON, Esq., Merchant (Messrs. H. A. Nelson & Sons) Toronto. Wm. HESSIN, Esq., Merchant (Messrs. Wm. Hessin & Co.) Toronto. CAPT. E. S. TRIPP, Toronto. THOMAS MARL, Esq., Toronto. HENRI D. LIND, Esq., Manufacturer, Aurora. JOHN MOODY, Esq., Esq., Miller (Messrs. John Moody & Sons) Ridgeway. JAMES BRANDON, Manager. N.B.—Money to loan at 6 per cent; also Agent for Manitoba lands, etc. 11-131.

TRENT NAVIGATION

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Trent Navigation" will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mail on Wednesday, the 24th Day of July next, where proposals for the construction of a Lift Lock, Bridge Piers and other works at Fenelon Falls; also, the construction of a Lock at Buckhorn Rapids, and for the construction of three Locks, a Dam and Bridge Piers at Burleigh Falls. The works at each of the places will be let separately. Maps of the respective localities, together with plans and specifications of the works, can be seen at this office on and after WEDNESDAY, the 22nd Day of June next, where printed forms of Tender can be obtained. A like class of information relative to the works at Fenelon Falls will be furnished at that place, and for those at Buckhorn and Burleigh Falls, at the residence of the resident Engineer's office, Peterborough. Contractors are requested to bring in mind that forms for the different works, when accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, as follows:— For the Fenelon Falls works, \$1,000 For the Buckhorn Rapids works, 500 For the Burleigh Falls works, 500 And that these respective amounts shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the works at the rates and prices submitted, subject to the conditions and terms stated in the specifications. The cheques submitted in will be returned to the different parties whose tenders are not accepted, and the deposit must be returned, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, F. BRUCE, Secretary. Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 22nd May, 1882. 22-54

COAL AND WOOD STOVES

WILLIAM GAMBLE having received his new assortment of all kinds of COAL and WOOD STOVES, would respectfully invite a call from all intending purchasers, as he is sure he can give satisfaction to all favoring him with their patronage in

Beauty of Design, Economy of Fuel, while his PRICES will be found as LOW as the LOWEST. A large assortment of all kinds of

TINWARE

constisting of Granite, Iron and Enamelled Ware, Eavestroughing and Roofing and

JOB WORK

of all kinds at lowest prices. Estimates for buildings in town or country cheerfully furnished. American and Canadian Coal Oil always on hand. A call solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Remember the place our door east of Walton st. bridge, and nearly opposite the Post Office.

WM. GAMBLE, 6-ly

HAYWARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and effective destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Vaughn's Lithontriptic Mixture, the great specific for Gravel, Dropsy, etc., for sale by Mitchell & Watson, Port Hope.

PORT HOPE POST OFFICE.

MAILS. ARRIVE. Grand Trunk from the east, 8:50 a.m. " " west, 9:15 p.m. Midland Railway, from the north, 8:15 a.m. Midland Railway, from the north, 9:15 p.m. Bay route, 9:15 p.m. Midland Railway, from the north, Peterborough and Springville only, 8:00 p.m. From Hope Township, including Dale, Rossmount, Wellesboro, Canton, Ferrytown, Garden Hill, Elizabethtown, St. Eves, Berris, and Zion, 8:50 p.m.

GOING. Grand Trunk, going west, 7:30 a.m. " " going east, 7:10 p.m. " " evening, east and west, 7:00 p.m. Midland Railway, going north, (in which is included matter for small along the route to Midland, Millbrook, Berris, Lindsay, and Peterborough, 8:50 a.m. Midland Railway, going north, (in which is included matter for small along the route to Midland, Millbrook, Springville, Fraserville, Peterborough, and Lakefield, 8:40 a.m. Hope Township, including Dale, Rossmount, Wellesboro, Canton, Ferrytown, Garden Hill, Elizabethtown, St. Eves, Berris, and Zion, 10:00 a.m. United States Mail for Rochester and other points, per Steamer Norwegian, 8:30 a.m. Ocean Mail, per Allan Line, closes every Friday at 7 a.m. and 8:30 p.m.

Postage to Great Britain—6c. per lb. oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c. Money Orders granted on all Money Order Offices in Canada, United States, Great Britain, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland and India. Assails received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings Bank, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. Registered Letters must be posted 30 minutes before the close of each mail. LETTER BOXES—Collections are made from the street boxes at Wiltman's corner, Englehart's, O'Neil's, Tannery, and at the corner of Hope and Windsor sts., at 7 a.m. and 8:30 p.m. Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.; Saturdays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE. Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of postal rates, as follows:— For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxemburg, Malta, Monaco, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Austria, Roumania, Russia, St. Eves, Berris, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey and via United States—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Cruz, Jamaica, Japan, and Porto Rico, Newfoundland in cow in the Postal Union, but the postal rates remain as before. Letters, 5 cents per lb. oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 3 cents for 4 oz. Distribution fee, 5 cents. For Adon, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guiana, Cayton, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceania, and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, via Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceania, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies in Africa, Oceania and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits Settlements in Singapore, Penang, and Malacca: Letters, 10 cents per lb. oz. Postal cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Regulations fees, 10 cents. West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as before. Australia (except New South Wales, Victoria) and Queensland—Letters, 7 cents. Papers, 4 cents. Mail between South Wales and Victoria, Queensland—Letters, 15 cents. Papers, 5 cents. New Zealand, via San Francisco—Letters, 14 cents per lb. oz. E. J. BAIRD, Postmaster.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Trains, boats, &c., for the conveyance of the travelling public, leave Port Hope as follows:— GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. Trains going East—Morning express, 10:05 a.m. Evening express, 9:35 p.m. Local, between Port Hope and Belleville, 8:30 a.m. Mixed, 8:30 a.m. Trains going West—Passenger local, 7:15 a.m. Morning express, by Montreal in all cases, 8:50 a.m. Evening mixed, 8:35 p.m. Evening express, 8:35 p.m. Above trains run by Montreal line, which is twenty minutes in advance of Port Hope time.

JAMES WALLWORTH DAVIS, Late of Millbrook.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT.

I'm prepared to execute all kinds of Commissions and reasonable rates. Information given concerning Lands to be sold. Situations of various kinds procured. Mechanical and other thinking of value to Wholesalers and Retailers. Orders for commission, Titles investigated. Conveyancing, &c. Address, James Wallworth Davis, 39-41 Wellington Street, Toronto.

HAYWARD'S PECTORAL BALSA CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

It is a safe, sure, and effective destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

THAT FRAUDULENT BALLOT AND MR. ROSS.

We have heard a great deal from Mr. Ross's friends concerning what they term a "fraudulent ballot," said by them to have been cast by COL. WILLIAMS in the last election in West Northumberland. This story has been repeated with force and malicious villification through the Reform press of the Riding, and with loud-mouthed vindictiveness on the platform, to the disgust of nearly every respectable Reformer, not one of whom believes there is a particle of truth in the contemptible charge, the simple word of COL. WILLIAMS, that the story is wholly untrue, being accepted by everyone, for all know him too well to believe that he would be guilty of a dishonorable action, or of speaking falsely. No respectable Reformer can be got to say anything of the charges, though they are feebly apologized for by a few on the plea that everything is fair in politics, but not one believes in them; and their frequent repetition has been beneficial to COL. WILLIAMS, instead of a disadvantage, for when he said on the platform that he believed when tendering his vote that he was properly entitled to do so, and that on submitting the case to the best legal authority in the Dominion his view of the question was sustained, from that time it was useless to repeat the falsehood with the slightest effect, except to reflect injuriously on Mr. Ross's cause. The game is up, and the charge of the circulation of malicious falsehoods nailed to the Reform candidate and his cause, and they are welcome to keep on with their repetition, but they have lost both their force and sting.

While these falsehoods have been thrifly circulated by the Reform speakers, they have been exceedingly careful to avoid all reference to the case tried last fall of Grant vs. Ross, in which Mr. Ross came out second best, and with anything but clean hands, for after swearing positively in an examination prior to the trial that "I DO NOT REMEMBER EVER STATING THAT HE (MR. GRANT) WAS RECEIVING A GREATER SALARY THAN THAT ABOVE MENTIONED (\$350); NOR WOULD IT HAVE BEEN TRUE IF I HAD DONE SO." Mr. Grant called Messrs. David Marshall and Henry White, of Port Hope, who swore they had heard Mr. Ross testify at the Judge's Court in 1877, that Mr. Grant's salary was \$400. Mr. Grant was awarded by the jury \$400, while Mr. Ross claimed that the plaintiff was in his debt \$30. This shows that Mr. Ross's veracity and honesty was more than doubted, and implied that he had committed a more serious and disgraceful offence than even depositing a "fraudulent ballot." And his supporters dare to defame Col. Williams and land Mr. Ross "sterling honorableness" and "unflinching honesty." Mr. Grant had served Mr. Ross for several years as a clerk, and on leaving, instead of paying him the balance of salary due him, endeavored to bring him in \$50 in his debt. Mr. Grant had to appeal to the Courts to secure his just rights, and the verdict is sufficient evidence one can ask as proof of Mr. Ross's "sterling honorableness." His speakers may well feel that they have lost the respect of all decent Reformers, and wish they had left personalities alone.

And yet Mr. Ross is held up as "The workingman's friend." A pretty friend, indeed!

THE REFORM TRADE POLICY.

A few days ago we took occasion to quote a few extracts, showing the diversity of opinion prevailing in Grit ranks as to the proper trade policy which should be carried out. We listened the other day to a conversation which, if not instructive, was at least very suggestive. A gentleman was solicited for his "vote and influence" in favor of the Grit Candidate. A—What is your policy? B—Well, well— A—"Well now, if you can tell me what your policy is, I'll vote for your Candidate." B—No! I can't exactly tell you in so many words, but— A—Have you got a policy at all. B—Oh! yes we've got a policy. A—I've been trying to find for some time what is the policy of the Grits. Tell me what it is, and I'll vote for you! B—Oh! there's a good many things! A—Yes, a good many things, and not much of anything. Now you might as well own up the corn as once. Your side has nothing to go to the country on, and I'm not going to vote for any shilly-shallying, especially in regard to the N. P. The above is a bona fide political parlance, and is but a sample brick. From extracts from various Grit authorities the following, with particular reference to this trade policy, has been compiled as summarizing to some extent their views:— To promote free trade; To encourage the importation of manufactured articles from the United States; To continue the policy of protection; To raise the revenue by means of import duties on such articles as we can make; To revert to the 17 1/2 per cent. tariff; To adopt a 20 per cent. tariff; To adopt a 22 per cent. tariff; To adopt a 25 per cent. tariff; To abolish the protective system as ruinous and oppressive; To abolish the National Policy; To give the National Policy a fair trial; To remove the duties on sugar; To continue the protection to the sugar industry; To remove the duty on iron; To increase the protection to the iron industry; To remove the protection to petroleum; To continue the protection to petroleum. In 1872 Sir John made tea and coffee from duty; but when the Grits got into power they put the duty on again; and now Sir John takes it off once more.

TOO THIN TO DECEIVE.

The Reform organ of Thursday says: "As was to be expected, the Government carried a large number of constitutions in Quebec on Tuesday by acclamation. Quebec is with Sir John in his effort to rob Ontario of her just rights." How about the one solitary Reformer elected by acclamation in Quebec? Did he, too, conspire to "rob Ontario of her just rights?" No; the Guide would put him down as a patriot! Mr. Ross, his speakers, and his organ, are very careful, however, in referring to Quebec's desire to "rob Ontario," to avoid any reference to Hon. Mr. Laurier, the leader of the Opposition of that Province, and his reasons for voting for the ratification of the Boundary Award, for fear Ontario might get more territory than the Award gives her, if the question was referred to the highest Court under the British Crown! That is the difference between our so-called Reformers—who, while in power, could find nothing to reform, and admitted they were only "flies on the wheel"—and the present Government, composed of statesmen; the former care only for an election cry in Ontario, and by it deceiving the electors, while in Quebec the cry is quite a different one, the curtailment of Ontario's influence being urged as their trump card, and the acceptance of the Boundary Award advocated because, if referred to the Privy Council, a larger amount of territory would undoubtedly be given to this Province. How different with the members of Sir John Macdonald's Government and its supporters. They say if more belongs to us than this award gives Ontario, we desire her to have it, and we insist that she shall have it. Ontario only wishes to secure that which belongs to her—nothing more—nothing less; and the only way to reach a satisfactory conclusion on that question is by procuring a decision from a tribunal whose judgment would be unbiased by any consideration of a sectional nature. Narrow provincial issues could have no place in the verdict of such a body, and we think our people are intelligent enough to prefer obtaining their exact rights to abiding by a decision about which an objection could be raised at any time. The rights of Ontario are safe in the hands of Sir John Macdonald and the Conservative party, for while he and they have been honest and outspoken on this subject, Hon. Mr. Blake has left the discussion of the question with his fourth lieutenant, the little Premier of Ontario, and the other small fry of the Grit party, keeping an ominous silence on the subject himself. We ask honest Reformers if they believe, if the subject of the Boundary Award was really as it has been represented by Opposition speakers here and elsewhere throughout the province who have no reputation for legal acumen to lose, the Hon. Edward Blake would have kept silent in the House and before the country on so important a subject? We think not, and we believe every Reformer having one jot of respect for Mr. Blake will agree with us. Mr. Blake knows that Sir John Macdonald has challenged him to take up this question openly, for he has done it publicly before the country, and he also knows that Sir John has said Mr. Blake would not risk his position as an eminent lawyer by advocating such a case. Let our local lights, who talk by the yard on this subject, produce a speech or even one pointed sentence uttered by Mr. Blake, which commits him to their view of the case, and we will not only publish it, but we will credit them with having scored a point. As the subject now stands, the cry is a hypocritical one, and those who have used it know it. The whole discussion is hypocritical, and worthy of the "organized hypocrisy," but did not deceive the intelligent electors of East Darham, who VOTED FOR COL. WILLIAMS and the securing of every right to Ontario which justly belongs to her.

If Nearly Dead after taking some highly pitched stuff, with long testimonials, turn to Hop Bitters, and have no fear of any Kidney or Urinary Troubles, Bright's Disease, Diabetes or Liver Complaint. These diseases cannot resist the curative power of Hop Bitters; besides it is the best family medicine on earth. A reason we'll venture— The best we can quickly devise; You've a surplus on hand Because you're less on your eyes. Grit papers all over the country continue to say that it is the Reformers who crowd Sir John Macdonald's meetings. Most likely they are right, for Reformers have been drifting towards Sir John and his National Policy pretty steadily of late. A few years ago the country was overrun with tramps. They came into our cities and towns by every road and avenue, like swarms of locusts. There has been none of that since 1879. Why? The reason is plain to all. In the dark days they used to come through Port Hope almost in regimental order. The manufacturers have taken up the Conservative cause, and are hard at work advocating the N. P. The queer thing about the manufacturers is that the most prominent of them are Liberals, and if the N. P. were not the issue they would be found in the Liberal ranks. They broke away from their party because Mr. Mackenzie, in adjusting the duties, would not give native industry a reasonable measure of protection. —Toronto Telegram. A statement made by Sir John at St Thomas was to the effect that he had been informed by the chief contractor for the last section of the Canada Pacific, between Lake Superior and Winnipeg, that within a week from this date the last rail will be laid between the two points. This completes the route from Prince Arthur's Landing through to a long way past Brandon. And yet some people abuse the railway policy of the Government.

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The Times AND COUNTY OF DURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN.

Port Hope, Thursday, June 22, 1882.

OVER.

The contest is over; the victory is won. The work performed by our friends has been fully, if not more than fully, rewarded; our work as the representative journal of the Liberal-Conservative party in East Durham has not been light, but we feel that the principles advocated and upheld by us have been nobly sustained by the electors. Perhaps for some time past the prominence given to political questions has left other matters in comparative insignificance, and the ordinary reader feels that a rest and a change would be desirable. We propose that they should be thus gratified, and while by reason of election turmoil and debates much that has been important has been neglected, the glorious victory recorded on our side, has fully justified the efforts devoted to obtaining it. The fight has been fought for some time to come it is not necessary to fight it over again. As to our share in the glories of the victory we say nothing, but join in the hearty self-gratulation of East Durham Conservatives. While not intending a discontinuance of political discussion we promise our readers an agreeable variation. Now that the victory is ours, our readers are willing for a time to let politics drop, and so are we. In the meantime, figuratively speaking, we will shake all round.

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

"The fight is over, and the victory is ours."

Sir John Macdonald and his general administration have received an overwhelming verdict in their favor.

The appeal to the people and the general confidence expressed in the present Government, prove the following facts: Sir John Macdonald is vastly preferred as a leader to Hon. E. Blake.

The country is satisfied with the National Policy, and will not have it tampered with.

The country has no confidence in the fiscal ability of a Grit Administration.

The B.oundary Award, Gerrymandering, Disallowance and the host of other provincial questions with no foundation as issues and of less importance, are declared to be clap-trap cries for election time.

As a party, the Reformers are dead, and will never be resuscitated unless by a revolution of party principles and sentiments.

Our country is tired of Globe scandal, and the policy of abuse as an element of political warfare.

Peaceful and prosperous as we are at present, changes are undesirable.

The fiscal policy, economical Government, and general administrative ability of the present Government meets with almost universal approval.

Canada is a unit on the wisdom of Sir John's North-West Policy of development.

The building of the Canada Pacific Railway is a master piece of modern statesmanship.

Our people refuse to accept as Premier, a man who has no clearly defined idea as to a policy. A ship without a compass and chart is a dangerous vessel to sail in.

A suspicious glance is cast by the country at large, at Mr. Blake's evident strong leanings to Canadian Independence.

Canada as a people are strongly in favor of retaining British connection.

These are some of the questions the country has declared upon in an unmistakable manner, and they must continue to interest Canadians for many years to come.

In all probability this will be the last Parliament Sir John will have the honor to lead. The verdict pronounced in his favor is worthy of Canada's greatest statesman, and he is deserving of it. If he should retire from public life before 1887, he will feel that he still lives as strongly in the people's hearts as in the palmist days of his prime.

MORE MISREPRESENTATION.

It seems to be impossible for one of Mr. Ross's organs to confine itself to truth when referring in any way to Colonel Williams or any of his friends. Finding that its charge against him, of having used his position as a member of Parliament to secure for himself exceptional advantages in the matter of public lands in the Northwest, was without foundation, it attempts in its issue of Saturday last to change its ground of attack by alleging that the original charge was "with having land there," and that Col. Williams denied having any

land in the Northwest. This is a gross misrepresentation. The charge of having lands in the Northwest would have been no charge at all. Many of our citizens have land there, and some of them are said to have made large sums of money by their land transactions in that country; but no one ever dreamed of saying they had not the right to acquire their land. The charge made against Col. Williams was that he had obtained for himself, from the Government, by the use of his public position, some of the public lands, and had thereby prostituted his power as a member of Parliament. Stripped of this aspect, which was the very gravamen of the accusation, there was nothing in the statement made requiring an answer. Col. Williams denied emphatically that he had acquired from the Government for himself any lands whatever, and he stated that if his name had been entered for any Government lands in the Northwest it had been done without his authority or knowledge. Nothing whatever has been shown to impugn in the slightest degree the absolute and unqualified truthfulness of this statement; and the attempt to shift the ground of the accusation is only another evidence of the malignity of the unscrupulous accuser. It will meet with the same indignant condemnation from all decent people of whatever side of politics, which has been pronounced already upon more than one occasion.

We have no knowledge as to whether Col. Williams owns or is interested in lands in the Northwest. He may have purchased lands, as others have done, from the Hudson's Bay Co., or from the Syndicate, for anything we know. We have no right to pry into his private affairs, neither has any one else. He has as good a right as any other person to purchase thousands of acres of their lands if he wishes, and we will be only too glad to find that he, or any other resident of our town, has been fortunate in his venture, if he has made any.

In the same issue of the sheet referred to, there is another mis-statement affecting Col. Williams. It is alleged that "at the nomination Col. Williams said that wheat was worth that day at Chicago \$1.20, and \$1.30 was being paid for it at Millbrook." He said nothing of the kind. What he did say was this. He asked what was the price of wheat at Millbrook on that day, and was answered \$1.30; and he then asked Major Howden if he could afford to pay \$1.30 were it not for the National policy. Major Howden replied that if it were not for the duty imposed by the National Policy, he could not give more than \$1.20, showing conclusively that the duty had the effect of keeping up the price to the farmer. No good purpose is served by such continued and persistent misrepresentation, and it is in the best interests of all parties that a stop should be put to it.

THE SEAMEN'S WAGES BILL.

As the correspondence has been published referring to this subject, we may be excused for referring to it again. We can see nothing in the letters that in any way reflects unfavorably on either Col. Williams or Mr. Guillet, but rather the reverse, and it seems to us that, instead of gaining a vote for Mr. Ross, they will lose him several. In the first place, it is plain from all the letters that Col. Williams has been anxious from the outset to do anything in his power to aid in securing the desired legislation, but the difficulty in procuring the necessary information on which to base the amendments to the Act of 1873 very properly induced him to act with caution, as the letter dated Feb. 21, 1881, clearly shows. In the same letter it is shown that Col. Williams took an active part in defeating Mr. Dalton McCarthy's bill, which he considered would be unjust to the seamen of Ontario, but those opposed to him do not seem to give him any credit for that. As we stated in a previous article, any Government would not hastily consent to amendments to old established laws on so important a matter as our shipping, and we think the concession made by the amendments just passed is an earnest of the faithful performance of their duty by Col. Williams and Mr. Guillet, as the principle that the law required amendment is acknowledged, and it may be that in the future all that is asked for will be conceded, but assuredly this could not be brought about by displacing Col. Williams, who concludes the letter referred to by saying: "I shall be glad always to protect the interests of the sailors."

Now, as to the substitution of Mr. Guillet, after his election, for Col. Williams, had the same pains been taken as with the former, there would probably not have been so much delay. The amendments were drafted by a gentleman in Port Hope, who was in a position to ascertain the details fully, and, if we are correctly informed, the bill was introduced by Mr. Guillet, as it was sent from Port Hope. Col. Williams's letter of the 28th Feb., 1882, shows he had not forgotten his promise to do his best for our sailors, for he states in it that after consulting the members it was thought the object desired could be accomplished by changes in the procedure of the Courts, and concludes by saying, "I have received a communication from the Department of Justice, stating that the Minister would be glad to receive from me any suggestions for the amendment of the rules, etc., respecting the recovery of sailors' wages and a tariff of fees. I wish you would look into the matter carefully, and give me your views and the views of the sailors in reply." This proves Col.

WILLIAMS had not been idle up to the date given above, and will be satisfactory to the great majority of our sailors. The following letter from Mr. Guillet to the President of the Seamen's Union here so plainly stamps as untrue the charges made against him by Mr. Ross's supporters, that further comment is almost unnecessary.—

CouRBOUR, 24th May, 1882.

MY DEAR MCGAFFEY,—I had to-day the pleasure of meeting with Robert Rankin and several others from Port Hope, and was pleased to find them so grateful for the "Seamen's Wages Act." From a conversation with them I learned that Col. Williams is not receiving his proper share of credit for his constant efforts and very valuable influence in obtaining the support of the Government—thus securing the passage of the Bill. It would be wrong on my part—most unjust—to allow him to be deprived of the large share of credit he is entitled to in connection with this Act. The Colonel's position, as one of the Government whips, which gives him special weight and influence with the Government, was very largely the means of our obtaining their favorable attention. This, as you will admit, was but natural, as I was a new member without official standing with the Government, and without the aid of the Government I fear the Bill would not have been reached this session. I do sincerely trust that no injustice will be done to Williams. It will be a matter of painful reflection for me to learn that the services he so readily, and frequently, and faithfully rendered, have not been properly understood and appreciated. We waited on Sir John, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and the Minister of Justice together, and also consulted with the Law Clerk and the Deputy Minister of Justice in reference to the new shape the Bill finally assumed.

I do trust you will endeavor to put this matter right with the seamen of your town. You will remember, George, that I expressed a desire not to injure Williams, or compromise him in any way, as he had helped to elect me, and at the time you were kind enough to assure me you were a Conservative, and that unless Marshall was a candidate you would support Williams still. I feel sure, therefore, that I may appeal to you to restore the good feeling between the seamen and him, and by so doing you will confer a personal favor on me.

I had hoped before this to have sent you a copy of the Bill, but there is delay on account of our having arranged with the Law Clerk to get it published in pamphlet sheet form, with notes by the Law Clerk, and we have ordered 250 copies—125 each—for distribution among our seaman friends and the magistrates at the Lake ports. I may say here that Col. Williams very generously offered to pay the expense of this. We will, however, share it.

I shall be glad to see you when you are next in Cobourg. Meantime believe me, dear sir,

Yours faithfully, GEO. GUILLET.

GEORGE MCGAFFEY, Pres. Seamen's Union, Port Hope, Ont.

"GLOBE" SLANDER DENOUNCED.

A letter signed by four ministers of Almonte is published in the Mail. It denounces in the following severe terms, the slander of the Globe directed against the operatives in manufacturing establishments.—

Sir,—We, the undersigned ministers of the Gospel in the town of Almonte, have read with mingled feelings of surprise and disgust the slanderous attacks upon the character of many of the operatives in the factories of our Dominion which were published in the Globe newspaper on last Saturday and Tuesday. We regard the publication of such statements as those referred to as exceedingly impolitic and unjustifiable, and as calculated to do great injury to a worthy order of workpeople. Having for years sustained the relation of pastors to the operatives of the factories in the town of Almonte, and having carefully studied their business, modes of life, and moral and religious characters, we are of the opinion that no purer or better behaved or moral class of persons is to be found in the community in which we live.

JOHN BENNETT, Presbyterian. RICHARD WILSON, M.Thodist. BARTHOLOMEW CASEY, Priest. F. L. STEPHENSON, Church of England.

Almonte, June 17, 1882. The Globe to-day calls these gentlemen "clerical calculators" and "clerical falsifiers," and makes it the excuse for a general attack on the "cloth." It wants to know what ministers are supposed to know about these things.

Knowledge is Power.

Son—Papa, are you a Grit? Papa—I used to be—yes, I am again. Son—What are your principles, papa? Papa—My leading principle at present is that Ontario should not be robbed. "Ontario for the Ontarians!" Nor should she be Gorrymandered.

Son—Then, papa, you believe in "Canada for the Canadians;" you must be a Protectionist.

Papa—Most decidedly not, my dear little idiot. Can't you see how Protection is driving people out of the Province? Son—Well, where do they go, papa? Papa—Why, out west, to be sure—Manitoba, Rocky Mountains, etc.

Son—Is there no tariff out there, papa? Papa—Yes; but most of them leave the country altogether and go to the United States.

Son—And there's no tariff there, papa, I suppose? Irate Papa—Come, come, my boy, you are getting tiresome; you had better go to bed.

Inquisitive Son—But, papa, one more question, please. Such lots of people come out to America from England,—"emigrants" they call them over there! Is there a very high tariff in England that makes them come away? Irate Papa—Tut, tut, my boy. Don't bother me any more. I'm writing a political article for the Guide, and it requires great concentration. There, good night, dear!

DOMINION DAY

TO BE GRANDLY AND LOYALLY CELEBRATED IN PORT HOPE.

Full Programme to be Carried Out.

There will be fireworks, an amount equal to last year to be expended on them.

A Lacrosse match will be one of the interesting features of the celebration. It will take place in the morning between the Millbrook and Port Hope Lacrosse Clubs. Entrance fee to Penry Park, 10 cents.

Bowmanville Furniture Co. band has been secured to discontinue music for that day.

Port Hope and Bellville cricket clubs are expected to play a game in the park. This, we understand, will be free to all.

All arrangements will be made for Terrestrial enjoyment. A platform will be erected for dancing, and a string band engaged.

"Throwing the hammer," and "vaulting the pole" are two athletic games, which have not been on the programme hitherto. On account of the danger of the former in a crowded park, and the unsuitability of the ground for jumping, the contest in both of these will take place near Helm's foundry, commencing at nine o'clock.

The following is the list of prizes: HORSE RACES. 1st, County trot, \$100—Open to Canadian bred horses, owned and now in the County of Northumberland and Durham, Victoria and Peterboro'. 1st, \$60; 2nd, \$25; 3rd, \$15.

2nd, Green trot, \$70—Open to Canadian bred horses, owned and now in above Counties. 1st, \$40; 2nd, \$20; 3rd, \$10.

3rd, Running race, \$50—Open to horses owned in above Counties. 1st, \$50; 2nd, \$20; 3rd, \$10.

4th, Carter's race, \$15—Open to horses used as carting horses in Port Hope, and to be driven by owner in his ordinary wagon, and drivers to be in carter's costume. 1st, \$8; 2nd, \$4; 3rd, \$3. Entrance free.

GAMES. The following games will take place opposite the Stone mill, on Mill street, at 9 o'clock a. m.: Running hop, step and jump, entrance 25c. \$3, \$2 and \$1.

Running long jump, entrance 25c. \$2 and \$1. Throwing the hammer, entrance 25c. \$3, \$2 and \$1.

The following will take place at the Town Park, at 1 o'clock, p. m.: Hurdle foot race, over 5 hurdles, 2 feet 6 inches high, entrance 50c. \$5, \$2, and \$1.

Half mile foot race, entrance 50c. \$5, \$2 and \$1. 100 yds. dash, entrance 50c. \$5, \$2 and \$1.

Three legged race, 200 yards, over two hurdles 18 inches high, entrance 25c. \$2.50, \$1.50 and 50c.

Boy's race (12 years and under), 200 yards, entrance free. \$1.50, \$1 and 50c. Boy's race (9 years and under), 200 yards, entrance free. \$1, 50c and 25c.

Girl's race (12 years and under), entrance free. \$1.50, \$1 and 50c. Girl's race (9 years and under), entrance free. \$1, 50c and 25c.

Running high jump, entrance 25c. \$3, \$2 and \$1. High vaulting with pole, entrance 25c. \$3, \$2 and \$1.

Sack race, 120 yards over hurdles 18 inches high, entrance 25c. \$3, \$2 and \$1. Bicycle race—Open to all, prize, beautiful silver medal.

The following are the rules to be observed in horse-racing:—1st, All horses to be eligible at date of bill. 2nd, Judges will have the power to postpone on account of inclement weather. 3rd, Judge's decision to be final in all cases. 4th, All races to be best three in five, mile heats to harness, except the running race, No. 3, which is to be, best 2 in 3. 5th, Dominion Turf Club rules to be enforced. 6th, Entries ten per cent. of purses and to be made with the Secretary, at his office, by 9 o'clock a. m., June 30, 1882. Money must accompany nominations. Four to enter and three to start. Carter's race, entrance free.

The Grand Trunk Railway will issue return tickets, good for two days, at single fare, from all points between Toronto and Kingston.

The Midland will issue return tickets at single fare good for two days. A special train leaves Port Hope for Lindsay at 11 p. m., immediately after the fireworks.

The steamer Norsman will call at the following ports, to carry passengers:—Rochester to Port Hope and return, \$2; Whitby, do, 75c; Oshawa, do, 60c; Bowmanville, do, 60c; Newcastle, do, 40c; Cobourg, do, 25c.

A splendid quadrille band has also been engaged for dancing, for which a large platform will be erected.

Another meeting of the executive committee will be held in the Queen's hotel, Thursday night, when final arrangements will be completed.

Just at this stage of the proceedings a few extracts from campaign song No. 1 will be in order. Campaign song No. 1 is an invocation to "O Blake." It says that "O Blake" is the man for the nation, and it announces in all seriousness that O Blake's "banner makes Tories all tremble; three cheers for the red, white, and blue." The song does not describe the banner with much particularity; but it is evident that the author intended to convey the idea that the Tories trembled for O Blake when O Blake announced that it takes exactly seven and a half yards to make one—that is to say, to make what may for convenience be called a banner.

In the third stanza "O Blake" is described as a "true blue." Now it was rather unfair to the Conservative party to call him a Bleu. It is apparent that the Ontario Grits wanted to palm him off as a Bleu upon the French Canadians, just as they tried to hoax the Ontario people with him by labelling him a protectionist. These petty frauds, however, are always promptly punished, and it is pleasing to note that the Blues have repudiated him, and that the protectionists have given him the most refrigerative of cold shoulders.—Mail, 21st.

N. W. M. P.

A Letter from the Far West by one of the Mounted Police.

It is a query in the minds of many what is meant by, or involved in, the North-West Mounted Police. It is merely an assumed name for a regiment of cavalry, whose function is not much to keep the peace, which is done chiefly by strategy, as to suppress smuggling, which is carried on to a great extent. The advantages held out to recruits of seeing the far famed west, travelling over its boundless prairies, inhaling its cool and salubrious breezes, and building and developing strong and hardy constitutions, besides other advantages, not minor indeed, have drawn into the ranks clerks of almost every branch of industry, commercial travellers, some of whom had been receiving \$15 per week; machinists and other mechanics; tradesmen and others who through inheritance are virtually regardless of work. Before being permitted to take the oath of allegiance, each man had to pass through the hands of Surgeon Johnston, who gave him a thorough medical examination, so much so, forsooth, that some of the soldiers of the New Fort were drilled 5 1/2 hours per day—from 6.30 a. m. till 8, from 10 till 12, and from 2 till 4 p. m. Each man had to appear on parade neat and clean in person and clothes. (The riding boots were death on blacking.) Breakfast was partaken of with zest at 9 o'clock, dinner at 1, and supper at 6. This monotonous routine was adhered to day after day till Colonel Steele arrived with orders from Headquarters at Ottawa to the effect that they should take their departure from Toronto on the following Friday, May 12th. The time thus intervening was characterized by numerous visitors at the Fort bidding adieu to sons, brothers, cousins or friends, as the case might be. Impressive as the scene was that week, much more so was it when they met at the station. Here a father and mother could be seen parting, probably, a final one, with all parental fondness, a son; there a sister could be seen parting with a brother in pure sisterly love; yonder a kindly Simon giving his brother and bidding him God-speed. There were again others,—I need not mention the sex,—who had come to say "forget-me-not" to ones whose hearts were bound up with theirs by that golden chain of love.

Of the whole, we might truthfully say, in the language of the poet— "There were gathering tears and tremblings of distress." As the train moved slowly off with its grief burdened freight, many a conjecture was formed as to the future. Surely all will not return, and if not, who will be the missing ones! Time only can tell. Nothing of note marked the trip to Sarnia, where they boarded the Royal Mail steamer Ontario. At 12.30 a. m. she moved off, and as we gazed upon the fast receding shores of Ontario, a song, of which the following is a stanza, broke forth from many throats in touching strains:—

Shall I ever see the churr I ever used to go? Shall I ever see that good old church once more? Shall I ever see my playmates with whom I childhood played? Shall I ever in a foreign land remain? Shall I ever see my father—that good old gray-haired man?

A-h! sits in his arm-chair by the fire! I have power, I have wealth, yet I'd give it all for health! To see my dear and good old home once more.

CHORUS. Home once more, home once more; Shall I ever see my home once more? Many hours I've spent in play; In my childhood's happy day; Shall I ever see my home once more? We reached Goderich about 7 o'clock on Saturday morning, and Kincardine about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Only a few of our number were sea sick until Saturday night, when the lake got quite rough, and others were added to the list of unfortunate. Sunday morning found us with no land in view, and we were favored with a sight of "That sanguine sunrise with his meteor eyes and his burning plumes outspread," rising out of the bosom of the lake, enriching by the dazzling waters of the deep. Many of us who were unaccustomed to such sights, felt inspired by the loveliness of the scene.

As the day closed we came in sight of that group of islands at the entrance to the Saint Ste Marie. At first some of them had the appearance of mountains and as we drew near, we discovered them to be mostly immense rocks looming up in the atmosphere to a great height. Others to all appearance would admit of cultivation, but the general impression was that little wealth could be accumulated where so much rock existed, except through minerals. We passed through the locks of the Saint about 7.30 that evening, and anchored at the mouth of the river to await daylight in order to get safely out into Lake Superior which we accomplished about 9 o'clock next morning. On passing into the Lake the scenery was most picturesque. To lovers of nature it was bewildering. The pleasantness was isolated before we retired by a passenger committing suicide. He had been imbibing very freely, and during the day it was clear from his talk that he was premeditating suicide, yet little attention was paid to him, it being known that his mind was wandering. About 7.30 p. m. he threw himself and his money, amounting to some twenty dollars, overboard. After that the engineer kept a sharp watch over him, but in half an hour afterwards he was seen by the engineer hanging by his hands to the cross door of the gang-way, but before he could be reached, he let go his hold dropped into the water and instantly sank. Taking into consideration the distance, the steamer had gone before her speed was fully checked, the time required to lower a boat and the danger of so doing, as there was a heavy sea running at the time, it was thought imprudent to lower a boat, and so we continued to pursue our course. The impression left by this sad event was one that it is hoped was not so easily obliterated from the minds of those on board.

Lieut. Col. McKensie, who had accompanied us, and who had not been well since leaving Toronto, took seriously ill and was borne from the vessel on his couch to a hotel upon reaching Prince Arthur's Landing, where he will remain till he is convalescent.

The Landing is a village of about 1500 inhabitants. It contains some fine buildings. The site is high and rocky, and as I have no ill-will against Bobcaygeon, I will not compare Prince Arthur's Landing with it. We reached Duluth on Wednesday morning, a distance of 850 miles from Sarnia. It extends over many acres, but is very much scattered. It resembles considerably the suburbs of Ottawa as viewed from the central tower of the Parliament buildings. Immediately back of the tower is an elevation rising to several hundred feet up which here and there spans of horses were to be seen wearily pulling the plough through the soil among the rocks.

Our train, consisting of six coaches and two freight cars, was waiting for us at the station. After our baggage had been stowed away, we boarded the train, and were soon passing over the Northern Pacific at a rate which we wish we could see as fast. After we had got some distance from Duluth, cheese, biscuits and canned fruits were passed round and relished as a lunch.

(To be concluded in our next.)

SUSTAINED!

Sir John Macdonald in His Policy Confirmed by the Popular Verdict.

CRUSHING DEFEAT FOR THE ORGANIZED HYPOCRISY AND ITS ORGAN.

THE JONAH OF THE GRIT CRAFT THROWN OVERBOARD.

ONTARIO.

Table of Ontario election results for 1882 and 1878, listing constituencies, candidates, and vote counts.

QUEBEC.

Table of Quebec election results for 1882 and 1878, listing constituencies, candidates, and vote counts.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Table of Nova Scotia election results for 1882 and 1878, listing constituencies, candidates, and vote counts.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Table of New Brunswick election results for 1882 and 1878, listing constituencies, candidates, and vote counts.

J. & T. WICKETT

Are now showing a nice assortment of NEW SPANISH LACES, NEW NUNS' VEILINGS, NEW DRESS MUSLINS, NEW SILK PARASOLS, NEW KID GLOVES, NEW COTTON HOSE, NEW SILK GLOVES, NEW BLACK CASHMEREES.

Beautiful Lace Curtains and Cretonnes, very Cheap. J. & T. WICKETT, - LONDON HOUSE.

HOPE COUNCIL.

COURT OF REVISION. Pursuant to announcement the Council of the Township of Hope, upon taking the statutory oath of office, met at 10 a. m., on Wednesday, at McCormack's Hotel, Canton, as a Court of Revision.

Moved by Mr. Tamblin, seconded by Mr. Welch.—That Mr. White be appointed a commissioner to meet a committee from the township of Cavan to let a job to improve boundary line.

Moved by Mr. Tamblin, seconded by Mr. Welch.—That Messrs. Elliott and White be appointed a committee to let jobs to repair bridges on 7th con. line, West of Perrytown.

Moved by Mr. Tamblin, seconded by Mr. Welch.—That Messrs. Elliott and Walker be appointed a committee to examine a bridge on side line between lots 12 and 13; also to jobs to improve side line between lots 10 and 11, con. 8, and repair road near Wm. Lunney's, con. 9.

Moved by Mr. Tamblin, seconded by Mr. Welch.—That Messrs. Elliott and Walker be appointed a committee to examine a bridge on side line between lots 32 and 33, concessions 3 and 11.

Moved by Mr. Tamblin, seconded by Mr. Welch.—That Messrs. Walker and Welch be a committee to let job to cut down hill on forced road across lot 12, con. 5, and to repair side opposite John Walkers; also to let job to repair bridge near J. W. Martyns, in 4th con. Carried.

LADIES, ATTENTION.

New Dress Goods and Prints. New Silk Brocades and Satins. New MILLINERY. New Parasols and Umbrellas. New Hosiery and Gloves. New Laces and Ribbons. With numerous additions to Fancy & Staple Departments, JUST TO HAND T. LELEAN'S. Making our Stock at this date probably one of the most complete and best assorted in this district.

GO TO GOLDSMITH'S HALL

J. S. SMITH, (Successor to D. R. DINGWALL,) is offering the remainder of the Stock AT COST PRICE. All who want a bargain now is the time to secure it. Having purchased a new Stock, (of superior quality) Watches, Clocks, JEWELRY, SILVER PLATE, SPECTACLES, Etc. I am now prepared to meet the wants of all favoring me with a call.

J. CRAICK & CO., (DIRECT IMPORTERS,)

ARE NOW SHOWING A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF NEW SUN SHADES & PARASOLS, NEW HOSIERY & GLOVES, NEW EMBROIDERIES & LACES, NEW LACE CURTAINS & CARPETS. Their Show Room is crowded with the choicest goods in Millinery, Feathers, French Flowers and Ribbons.

W. WILLIAMSON

Has received from New York a large assortment of LINEN WINDOW SHADES, OF VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS, with balanced Spring Rollers for hanging same; also, a large stock of Croquet, 4, 6 and 8-Ball Sets AT VERY LOW PRICES.

ROOM PAPERS & BORDERS OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.

Carriage and Blacksmith's Shop

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Wellington W.R.K." will be received until THURSDAY, the 6th day of July next, inclusively, for the construction of a BREAKWATER.

\$400 REWARD

The above reward will be given by the PORT HOPE CORPORATION To any party who will give such information that will lead to the APPREHENSION AND CONVICTION of the person or persons who SET FIRE to the premises occupied by the Port Hope News, on Thursday morning, the 25th instant.

Trade and Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Ontario.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO. AUTHORIZED GUARANTEED CAPITAL, \$500,000. Wm. Mylre, Esq., President Snowden Iron Mining Co., President.

MURRAY CANAL. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for the MURRAY CANAL," will be received at this office until the 17th day of the month of June next, for the formation of a Canal to connect the head waters of the Bay of Quinte with Presqu'ile Harbor, Lake Ontario.

FIRE! FIRE!

THE late fire in my Store having caused me considerable loss, I beg to ask ALL THOSE PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME to kindly call and SETTLE THEIR ACCOUNTS as soon as they possibly can. By so doing they will confer a favor.

PRIZE FIGHT.

ROUGHS ON THE RAMPAGE.

NEGRO SOLD BY AUCTION

Louisville, Ky., June 15.—John Hororan, a colored man convicted of vagrancy, was sold at auction yesterday into servitude for one year to the city as scavenger, for two dollars. The law authorizing the sale was passed in 1795. A large crowd was present. The negroes were much excited, and thought it looked unpleasantly like old slave time practices.

Smith's Ferry, Pa., June 15.—The Weeden-Maloney prize fight was declared a draw after 41 rounds. Weeden was over-awed by rougls, and agreed to have it a draw.

Pittsburg, June 15.—At midnight 800 rougls took passage by steamer and barges for the scene of Weeden-Maloney prize fight. No effort was made by the authorities to interfere.

Smith's Ferry, Pa., June 15.—The time and location of the Weeden-Maloney prize fight were kept so secret that little attention was directed to the movement of the fancy, who made their way in little groups to Mc Kee's Rock last evening, when the steamer took about 200 aboard and sailed down the river. At four o'clock this a. m. the boat touched the shore of the Ohio State line. After considerable discussion the scene of the struggle was chosen in Laegae level, right on the State lines. The ring was pitched and Weeden stripped at 5.25. He then made several bets on his own success. Fifteen minutes later, Maloney appeared in the ring in costume. Weeden's seconds were Thomas and Evans; Maloney's, Lafferty and Bush. Thomas Brown was chosen referee. Maloney's weight is 182; Weeden's, 128. The men shook hands and the fight began.

First round.—The men walked up to the middle of the ring and commenced striking at each other without preliminary sparring. A few severe body blows were struck, Weeden went down. The first knock down was claimed for Maloney, but not allowed.

Second round.—Terrible left-hander from Weeden which started blood over opponent's right eye. The first blow for Weeden. Maloney returned the blow by rap about Weeden's eye.

Third round.—Arm slogging all over the ring, winding up with knock down by Weeden. First knock down for Weeden.

Fourth round.—Weeden slipped up to scratch, lively as a cricket, but Maloney's movements were decidedly slow until he got out of his corner. He came puffing considerably and left eye getting worse, while his nose had begun to swell and bleed. The men counted some rapid and resounding body blows, after which Maloney went heavily to grass.

Fifth round.—First incident was a drive at Maloney's already damaged optic which closed it completely. This was followed by a rattle in his mouth that filled it with blood. Maloney retaliated with several blows on Weeden's ears, which did not seem to cause any inconvenience. Weeden fell underneath.

Sixth round.—The rap on Maloney's chest was paid back with a drive on opponent's forehead, which drew a little more blood. They clinched in fall over ropes.

Seventh round.—They hammered at each other in short order, Maloney dealing blows mostly on Weeden's ear, and getting his share of force on the left eye and nose. Both organs were very delapidated, and the general expression Maloney's face wore was woe-begone in the extreme. This round was decidedly in favor of Weeden.

Eighth round.—Several rapid blows on chest exchanged; Maloney got in a telling facer without return. A few heavy body blows exchanged and both rolled over.

Ninth round.—More heavy fighting ended, after 80 minutes, in both falling on ropes. Weeden on top.

Tenth round.—Maloney showed decided signs of weakness, but led off with one of his favorite powerful cracks on Weeden's ear, knocking latter to one side. Weeden recovered quickly and they rapidly exchanged resounding blows on chest.

Eleventh round.—Weeden came up laughing and bantering jokes with spectators, while Maloney's appearance was lamentable, his face being much disfigured and wind badly broken, Maloney kept his opponent off for a few seconds, while he struggled for breath. Then Weeden forced fighting and they struck several wild blows until Weeden went down.

Twelfth round.—Weeden got in three sounding clips in succession without return, two on ear and one just above belt; combatants then exchanged visitations in the stomach and wound up with Weeden receiving a stinger in the face that cut up his forehead very noticeably.

Thirteenth round.—Maloney aimed a wicked one at the other's face, but it was neatly slipped, and the Irishman acknowledged by a noser and a blow on the chest. His attempt to get his antagonist in chancery resulted in a locked fall.

Fourteenth round.—Maloney put in one left on Weeden's cheek with terrible effect. This was followed by a long range of thumping, Maloney knocked the other clean off his feet.

The next three rounds were all in Weeden's favor. His friends offered 2 to 1 with few takers, Maloney evidently getting tired out and his face losing all semblance of original self. In the seventeenth round Maloney's crowd claimed a foul, declaring that their man was struck below the belt. Referee decided otherwise. Great uproar.

Eighteenth round.—Maloney seemed loath to leave his corner, while Weeden was as eager for fray as at the beginning. This round, however, was in favor of Maloney, who put in two heavy blows on his body and a wicked drive on the forehead. Before Weeden could recover, Maloney dropped another. A claim of foul, made by Maloney's backers, caused a row and general stampede.

The rest of the fight, though gamely contested by Maloney, was all in favor of Weeden, who hammered Maloney's body and face with every conceivable kind of heavy blows. At the end of the forty-first round some of Maloney's backers raised a yell of foul, but the referee would not allow it. The ring was their taken possession of by an excited mob; two or three impromptu fights took place inside of the ropes. Weeden said to Maloney, "Are you willing to call this a draw; I don't want to kill a man." Maloney accepted the situation, and the fight was so decided. The time of the battle, which was acknowledged by all to be one of the hottest for years, was seventy minutes. With the exception of a bruised eye, Weeden shows no marks of the ordeal, and it is believed would be good for forty rounds more. Maloney is in a pitiable condition. His eyes are both nearly closed, nose and mouth badly swollen, whole face benten black and blue, and his wheezing early in the battle showed he was not in good condition, and if the fight continued, would probably have been knocked out of time after a few more rounds. He was slow in leaving the corner nearly every time after the first dozen rounds, but it was from sheer weakness, not want of pluck. Spectators generally expressed regret that the fight ended so unsatisfactorily. During the row an unknown man drew a revolver, which discharged prematurely, wounding him in the thigh. At Smith's Ferry two rough and tumble fights occurred between partisans of the pugilists. Pistols flourished, but no shots.

MEETING AT CANTON.

The meeting on Wednesday night was very well attended, considering the state of the weather. Those present were largely in favor of Col. Williams. Mr. Ross was not present, and the excuse given was that he was at a meeting in Springfield, called by Mr. Lundy, of West Peterboro'. Whether he has given up the contest as hopeless, or his followers wish to keep him in the shade as much as possible, we are unable to say; certain it is that he is hardly in the position to go out of his riding to help other people. Mr. Marshall Thompson was appointed chairman, and the meeting opened by Col. Williams, who dealt at considerable length with the public questions of the day.

In the absence of Mr. Ross, Mr. H. H. Burnham took his place, making the same absurd statements in regard to the Boundary Award as on previous occasions, and building the same unsafe superstructure thereon, which, however, toppled over as ignominiously when handled by after speakers.

Mr. Chisholm followed, going at length into the Boundary Award and the N. P., both of which he dealt ably with. Mr. Gottwaite then ascended the rostrum, and bitterly attacked the N. P. He was not, he said, going to be restricted by the opinions or remarks of any on his side of the question. A question was asked him by one of the audience which neither he nor subsequent speakers could answer. Mr. Gottwaite made the statement that protection had not done anything for the United States; in fact, that country was a great deal worse off than before. The question was asked: How is it then that there was such a great exodus to the United States a few years ago? Why would people go to a country that is worse off than that which they left? He said he would leave that for Mr. Randall to answer; but Mr. Randall didn't.

Mr. F. M. Benson briefly reviewed the question of the N. P., Boundary Award and Disallowance of Streams Bill, dealing with them in his characteristically lucid and comprehensive style.

Mr. Peter Randall, Mayor of Port Hope, then addressed the meeting. He started off by stating that the Reformers if in power would not disturb the N. P., and ended up by assailing it violently. He stated a few things that will amuse Port Hope readers. Everything was lying idle at Port Hope. Vessels were lashed to the dock with nothing to do, and dozens of men were going around looking for work. He had been applied to by a number to give them work and he said no. When asked to give names that gave the most work, Mr. Sheehy, Agricultural implements were made dearer. A farmer assured Mr. Mayor that he could get reapers and mowers now cheaper than in 1878, and was prepared to give proof.

Mr. Chisholm made the closing speech, and his address was able and exhaustive, convincing all, we are sure, but the most prejudiced of his opponents.

The meeting broke up with a vote of thanks to the chairman, three cheers for Col. Williams and the Queen, and a faint echo for Mr. Ross.

ELIZABETHVILLE.

A Splendid Meeting—Crowded House—Enthusiastically in Favor of Col. Williams.

The meeting at Elizabethtown Thursday was highly successful, the house being packed almost to suffocation. Both sides of politics were well represented, but the meeting was largely and enthusiastically in favor of Col. Williams and the National Policy. Mr. Alex. Beattie was unanimously chosen chairman.

The Ministerial side was represented by Col. Williams, Dr. Berton, and Messrs. T. M. Benson and D. Chisholm; the Opposition by Messrs. Preston and Curry.

Col. Williams led off in an able and convincing address touching upon the leading questions before the people, and being frequently interrupted by rounds of applause.

Mr. T. M. Benson followed, and in going over the ground of argument involved in the Boundary Award, Redistribution of seats, and the Streams Bill, neatly anticipated the arguments of the Opposition, completely taking the wind out of their sails. The insincerity and hollowness of their election cries were held up to view in their true light, showing that these were mere decoys—sectional and incidental issues—to draw off the public mind from the real and paramount questions—the N. P., Canada Pacific Railway and general policy of the Government. Mr. Benson's speech, as is always the case, was received with great favor from the audience, and upon taking his seat he was loudly applauded.

Mr. J. W. Curry followed, and in rather a feeble and belated effort studiously avoided what the Opposition are careful to eschew in this contest. Taking up a few of the items in his opponent's speech, perhaps, in accord with his mental measurement and power of comprehension, he endeavored to exhibit his stock-in-trade of small wit. Very little is necessary to say in this connection.

Mr. Preston followed with his set speech on the Boundary Award. No variation in

gesture, phrase or line of argument from former occasions. He makes a noisy effort to inflate this provincial question, which has been exposed over and over again to the proportions of an election issue. His eloquence fell with cooling effect upon his audience, which on this occasion, not being spoiled with the usual blunder, did not have the ordinary exciting effect of raising a rumpus. The effect of Mr. Benson's speech was apparent in so clearly and putting him. The N. P., C. P. R., and other important questions received very little attention, as not worthy of very particular notice. Being shoved off the ground by the previous speaker, he filled in the time towards the end with wild and incorrect statements about the price of certain products, and the "bogus syndicate."

Mr. Chisholm wound up the meeting with the reply. He called back the minds of his listeners to the real issues before the country—the National Policy, Canada Pacific Railway and the general policy of the ministry. He cautioned them against being blinded by local and other minor issues, which were raised for the purpose of influencing their minds and diverting their attention from what should really be considered in earnestness and sincerity.

Why did the Opposition fear discussion on these questions? In 1878 election they placed themselves in direct antagonism to those principles; on the floor of the House they denounced the N. P., and the Pacific Railway. Why do they sink these issues now? Because they know they could not gain their object—power—by running counter to those policies introduced by Sir John. They seek to trim, knowing that the people are satisfied with the N. P., and that the Pacific Railway policy is a success. They know that the contest between the performance of the past Government and the acts of the present Ministry is so great that the people are satisfied not to exchange the present capable men for the incapable and promise-breakers. He referred to the Boundary question as taken up by the Opposition, as a bag of gas which only required one or two punctures to let all the wind out of it. In conclusion, he asked the audience whether they would change the present Government, who had fulfilled their promises and shown their willingness and ability to meet the calls of the country, for a set of men who, when in power, had not carried out their pledges, shown incapacity and unwillingness, and who acknowledged they were but flies on the wheel. Mr. Chisholm took his seat amidst rounds of applause.

After a vote of thanks to the chairman was passed, and cheers were given for Col. Williams, Sir John Macdonald and the Queen, the meeting, one of the largest and most enthusiastic that ever assembled here, dispersed.

CRICKET.

On Wednesday afternoon a match, Port Hope vs. Trinity College School, was begun on the grounds at Penryn Park, and owing to rain, only one innings was played by the School, who won the toss and went to the bat. Rain fell almost without intermission during the bowling, the ball being difficult to hold, and a foot-hold being almost an impossibility. Notwithstanding these disadvantages Port Hope played on with the utmost good-humor, and the bowling of Bletcher and Armstrong was effective. The latter is a bowler of considerable promise, and with a little more experience should be of great service to the club.

Allan, Leader, Burritt and Dickson obtained 15, 14, 13, 9 (not out.) The running of the latter was especially good and his good judgment in this respect could be copied with advantage by other members of the team. The batting of the School team was very fair, yet nothing approaching fast scoring was seen, a fact which may be in some measure accounted for by the gloomy character of the day and the bad light in which the match was played. The following is the score:—

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Includes Legan, Bletcher, Ince, Cayley, Allan, Abbot, Nicholson, Hamilton, Burritt, B. Armstrong, Leader, Dickson, Cooper, B. Bletcher, B. Byes, Wilder, Total.

DOMINION DAY.

The Programme, in full, to be Carried out on the First of July.

A meeting of the executive committee was held last night in the Royal Hotel, and the details of the programme decided upon.

There will be fireworks, an amount equal to last year to be expended on them.

A Lacrosse match will be one of the interesting features of the celebration. It will take place in the morning between the Millbrook and Port Hope Lacrosse Clubs. Entrance fee to Penryn Park, 10 cents.

Downmanville Furniture Co. band has been secured to discourse music for that day.

Port Hope and Bellville cricket clubs are expected to play a game in the park. This, we understand, will be free to all.

All arrangements will be made for Terpsichorean enjoyment. A platform will be erected for dancing, and a string band engaged.

The Midland Railway will issue return tickets at single fare.

"Throwing the hammer," and "vaulting the pole" are two athletic games, which have not been on the programmes hitherto. On account of the danger of the former in a crowded park, and the unsuitability of the ground for jumping, the contest in both of these will take place near Helm's foundry, commencing at nine o'clock.

The Globe in its anxiety to injure manufacturers, has descended to defiling the character of the operatives, more especially girls who are employed in cotton mills. The charges place such an outrageous stigma upon the working classes, that every parent, artisan or mechanic should resent it to the uttermost.

In plain language, these employees were termed brutes. "Their immorality is frightful," "their morals are bad, very bad," "not one out of a hundred girls are virtuous," "Deep degradation," "obscene"—these are the choice terms hurled at the characters of young girls who earn their living in factories. It has raised a storm of indignation in localities where these cotton factories are in operation, and will tell against the interests of those who call themselves Reformers.

R. C. Local Appointments.

(Corrected List.) At the Conference held this week the following local appointments have been made. CONING DISTRICT. Colborne—R. T. Conifex. Cambridge—W. M. Moxworthy. Welton—A. Clark, one from England, R. Hurry, Superintendent. Port Hope—G. H. Copeland. H. Lindgren—D. Dunlop. Belleville—D. Williams, G. D. G. Superannuated. BOWMANVILLE DISTRICT. Bowmanville—J. K. Mear, R. Mallett, B. A. S. T. Harbott, H. J. Nott, Ed. T. P. Robins, J. H. Eason, and J. G. G. Superintendent. Hampton—R. K. Rowe, W. Down. Colton—H. Moore. Onawa—W. Ayers. Prince Albert—W. Kenner, one from England; J. La. G. D. Superintendent. Perrytown—T. H. Hull. W. Kenner—Superintendent. R. B. Rowe—Church Secretary. R. Mallett—Sabbath School Secretary.

PETERBORO' AND VICTORIA DISTRICT. Peterborough—W. J. Jolliffe, J. W. Butcher, Superintendent. Little Britain—W. G. Beer, A. Richard, F. Woodger. Lakeland—R. Allen. Fennell—M. Metherell. Lindsay—W. Lambert. Majors and Cartwright—J. Whitlock, T. Brown. Ashburnham—To be supplied.

FATHER STAFFORD'S annual picnic takes place at Hutton's Grove on the 1st of July.

Rev. Father Murray, of Cobourg, is making preparations for a picnic on Spook Island, Rice Lake, on Dominion Day.

A LITTLE STRANGE.—We notice by the Guide's report of the Springville meeting, called "in the interests of Messrs Lundy and Ross," that Messrs. Lundy and Ross were not present. The reason why Mr. Ross was not at Canton was, as given by those speaking on his side, that he had to attend the meeting at Springville. There is a screw loose some place.

ONE of the finest croquet lawns to be seen in the County, is the one recently made by Mr. James Irving for Mr. H. A. Ward, and it is well worth seeing. Mr. Irving is a skillful gardener, and is deserving of praise for the manner in which he performs all work entrusted to him. We commend him to all requiring their gardens fixed up.

A slight difficulty is likely to be experienced on account of the evident intention of our merchants to keep their stores open all day on the First of July. They claim that having the celebration on Saturday destroys a good deal of trade they would naturally receive otherwise, while, we understand, a majority of the clerks are opposed to being kept from seeing and participating in the sports. A deputation has been appointed to wait on the merchants, asking them to close their stores at 12 or 1 o'clock. A suggestion has been made to make Friday market day, and issue a proclamation to that effect. Another suggestion has been made, and that is to postpone the celebration until Monday. This latter would, without doubt, materially interfere with its success, as at most it could be merely a local affair. We think, as by the natural turn of events this calamity can only occur once in seven years, that the merchants will not interfere, by any wilful act of theirs, with the success which invariably attends our celebrations.

From the opening of the present political contest neither of our Grit contemporaries, nor any of the Grit political speakers, have deigned to discuss political questions. Their whole position has centred on rival local matters and personalities. Not one Conservative who has taken any active interest in the contest, but has been abused personally. Having not a leg to stand upon, as a political party, our opponents have have descended to appeal to local prejudices, excite personal animosities, and revive religious contentions. It is Cobourg vs. Port Hope, Catholic vs. Orangeman, seaman vs. captain, man vs. man, and Province against Province. They dare not face the electors on the broad issues, and their resort is even more contemptible, if possible, than the measure of the men themselves.

It would appear that it is impossible for a Chairman of Liberal Conservative proclivities to escape the abuse of our Grit contemporaries. "An elector" writes in the up-street curiosity a string of nonsense about the Nomination at Millbrook, and winds up by saying "the Chairman must have been proud of the rowdies or the rowdies proud of the Chairman. Which was it?" Well, if we have a right to answer, we think that both Chairman and audience have reason to be mutually proud of each other, and that according to the admission of Mr. Ross's own speakers. We cannot tell how many times they referred to them as "this respectable and intelligent audience," while Mr. Seth S. Smith, in seconding the motion for a vote of thanks to the Chairman, complimented him on the discharge of his duties, and his success in preserving order. There was, however, a certain portion of the audience that could not reciprocate this feeling of pride towards another portion. We know that the few Reformers present felt anything but proud of their speakers, more especially when three or four statements were proven to be, and repudiated by the audience as foul misrepresentations.

Discused Lungs. From J. A. ABERCROMBIE, of Bradford, Ont. Gentlemen:—It gives me much pleasure to bear witness to a cure effected by Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. My wife having been afflicted for a number of years with diseased lungs I was prompted to try Wistar's Balsam. I did so, and to my utmost satisfaction, for it effected a permanent cure in her for which I heartily recommend it to the public at large as a true and most reliable cure for diseases of the lungs. In conclusion I beg to ask you to accept my thanks, also my hearty wishes for your success with your valuable remedy, believing it to be the only medicine adapted to such cases.

KIDNEY WORT IS A SURE CURE for all diseases of the Kidneys and LIVER. It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge. Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are nervous, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure. In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price 5c.

O MY! LOOK HERE!

I have got some of the Finest OAKUM in the World, Just imported direct from New York. It cannot be beat. I would also beg to remind parties going to the North-west to get a good WATERPROOF TENT before they leave, as they can be made much cheaper here than in Manitoba. Tents of every description on hand and made to order. Also, Awnings and Canvas; Horse and Wagon Covers; Canvas Sails, Yacht Boat, and Canvas Sails. All kinds of Oilskin Clothing; in fact you can get anything from a Needle to an Anchor at

J. J. TURNER'S Sail, Tent, and Awning Factory, West Pier, Port Hope, Ont. Old Canvas and Rope bought and sold. 11-1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Onono, Dec. 14th, 1881. THOS. LONG, District Agent Standard Fire Insurance Co., of Hamilton. DEAR SIR,—We beg to acknowledge with thanks the very prompt manner in which your local Board for above Company have paid our loss by late fire on 3rd inst., we having only made application to your Company a few days previous to the fire, and no Policy having been issued, simply an Agent's interim receipt. We are, Yours very truly, (Signed) 50 D. A. GAMSBY & BRO.

Carriage and Blacksmith's Shop

BAILLEBORE'S J. W. LUCAS TAKES pleasure in informing his old customers and the public generally that he has again taken possession of his old stand at Bailleboro', where he will be pleased to execute orders for

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS of every description, and General Blacksmithing. All kinds of JOH WORK and REPAIRS promptly executed. All work warranted to give satisfaction. 14-2St J. W. LUCAS.

Patent Medicines of all kinds and Homeopathic Medicines, at Deyell's Drug Store.

FINE ART DECORATIONS

The best judges say that they have never seen any GILT PAPERS AND DADOS in Port Hope, equal to those now on exhibition in the windows of

PARSONS' BOOKSTORE. FRIEZE, BORDERS and TRIMMERS to match, any shade. Our stock of STAPLE ROOM PAPER is larger and better assorted than ever before. Call and be satisfied, at

PARSONS' BOOKSTORE.

KALSOMINE, WHITING

PARIS WHITE, White Glue, Ult. Blue, Etc., Etc., at

EVANS' GENERAL HARDWARE STORE

CHAS. DOEBLER

Has just received a large and carefully selected assortment of the LATEST STYLES of ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

Silk Hats, Felt & Fur Hats,

(HARD AND SOFT) and everything that can be asked for in the HAT AND CAP LINE, suitable for young and old for SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR. This is one of the best stocks ever imported into the town, and as the undersigned has a thoroughly practical knowledge of the business, he is prepared to give everyone favoring him with an order the VERY BEST CLASS OF GOODS at a LOW PRICE. Inspection respectfully invited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. DOEBLER, Practical Hatter and Furrier, Walton St., Port Hope. HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR RAW FURS.

GO TO J. HOFFMAN'S

FOR A FINE SELECTION OF WALL PAPERS, DADOS AND BORDERS CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, and a general assortment of

FANCY GOODS.

Also, a Choice Stock of the Best Brands of Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, etc. All Goods at the very Lowest Prices. Remember his new store, opposite the Queen's Hotel, Walton Street, Port Hope. J. HOFFMAN.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

The Strike is Ended, and the Toronto Boot & Shoe Store Is receiving a Splendid Stock from Toronto Manufacturers, which are acknowledged superior to any other make, and will be sold at prices that will compete with any other firm, as they are determined not to be outdone.

THE FURNITURE DEPARTMENT

Will be found in the flats OVER THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE, where can always be seen a splendid assortment from the Best American and Canadian makers, which for style, finish and durability he defies competition. (Bazar Patterns as now in type.) All the above will be found in RUSSELL'S BLOCK, Walton Street.



ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. SUMMER SAILINGS.

Shipping schedule table with columns for destination, ship name, and departure date. Includes destinations like Parisian, Polynesian, Nova Scotia, etc.

Storage Passengers are provided with an abundance of food of the best quality, properly cooked and served by the Company's Stewards three times a day. No restriction as to quantity is made. Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain Passage Certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland, or Scotland, to any railway down to Canada. The tickets are good for one year, and the amount is refunded, less a small deduction, if not used.

The last train connecting and carrying the Canadian Mail, leaves Port Hope every Friday, at 0.45 a.m.

RATES OF FARE FROM PORT HOPE Cabin ..... \$30.00 and up 1st Intermediate ..... 47.75 Storage ..... At lowest rates For Tickets and every information, apply to STANLEY PATRICKSON, Agent, Port Hope

Go to Deyell's Drug Store for your Drugs, Patent Medicines &c. Purest and Best.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Slow Work in Congress—The Tariff Commission—"The Law's Delay"—About Guitzen's Unsoundness—The Star Route Jury.

(FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 10, 1882.

What Congress has not done this session would fill many a volume, and it is the opinion of the appropriations committee that Congress cannot do what must be done to keep the national machine oiled and running before the 20th of July.

The long talked of, and often postponed, trial of the Star Route men is, at last, under way. There has been much dissatisfaction on the part of the prosecution, with the jury selected. It is not charged that the jury has been tampered with, but that a number of men are on it who were predisposed to be lenient with one or another of the defendants.

The decision of Judge Whipple, that the defendants had each of them a right to four per cent. of the proceeds of the prosecution and sent them all to sea. The regular panel was quickly exhausted, and a large lot of tale-men became necessary. It was in the selection of the tale-men that the defence are charged with having over-reached the Government. It is asserted that no sooner were tale-men ordered than a goodly number were found to be on hand and convenient for the marshal's summons, and that defendant Dorsey—the ex Senator—was seen to have the ear of Marshal Henry in a peculiar degree.

The calendar of the Supreme Court of the United States is three years in arrears, and no special effort has been visible on the part of the Bench to stem the rising tide of its business. The judges are raising relief from Congress, which Congress delays giving, and meanwhile they go on long summer excursions. The law's delay is inflicting untold misery on thousands of litigants.

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The worst Scrofulous Sores, the most intolerant Tumors, and the most foul Ulcers known, may be cured by the combined use of Burdock Blood Bitters and Burdock Healing Ointment. Ask your druggists for these infallible remedies.

The next two weeks will be lively, says the Omonee Herald, that is they will vary from the ordinary. The nominations will take place in Lindsay on the 15th, Rev. Father Connelly's picnic will be held near Downsville; on the 17th, the Hon. E. Blake, will make an attempt to change Conservatives to Reformers in Lindsay; on the 19th betting will be the order; and the 20th, Mr. J. R. Dundas will be elected.

A Sure Basis of Popularity.—Merit apparent to "cloud of witnesses" upon which the popularity of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is founded. Throat and lung complaints, pain, arsement, stiffness, swellings, burns, ailments of various kinds, yield to the action of this speedy and safe remedy.

No person can enjoy health while suffering Constipation of the bowels. Harsh purgatives always do harm. Burdock Blood Bitters is Nature's own Cathartic. It regulates, purifies and strengthens the system. Trial bottles 10 cents.

Journals of Prussian Poland lament the rapidity with which that country is becoming Germanized. Language, property, and population are all falling into the control of the dominating Teutons. The Polish peasantry is emigrating, a large proportion coming to the United States, and German farmers and handicraftsmen are being sent for to take their place. This, together with the fact that German has the official and judicial language, is enough to crowd out the original vernacular. As to the landed estates of the old Polish nobility, they are fast being bought up by German capitalists. During 1881 nearly 75,000 acres of land was sold by Polish owners to German purchasers. In the past four years nearly 130,000 acres went that way. Polish patriots endeavour in vain to stem the tide. The dream of a restoration of the old nation is fast fading.

Pope & Bittlan druggists, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, write: "We have never sold any medicine that gives such satisfaction to the customer and pleasure to the seller as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. We can refer you to numbers that have used it for Diphtheria with entire satisfaction and success.

A will admitted to probate in San Francisco began as follows: "I John T. Pantlind, of the country of San Francisco (I guess it don't amount to a—anyhow, what country I am in, State of dear old California, knowing the uncertainty of life and being of sound and disposing mind and memory, do make and publish this, my first, last, and only will and testament, I wish it understood that I am in my clear, level headed sense, and know just what I am about, and I don't want any one-horse lawyer business fooling around. I do not believe that I will die for six months yet, but I want this little business of my hands."

Many suffer from supposed Organic diseases of the heart, when the trouble is only an irregularity in the circulation of the vital fluids, which Burdock Blood Bitters will promptly remedy.

Can you, my dear sir, or any one else, Why wool is so cheap when we've got the N. P. We are told things are booming all over the land; Then why wool is so low now I can't understand.—Advertiser Sausage Machine.

Changeable weather is trying to the system, rendering it more liable to disease. As a preventative of sickness use Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. They purify the blood, cure all Bilious Stomach and Liver disorders, and give tone and strength to the system. Price 30c. R. Deyell, Agent for Port Hope.

In the Grit ranks every man has a policy of his own. There is "Mr. B. Ake's policy," which the people are asked to support, without knowing very well what it is. And there is Sir R. J. Cartwright's policy, which, as everyone is aware, as being identified with great loss to the treasury, and injury to the public credit. Then there is the policy of Mr. John Charlton and Mr. John Patterson, which is protection one year and free trade the next, just as the fit takes, and may be a cross between the two a year or two on. Then there is the Globe policy, a mixture of pre-Adamite Toryism and Grit Vandalism.

The exception of several individuals from Typhoid Fever, which recently prevailed very largely in a Western town, was directly traced to the fact that they maintained an excellent state of health by the use of Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, non-alcoholic, and may be had of all Druggists. Price 30c. R. Deyell, Agent for Port Hope.

For a refutation of the arguments and figures of the article in Thursday's issue of Mr. Ross' organ headed "Does Protection Protect?" we refer the electors of East Durham to Plurbubusti Points," appearing in the columns of THE TIMES at intervals from 1878 to January 1882. They are both evidently the product of the same massive brain, and—nuff said. In the first instance he was writing honestly—now his opinions are bought with Grit money. Besides, we may add, the figures given are false, and the whole argument fallacious on the article referred to. In addition, the writer still claims to be a supporter of the much abused N.P.

If you would have a clear complexion, a freedom from Blotches, Pimples, Boils, and all foul humors, purify and regulate the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels with Burdock Blood Bitters. Trial bottles 10 cents.

The Scottish American, referring to the strikes in the United States, remarks that the heavy taxation on the necessities of life, and consequent difficulties experienced of making both ends meet, have doubtless tended much to raise a feeling of discontent.—Mr. Ross' organ.

Yes! suppose we admit this to be true, for argument's sake;—how about the strikes in FREE TRADE England? The point is a very poor one; for every reader is aware that Free Trade in England has tended to raise the price of the absolute necessities of life, while the laboring man's wages have been ground down to so fine a point that in some manufacturing districts their condition amounts to—whiteslavery!

While a certain party is stamping for Mr. Ross, it is a little unfortunate to quote the Scottish American, because those who have heard him will only take such quotations as some of the platform fireworks our people do not seem to appreciate.

The best preventive and cure for Piles and all diseases caused by Constipation, is Burdock Blood Bitters. Purifying and Regulating, and Tonic in its action. Sample bottles 10 cents. Large bottle one dollar.

These, then, are the open and avowed enemies of the National Policy—the Globe, its fellow revenue tariff journals, and the main body of the members nominated on the Reform side. But it seems to me to have a very powerful enemy in Mr. Blake, and by far the more powerful that his enmity appears to be concealed. It may be denominated concealed, because the public have been led to believe that he will respect the protective tariff.

In fact, taking his declarations all in all, it is impossible to doubt one of two things—either Mr. Blake is utterly unaware of the results of the changes he proposes, which as a shrewd man and clever lawyer appears impossible, or he is the secret enemy of the National Policy. Certain it is to those who know, that the results of his declared intentions, if executed, will prove him its most dangerous one.—R. W. Phipps.

C. A. Livingstone, Plattville, Ont., says: "I have much pleasure in recommending Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, from having used it myself, and having sold it for some time. In my own case I will say for it is the best preparation I have tried for rheumatism."

WHEN we secured the great victory in 1875 it was not by Conservative votes alone or on old party cries. We could not have accomplished it, but that the people felt there was great crisis. For five years there had been depression, and bankruptcies; our young men emigrated, and the factories were closed, and workmen were working on half wages, at half time; and we then saw that the only thing to do to save the country was to adopt the wise policy of the wisest people on the face of the globe—the people of the United States. (Cheers.) We saw how they had been successful, how they had built up manufactures, how they give employment not only to the native-born but to the thousands of emigrants from Europe. I had seen enough to convince me that what was good for the United States would be good for Canada. We had as good a climate, as fertile a soil, and as industrious a population. (Cheers.) We were inferior to them in no respect, but were unfortunate in that while they of the United States protected the manufacturer and the capitalist, while they gave work to the workmen, we opened our markets to the whole world, and we became hewers of wood and drawers of water to the cotton lords of Manchester and Boston.—Sir John's speech at Hamilton.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by G. A. Mitchell.

Never Give Up. If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow, you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by G. A. Mitchell.

Beware of the stuff that pretends to cure these diseases or other serious Kidney, Urinary or Liver Diseases, as they only relieve for a time and makes you ten times worse afterwards, but rely solely on Hop Bitters, the only remedy that will surely and promptly cure you. It destroys and removes the cause of disease so effectually that it never returns.

The Doctor's Secret. Probably no new development will more surprise the public, than to learn the secret of success of certain leading physicians. When they have a difficult case of throat or lung disease that baffles their scientific skill, they prescribe Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, having it disguised in a prescription bottle, with their own directions and name attached. The patient is cured, and they get the credit.—Tribune. Trial bottles free at Mitchell's drug store. Large size \$1.00.

"Do holdly what you do at all." Boldly do we affirm that Kidney-Wort is the great remedy for liver, bowels and kidney diseases, rheumatism and piles vanish before it. The tonic effect of Kidney-Wort is produced by its cleansing and purifying action on the blood. Where there is a gravely deposit in the urine, or milky, rusty urine from disordered kidneys, it always cures.

That Husband of mine. It is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1. Druggists.

Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia and Constipation relieved and cured by the use of Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. Try them. They are safe and effectual sold by all Druggists. R. Deyell, Agent for Port Hope.

The term hydra may be used to represent any manifold evil. If you would battle successfully with this many-headed monster of disease you will find it expedient to keep Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound always at hand.—Dr. Banner.

An Important Omission. Sir, L. Tilly in his return in reference to tall chimneys omitted to mention a very important industry, and which has only given employment to many hands, but has through the influence of the N. P. relieved thousands from physical suffering. We refer to that great remedy for corns, "Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, safe, and painless. Sir Leonard may exclaim "Canada for Canadians," but we most emphatically exclaim "Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor for corns." Sold everywhere. R. Deyell.

Catarrh of the Bladder. Sittling irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchupaia." \$1.

The members of Mariposa Grange No. 350 will hold their annual picnic in Mr. J. J. Terrill's grove, adjoining Cambray station. The date has been fixed for Thursday of next week, June 22nd.

THE HON. J. LYMAN BULKLEY, M. D., OF New York, says: "I have used Dr. WHEELER'S Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Galls largely in my practice for two years, and in my judgment there is no preparation of the kind that can compare with it. With feeble anemic women, of whom we have so many, and in cases convalescing from prostrating diseases, I cannot hardly know how to get along without it. In DYSPEPSIA it acts like a charm—in fact in any of the exhaustive diseases, it is THE remedy."

BRILLIANT SCIENTIFIC TRIUMPH.—Thousands cured of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung diseases by Dr. M. Souville's Spine-melter, an instrument which conveys medicinal properties direct to the parts affected. These wonderful instruments are used in all first-class hospitals, and prescribed by leading physicians. Full directions for treatment sent by letter, and instruments expressed to any address. It is only since Souville's invention that lung diseases are no longer feared until their very last stage. Write for particulars to M. Souville, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, 13 Phillips Square, Montreal. All letters must contain stamp for reply. R. Deyell, agt. for Port Hope. 47-ly

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN. (From the Boston Globe.)



Mass. Editors.—The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who bore all other human plights may be truthfully called "The Friend of Women," as she is so devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life's duty, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merit, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Encephalitis, irregular and painful Menstruation, all kinds of Tumor, Inflammation and Dislocation, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes fatness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only 25c. per bottle or six for \$1.50, and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of either sex this compound is unsurpassed as an abundant testimonial show. "Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are the best in the world for the cure of Constipation, Bilemness and Torpidity of the Liver. Her Blood Purifier works like a charm, and this fact is well known to equal the Compound in its popularity."

All most respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others. Philadelphia, Pa. Mrs. A. M. D.

LARDINE MACHINE OIL. THE above Celebrated Machine Oil has long with a number of our Manufacture carried off the Gold Medal, First Prize and diplomas at all exhibitions and Industrial Fairs since 1878. OUR CYLINDER SERVICING, Wool, and ALLEGATOR HARNES OILS need no recommendation from us as to quality: All we can do for them is a trial, especially try our LARDINE MACHINE OIL and you will be pleased with it. It is manufactured solely by McLeod Bros. & Co., Toronto, and is for sale by all Dealers in Port Hope, by T. G. Lockart, Bethany; Jas. Congrove, Millbrook; Jas. G. Lockart, Newtonville.

I Feel Myself as Good as New! From Mrs. S. B. Bemis, of West Fairlee, Vt. "For seven or eight years I have been in poor health, and for the past year very feeble. My flesh and strength wasted away, until I was unable to work or even go up-stairs without great exhaustion. I suffered from frequent and distressing attacks of palpitation of the heart, my food distressed me, causing acidity and pain in the stomach; and I suffered from extreme nervousness, constipation and debility of the system generally, my blood being thin and poor and sluggish in circulation, and I was for years suffering all the tortures of a confirmed dyspeptic. About six months since I concluded I would try a bottle of PERUVIAN SYRUP, and received so much benefit from it that I purchased five bottles more, and have continued the use of the SYRUP until quite recently. It has restored my health to such an extent that I feel myself as good as new. My digestion is good and my weight has increased in the past four months from one hundred and twenty to one hundred and thirty-eight pounds; my strength has returned, and my general health is thus wonderfully improved, and I can truly say I owe it all to the use of your PERUVIAN SYRUP." Sold by all druggists.

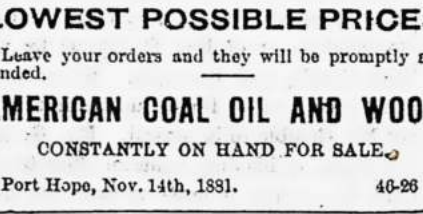
The Diamond Dyes always do more than they claim to do. Color over that old dress. It will look like new. Only 10 cents.

J. BROWN & CO. Beg to announce that they have purchased the Coal business recently carried on by Mr. Thos. Hayden, and will keep in stock and deliver coal in all parts of the town at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. Leave your orders and they will be promptly attended.

AMERICAN COAL OIL AND WOOD. CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE. Port Hope, Nov. 14th, 1881. 46-26

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER. Commencing on Wednesday, 17th April, 1882. THE STEAMER



NORSEMAN (G. CRAWFORD, Master) WILL make her regular trips on this route, leaving Cobourg every morning at 7.30 and Port Hope at 9 o'clock on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway trains from the east and west, connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Central, and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway for all points east, west, and south.

RETURNING—Will leave Charlotte (port of Rochester) daily at 9 o'clock, p.m., except Saturdays, when she will leave at 3 p. m. for Port Hope direct. Deal in in stock will find this the cheapest and most expeditious route to Oswego, Boston, Albany, New York, &c., &c.

For further information apply to C. F. GILDERSLIEVE, Port Hope, 17-41 Kingston.

HOW TO MAKE A CUP OF EXCELLENT COFFEE AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE, ANYWHERE. USE LYMAN'S Concentrated Extract of Coffee



Prepared by a New and Scientific process, from CHOICE SELECTED COFFEE, freshly roasted and ground expressly for this purpose. It is UNRIVALED in QUALITY and FLAVOR, and acknowledged to be THE BEST wherever tried.

For Sale by Grocers and Druggists in 1 lb., 1/2 lb., and 1/4 lb. bottles. Full directions with each bottle. 18 y Trial Size, 5 Cents a Bottle.

BEST business now before the public. You can make a very fat profit at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you, \$125 a year and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Coady outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TATE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 51-ly.

MURRAY CANAL. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, for the construction of the MURRAY CANAL, will be received at this office until the arrival of the eastern and western mails on Tuesday the TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF JUNE next, for the formation of a Canal to connect the head waters of the Bay of Quinte with Presqueville Harbor, Lake Ontario.

A map of the locality, together with plans and specifications of the works, can be seen at the office at Brighton, on and after Thursday the Twenty-Eighth Day of June next, where printed forms of tender can be obtained.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that an accepted bank cheque for the sum of \$5,000 must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract for the execution of the works at the rates and prices submitted, subject to the conditions and on the terms stated in the specification.

The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted. To the Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary. Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 22nd May, 1882. 22-11

SIMPSON & READ. Have their usual large supply of CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS.

OF THE BEST BRANDS, Crockery, Glassware, &c. The best goods at reasonable prices at all times. 1-10

PIMPLES. I will mail (free) the recipe for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, including 3c stamp, BEN. VANDELPH & Co., 12 Barley St., N. Y. 10-ly

Cubins, Jockey Club, White Rose, Stepanotis, Wood Violet, and a Large Variety of other Perfumes by the Ounce, at Deyell's Drug Store.

500,000 ELEGANT SCRAP PICTURES. Purchased, at Auction, selling off very cheap. We will send you by mail, pre-paid

30 ASSORTED PICTURES 30 FOR 25 CENTS, All New and Elegant Designs

the highest achievement of art; or 133 for one dollar. It is our desire to build up a large trade on our goods, and we know that these pictures will give entire satisfaction, as we are selling them less than one-half retail price. Customers purchasing from us heretofore, wishing to order more goods, will please state date of previous order, so that we can send a new assortment, as we have over 500 different varieties. Postage stamps taken.

D. W. LEE & CO., 18-41 240 S. SIXTH ST., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS Wanted, to sell Edison's Instantaneous Piano and Organ Music. Enclose stamp for catalogue and terms. 2-20; EDISON MUSIC CO., 929 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

Take your Prescriptions and Recipes to Deyell's Drug Store to be Prepared.

JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA. Used for the Year Round. LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA. And for Purifying the Blood.

It has been in use for 20 years, and has cured the most obstinate cases of dyspepsia, for which the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, fever, and all the ailments of the nervous system, and is especially adapted to the change of life.

Physicians prescribe it daily. Those who use it once, recommend it to others. It is made from Yellow Dock, Horsetail, and Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry, Sassafras, Handelian, Sassafras, Wintergreen, and other well-known valuable roots and herbs. It is strictly vegetable, and does not hurt the most delicate constitution. It is one of the best medicines in use for Regulating the Bowels.

Those who cannot obtain a bottle of this medicine from their druggist may send us one dollar, and we will send it to them.

JOHNSTON & CO., Manufacturers, AMHERST, ONT.

For sale by R. DEYELL, Port Hope, 32 ft

Liquors for Medical use and Choice Cigars, at Deyell's Drug Store.

PEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC contains an extraordinary amount of iron. It possesses all the powers of the valuable tonics in banishing disease and symptoms traceable to weakness, a low state of the nervous system, or debility of the body, and is a regulation of the general health.

PEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC "regulates the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, stimulates the appetite, restores the debilitated health from the effect of hot climates, this tonic is invaluable."

PEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC restores a developed nervous system, stimulates the blood, promotes appetite, dispels depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, fever, and all the ailments of the nervous system, and is especially adapted to the change of life.

JOCKEY-BRAND'S SULPHUR HAIR RESTORER. I will mail (free) the recipe for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, including 3c stamp, BEN. VANDELPH & Co., 12 Barley St., N. Y. 10-ly

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REMOVED. The Railway, Ticket and Insurance Office.

50 long occupied by Mr. HENRY WADE, and lately by the firm of PARSON'S BOOK STORE.

WADE & LONG'S Railway Ticket and Insurance Office, Parson's Book-store, Port Hope. 10-ly

St. Jacobs Oil, Electric Oil, Vegatine, Burdock Blood Bitters, Electric Bitters, &c. for sale at Deyell's Drug Store.

FOR CHEAP AND STYLISH FURNITURE!

WALKER'S Cabinet Ware, Ontario, etc. As F. have now the largest and best assorted stock in town, at prices that defy competition.



UNDERTAKING. Attended to in all its branches at most reasonable rates. A splendid stock of CHILDREN'S GARMENTS now in stock, which will be sold cheap for cash. JOHN WALKER, Proprietor

WM. GIBSON'S STOCK OF Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c., Is at all times kept complete in every line and only the best goods in the market are offered for sale. Also, a large stock of CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Motto: "The best goods at the lowest prices." 44 WM. GIBSON, Walton Street Port Hope

Everybody that has used Brent's Condition Powder for Horses proclaims it to be the best in use. Sold by Mitchell & Watson, Port Hope.

\$66 No risk. Everything new. Capital no required. We will furnish you every thing. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. PALMER & Co., Portland, Maine. 51-ly

THE MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES is the NEW HOME. LIGHT-RUNNING.



BEST MADE. SIMPLE STRONG SWIFT SURE.

HAS NO EQUAL. ALWAYS IN ORDER. CAN'T WILL LAST. A LIFETIME'S SURPASSES OTHERS.

Johnson, Clark & Co. 30 UNION ST., NEW YORK CHICAGO ILL. ORANGE MASS.

FOR SALE BY. We wish a Local Agent to represent us. 10-20c

BEST WHEAT AND GRAZING LANDS ARE FOUND ON THE Northern Pacific R. R. IN MINNESOTA, DAKOTA, AND MONTANA.

BIG CROP AGAIN IN 1881. LOW PRICES; LONG TIME; REBATE FOR IMPROVEMENT; REDUCED FARE AND FREIGHT TO SETTLERS. FOR FULL INFORMATION, ADDRESS R. M. NEWPORT, GEN. LAND AGT., ILLINOIS THIS PAPER. ST. PAUL, MINN. 10-20c

GOLD. Great chance to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve their chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will run more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address SYMONS & Co., Portland, Maine. 51-ly

Banking co.'y

Paterson's Block, Walton Street. PORT HOPE.

In Operation Since 1862

CAPITAL, \$100,000.00

Does a General Banking Loan and Exchange Business.

Loans made to Farmers at 3, 6, 9, and 12 Months.

Notes & Mortgages Purchased.

Interest Allowed on Deposits

At FOUR per cent. per annum on current account, and FIVE per cent on time deposits.

DRAFTS sold on any point in the United States or Canada.

Reference—Bank of Toronto.

JOHN PATERSON, Cashier. STANLEY PATERSON, President.

Money Loaned at SIX Per Cent. on Farm Property.

OUR readers are requested to examine carefully the advertising columns of THE TIMES. We do not insert advertisements for responsible parties, and you may be confident of being fairly dealt with if you patronize the merchants represented in our columns.



Mr. E. A. Byers, of Onemec, has two remarkably large owls in his possession. He obtained them in Cartwright.

Mr. DAVID RIBIDGE, of Denver, Col., is at present in town on a visit. We are glad to see Mr. Ribidge looking so well.

Mr. JAMES COLLINS has returned from the North-West looking hale and hearty, and we are glad to learn he has located considerable land in a good locality.

PROF. WILLIAMS is now moved into his new quarters, Queen's Hotel block, and has fairly got to work again. He claims to have the most complete tonorial establishment in Port Hope.

Mr. C. RICHMOND has been appointed Clerk of Brighton Township, in the place of Mr. T. J. Wright, who resigned the position on account of his removal to Brighton village.

A LOCAL manufacturing industry entirely new to Peterboro' is now in course of establishment. It is the manufacture of wood pulp so extensively used in the manufacture of paper of nearly all kinds. Next year, if the venture prove successful, it is intended to manufacture paper.

We regret to learn that Mr. Andrew Mitchell, only son of Roderick Mitchell, Esq., of Hope, died of inflammation of the bowels on Friday last. His funeral took place from his father's residence on Sunday at 12 o'clock, noon, to the Union Cemetery, Port Hope. We tender his bereaved wife and parents our most sincere sympathy in this hour of their sad bereavement.

Why is it?—Rev. S. H. Nott, the Bible Christian minister at Bowmanville, and editor of the "Observer," writes to the "West Durham News," and says concerning Mr. Blake:—

"Mr. Bunting's address to the electors of West Durham was published in the 'Observer' because Mr. Bunting paid for it as an advertisement. The columns of the 'Observer' were open to the Reformers for the same privilege, on the same conditions, but they were not 'liberal' enough to avail themselves of the opportunity. Mr. Blake published his address in the 'Christian Guardian,' the C. M. organ published in Toronto, as an advertisement. Why does he ignore the 'Observer,' the organ of the B. C. Church, published in the heart of his constituency?"

MR. BENSON, at Millbrook, was accused of want of loyalty to his country as a captain of the local militia in 1865 by, instead of taking up arms for his country to defend it against the attacks of the Fenians, staying at home and lending his clothes to a brother officer. Of course the charge was instantly repudiated by at least two dozen gentlemen present, not only Conservatives but good Reformers, who had served with Mr. Benson, and knew that he answered his name to every roll called. The banquet which was referred to took place several years before that, and was after the return of the volunteers from drill at Windsor, not active service at all. Again the 46th was not organized until 1869, three years after the Fenian raid. So that this Mr. Ross's speaker was wrong in every particular. What can be the object of misrepresenting Mr. Benson in this connection, it is very hard to say. One would imagine that a snubbing such as he received would make any man ashamed, but the insinuation is followed in up the same person's newspaper the day following.

Mrs. SCOTT, Mill street, can accommodate a few more boarders. House in good location, the one lately occupied by Mr. John Richardson.

MR. WORTS, President of the Bank of Toronto, died Tuesday morning. He had been ailing for some time.

A PURSE containing over \$1,500 was presented to Rev. H. Brettburgh on his departure from Trenton.

MR. W. H. TRAYES, of the Daily Globe, Boston, Mass., paid our town a visit for a few days last week, and enjoyed himself greatly, particularly a day's fishing at Rice Lake with Messrs. F. E. Gaudin and G. A. Woods, and a visit to Mr. Henry Gray's, of Hope. He left on Monday morning for home by steamer Nonesuch.

THE Mail gives a list of 285 manufacturers in Ontario, who support the N. P. This proves that the statement in the Globe yesterday that two-thirds of the manufacturers are in accord with Mr. Blake's policy, is in keeping with the Globe's general reputation for accuracy.

EVERY man wanting a new hat should visit Clark & VanEvery—a splendid assortment at half price. The ladies are all repairing to the Arcade for beautiful Nuns' Veiling, Spanish Laces, fine Cashmeres and Kid Gloves, Parasols. Everything new and novel at low prices, with boots and shoes for the million.

A YOUNG man from Cobourg came to Port Hope the other evening for the purpose of seeing what he believed to be his girl, but who in reality held the heart of a young man of her own town. The two rivals met, and the consequence was the Cobourg young man now has something less than half a yard of sticking plaster on his head.—Sentinel Star.

PETERBORO' is to have a grand pedestrian tournament on June 22nd, when the following contests will be open for competition:—A five mile run, open to all; a five mile walk, heel and toe, open; one mile run, open; one mile amateur run; three mile amateur walk; one mile walk for boys under seventeen years. Prizes range from \$20 downward, and entries are to be made by June 19th.

THE Millbrook Messenger says regarding the personal remarks concerning Mr. Benson at the nomination meeting at Millbrook by one of Mr. Ross's speakers:—"The objectionable remarks, WHICH HE HAD TO TAKE BACK BEFORE HE WAS ALLOWED TO GO ON, WAS A BASE CHARGE, &c., &c. That fully confirms our reporter's statement, which was strictly true.

A SAD ACCIDENT.—We are informed that Mr. Thos. Robinson, lot 18, con. 4, of the township of Clarke, and who paid our town a visit almost every week, Friday lost his life. He was digging a hole or pit in which to sink a boulder, and by digging too far under the stone he undermined it, and it fell in upon him crushing him to death. Not coming to supper when called search was made and his lifeless body was found in this condition. He leaves a widow and six children to mourn his loss.

REV. DR. O'MEARA, Mrs. O'Meara, Canon O'Meara of Winnipeg, and Master Thomas O'Meara, took their departure Friday for England. On Sunday last the doctor read a parting address to his congregation, expressing in beautiful and fitting terms his feelings upon the occasion. We are sure the very many friends of the reverend gentleman and his family, will join with us, while regretting their absence, in wishing them a pleasant trip and a safe return. Before leaving, the ladies of the congregation clubbed together and presented Mrs. O'Meara with a passage ticket. During the absence of Dr. O'Meara the pulpit of St. John's Church will be filled by a student of Trinity College.

WE are pleased to learn that our enterprising young townsman, Mr. F. M. Beamish, received a few days ago a Gold Medal Diploma for a sample of Canadian white wheat flour of his manufacture forming part of the Canadian exhibit at the Universal Exhibition, held in Paris, France, in 1878. This speaks well for the product of Mr. Beamish's mill, and is an acknowledgment of the superiority of our Canadian wheat. Mr. Beamish is to be congratulated on securing such an honor, and we are sure our citizens will be glad to hear of his success.

CAPT. W. C. JORDAN, Co. F., 2nd U. S. Infantry, of San Francisco, California, spent a few days in Port Hope last week, and was greatly pleased with the beauty of our town. Capt. Jordan is a gentleman in education and manners, courteous, affable and generous in disposition, and made many friends during his brief stay here. He has seen a great deal of service, mostly on the plains, and his description of frontier life and its hardships is exceedingly interesting. We hope ere his return home he will pay us another visit.

THE American Agriculturist for July is very full of valuable information for the Farmer, Gardener, and House-keeper, including much that will interest all of us. Among the leading contributors are: Prof. Caldwell, of Cornell University, on Permanent Pastures; Prof. McBryde, of Tenn. University, on Ensilage Experiments; Prof. Sanborn, of Dartmouth, on Time of Cutting Hay; Hon. F. D. Coburn, of Kansas, on The Swine of Ten States; Prof. Swallow, of Missouri University, on Southern Pastures; D. Z. Evans, Jr., of Pennsylvania, on Feeding Poultry, etc.

A CRIME is now raised because Col. Williams demanded payment for certain sheep which were killed by dogs. The sheep were killed in Hope township by Port Hope dogs, and the Corporation of Port Hope refused to use the dog-tax funds in remunerating Col. Williams for his sheep, which were imported and of a superior breed, and the matter was tried before the Judges in Toronto. The claim was sustained as just and right by the courts, which, we think, is sufficient for all reasoning minds. Because Col. Williams occupies a position as representative of this riding in the House of Commons, it does not deprive him of the privileges accorded by law to all citizens of the Dominion, nor is he supposed to be deprived of personal property, without ample compensation, on this account.

MR. WORTS, President of the Bank of Toronto, died Tuesday morning. He had been ailing for some time.

DROWNED. A Sad Case of Drowning Which Took Place on Sunday.

Just as it was growing dusk on Sunday four children of Mr. Turner, Mill street, were noticed by passers-by in a boat coming up the harbor. The boat drew up at the dredge and Mr. Turner's eldest daughter, Henrietta, a little girl about 8 years old, made an attempt to jump from the boat on the dredge. In so doing she missed her foot and fell into the water, immediately sinking. The outcries of the frightened children brought a number to the spot. Mr. Turner was on the scene in a few moments, and frantically endeavored to rescue his child. Poles were used to endeavor to ascertain the whereabouts of the body, but to no purpose. Grappling irons were asked for and brought, but after vainly trying for some time to find any trace of his child's body, Mr. Turner dove several times, but without success.

This was about twenty minutes to nine, and it was not until about 9.30 the body was recovered, which was effected by putting pike poles under the dredge. It appears evident that the child was prevented from rising by floating under the dredge and there remaining. It is needless to say that the parents are almost distracted over this sudden bereavement—this breach in a happy family. The funeral took place on Monday, the remains being interred in the Union Cemetery.

A HARD TUSSELE.

About half-past five Tuesday afternoon an excited and jostling crowd was noticed on Walton street in front of the American Hotel. The cause of it was discovered to be the attempted arrest of Dan Donoghue by policemen Gamble and Reynolds. We understand that a warrant for Donoghue was in the hands of Mr. Gamble to be served. Mr. G. in the discharge of his duty made an effort to arrest, but found that in order to carry out his intentions it was necessary to call upon Mr. Reynolds. These gentlemen combined, not willing to resort to violence by blows from batons, found it hard work. Their prisoner fought and kicked in such a desperate manner that it almost required superhuman effort to take him to the lock-up. One arm was secured in the handcuffs, and even then every inch of the way was contested with furious zeal. By the time the British Hotel was reached the crowd of spectators was large, and here both arms were secured, and by the aid of several bystanders the prisoner was picked up bodily, his feet being fastened with ropes, and carried the rest of the way to the cooler. Both of the officials received some very severe kicks and blows in the face and elsewhere, especially Mr. Reynolds. It was a matter of wonder how Levi refrained from using his cudgel, but he did not, preferring to be injured rather than injure, physically, his man. It was a very hard tussle, but was finally accomplished successfully. These gentlemen are to be complimented upon their plucky discharge of duty, while at the same time perfectly preserving their temper.

THOSE who wanted to see COL. WILLIAMS elected by a small majority are badly—left.

SOME four or five fights occurred last Tuesday afternoon and evening.

THE majority is NOT reduced, thanks to the efforts of a few of Mr. Ross's supporters.

MR. T. H. AMBROSE has returned from Europe, arriving in Port Hope last Tuesday night.

MR. DUTCHER, U. S. Consul, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday morning, and treated his hearers to a pleasing discourse. Rev. Mr. Hull, superannuated B. C. minister, officiated in the evening. Rev. Mr. Laird is absent at the Conference in Toronto.

FIRE AT TRENTON.—A telegram received here last (Tuesday) night states that the lumber in Gilmour's mill yard was on fire. Engines from Belleville and Cobourg were despatched to the scene of the fire, and succeeded in saving buildings. 5,000,000 feet of lumber was destroyed.

MR. ROSS's organ, the Outside, says of the result in East Durham, that "if those who promised had done as they agreed, Mr. Ross would have been elected by a handsome majority." Pshaw! that is sheer nonsense, and the Outside knows it.

WE are informed that one of Mr. Ross's supporters, in his anxiety to help Mr. Ross, Tuesday violated one of the strictest clauses of the Election Law by depositing a ballot in two sub-divisions. We might here say that this voter is liable to a penalty of \$200, and is at present at the mercy of his opponents, providing they wish to be exacting. Something more will likely be heard of this case as those who know this gentleman do not regard his zeal for voting as an evidence of ignorance of the law.

A PETITION is being numerously signed by the merchants in which they agree to keep their stores open on Saturday, the 1st July, and close on Monday, the 3rd, so as to afford the clerks a clear holiday. We are also pleased to learn that an effort is being made to have the stores close at six o'clock during the months of July and August, excepting Wednesday and Saturday evenings. This is a move in the right direction.

AS we go to press, the following private telegram was received from the Mail office, Toronto: "As far as we can at present tell, Ontario has returned fifty-two Conservatives and thirty-eight Oppositionists, with Algoma and Muskoka yet to hear from. There is a want of definiteness in the case of North Ontario. Cochrane is reported elected in East Northumberland."

POLICE COURT.—Dan Donoghue was brought before the Police Magistrate yesterday on two distinct cases of assault against Mr. Levi Reynolds and Mr. John Gamble. The prisoner was sentenced to three months in one case and six in the other, to run concurrently. This with an additional two months for neglecting, after sufficient warning, to pay a fine imposed some time ago, will make for him a term of eight months in the County Gaol.

A case of assault in which a woman was concerned was also heard. The case was dismissed with costs for the fair plaintiff.

UNION SERVICES of the two Presbyterian churches will be conducted next Sabbath by Mr. Robertson. The morning service to be held in the First Presbyterian church, and the evening service in the Mill street church.

It affords us a great deal of pleasure to learn that Mr. James Innis, of the Guelph Mercury, and Mr. James Somerville, of the Dundas Banner, have been successful. They are both veteran journalists and have served their party faithfully. They are both gentlemen possessing ability, and we are sure will make their mark in the House. Though differing with them in politics, we gladly and heartily congratulate them on their success.

BETTING.—A great amount of money was staked on the result of the election. Bets at 100 of a majority for Ross in town, and 200 for the Colonel in the whole riding, were freely offered and accepted. The sequel shows that the Reformers are in almost every instance minus their deposits. More money has changed hands during the late election than ever before, and the Conservatives have the consolation of knowing that it has about all changed into their pockets.

THE policy of alander has a fitting answer in our issue to-day. COL. WILLIAMS and his friends have been personally assailed with a venom hitherto unknown in this constituency, and to what purpose?—the defeat of Mr. Ross by a majority, under the circumstances, so large that the Reform party may be said to be crushed out of existence. Mr. Benson, Mr. Chisholm and other prominent supporters, came in for their share of vile abuse, and even those who took no active part in the contest, such as Messrs. R. O'Neill, James Evans, and Capt. James, were ridiculed and vilified. Mr. Ross surely could not expect to gain anything by permitting his speakers and organs to act as they have done, and he must now see the mistake. The gentleman named above are too well-known in Port Hope for anything said about them to succeed in doing them injury. The emphatic verdict given by East Durham may be taken as a condemnation of the Reform tactics in this contest, and we trust the lesson will not be lost.

Latest from Mr. Edgar.

A new song for an old tune. I'm hived, I'm bust, I'm trapped I'm locked, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! My last an' only trump is tricked, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

I'll shout and shout for thee no more, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! Thou shalt not have a single roar, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

This child of song that sweetly sings, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! To his good bow has two good strings, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

Elected, I'd have made my pile, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! In ringing railways all the while, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

Defeat still leaves me hope of bliss, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! For thou shalt dearly pay for this, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

I'll collar Morat on the spot, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! And make him pay my costly shot, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

I'll make him spill all kinds of pap, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! In my prepared, capacious lap, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

Accept this hint from thine own Muse, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o! 'Tis heads I win and tails you lose, Ontay-ree-o, Ontay-ree-o!

NEWCASTLE.

NEWCASTLE, June 15, 1882. The Council met pursuant to adjournment. The Reeve in the chair. All the members present. The minutes of former meetings read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVED. From the Attorney-General's Department, stating that ballot boxes furnished by the Province may be used for the elections of the House of Commons if required.

From Capt. McLeod, Port Hope, acknowledging the receipt of five dollars granted by this Council to assist the Dominion Artillery Association to send a team to England. Also, a circular from the British Canadian Loan and Investment Co. Also, a circular and Provincial Act from the Provincial Board of Health. Laid over till next meeting.

Also, notice from Thornton & Son to fulfill contract for lumber as per tender. The Clerk presented the report of weigh scales for the month of May, amounting to \$7.45.

Mr. Eddy's application for a sidewalk from Mill street to his house on Emily street, was then taken up, and on motion, was laid over till called for. Geo. Templeton's application, calling the attention of the Council to a drain on his premises, was then brought up and not entertained, the Council considering that they had nothing to do with the part of drain on his premises.

The following accounts were then presented, and on motion, ordered to be paid:—Geo. Trelovan, services as auditor, \$ 4 00 Fred's Stillwell, " " " " 4 00 Jas. Hopkinson, road work, " 2 25 Chas. Downing, " " " " 2 75 Richard Bennett, drawing gravel, " 21 00 Wm. Toms, " " " " 38 75 Mess York, Canada short-cut, " 25 00 to 23 60 Pork, Mess, Thos, " 21 00 to 22 04 Hama, City Cured per lb., " 0 13 to 00 14 Hama, ca. washed per lb., " 0 15 to 00 16 Lard, in tubs or pails, per lb., " 0 14 to 00 00 Bacon per lb., " 0 13 to 00 14 Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs., " 00 00 to 0 00 Beef, Mess per brl., " 00 00 to 0 00 Tallow, rendered per lb., " 0 07 to 0 08 Tallow, rough, " 0 04 to 0 07 Eggs, fresh, per doz., " 0 16 to 0 17 Ashes, Pots, per 100 lbs., " 0 07 to 0 09 BUTTER.—Wholesale price, Creamery, good to fine, per lb. 0 21 to 0 22 Township, fair to good, per lb. 0 18 to 0 21 Marisburg, fair to good, per lb. 0 17 to 0 18 Brockville fair to good, per lb. 0 17 to 0 18 Cheese, new, " 0 12 to 0 20

WHITBY MARKETS.—Fall Wheat, \$1.25 to \$1.25; Spring Wheat, \$1.25 to \$1.30; Barley, 70c to 85c; Rye, 85c to 90c; Peas, small, 75c to 80c; Blackeye Peas, 85c to 88c; Oats, 40c to 42c; Hay, \$8 to \$10.00; Potatoes, 75c to 75c; Pork, \$7.00 to \$8.00. PETERBORO' MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.26 to \$1.27; Spring wheat, \$1.24 to \$1.25; Rye, 70c to 76c; Oats, 45c to 47c; Peas, 75c to 80c; Barley, 70c to 80c; Potatoes per ha., 80c to \$1.00; Hay per ton, \$8 to \$9; Wood, per cord, \$3 to \$3.50. LINDSAY MARKETS.—Fall Wheat \$1.25 to \$1.25; Spring Wheat \$1.25 to \$1.25; Barley 60c to 65c; Peas 70c to 75c; Marrowfat Peas 65c to 70c; Rye 70c to 75c; Oats 45c to 50c; Potatoes 55c to 65c; Hay per ton \$7 to \$10; Wool 19c to 20c. STRAYED. ON Wednesday, May 31st, from the premises of the undersigned, Lot 27, Con. 7, a BAY MARE COLT, with white streak on face, two years old. Anyone finding the animal, and giving information to MR. DAVID FERGUSON, Port Hope, or to the undersigned, that will lead to the recovery of the same, will be suitably rewarded.

THE GOLDEN LION. NUNS' VEILINGS, The Fashionable Dress Goods. ANOTHER SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED. BLACK NUNS' VEILINGS, at 25c, 35c, and 55c. CREAM NUNS' VEILINGS, at 25c and 45c. PALE BLUE NUNS' VEILINGS, NAVY BLUE NUNS' VEILINGS. Ladies will find our Shades, Qualities, and Prices, JUST RIGHT. N. HOCKIN.

GO TO FRASER & POWELL'S NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE, TO BUY YOUR Boots & Shoes, Trunks & Valises, WHERE YOU WILL HAVE A STOCK ALL NEW, FRESH AND CLEAN, TO CHOOSE FROM. NO OLD SHOP WORN GOODS. We have made large additions to our stock the past week. Our purchases have all been made on the most advantageous terms from the Best Manufacturers in Canada for PROMPT CASH. Our large sales and the great success we have met with since opening is a sufficient proof that the citizens of Port Hope and vicinity appreciate our efforts to place within their reach one of the Best Assorted, Cheapest, and most Reliable Stocks of Boots and Shoes in Ontario. We invite inspection, resting our claims to your patronage on the superior class of goods we are showing, the excellent bargains we are giving, the large, well assorted, and extensive stock you will have to select from. FRASER & POWELL.

TRY W. BLAKELY, JOHN ST., PRINGLE'S OLD STAND, FOR CHEAP WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVER-WARE and JEWELRY of the Newest and Latest Designs, All at the LOWEST PRICES, Good as Represented, or Money Refunded, Repairing a Specialty. 16 18 W. BLAKELY. BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS! The Strike is Ended, and the Toronto Boot & Shoe Store is receiving a Splendid Stock from Toronto Manufacturers, which are acknowledged superior to any other make, and will be sold at prices that will compete with any other firm, as they are determined not to be undersold.

THE FURNITURE DEPARTMENT Will be found in the flats OVER THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE, where can always be seen a splendid assortment from the Best American and Canadian makers, which for style, finish and durability he defies competition. (Bazar Patterns as now in type.) All the above will be found in RUSSELL'S BLOCK, Walton Street.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Millbrook and Bethany Special Notices, and Toronto Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Montreal Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Dairy, Vegetables and Fruit Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Pottery Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Bowmansville Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Oshawa Markets.

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