

The Port Hope Times

AND COUNTY OF DURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN.

J. B. TRAYES, Editor and Proprietor.

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VOLUME 21.

PORT HOPE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1882.

NUMBER 9.

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For investment on Real Estate at from Six to Seven per cent, payable yearly.

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Stupidity in Court.

Mr. Howells, in the Atlantic Monthly, gives his observations in a police court, to show the difficulty of getting an answer out of a stupid witness, he says, if it were necessary, for example, to establish the fact that a handkerchief was white, it was not to be done without some such colloquy as this:
"Was it a white handkerchief?"
"Sir?"
"Was the handkerchief white?"
"Was it white, sir?"
"Yes, was it white?"
"Was what white, sir?"
"The handkerchief, — was the handkerchief white?"
"Was the handkerchief, sir?"
"The handkerchief you just mentioned, — the handkerchief that the defendant dropped."
"I didn't see it, sir."
"Didn't see the handkerchief?"
"Didn't see him drop it, sir."
"Did you see the handkerchief?"
"The handkerchief, sir? Oh, yer, sir!"
I saw it, — I saw the handkerchief."
"Was it white?"
"Was, sir."
"A boy who complained of another for assaulting him said that he knocked him down."
"Did he knock you down?" asked the judge. "Did he knock you down with his fist or his open hand?"
"Yer, sir."
"Which did he do it with?"
"Put his arms round me and knocked me down."
"Then he didn't knock you down. He threw you down."
"Yer, sir. He didn't trow me down. He put his arms around me and knocked me down."

How Much Land for Each.

The recent Census gives the total area of the United States (not reckoning Alaska) at 3,025,600 square miles, of which 55,600 square miles are occupied by water—lakes, rivers, bays, etc., — leaving 2,970,000 square miles of land, or 1,900,800,000 acres.—The total population is 50,155,783. This land, evenly divided, would give to every man, woman, and child 37 1/2 acres, and an onion patch 3 by 9 rods, over. If we divide the population into families of six persons, each family could be allotted 227 acres. Allowing one quarter of the land to be mountain ridges, sandy and stony tracts, and other "bad lands," there would still be left the regulation "quarter section" (160 acres) for each family.—But the census figures now being made up are for June 1880. Since then over one million people from foreign lands "have come to stay," as American citizens, and the natural increase has been considerable; the total increase from 1870 to 1880 was 3 per cent. per annum. So we have now (March 1, 1882) nearly fifty-four million inhabitants. As the area of land does not expand, there are now less than 36 acres each, or not 152 acres per family; and the average amount is rapidly decreasing.—No cause for alarm, however.—American Agriculturist for March.

AMONG THE RIFLE-PITS.

Fifty yards in front of the abatis the pickets were stationed. When first the siegework began, picketing was dangerous business. Both armies were bent on fight, and picketing meant simply sharpshooting. As a consequence, at first the pickets were posted only at night, so that from midnight to midnight the poor fellows lay in their rifle-pits under a broiling July sun, with no protection from the intolerable heat, excepting the scanty shade of a little pine-branch erected overhead, or in front of the pit as a screen. The picket lay, flat on his face, picking off the enemy's men whenever he could catch sight of a head or even so much as a hand; and right glad would he be if, when the long-awaited relief came at length, he had no wounds to show.

But later on, as the siege progressed, this murderous state of affairs gradually disappeared. Neither side found it pleasant, nor profitable, and nothing was gained by it. It decided nothing, and only wasted powder and ball. And so, gradually, the pickets on both sides began to be on quite friendly terms. It was no unusual thing to see a Johnny picket—who would be posted scarcely a hundred yards away, so near were the lines—lay down his gun, wave a piece of white paper as a signal of truce, walk out into the neutral ground between the picket-lines, and meet one of our own pickets, who, also dropping his gun, would go out to inquire what Johnny might want today.

"Well, Yank, I want some coffee, and I'll trade tobacco for it."
"Has any of you fellows back there some coffee to trade for tobacco?" Johnny Picket, here, wants some coffee."
Or, may be he wanted to trade papers, a Richmond Enquirer for a New York Herald or Tribune, "even up and no odds." Or, he only wanted to talk about the news of the day—how "we uns whipped you 'uns up the valley the other day"; or how, "if we had Stonewall Jackson yet, we'd be in Washington before winter"; or may be he only wished to have a friendly game of cards!

There was a certain chivalrous etiquette developed through this social intercourse of deadly foemen, and it was really admirable. Seldom was there breach of confidence on either side. It would have gone hard with the comrade who should have ventured to shoot down a man in gray who had left his gun and come out of his pit under the sacred protection of a piece of white paper. If disagreement ever occurred in bartering, or high words arose in discussion, shots were never fired until due notice had been given. And I find mentioned in one of my old army letters that a general fire along our entire front grew out of some disagreement on the picket-line about trading coffee for tobacco. The two pickets couldn't agree, jumped into their pits, and began firing, the one calling out: "Look out, Yank, here comes your tobacco." Bang!

And the other replying: "All right, Johnny, here comes your coffee." Bang!
—From Harry M. Kieffer's "Recollections of a Drummer-boy," in March St. Nicholas.

A REAL NECESSITY.—No house should be without a bottle of Haggard's Yellow Oil, in case of accident. There is no preparation offered to suffering humanity that has made so many permanent cures, or relieved so much pain and misery. It is called by some the Good Samaritan, by others the Cure-all, and by the afflicted an Angel of Mercy.

A Novel Steamship.

In a new steamboat now building upon the Hudson, an attempt is being made to produce a boat that shall be self-righting, that shall be very fast, and that cannot sink unless entirely torn to pieces. The boat is comparatively small, as it is intended only for an experimental or model boat. If successful, it is intended to build ocean steamships upon the same principle. It appears that the inventor's aim is to make a self-righting boat by carrying the sides over the deck in the form of a dome. The side frames are made continuous and meet over the center of the hull, or, in other words, the frames begin at one side of the level, rise directly at an angle of about forty-five degrees to the water-line, and then curve inward over the deck and back on the same lines to the keel. A section of the hull taken in the center is thus of a wedge shape, with a sharp edge below and rounded top above. This wedge form is preserved through the entire length of the hull. There are no hollow lines in the boat, and the sharp, overhanging bow is intended to part the water near the surface and to form a long, tapering wedge. The widest part of the hull is exactly at the middle, both ends being precisely alike. This is quite different from the flat bottom and straight sides, with comparatively bluff or rounded bows, of the ordinary ocean steamship. The boat is intended to be much deeper aft than forward, and the deck will be much higher above water at the bows than at the stern. There will be no houses or raised constructions of any kind on the deck, except the dome-shaped grill at the ventilators, and the smoke-stacks. There will be an open railing around the center of the deck, so that it can be used as a promenade in pleasant weather or whenever the seas do not break over the boat. The object of this unbroken dome-shaped deck is to enable the boat to throw off all waves that break over the bows or sides in rough weather. It is thought that, instead of shipping tons of water and retaining it on deck till it can be drained off, the boat will shed or throw off the water from the long, sharp bows and open deck, and will at once relieve herself of the weight of the water. Waves striking the rounded deck will have no hold on the boat, and their force will thus be spent harmlessly. The sharp wedge-shape and rounded top of the hull, and the fact that even when fully loaded the center of gravity will be below the water-line, makes the model self-righting. From experiments with a small model, this claim of the inventor seems to be clearly proved. In laying out the boat, only the spar deck will be used for passengers, the main deck and below-deck being intended for cargo, coal, and engines. The state-rooms will be arranged along the outside, each room having a port in the side of the boat, while the ceiling will be formed of the curved deck above. The saloons will be the whole width of the ship, and on the spar deck. For lighting the saloons there will be sky-lights in the center, and as these in rough weather may be covered by the seas that sweep over the deck, they will be very strong, and will be air-tight. To secure ventilation there will be steam-fans, kept in motion at all times, and maintaining a good circulation of air through every part of the boat. For this purpose the fresh air will be taken through wind-sails on the deck, and the exhaust air from the rooms will be turned into the blast used in forcing the boiler fires. No boats are to be carried on deck; the life rafts and boats will be kept in an apartment under the domed deck at the stern, and when they are to be launched, doors will be opened in the deck and the boats launched in the usual way from davits through these doors. The pilot-house will be at the bows, and will be entirely inclosed. It will not rise much above the deck, and will be entered from below.

There will be no masts or sails, as it is intended to depend wholly on the engines for propulsion. In constructing the hull, to secure great strength, three heavy trusses or "hog frames," are to be placed on the keel, each one rising to the spar deck and securely fastened to the side frames of the boat. The ceiling will be double, and placed diagonally on the frames. In larger sized steamships, the absence of sailing power will be compensated for by two extra engines and two supplementary screws, that can be employed in case the larger screw is lost or the main engines break down.—The World's Work, in THE CENTURY for March.

The Black Bear's Cunning.

IN THE CENTURY for March, Charles C. Ward has an entertaining illustrated article on "The Black Bear," in which he describes Bruin's haunts in Maine and New Brunswick, relates several hunting incidents and depicts Bruin's peculiarities, in part as follows:
I really think that Bruin possesses the sense of humor; at all events his actions point that way, and there is no doubt that he is extremely cunning and observing. I once had an English friend visiting me, who played the flute. He was in the habit of marching up and down, while playing, near a tame bear I had at the time. The bear had a piece of stick about two feet long, which he tossed about for amusement. After a time, he came to handle the stick very much as my friend did his flute. This annoyed my sensitive friend, and in revenge he teased the bear with uncouth noises. Bruin sniffed and whined, and waited his opportunity for delivering a tremendous blow with his paw at the enemy, whose hat was knocked completely over his eyes. He escaped being scalped by dropping flat and rolling out of the reach of the bear. This bear spent much of his time in the tree to which he was chained, and when climbing usually got his chain twisted over and under the branches in a most intricate manner, but never failed to take out every turn as he descended. A friend who owned a tame bear told me that, for a long time, he could not account for the mysterious way in which the poultry disappeared. Observing, at different times, a good many feathers around Bruin's pole, he began to suspect that the bear was the culprit. Close watching confirmed his suspicions. When Bruin thought he was unobserved, he would seize any unfortunate hen or chicken within his reach and devour it; but if any one approached before he could complete the meal, he would sit upon his prey until the danger of discovery was passed. He was betrayed, at last, by the cackling of an old hen, that he had failed to silence.

BELLIANT SCIENTIFIC TRUMPET.—Thousands cured of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung diseases by Dr. M. Souville's Spirometer, an instrument which conveys medicinal properties direct to the parts affected. These wonderful instruments are used in all first-class hospitals, and prescribed by leading physicians. Full directions for treatment sent by letter, and instruments expressed to any address. It is only since Souville's invention that the lung diseases are no longer feared until the very last stage. Write for particulars to M. Souville, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, 13 Phillips Square, Montreal. All letters must contain stamp for reply. R. Deyell, agt. for Port Hope. 47-ly

IT'S A POOR RULE, &c.—"How is it Mr. Brown," said a miller to a farmer, "that when I came to measure three ten barrels of apples I bought from you, you I found them nearly two barrels short?" "Singular, very singular; for I sent them in you in ten of your own flour barrels." "Ahem! Did, oh?" said the miller. "Well, perhaps I made a mistake. Let's imbibe."



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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
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G. A. MITCHELL
Has constantly on hand a superior stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS DYE STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY TOILET ARTICLES ETC., ETC. Lamps, Chimneys, Coal Oil and Lam Trimmings. A nice lot of Fancy Goods offered at a sacrifice.
PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS carefully and promptly prepared.
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PURIFY THE BLOOD, impart tone to the Nervous System, and act most powerfully yet soothingly on the LIVER AND BOWELS, promoting Digestion and assimilation, and endowing the whole bodily frame with Strength and Vigor. Nervous Headaches, Tremblings with Lassitude and General Debility quickly yield to the potent Force of these well-known Pills, and they are unrivalled in their efficacy in all FEMALE COMPLAINTS, removing all obstructions, skin blemishes, pimples and boils, better than any other family medicine known.

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HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION. It heals every kind of Sore, Ulcer and Wound more certainly than any known salve. Its marvellous penetrating powers render it invaluable in all THROAT AND CHEST DISEASES, curing Bronchitis, Quinsy, and Asthma, reducing Glandular Lumps, closing and healing Abscesses and Fistulas, and for alleviating the excruciating tortures of RHEUMATISM, GOUT, and Neuralgia. It is unsurpassed. It never fails to remove Scurf and every species of skin disease. Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 523 OXFORD STREET, LONDON, and sold at 1s. 1/4, 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 21s., and 31s. each Box and Pot, and in Canada at 30 cents, 50 cents, and \$1.50 cents, and the larger sizes in proportion.

CAUTION.—I have no Agent in the United States, nor are my Medicines sold there. Purchasers should therefore look to the Label on the Pot and Boxes. If the address is not 523, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious. The Trade Marks of my said Medicines are registered in Ottawa, and also at Washington.

Signed, THOMAS HOLLOWAY, 523 Oxford Street, London, 46-ly Sept. 1, 1881

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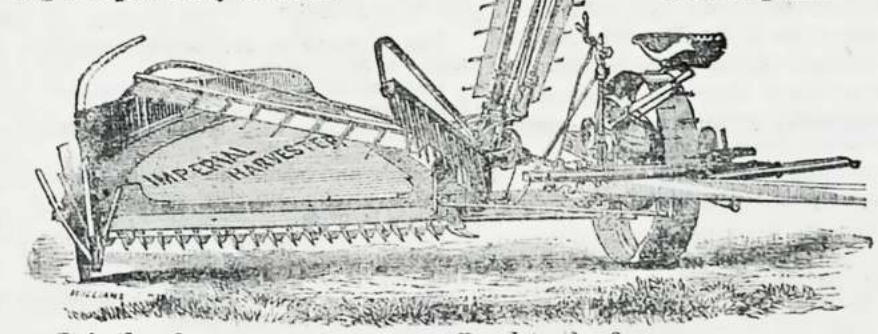
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&c., which he is now prepared to make up to order for SPRING SUITS, in the best and most fashionable styles, at the VERY LOWEST PRICES. An inspection invited. Remember the place—Queen Street, Port Hope.

IMPERIAL HARVESTER!

The most perfect and complete Reaper in the world. Contains more practical patented IMPROVEMENTS than any other Harvester in the market. It is the only machine made with platform and raking apparatus tilting independently of truck.

In simplicity and durability it excels all others. It can not get out of order, and is GUARANTEED to work in any kind of grain.



It is the cheapest machine ever offered to the farmer. It has no equal, and every farmer wants one. For particulars send to GLOBE WORKS, London, Ontario. N. B.—AGENTS, if you want to sell the BEST machine made, see the IMPERIAL HARVESTER.

FOR GOOD, CHEAP

PRINTING

GO TO THE

PORT HOPE TIMES.



TAKES THE LEAD

It gives SIDE SUPPORT to the pants and positively prevent all strain on the shoulders or buttons when sitting or stooping. Warranted not to slip off the shoulders or pull off buttons.

MANUFACTURED BY RAMAGE & CAMPBELL, TORONTO, ONT. Sold by T. N. PITTS, Port Hope 10-47

Apollinaris Water, Butler Water and other Mineral waters at Deyell's Drug Store.

LAKE VIEW HOUSE, HEAD OF RICE LAKE.

THIS undersigned takes pleasure in announcing that he has leased the POPULAR HOTEL at Bowley-head of Rice Lake, where pleasure parties will find the best accommodations. A number of FIRST-CLASS BOATS TO RENT AT LOW RATES. Fishing Parties will be well provided for. The Bar is well supplied with the best LIQUORS & CIGARS. A call solicited. The Dominion Telegraph Company office in the House.

S. STEWANMAKER. If you have a Cough or Cold it can be speedily cured by using a bottle of Dr. Dewar's Cough Mixture. For sale by Mitchell & Watson, Brent's old stand, Port Hope.

THOS. HAYDEN, Is prepared to make to order all kinds of MACHINERY. CASTINGS, &c., on the most moderate terms. Good workmanship guaranteed. Constantly on hand a number of Hayden's Celebrated Ploughs. Every farmer who has used them says they are the BEST IN THE MARKET. All kinds of Machinery repaired. d1-w44 THOS. HAYDEN Foundry on Cavan St., Port Hope

ATTENTION.

Attention is directed to our large stock of XL goods, comprising celluloid, florantine & metallic Baushies. Also select assortment of TOILET ARTICLES, Perfumes, Puff Boxes, Beautiful Velvet Photograph Frames, etc. Our Winter Fluid is the best preparation in use for CHAPPED HANDS. Try it. We are the Sole Agents for the celebrated Manhattan Feed, unrivaled for Horses, Cattle Pigs, and Poultry. Remember the place,—Brent's old stand.

MITCHELL & WATSON, Walton street, Port Hope.

REMOVAL.



J. S. CEASER, V.S.

Has removed his office to QUEEN ST. Opposite the British Hotel yard, and next to J. C. McNaughton's saloon. Parties requiring his services after office hours will please call at his Residence. FIRST BRICK HOUSE ON MILL STREET South of the Royal Hotel. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 8 p. m., except Tuesdays. Will visit Millbrook every Tuesday; Office, Queen's Hotel. Office hours from 12 to 4 p. m.

NEW PLANING FACTORY

JOHN TRICK BEGS to announce to the public that he has opened a shop in BARRETT'S BLOCK, Cavan street, where, with NEW MACHINERY he is prepared to fill all orders entrusted to him for PLANING, MATCHING, SAWING, &c.,

MACHINERY.

W. J. WALLACE In returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since he opened his SHOP IN BARRETT'S BLOCK, CAVAN STREET! begs to intimate that he is now prepared to Manufacture all kinds of MACHINERY, MILL CASTINGS, STEAM ENGINES, &c. In the best manner, and at LOW PRICES. Repairing done Neatly & Expeditiously. ESTIMATES FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY FURNISHED AND A TRIAL SOLICITED.

DIAMONDS WILL CUT.

Improved Diamond Saw the Hanlan Cross-Cut SAWS will cut faster and stay in order longer than any other Saw in the world. They are manufactured only by R. H. SMITH & Co., St. Catharines, and sold by the Hardware Trade everywhere. Take no other. We also make the Lance Tooth, Lightning, Improved Champion, Eclipse, in short, all kinds and patterns, including the New Improved Champion. ST. CATHARINES SAW WORKS.

BEST BUSINESS NOW BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you \$15 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUX & Co., Augusta, Maine. 51-ly.

INDEX

TO DISEASES, COMPLAINTS AND ACCIDENTS which HAYGARD'S YELLOW OIL is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in MAN or BEAST. TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR COUGHS, SORE THROAT, COLDS, &c. APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, CALLUS LUMPS, CHILBLAINS, STIFF JOINTS, SWELLINGS, FROST BITES, GALLS, CORNS, LAMENESS, CONTRACTIONS, BRUISES, LUMBAGO, ITCH, DEAFNESS, PAIN IN BACK, SPRAINS, PAIN IN SIDE, &c. Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 50 CENTS. T. MILBURN & CO., PROPRIETORS TORONTO, ONT.

The Latest and the Nicest Perfumes at Deyell's drug store.

1882. SPRING CLOTHING. Spring Styles Now Ready. New and Nobby Spring Tweeds, New Worsted Hosiery, Stylish Scotch Tweeds, and a Super New Lot of Canadian Tweeds...

A CARD. MR. D. SMART. WILL CONTINUE HIS LAW, LOAN AND INSURANCE PRACTICE, with good assistants, at the old office, his former partnership having expired...

Masson and Mackenzie Bowell, who so completely drove the member for South Brant into a corner, that in trying to get rid of the odium of his assertions, he made the following admissions. Reader, judge for yourself how well they tally with his previous statements, or whether we have done him an injustice...

HER MAJESTY'S MAILS. THE report of the Postmaster General for the last fiscal year, came to hand a few days ago. It is commendable, to say the least, that the departments have issued, so early in the season, their exhaustive reports of the year's doings...

A BUREAU OF INDUSTRY. Since manufactures are steadily increasing in number and importance, all the statistics concerning them would be of great value to the Government and to the public generally...

Proposed Changes in the Tariff. TO BE ADDED TO THE FREE LIST. Anatomical preparations. Bees, brass in sheets, Britannia metal in pigs and bars...



"FIGURATIVE" PATERSON. MR. PATERSON, of South Brant, is looked upon as a leading light in the Grit party. On Tuesday of last week he made a speech on the N. P., which was regarded by the Opposition as a "stunner" in its way...

This then, according to the logic of Mr. Paterson, is the "crushing out" policy, the way manufacturers are "handicapped," and this is the speech which Hon. A. Mackenzie held up as worthy of a reply from a Cabinet minister...

"WHERE ARE THE TALL CHIMNIES." OPERATORS OF THE G. W. ROSS AND S. RICHARD Cartwright stamp, should themselves hoarse last season, asking the above question. They have their answer in the Budget speech brought down on Friday...

The salaries paid our rural Postmasters are ridiculously low, but as they are recompensed according to the amount of correspondence which passes through their hands, there seems to be no help for it. The following is a list of offices in Hope, with their salaries...

The Midland Railway, for carrying mails, was last year paid \$8,510.72. The steamer Norseman, for the season of 1880, received \$569.99 for carrying the mails between this port and Charlotte...

There is no better means of getting at the actual business of a place, than by looking up the Post office returns, for just in the proportion your business increases so your correspondence will increase. To give our readers an index to matters of local trade, we have taken the trouble to ferret out the above information from the Postmaster General's statistics...

On Tuesday, Mr. McQuigg, M. P., moved for the introduction of a Bill to abolish the postage on newspapers. However, as a Bill affecting the revenue cannot be brought in by a private member, and as this was pointed out, the matter was dropped for the time being...

The bill incorporating Wm. Gooderham, Geo. A. Cox, John S. Newberry, James MacMillan, B. P. Cheney, John Proctor, F. W. Henshaw, John Rochester, M. P., and Alanson Mills, under the name of the Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Company, fixes the capital at \$1,000,000, empowers the Company to construct a railway and passenger and carriage bridge over the St. Mary River...

It is now probable that the new Midland time table will not take effect until the 15th of March. Mr. H. H. Cook, M. P., has been nominated by the Reformers of North Simcoe as their candidate for the approaching Dominion election, and has accepted the nomination...

1881 ESTABLISHED 1881. Ladies and Gentlemen of Northumberland and Durham. EDWARD BUDGE respects the pleasure of your company immediately to inspect his immense new Spring Stock of novelties in New and Nobby Tweeds, New Worsted Diagonals, Stylish Scotch Tweeds, Overcoatings of every description...

- 1. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Warehouse for Boys' Suits, 1,000 Eastern Suits just received from London, from \$2.00 up.
2. Go to BUDGE for new Flannels, and Fannel Shirts in every style.
3. Go to BUDGE; he sells at lowest living prices.
4. Go to BUDGE; he has a greater variety of Spring Clothing than any other house in this country.
5. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for Boys' Spring Suits.
6. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for Men's, Youths', and Children's clothing, latest styles for every age.
7. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for Gents' Furnishings, Hosiery, and Scotch Lamb's Wool Underclothing.
8. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse to order clothing; his stock of Cloths is the largest and best in Canada, and he employs only first-class workmen.
9. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse; he has workmen that cannot be beaten in Canada.
10. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse; his Stylish Coats and Young Men's Suits cannot be beaten in any country.
11. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for Cuffs, Collars, and Scarfs.
12. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse; Overcoats made to order.
13. Go to BUDGE'S for Boys' Knockabout Suits, made from "unfading" and "wear-resisting" fabrics, for play or school purposes, of good, substantial, and durable trimmings and linings, made with our "Cavalry Knee," guaranteeing ironed clothes, but the suits ever introduced to retail, for from \$5 up.
14. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for Workmen's Heavy Flannel Shirts at 50 cts to \$1.50.
15. Go to BUDGE'S for Workmen's Smocks and Overalls at 50 cts.
16. For Overcoats, go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse—the cheapest ready-made clothing house in the Dominion.
17. Go to BUDGE'S for \$10 suits, ready-made, in all shades and colors.
18. Go to BUDGE'S for a Man's Working Suit for \$2.50.
19. Go to BUDGE'S for Ready-made Suits; 200 to choose from at \$5; worth \$12 to \$15.
20. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse and see his new lot of Boys' Clothing, new exhibition styles, and other styles at the lowest prices.
21. BUDGE'S new Trouserings at \$5.00, just received.
22. BUDGE'S new Draw Kersays for Riding Pants.
23. BUDGE guarantees a perfect fit in Pants.
24. BUDGE'S new Ladies' Full and Half Skirts.
25. BUDGE guarantees beautiful fitting Riding Pants.
26. BUDGE keeps splendid Workmen.
27. BUDGE'S Scotch Home-spun and Whip Cords make splendid Pants.
28. Have the M. Braces—the most perfect device for supporting the Pannaloon ever known. BUDGE sells it.
29. BUDGE'S Fancy Trouserings cannot be beaten.
30. BUDGE'S Worsted Suitings are fine, at from \$10.00 to \$25.00.
31. BUDGE'S London Agents furnish him with all the latest and best goods.
32. BUDGE'S new Spring Hats just opened. Christie Hats and Soft Hats.
33. BUDGE'S new Stock of Gents' Furnishings. New Shirts, new Scarfs, Collars, Ties, and a fine assortment of all the latest goods.
34. BUDGE makes the very best suits at the lowest prices and at the shortest notice of any man in America.
35. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for Umbrellas and Rubber Coats.
36. Go to BUDGE'S Wholesale Clothing Warehouse for a selling stock at cost for this month only. Parties going to the North-West should avail themselves of this great clearing sale to lay in a good stock at the lowest prices.
37. BUDGE'S new Winter Fashions just received for this month.
38. BUDGE'S Scotch Suitings just received.
39. BUDGE'S new Spring Goods at all prices.
40. BUDGE having a personal and practical experience in the business of clothing, and having formed business connections direct with some of the very best manufacturers in Europe and America, in all the different lines, and at the lowest prices, cash-paying citizens of this town and surrounding country is respectfully solicited. It is not considered any trouble to show goods and quote prices to intending purchasers. I sell for cash, and don't you forget it.

EDWARD BUDGE, Merchant Tailor, Clothier and General Outfitter, WALTON STREET, PORT HOPE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. FOR SALE. HOUSE and LOT in the Village of Bethany, with Stable, &c. For particulars apply on the premises to MISS S. A. VANCE.

TO RENT OR SELL. A BRICK HOUSE WITH fourteen rooms, and ten acres of land, with a small orchard, and every convenience for farming. The premises are situated in the Township of Port Hope, in the County of Northumberland, and are for sale by Public Auction, at the TOWN HALL, in the Town of Port Hope, on SATURDAY, the Eighteenth Day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon...

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE in the Tp. of Hope. IN PURSUANCE of a Decree of the Court of Chancery for Ontario, made in a cause of the Midland Loan and Savings Company vs. Dean, and of a final order for sale in the same suit, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at the TOWN HALL, in the Town of Port Hope, on SATURDAY, the Eighteenth Day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon...

JOSEPH CLARKE, On the Premises. THOS. LONG, Port Hope. CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE in the Tp. of Hope. GEO. M. CLARKE, Cobourg, Feb. 13, 1882, 7-4 Master, at Cobourg.

The Government intend doing away with the Stamp Act, but until the present Act is repealed, the old requirements are legally necessary.

The Globe has been doing its utmost for a week past to blacken the character of Sir Charles Tupper, over an alleged "job" in connection with the Emory Railway contract. Sir Charles has placed the whole facts of the case at the disposal of the House, to make the fullest investigation.

On Tuesday, Mr. McQuigg, M. P., moved for the introduction of a Bill to abolish the postage on newspapers. However, as a Bill affecting the revenue cannot be brought in by a private member, and as this was pointed out, the matter was dropped for the time being. From all appearances the Government are inclined to treat the matter favorably, and without doubt before the present session is ended, the tax on newspapers will be removed.

It is said that the new Librarian for Ontario, has only placed one book in the Library since his instalment, and that is Darwin's latest, on "Worms." It is not a little peculiar that the late editor of the orthodox Presbyterian should so readily take up with the evolutionist, Darwin. The re-print of Mark Twain's "Prince and Pauper," by the Rose, Belford Publishing Co., Toronto, is to be made a test case in the much vexed copyright question.

SALE REGISTER. TUESDAY, March 2.—Auction sale of Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. Thos. Greenaway, lot 2, con. 2, Township of Hope. Sale at 1 o'clock. Jas. Kerr, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, March 11th.—Auction sale of a Farm, the south portion of lot 14, con. 5, township of Hope, containing 28 acres in a good state of cultivation, the property of Mr. J. D. Lowery. Sale at 11 o'clock, at Kerr's auction rooms, Port Hope. Jas. Kerr, Auctioneer.

MONDAY, March 6.—Unreserved auction sale of valuable Farm Property, consisting of Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. James Stuart, lot 11, con. 2, Cavan. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock sharp. Usual terms. Jas. Kerr, Auctioneer.

MONDAY, March 13.—Auction sale of Farm Stock, Implements and Household Furniture, on lot 14, con. 13, Cavan, the property of Mr. Jonathan Smith. Sale to commence at one o'clock. No reserve. Jas. Kerr, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, March 8.—Unreserved auction sale of Household Effects, the property of Mrs. D. H. Scott, at her residence, No. 8, Harrett's Terrace, Port Hope. Jas. Kerr, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1882.—Auction Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. Thos. Eakins, lot 15, con. 3, South Mountham, half a mile from Bonfret. Sale commences at 10 o'clock sharp. Lunch provided at noon. This is one of the largest sales of the season. Jas. Barnard, Auctioneer.

Parties getting bills printed at this office receive a notice similar to the above FREE OF CHARGE. The temperance people of St. John, N. B., have decided to have a scrutiny of the votes cast at the late election.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Monday, Feb. 27, 1882.

Present—Couns. W. G. Stevenson, A. W. Pringle, J. G. King, F. Beamish, A. F. Winslow, W. McKee, H. H. Burnham, H. A. Ward, E. Burdge, and the Mayor.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A petition was received from Dr. O'Meara, and others, praying for a gas light on North Street.

An application was received from the Midland Loan and Savings Co., asking for the privilege of putting up a projecting sign over their new office on Queen Street.

It was moved by Coun. King, and seconded by Coun. Pringle, that the request of the Midland Loan and Savings Co. be granted. Carried.

Another application was sent in by Mr. Craig, photographer, asking for a similar privilege, viz., that of putting out a projecting sign over Walton St., at the East corner of Ontario St.

On motion of Coun. Ward, seconded by Coun. Burnham, the request was granted.

A resolution moved by Coun. King, and seconded by Coun. Pringle, was unanimously passed, thanking Col. Williams, M. P., and the Government for the grant of \$10,000 to improve the harbor. The clerk was instructed to send a copy of the resolution to Col. Williams and also to Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works. We publish it elsewhere.

FINANCE REPORT.

The Finance Committee handed in their report, recommending the payment of the following accounts, which on motion was adopted.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes W. Ogden, W. Kingdom, Phillips' board, Men's Pay Roll, Telegram accounts, R. C. Smith.

By-law No. 463, to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors in the town of Port Hope, received its second reading, was passed through Committee of the Whole, and received its final reading and the seal of the corporation.

It provides that the number of tavern licenses shall be 15; shop licenses, 6; duties on tavern licenses, \$150; shop licenses, \$150; beer and wine licenses, \$50; and that two shall be exempt from providing hotel accommodation.

The rules of the Council being by motion suspended for the evening, Coun. Winslow, seconded by Coun. Burdge, introduced a By-law to provide for the meeting of the current expenses of the year, which was put through all its stages. The blank was filled in with \$4,000.

Reference was made to the case of Mr. Gibbs, who had suffered injustice at the hands of the Midland corporation.

Coun. Stevenson said he had looked the matter up, and thought that legally the Council could do nothing for him. It was not in their power.

The Mayor thought that, legally, nothing could be done, but he would be quite willing to help Mr. Gibbs privately. He thought it a great injustice to our citizens to be treated thus. It was not carrying out the spirit of the Empire to be obliged to, to not protect our citizens when abroad.

Coun. McKee concurred with the Mayor. Coun. King asked if \$25 would be sufficient.

Mr. Gibbs, who was present, was heard. He showed the paper in which he had seen a report that Coun. Smart said the Council ought to do something towards having justice done to our citizens in Midland, who were obliged to pay poll tax, and who suggested that a sum of money should be voted to carry on a suit to recover damages. He said he had been there about 35 or 36 days when he was asked to pay poll tax; he told the collector he did not think he had any right to pay this tax when he was assessed in Port Hope, and further told him he would not pay it until he had found out more about it. He had taken advice and found that he was right, and so refused to pay the tax imposed upon him. He was assessed in Division Court and fined \$2 and \$2.25 costs, or in default of paying the same, a term in Barrie gaol. His tools were seized, and after being kept for three weeks were sold, bringing about \$7. The charge for poll tax was withdrawn, but he was sued for not paying it. \$45 would be what he would want. He had sued the corporation for \$1,300 damages.

Coun. Ward said he thought it was certainly a very hard case, but it would set a bad precedent to vote money for such a purpose. Every man hereafter who got into trouble of this kind would be sure to claim similar protection. Besides he would not become a party to such a proposal as Mr. Gibbs had made. Personally, he was quite willing to help him privately to recover a fair damage, but \$45 would be a mere drop in the bucket to enter into a suit with Mr. Gibbs. It would have to be taken to a superior court, and anyone who had experience in this kind of law knew what it would cost. He would advise him to enter his complaint in Division Court and sue for small damages. In such a case he would be quite willing to help.

The rest of the Council agreed with Coun. Ward in his remarks, and Coun. Stevenson suggested that the matter could be taken up and considered in Finance Committee, which would meet directly after Council adjourned.

Coun. Stevenson stated that the By-law for appointing the Municipal officers for the ensuing year was not yet ready, and requested that it be laid over for another meeting of the Council.

Although nothing was said concerning it at Council Board, we understand that the By-law regarding the billiard licenses has been allowed to lay quiet, so that they will be the same for this year as last.

No further business being before the Board, the Council adjourned.

Clarke Council.

Orono, Feb. 14th, 1882.

The Council met to-day at the Town Hall in Orono. All members present. The minutes of last meeting of Council were read and confirmed. The following petitions were received and read, viz., from Thos. Gibson, Wm. Chapple, and others asking for use of Town Hall for purpose of dancing.

From Richard Brown, Rev. A. Frazer, and others, for aid to an indigent child of John Robinson.

From William Armstrong, L. A. Gamsby and others, for the purchase of two pair hand-overs; action deferred till next meeting of Council. A communication of Wright & Wright, Solicitors, instructed by Mr. W. Allin, to cause side line between lots No. 26 and 27, con. 2, to be opened up to its full width. Filed.

On motion of Mr. Renwick, seconded by Mr. Colville: that resolution No. 2894, debarring parties from the use of Town Hall, be and are hereby repealed, and that the Reeve be and is directed to take charge of Town Hall, and let it to whom he thinks proper. Yeas—R. Colville, J. H. Reid and J. Renwick. Nays—J. Carveth and T. Stanton. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Carveth, seconded by Mr. Stanton: that in accordance with the petition of Richard Brown, Esq., and others praying this Council to extend aid to an indigent child, the Reeve grant his order on the Treasurer in favor of Mrs. E. Plains for the sum of fifty cents per week, for keeping said indigent, till next meeting of Council, and the Treasurer be authorized to pay the same. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Stanton, seconded by Mr. Carveth: that the Reeve procure opinion from Solicitor in reference to complaint of Mr. W. Allin, through his Solicitors Messrs. Wright & Wright, in consequence of obstructions on side line between lots No. 26 and 27, con. 2, and if deemed necessary to take immediate steps to cause obstructions to be removed off said side line, and cause line to be opened up to its proper width according to law. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Carveth, seconded by Mr. Stanton: that the Reeve and Messrs. Reid and Renwick be deputed to meet Messrs. J. Jacobs and Dickey on Monday next to examine side line between lots No. 6 and 7, in the 6th con., and report thereon at the next meeting of Council; also to see side line between lots No. 8 and 9, con. 7 and take action thereon if deemed necessary. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Renwick, seconded by Mr. Reid: that the Auditors' report of the Township gravel road and dog tax accounts for the year 1881, be and is hereby accepted and all accounts therein allowed and finally audited and passed, and 150 copies thereof be printed in pamphlet form with the abstract appended thereto, and distributed throughout the Municipality for the information of the ratepayers and furthermore, that an order be drawn on the Treasurer in favor of the Auditors for the sum of ten dollars each as compensation in full for their services. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Renwick, seconded by Mr. Reid: that an order be drawn on the Treasurer in favor of Andrew Dickson for the sum of \$2, extra trouble attending deceased indigent Peter Mallory. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Renwick seconded by Mr. Reid: that the Reeve grant his order on the Treasurer in favor of the following indigents, viz:—

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes Louisa Lee, Widow Edgison, Deceased J. K. Reid, Widow Prout, C. Decker, M. J. Brookbank, Widow Stephens, Widow Merrill, Widow Wilkinson, J. Renwick, Widow Hayes, J. K. Allen, Wright family.

Carried. Ordered that the following accounts be paid:—John Waddell, coffin, digging grave and funeral expenses, Peter Mallory, indigent \$10.

Simmons & Pool, plank to pathmasters, \$22.90.

The following By-laws were introduced read and finally passed:

To limit the number of tavern and shop licenses, and the duty payable thereon in the Township of Clarke for the current year.

To appoint Road and Bridge Commissioners in the Township of Clarke for the current year.

Appointing pathmasters for the year 1882.

John Carveth sent in his resignation as deputy Reeve. It was ordered to be laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Stanton, Council adjourned.

Jay Gould.

The country is full of the doings of this great little man. Personally he is one of the poorest specimens of the genus homo one would see in a day's journey on the streets of a large city. He is not much over 5 feet 2 inches in height, and weighs about 100 pounds. He is a sickly man, always taking medicine. He is unimpressive in manner, and has a dazed, shamed look, as if he dreaded criticism. He is dark, swarthy, and his face has a Jewish cast. He was called on to speak recently at a railroad meeting in Boston, but he stammered and stammered like a school boy. He could only utter a few words, when he sat down confused. Yet this little, feeble, sickly looking fellow is one of the most daring speculators of the age, and the most wonderful manipulator of stocks known to the history of Wall Street. He controls properties estimated to be worth \$400,000,000. Nobody, not even himself, can tell how much he is personally worth. But the disposition is always to exaggerate the fortunes of operators. In addition to his gigantic railway enterprises, this man owns the telegraphic system of the country, and through it has the press of the whole nation by the throat.

NEWCASTLE.

We are glad to see our esteemed friend, Mr. C. L. Wray, who was in the employ of the late I. L. Strowger as clerk in this place for the last seven years, return to our town again, and we congratulate Mr. Munson on securing his services.

We are pleased to be able to record a very successful missionary meeting, held in the Canada Presbyterian Church of this place, on Monday evening. The resident pastor, Rev. A. A. Drummond, acted as chairman; the speakers were the Rev. Mr. Cameron of Pickering, and the Rev. Mr. Abram, of Whitchurch, who delivered eloquent addresses on the subject of Home and Foreign Missions. At the close Mr. A. McNaughton, seconded by Mr. John McDonald, moved a vote of thanks to the speakers for the able addresses, which was carried unanimously.

It is with pleasure we note the improvement of business in this place. We notice a great rush at Mr. Miller's store for fresh fish. I have been informed he sold out a barrel of fresh herrings in a few hours, besides a quantity of halibut, haddies and blotters, and has ordered another shipment for this week.

The store lately occupied by Mr. W. Wagstaff, corner of Mill and King streets, is again occupied, and presents a very lively appearance. It is situated on one of the most prominent corners in town. Mr. Munson, late in the employ of Lyle & Bro., Bowmanville, who is noted for being very obliging and attentive to his customers, intends keeping a first class stock of groceries, crockery, glassware, provisions, flour and feed of all kinds, and in addition will keep all kinds of fresh meats, delivered daily as ordered. We wish him success.

There is a probability of an extensive creamery and cheese factory being started in our neighborhood. The farming community are becoming alive to their own interests in this matter. The manner in which butter has been handled by our country merchants, has brought that article into bad repute, lowering the price some 50 per cent. More particulars in my next.

We are sorry to have to chronicle an accident, which occurred to a young boy on the Newcastle skating rink, on the evening of Friday last. Joseph Woodward while skating with several others, accidentally fell and broke his leg in two places, and also sprained his ankle. He was immediately taken to Dr. McNaughton's office, where the poor lad is being well under his kind treatment.

The New England Free Love Society has been passing a series of extraordinary resolutions, including one declaring that the hanging of Guiteau would be inexcusable, and another that Mormonism should be endorsed.

It is now stated that the bellicose speech made by Skobloff in France was made in the interest of bankers, who sought thereby to reduce the value of the rouble. The speech at all events has had that effect.

PROOF. PROOF.

AS A PROOF THAT

J. & T. WICKETT'S

System of doing business is successful, we have only to say that the business done at the

"LONDON HOUSE"

FOR THE PAST YEAR WAS

MORE THAN 50 PER CENT. IN ADVANCE

of the business done the year previous.

They stick to the principle of selling at the closest prices, and the grand rule of buying and selling for Cash.

N. B.—Just received, a nice lot of the NEWEST PRINTS, and some extra good value in BLACK CASHMEREES.

MIDLAND LOAN AND SAVINGS' CO.'Y

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHERS.

Persons desirous of buying or selling Stock in this Company are requested to take notice that sales and purchases will be negotiated at the Office of the Company on the best terms, and without any charge for brokerage.

By order,

GEORGE M. FURBY,

Secretary-Treasurer

OFFICE—Queen St., leading to the Market.

Port Hope, March 1st, 1882.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

The Garfield Memorial Services—Invitations Distributed—Ten Millions for a Navy.

(FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25, 1882.

The details for the Garfield memorial services, which are to take place in the Hall of the House on Monday next, have been completed. Cards of admission are being distributed, three to each Senator and representative, and one each to the members of the press and Senate and House employees. Accompanying the Congressmen's cards are handsomely engraved invitations. These form an appropriate companion-piece to the Garfield inaugural invitation, and are beautiful in design. Across the upper part the words, "Invitation to the Garfield memorial services," in the center is a large oval surrounded by a border ofypress leaves and stars with draped flags, containing a striking likeness of the late President. On either side are views of the Capitol and Executive Mansion. On the left is the inscription: "President March 4, 1881, aged forty-nine years," and on the right: "Eulogy by Hon. James G. Blaine, House of Representatives, February 27, 1882." The invitations are signed by Speaker Sherman and Mr. William McKinley, Chairman of the House and Senate Committee. The engraving and printing was executed at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

These invitations are in great demand to be preserved as souvenirs, and some Congressmen object to this meagre distribution. The programme for the services will be strictly carried out. The Supreme Court, which re-convenes that day, will transact no business, but adjourn immediately and attend the ceremonies in a body. The Senate will do likewise. The Marine Band will be in the lobby in the rear of the Speaker's desk. During and after the ceremonies sacred music will be performed. There is a great demand that there should be no crush in the galleries.

The Committee on Naval Affairs is ready to report a bill appropriating \$10,000,000 for a new navy, and the impression in naval circles is that no very heavy iron clads will be built, but a number of comparatively light but very strong and swift sailing vessels. The policy of the United States seemed to be to make our navy formidable to the merchant ships of other powers. When we have such ships as can be built for \$10,000,000, England, France, Spain, Germany and Norway, the only countries that have large shipping interests, will hesitate long before they appeal to the last argument of nations. England is the only country with which we have a remote possibility of war.

We have such a wonderful advantage in the width of the Atlantic Ocean, and the ease with which we could take Canada (?) or Cuba in case of war with England or Spain, that many doubt the necessity of keeping up an expensive naval establishment. It would be a very serious thing for England to send her iron-clad fleet to our shores, for by so doing she would uncover her only defence against her ever armed and ready neighbors on the continent. But the truth is we need sailors more than ships, and the only way to secure them in abundance is to revive American commerce. A large number of brawny sailors, with nerves braced and stomachs seasoned by long familiarity with the sea, would be a powerful bulwark against the navies of Europe. Captain Eads can build an iron-clad in a month. But it will take the United States longer than that to make a sailor.

In Verona, Italy, the official entrusted by the Syndic to issue licenses for marriage, mixed up the names of the applicants in such sort that when the day arrived for uniting a number of young couples, the wrong people found themselves named in the document and had to choose between taking the partners selected for them, or postponing their marriage altogether for some time. With much reluctance on the part of some, and joy on the part of others, the ceremony was allowed to proceed, a number of people who, until then, had been strangers from one another, being declared respectively man and wife in true Italian form. In the opinion of the Syndic this was not a matter of much importance, it being certain, in that gentleman's opinion, that thus far they would experience quite as few disappointments as they would had they each chosen their own mates for life; while by promptly agreeing to accept the official arrangement they had saved the State representatives much trouble and not waste the time of its clerks in preparing fresh licenses in return for the fees.

A Continental observer, M. de Merejowsky, has lately studied the question whether the lower crustaceans distinguish colors. He experimented chiefly with larvae of Balanus, a cirripede crustacean, also some marine copepoda. The little creatures, enclosed in a vessel, seemed fully alive to the difference between light of any kind and darkness; for, whereas, in the dark, they were scattered throughout the vessel, they always gathered about a ray of any light, coming from a slit. M. de Merejowsky considers, however, that it is exclusively the quantity of light, not the quality, that effects them.

LIFFORD.

Again we are visited by a fall of that "bu-ty-ful" to the depth of several inches, but not sufficient for sleighing.

There has been quite a number of cases of sickness in this locality this winter, no doubt caused by the changeable weather. Mrs. Joseph Staples and Mrs. John Baird, who have been ill for some time, are now recovering.

The Methodist congregation of this place contemplates giving a concert in the Methodist Church here on Friday night next, when a success is expected.

The revival services which have been carried on in the Bible Christian Church, Brick Corner, by the Revs. Messrs. Whitlock and Caum, are not very successful. If reports are true, a little religion around the Corner would do no harm.

There are a few horses in this locality which are afflicted with the disease known as "pink eye."

The clover has been threshed in this section; in some places it is excellent in both quantity and quality.

Farmers are shipping their grain to the Bethany and Franklin stations.

Mr. James Morrow, of Fleetwood, is buying up a large quantity of potatoes for shipment to Toronto, average price being from 65c. to 75c. a bushel. Success to James and to the N. P.

Quite a number of people hereabout are affected very badly with what is known as the "Manitoba fever," some of them intend removing to the "far west" in the spring, preliminary arrangements having already been made.

It is expected that the Rev. Mr. G. Mid- die, of London, well known to quite a number of people in Canada, and who delivered a lecture some few months ago, will lecture at the Brick Corner on the 5th of March. Let there be a full house.

Mrs. Henry, from Haliburton, formerly a resident of this part, is visiting her friends in this section.

Our school is progressing favorably under the superintendence of Miss Preston.

The Czar is said to be greatly displeased at the attitude taken by Skobloff in Paris.

TO SELL OR RENT. A 100 ACRE FARM, Lot No. 31, Con. 7, Township, of Hamilton to sell or rent. This property is three-quarters of a mile from Peterborough gravel road, and has 50 acres ploughed twice over. For particulars apply to JAMES MITCHELL, Port Hope.

FOR SALE. A HOUSE and Lot, in good repair. A good Barn on the Lot. Hard and Soft Water. Apply to R. MARTYN, Cranberry Marsh.

200 ACRES. FARM containing 200 acres, in the 9th con. Hope, FOR SALE. There is on the property a good large orchard, a good dwelling, barns and outbuildings, etc.; two wells, with pumps. After first payment balance can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. Apply to HUGH READ, Owner, Elizabethtown P. O.

CHANGE OF OFFICE OF THE Midland Loan and Savings' Company. FROM AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF MARCH NEXT the business of the Company will be carried on at the NEW OFFICE fitted up for the Company, in Stevenson's Block, QUEEN STREET.

MR. GEO. M. FURBY will from and after that date be the Secretary-Treasurer OF THE COMPANY.

All parties having business with the Company are requested to note the change. WILLIAM CRAIG, President, Port Hope, Feb. 22, 1882.

BOUND FOR THE PROMISED LAND!

A RARE CHANCE TO GET THE VERY BEST JEWELLERY AT LOW PRICES.

D. R. DINGWALL

Will sell out his Entire Stock AT COST.

Come early and secure bargains, as the stock must be sold at once.

48- D. R. DINGWALL, Goldsmith's Hall.

Instantaneous Photography

A NEW PROCESS.

R. W. F. CRAIG,

Formerly Manager of the Ottawa Branch of Messrs. NOTMAN & SANDHAM, Photographers to the Queen, has the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Port Hope and vicinity that he has bought out the Photographic Gallery

Over Mr. G. A. Mitchell's Drug Store,

at the Railway Crossing, Walton Street, where he would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. The new system of taking photographs of all sizes on Dry Plate Negatives does away with the chief difficulty in taking good pictures—the tedious sitting, which tires the sitter out, and the Photograph is taken INSTANTANEOUSLY.

A better Negative is procured by this system, and the Photograph, when finished, is brighter, clearer, and more natural than it can be made by any other system. I guarantee my work to be of the best quality, and believe I can please all who favor me with their patronage.

Cards, Cabinets, and Panel

PHOTOGRAPHS at LOWER PRICES than good pictures have ever been offered in Port Hope.

SPECIALTIES—The Coloring of all sizes of Photographs, in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon, Pastel, or Ink, at very low prices for 60 days, to secure the introduction of this kind of work.

Children taken in the best manner by the new process. A call respectfully solicited.

R. W. F. CRAIG,

Corner Walton Street and the Railway Crossing, Port Hope.

THE CHEAP DRESS GOODS HOUSE. THE PLACE FOR MILLINERY. MANTLES Made to Order. FIT GUARANTEED.

LELEAN'S

BEAT Our Tweeds WHO CAN. Always Bargains AT LELEAN'S. SEE OUR Flannels, Blankets, and COTTONS.

FOR SALE.

Lot 23, 10th Con. Hope, 100 acres. N. 1/2 Lot 34, Con. 7, Hope, 50 acres. N. 1/2 of S. 1/2 Lot 16, Con. 9, Hope, 50 acres. A. T. H. WILLIAMS, PORT HOPE.

TO RENT.

THEAT SUPERIOR BRICK RESIDENCE ON JOHN STREET, owned and formerly occupied by the undersigned. DR. HERRIMAN, Newcastle.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

THE undersigned offers for rent that well-known Blacksmith Shop at Zion, in the township of Hope. There is on the lot (a half acre) besides the above shop, a good dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. This is a good stand, and presents an excellent opportunity for procuring a good business. Possession given at any time. Terms easy. Apply to WM. HARNES, on the premises.

MY! LOOK HERE!

I have got some of the Finest OAKUM in the World, Just imported direct from New York. It cannot be beat. I would also like to remind parties going to the North-west to get a good WATERPROOF TENT before they leave, as they can be made much cheaper here than in Manitoba. Tents of every description on hand and made to order. Also, Awaiting any style and color: Horse and Wagon Covers, also Shio, Yacht, Boat, and Canoe Sails. All kinds of Oilskin Clothing; in fact, you can get anything from a Needle to an Anchor at

J. J. TURNER'S Sull, Tent, and Awning Factory, East Pier, Port Hope, Ont. Old Canvas and Rope bought and sold. 11-1/2

A CARD.

THE term of my engagement with the Midland Loan and Savings' Co., having expired, I will cease to act as Secretary-Treasurer at the expiration of the present month. Having accepted the Presidency of the MIDLAND BANKING CO., I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage, and it shall be my honest endeavor to retain that confidence so implicitly reposed in me for so many years.

STANLEY PATERSON, 7-1/2 Port Hope, Feb. 13, 1882.

FARM TO RENT.

COMPRISED OF LOT NO. 7 IN THE 3rd CON. OF South Monaghan, containing 200 acres. About 120 cleared ft. for crops and machinery. Buildings all in good repair. Further particulars on application to William Rutherford, South Monaghan P. O. 38-1/2.

Hack and Bus Business for Sale

THE undersigned being about to retire from business, offers the whole of his Stock for Sale, comprising large Buses, Cabs, Carriages, Horses, &c., &c. Terms easy. For particulars apply to JAMES HAW, 46-1/2 Port Hope, Nov. 8, 1881.

BOY WANTED,

TO learn the PRINTING BUSINESS. Apply at the office of THE PORT HOPE TIMES.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THE CANTON STORE, with POST OFFICE attached. This valuable property will be sold or rented out before the first of March 1882. It is situated on Lot No. 12, 4 Con. Hope. The property is in a first class state, as it has only been completed this season. It is a splendid stand for any person desiring the business. For particulars apply to JOHN BOYD, P. M., Canton, 62-1/2

J. BROWN & CO.

Reg to announce that they have purchased the Coal business recently carried on by Mr. Thos. Hayden, MILL STREET, and will keep in stock and deliver coal in all parts of the town at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

Leave your orders and they will be promptly attended. AMERICAN COAL OIL AND WOOD CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE. Port Hope, Nov. 14th, 1881, 46-3/8

A ZOOLOGICAL VALENTINE.

When first I saw you, island deer, My heart it did rejoice, Because I saw how good you were, And wished that you were mine.

Rules for Lent.

The following regulations have been laid down for observance in the Catholic Church during the Lenten season:— 1st. All days in Lent, Sundays excepted, are days of fast and abstinence for those who are obliged by the law of fasting.

2nd. By a special dispensation of the Holy See, 1878, for 10 years, the use of flesh meat is allowed at every meal on Sunday, and once a day on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, except the Saturday of ember week and the Saturday before Easter.

3rd. The Church exempts from the law of fasting:— 1. Those who have not attained their twenty-first year, though persons who have not attained that age are exhorted to mortify themselves and subdue their passions by fasting and prayer.

2. The sick and infirm from old age and the weakly; those who are obliged to work hard, which they could not perform if they fasted; woman bearing or nursing children; and, in fine, those whose health would be seriously impaired by fasting.

3. Custom has permitted in this severe climate a small collation, about one-fourth of a meal at night, and a cup of coffee or tea with a morsel of bread in the morning. The use of fish is not allowed with meat at the same meal. Eggs, butter and cheese are permitted at the night collation; also fasting food may be fried in lard, where butter cannot be easily procured.

Air and Water.

The following was recently read by Dr. C. A. Greene before the Lancaster County Agricultural and Horticultural Society:—God has abundantly supplied man, beasts, birds, and the vegetable kingdom with the elements requisite to a healthy life. The air that comes from the surface of the earth heavenward in its purity, and three-fifths of our earth is covered with fresh salt water, and the provision of Nature to keep up a constant supply is extremely beneficial and almost incomprehensible. All of us are so accustomed to see springs, rivulets, rivers, lakes, and perhaps oceans, that we rarely stop to ask the question: How are the fountain heads so constantly supplied with this blessed element? and notwithstanding our ingratitude, these and other blessings are showered down upon us. The evaporation from the rivers, lakes, and oceans, are going on all the time, and the moisture thus taken up is carried to all portions of the world, and the descending rain, dew, or humidity of the atmosphere is dropped at the highest portions of the continent, and furnishes the springs and fountain heads with its sparkling waters. And no matter how impure man renders the water, by accident or design, no matter how filthy it is thrown into the street or river, purification is constantly going on for the benefit of mankind.

"Now, then, Mr. Cashmere, are you ever going to get those trousers done?" exclaimed a promising youth on hurriedly entering the establishment of his favorite tailor. "They'll be done to-morrow, sir," replied the tailor, quietly. "That's what you said yesterday." "Exactly." "Well, isn't it to-morrow?" "Certainly not." "Well, wasn't to-day to-morrow yesterday?" "It was; but it isn't to-morrow to-day." "Well, when in creation will to-morrow be, then?" "Don't you know, sir?" "No." "Do you remember the last suit I made you?" "Yes." "You will remember that when I called for my money you always said you would pay to-morrow. I discovered then, that to-morrow never comes. Do you understand?" The youth sought the street, and, by the gentle slam he gave the shop door, it was quite evident that he did.

A POPULAR REMEDY.—Hayden's Pectoral Balsam is one of the most deservedly popular remedies for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throats, asthma, whooping cough, croup, bronchitis, and all pulmonary complaints. For sale by all dealers.

Professor B. A. Gould.

Benjamin Apthorp Gould was born in Boston, September 27, 1824. He is the son of the late Benjamin Apthorp Gould and Lucretia Dana Goddard. His childhood was marked by many precocious indications of genius, which have been laid up in the memory of a united and gifted family, in which his relations, fraternal and paternal, have been singularly loyal, honorable, and affectionate. When three years old he read easily and with sufficient expression to make it pleasant for others to hear him. At five he made a fair original version of an ode of Horace. As a lad he was very fond of botany. Starting one day with his brother in pursuit of a flower which grew at a great distance from home, the brother returned to his mother after a long absence, asking what was the matter with his companion. He said they had walked a long time, and that then his brother had fallen and was lying on the ground. He was sought in vain, and when he returned home with his specimen it was found that the persevering boy had overtaxed his strength, fainted from exhaustion, and after his recovery had still followed and accomplished his pursuit. When he was ten years old his family were summoned by written invitations to attend a lecture upon electricity which young Gould had prepared, which proved to be no mere childish play, but a well-considered discourse, illustrated by a complete and neatly constructed electrical machine entirely of his own manufacture. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School, taking high rank, receiving at one time five prizes, among which was the Franklin, then the only gold medal awarded in the school. He graduated from Harvard University at the age of nineteen, and shortly after was appointed master of the Roxbury Latin School—an appointment made by the committee in view of his scholarship, while in ignorance of the fact that he was under twenty years of age, the regulations of the school forbidding the appointment of any one who had not attained his majority. He retained this position for a year, at the end of which time he resigned, that he might pursue his studies in European universities. These occupied about four years, during which he formed friendships with the most eminent scientists of Europe, which lasted with many of them, such as Argelander, Gauss, and Humboldt, until the close of their lives. —From "Sketch," in Popular Science Monthly for March.

Or it will terminate in that dreadful disease, consumption. We are aware that a prejudice exists among many persons against medicines which profess to cure a cough or cold when bordering on consumption, or even when the lungs are affected, but we can assure our readers that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will do all this; and in making this assertion we speak from experience, having suffered for months from a cough, which after using many remedies without any relief threatened to terminate seriously. We were, however, so fortunate as to secure several bottles of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and are now entirely rid of the cough, and restored to our former health. To those suffering in a like manner we recommend this excellent preparation. John G. Westler, editor of the Chronicle, Elizabethtown, Pennsylvania, writes: "50 cents and \$1 a bottle; large bottles much the cheaper. Sold by dealers everywhere."

FORESHADOWED VICTORIES.

The Dreams of Boyhood Realized. We have heard grim hard-faced men declaim against the visionary plans of youth, and against the dreams of boyhood! How few there are who, like Professor Holloway, can cast an eye around the world and say:—"Behold the fulfillment of all my early dreams!" With him those dreams were prophecies. And we are likewise told that the mind of the first Napoleon was flushed with visions of imperial power even from the very earliest years to which his memory extended. But these are exceptional cases; and with the great majority of men the glorious dreams of boyhood produce no realizing issue.

With Holloway the case was different. The sufferings of the sick aroused his boyish nature into a fixed resolve to meet and conquer malady. His studies from his earliest years were controlled and stimulated by the desire of rescuing the human family from the pangs of physical prostration and decay. He found that all maladies took their rise from an impurity of the blood, and that, whatever might be the form of the disease, it could be reached and eradicated by a restoration of the vital fluid to its pristine and normal purity.

Having made this amazing discovery, he had now (as he then thought) but one further case, and that was, to find such a combination of curative principles as could, under any and all circumstances, be relied upon for rectifying the disordered condition of the stream of life. In the productions of the vegetable kingdom alone he found the Universal Remedies he was in search of; and on the announcement of his discoveries, was greeted, not with the praise which had hitherto been lavished upon his industry, but with a howl of hate by those who saw, in the general adoption of his specific cures, the overthrow of all the fortunes which they had hoped to extort from their false profession of the healing art.

But the dreams of the young enthusiast were now too nearly realized to permit him to be beaten. He answered every calumny by pointing to a thousand cures, and at length, by the aid of the press, his most virulent enemies were either silenced, or compelled to give a reluctant assent to the infallible efficacy of his Pills and Ointment for the cure of all external and internal ailments.—New Orleans Bee.

Live and Dead Weight of Turkeys.

A farmer frequently wants to know the fair price for turkeys alive, when the price is fixed by the butcher, or by the middleman, who buys for the large city market. New York takes turkeys simply bled and picked. The New England markets, with better taste, want the crop and entrails out. The average loss in dressing will be about one-fifteenth for the New York market, and about one-tenth for the Eastern markets, a little more for small immature birds, and a little less for large well fattened turkeys. An old gobbler weighing 37 lbs. alive, after loss of blood and feathers, weighed 29 lbs., or about one-fifth; when ready for roasting, 28 lbs., a loss of about one-tenth. This bird, at 20 cts. a pound, the price which middlemen have paid for first-class dressed turkeys in Connecticut the present season, would come to \$5.70. Sold by live weight at 18 cts., it would come to \$5.63. This would leave only 7 cts. for butchering and dressing, which is below cost. The difference then, between live and dead weight in turkeys raised for the Eastern market, is not over 2 cts. a pound. Lively middlemen ask a deduction of 3 or 4 cents. The farmer may as well know that the difference in value is only two cents, and claim it.—American Agriculturist for March.

Mr. Bouldree has been again nominated as the Conservative candidate for the Commons in East York.

Physiology of the Woman Question.

Students of physiology see that a final and conclusive law can not yet be drawn from differences in brain-weights and measurements, because of the present imperfection of such data. But there is an even broader and better foundation from which to build up a conclusion, and I propose to stand on this more general ground. In order, however, that such physiological details may have due influence upon the general argument, I give a few of the best-established facts. Professor Bastian's work on the brain, published in 1880, sums up his studies of this organ as affected by sex. I condense or quote from him the following statements: "Difference of sex, in its influence over capacity of skull, is often greater than difference of race. Difference of cranial capacity between the sexes increases with the development of the race, so that the male European exceeds much more the female than the negro the negro. The difference in the average capacity of the skulls of male and female among modern Parisians is almost double that between the skulls of the male and female inhabitants of ancient Egypt. The general superiority of the male brain is not only greater in the female brain exists at every period of development. In new born infants, the brain was found by Tiedemann to weigh from 14 1/2 ounces to 15 1/2 ounces in the male, and from 10 ounces to 13 1/2 ounces in the female. The maximum weight of the adult male brain, in a series of 278 cases, was 65 ounces; the minimum weight, 34 ounces. The maximum weight of the adult female brain, in a series of 191 cases, was 65 ounces; the minimum, 31 ounces. In a large proportion the male brain ranges between 46 and 53 ounces, and the female between 41 and 47 ounces. A mean average weight of 49 1/2 ounces may be deduced for the male, and of 44 ounces for the female brain." It is further given, on the authority of Gratiolet and others, that the male brain can not fall below 37 ounces without involving idiocy; while the female may fall to 32 ounces without such a result. All accepted authorities agree that the average male brain exceeds the average female brain in weight by about ten per cent. Prof. Thurman also adds: "The brain-weight of the male negro is the same as that of the female European." —Miss M. A. HARDAKER, in Popular Science Monthly for March.

CURRENT CRUMBS.

The Zurich doctors took advantage of Lavater's remains having lately to be moved to examine his skull, which they found small but well proportioned.

A man broke through the ice at Bay City, Mich., while his hands were in his trousers pockets, and was unable to extricate them. But he hooked his arms over the edge of the ice, and so held his head above water until rescued.

Mr. Butler Johnston, formerly in the House of Commons, lent Turkey some \$1,150,000 to carry on the anti-Russian campaign, and, strange to say, seems likely to get his cash. His father, son of Lord Dunboyne, a very poor Irish peer, married a millionairess.

The Prussian budget is made to show a surplus of \$9,000,000. This is chiefly due to the working of the railroads bought by the State.

According to the Figaro, beef stewed in beer, and strongly odoriferous of the latter, is the Prince Imperial of Germany's favorite food, while his mother revels in eels and carp, with beer sauce, the venerable Emperor meanwhile lapping up with infinite gusto his beer soup.

The Chicago Grand Jury say, after a long investigation of gambling: "We came to the conviction that gambling in its present protected by the police power of the city, and that it is an almost hopeless task to attempt an enforcement of the criminal laws against the pernicious nuisance as long as the police authorities, under instructions from the Mayor, permit gambling to go on in open violation of the law."

William P. Ridgeway of San Francisco fell in love with the Widow Forbes, and engaged to marry her. He was about 70 years old, and had a valvular affection of the heart, besides being a sufferer from paralysis. His physician assured him that marriage would be speedily followed by death. Unwilling to take that risk, he broke his promise. These facts were presented in his defence to a suit for damages, but the jury did not deem them material, and gave the widow a verdict of \$5,000.

A curious and unseemly fight was fought near the corner of Yonge and King streets recently. The combatants were a little wiry girl, about seven years old, with long, tangled yellow hair, and a boy of about the same years. The pair had been selling papers, and the cause of the row was that as a purchaser appeared on the scene and evidently intended to buy from the little girl, the boy pushed the latter aside and sold a paper. As soon as the man went away the tiny Amazon said to another small boy near, "Here, hold these," and then darted at the boy who had deprived her of her sale. She seized him round the neck, and scratched his face and eyes, and he in turn pulled the long matted locks or dealt a blow on the ribs of his assailant. "There now," said the little vixen, as she went away with a few hairs, which she plucked by way of a coup de grace.

Herr Eduard Strauss, the well-known musical composer and bandmaster, has been trying the experiment in Vienna of transmitting the sound of his orchestra by means of the telephone, and writes on the subject to a Vienna journal in the following terms: "The experiment was brilliantly and surprisingly successful. Four microphones, of Ader's system, were employed. Eight telephones were placed at a considerable distance from the orchestra, in the same house; which distance, however, was artificially lengthened, by means of cables, to four German miles. The tone of the whole orchestra was surprising; the wind instruments, it is true, dominate; and even a stringed orchestra sound like a military band. The flute and clarinet, however, keep their tone and character unchanged. The harp alone sounds almost like a piano, and the side drum shriller than is possible in nature. The voice retains its full quality of tone." Herr Strauss intends to give the public an opportunity of taking part in these telephonic concerts.

OMENGE. We understand that a number of our villagers are about establishing a coffee house in Omenge, with the addition of a reading room and select library for the entertainment of citizens, and more especially the farmers of Emity, who very often have to remain in the village for one or more hours during the day. We have no doubt but that it will prove very beneficial in several ways, and can be kept going at a very small outlay. We see by the city papers that such places have proved a great boon to all who patronize them.—Herald.

THE NEWS.

In the French Chamber of Deputies De Freycinet said that England had proposed to submit the Egyptian question to the powers.

All the gambling houses in Chicago have been closed.

Over 300 Russian Jews have arrived at Philadelphia.

The Princess Helena of Waldeck, who is to marry Prince Leopold, has arrived at Windsor.

Some two hundred settlers in the Edmonton district on Tuesday effectually disposed of a claim jumper by hurling all his building materials over the embankment into the Saskatchewan River.

Sir A. T. Galt has submitted to the Committee on the Russo-Jewish relief fund a scheme for advancing aid to refugees with a view to their settlement in the Canadian North-west.

Bradlaugh, the man of grief, has met with another reverse, the latest being the decision of the Court of Appeal reversing the decision of the Court of Queen's Bench granting a new trial in the case Clarke v. Bradlaugh.

The Congress Committee on the expenses of Garfield's illness have agreed to recommend the payment of \$15,000 each to Agnew and Hamilton, \$2,000 to Elias, and \$5,000 each to Reyburn and Baynton. Barnes and Woodward will be otherwise compensated.

Voting on the Canada Temperance Act in St. John, N.B., took place Thursday. The contest was exceedingly close. The first announcement of the result was a majority of one for the Act, but subsequently a tie was reported. It is possible that the real state of matters will not be known until the official declaration.

The Lake of Constance is so low that the steamers are compelled to discontinue their calls at several places on its shores. The same is the case with the Lake of Geneva; only once before during the present century, it is said, have the lakes of Switzerland contained so little water as at the present moment.

Advices received from various parts of Ontario report the snow-storm of Monday night as general. The fall was mostly slight, and no delay to the running of trains occurred.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Mansion House fund for the relief of Jewish refugees, attention was directed to Palestine and the Canadian North-west as places for the formation of Agricultural settlements.

During last year 300 fewer books were published in Great Britain than in 1880. Of theology, sermons, etc., there were 945 works; of novels, 674; educational and philological, 682; juvenile, 500; history and biography, 437; voyages and travels, 291. The total was 5,406, of which 4,140 were new books.

It is a singular fact that actors, whose habits of life might be supposed to conduce to a different result, are exceptionally long lived. Macklin died at 107, Dewton at 88, Roger Kemble at 82, Macready at 80, Young at 79, Paul Bedford at 78, Buckstone at 77, Maraden at 74, Miss O'Neill at 81, Mrs. Siddons at 76, Mrs. Braconigle at 85, Mrs. Abington at 78. Of these still living Webster is 84, Mrs. Keely is 76, and our own John Gilbert is blithe and gay at 72.

On the 31st of December there had been in all 62,331 notices served under the Irish Land Act. Nearly half this number, 29,392, had come from Ulster; the highest number in any county, 5,692, had come from Tyrone, which recently inflicted so severe a defeat on the Land League nominee. In Connaught there had been 16,246 notices, in Munster 11,057, and in Leinster 4,556. During January, notices were coming in at the rate of 400 a day.

In aquatic circles in England and America the forthcoming match for the championship, between Hanlan and Boyd, on the Tyne, continues to increase in interest as the day set for the struggle approaches. Both men are diligently pursuing their training exercises, both are giving the utmost satisfaction to their respective backers, and both are in the very best of health.

CAIRO, Feb. 23.—Khartoum advices state that the Bedouins, under Mohammed Ahmed, the so-called "Messiah of Islam," who revolted in Soudan, defeated the Egyptian regulars under Rashed Bey, in half an hour, killing 300 out of 800. Ahmed himself killed Rashed. Ahmed then attacked 2,000 Shillouks co-operating with the Egyptians, and after a sanguinary conflict routed them and killed Kaiken Shilouk, the king, and his entire suite. Fashito would have fallen had not 900 Egyptian troops arrived by forced marches in time to strengthen the fortifications. With the exception of a few fortified stations, Ahmed is master of the whole country, and is backed by all the Bagara tribes, numbering 10,000 fighting men. Reinforcements from Cairo have been imperatively demanded.

Mr. Lannigan, formerly of the Montreal Star, now of the New York World, has issued a volume of fables of which the following is a very good specimen: "A kind-hearted she elephant, while walking through the jungle where the spicy breezes blow soft o'er Ceylon's isle, heedlessly set foot upon a partridge, which she crushed to death within a few inches of the nest containing its callow brood. 'Poor little things!' said the generous mammoth, 'I have been a mother myself, and my affection shall atone for the fatal consequences of my neglect.' So saying she sat down on the orphaned birds. Moral:—The above teaches us what home is without a mother; also, that it is not every person who should be entrusted with the care of an orphan asylum."

The Commission appointed to enquire into the working of mills and factories and the labor employed in them, reveal a most undesirable state of affairs. In many instances young and uneducated children and females are employed for long hours, in attic and basements, without any provision for ventilation, or other necessities for comfort and health.

In the Imperial Parliament, Labouchere moved the issue of a new writ for Bradlaugh's constituency, but this motion, as also an amendment moved by Lord Randolph Churchill, declaring that Bradlaugh was legally disqualified, was defeated. Bradlaugh took the oath, but was ordered to withdraw below the bar. He obeyed, but said he would claim the seat. The debate was adjourned on motion of Mr. Gladstone. Sir Charles Dilke denied the contemplated cessation of Heligoland to Prussia.

FLOUR AND FEED.

THE undersigned wishes to return thanks to his many customers for past favors, and at the same time, with a strict attention to business, he trusts to merit a continuance of their patronage.

W. J. MARSHALL, Dealer in Flour and Feed, Walton Street.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP FURS

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IS SELLING HIS ENTIRE STOCK

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

to make room for a new Stock of SPRING GOODS, consisting of STIFF and SOFT, FUR, FELT AND SILK HATS,

Paramatta, Pullover, and all kinds of Fancy Hats which are daily arriving.

Highest Price Paid in Cash for Raw Furs.

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'81.) M-I-L-L-I-N-E-R-Y. ('82.

MRS. RYAN

IS showing a Magnificent Assortment of WINTER MILLINERY, having this week added to the already large stock another lot of fine BEAVER HATS, PLUSH HATS & BONNETS,

In Black, Natural, and Beige. In Newest Shapes and Colors. MOSCOW BEAVER HATS in all shapes and colors, at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50. FELT HATS at 25c., 40c., 50c., 60c., and 75c. Trimmed Felt Hats from \$1.00.

All the newest shades in Plushes. All the newest shades in Velveteens. Satins, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers. New Mantle Cloth—Plain, Check, Beaver, Zulu, Camel's Hair, Diagonal, etc. Sealotte Ulster Cloaking, etc.

Ladies' and Misses' Mantles cut and fitted free of charge, or made at reasonable prices.

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His Goods are second to none in the Province. The quantities he is now selling is sufficient guarantee for the quality of his work, of which the reputation is well-known throughout the whole country. For Good, Cheap, and Stylish

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Try the Toronto Boot and Shoe Store, Russell's Block. If you want the New York Bazar Glove Fitting Patterns, you will find them at Russell's Block. Catalogues and Fashion Plates free.

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For which sum it will be sent to any address in Canada, the United States, or Great Britain.

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NEW GOODS. LARGE VARIETY. LOW PRICES

MU' HOLLAND & BROWN

are daily receiving and adding New Goods to their usually large and well selected stock of

HARDWARE

and are now prepared for the Spring Trade of 1882 with a splendid stock of Shelf and Heavy Goods, and buyers will consult their interests by examining Goods and Prices. The subscribers would especially draw the attention of buyers to their Table and Pocket Cutlery, both English and American, direct from the best makers, English and American Electro-Plated Steel Spoon, Forks, etc., The leading and best quality of Chopping Axes, Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns; Bird Cages in Brass and Iron, a large variety. The newest and best makes of Cross-Cut Saws, Leather, Binding, Lacing, Files, and Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Japans and Colors, BULLDOGS' BLACKSMITHS' and CARRIAGE MAKERS' HARDWARE, &c. ALL AT BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH. Agents for the Gutta Serena and Rubber Mixed Paints. d1-ly MULHOLLAND & BROWN

The A B C of Dairying.

The editor of the Rural Canadian gave an address on the above subject, before the Dairyman's Association of Western and Eastern Ontario, at their recent annual meeting, the main points in which are summarized in the following verses:-

There once was a dairyman whom I knew well, And some of his history now I will tell; He started a dairy, and made a show of glee, But neglected to study his A B C. His cows were poor milkers, and didn't repay The cost of the keeping, in pasture and hay; He got the milkman, and threw it out doors, Where the sun and the rain stole half of its stores. His pastures were bare, and his cattle were lean, So he got no thriving was plain to be seen; So he got a few pigs, and was bound to say, "I'll make me some money by feeding them they say." His pigs didn't thrive any more than his cows, And he found himself poor as any churchmouse, Till, thinking at last he came plainly to see, He was wrong in not learning his A B C. Then he made up his mind, and to himself said, "I'll harbor no cow that eats out her head;" So he beefed his poor milkers, and got in their place A few first-class cows, of a milk-giving race. He stabled them warmly, housed all the manure, And spread it abroad on his land that was poor; A pit for the urine, a tub, and a pail to use, And his manure a dressing that made the grass jump. His fortunes began to go up with a bound; He would get pump, and his face became round; He paid off the mortgage that cumbered his land, And, no longer in debt, brought his cash in his hand. His home very soon improved in its looks, He took the best papers, and bought some choice books; Increased the subscription he gave to his church, And left poverty far behind in the lurch. His sons became eager to get a knowledge, And went to the Agricultural College; He learned to do farmers, Reeves, M.P.P.'s, And his daughters got husbands who "had the cheese." And, now he is old, he sits calm in his chair, With plenty of time, and a nice money to spare; A prosperous dairyman he came to be, Just by thoroughly learning his A B C.

Agriculture in Schools.

There need be no difficulty, surely, about teaching agriculture in common or any other schools, now that an enterprising lady has demonstrated that it can be done even in a "Kinder, arten." A New York Tribune reporter attended an exhibition of one of these institutions, and writes as follows of what he saw:- "A shallow box, three feet broad and about eight feet long, filled with earth, stood at one side of the room. This represented a field ready for planting spring wheat. In another box green wheat was growing. One of the boys took the part of the farmer, and directed three or four others in the farm work. They ploughed the ground, and harrowed it with miniature implements; then sowed the wheat and harrowed it in. The box with growing wheat was abandoned to the cattle by the young farmer's direction, as it is a hopeless crop from flies, worms, thistles, daisies, and other enemies of wheat. The wheat from the 'west lot' was then threshed with flails and taken to the mill, where Graham flour and white flour were ground from it. The mill was a coffee-grinder. Then the farmer's wife (one of the little girls) went through the process of bread-making, explaining every step and giving the different ingredients used and their proportions. At intervals little choruses sang songs in praise of farm life."

Like Parishioner, Like Clergyman.

A story is told of an exchange of courtesy between a Scotch minister and his parishioner which is characteristic of both. The minister was lately inducted into a country living, and in his round of parochial visits called at the cottage of a little tailor. Taking a seat uninvited, he proceeded to talk, but found it hard work, as he met with no response. The tailor sat upon the table, stitching in silky silence. At length he spoke. "Sir," he said, "I regard it as an unwarrantable intrusion your entering my house, and I ask you in what capacity you come?" "My good man," was the reply, "I come as your parish clergyman—it is my duty to know all my parishioners. I know you don't attend church, but that is no reason why we should not be friends." To which the tailor responded: "I dinna regard ye as a minister of Christ, but as a servant of Satan; if ye come as a gentleman, well and good; but as a minister I refuse to receive ye," which could hardly be called courteous, but the tailor's politeness was overruled by his minister, who, rising, said: "My good fellow, be pleased to understand that it is only as your parish clergyman that I ever dream of visiting you; when I visit as a gentleman I don't visit persons in your position in society," with which he departed.

A Lady's Experience.

Mrs. T. A. Gist, No. 1,204 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "I had inflammatory rheumatism very badly. In one foot and ankle it seemed to stay some time; and the determination to stay some time; and the morning I obtained the St. Jacobs Oil I could not put my foot down to the floor, even for an instant. I used it that evening for the first time, and the next morning for the second time, and that afternoon put my foot down for several minutes. On Sunday following I could stand up and walk a few steps. On Tuesday could walk about my room, and went down stairs by holding on to the banisters. Now I can walk quite well, and there is very little pain left. Just took one bottle and a half and I am almost free from pain. It is a wonderful medicine."

Prof. O. S. Fowler, the celebrated Phrenologist, has been giving a course of lectures in Toronto to crowded houses. Although an aged man he is full of life and elasticity, the best living illustration of his own teachings as regards human life.

The Rev. Dr. Ripley, of the Buffalo Christian Advocate, says: "We wish to call the attention of all persons suffering from throat and lung diseases to a medicine which we have personally tried to our satisfaction, and greatly to the benefit of our health. Having suffered for some time past from Bronchitis, and more or less trouble with the lungs, we commenced taking Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calaisa in February last, and steadily improved through the spring, the worst season of the year for such diseases."

One day Thad Stevens was practicing in the Carle court, and he didn't like the ruling of the presiding judge. At that time the judge ruled against "Old Thad" and the old man got up, with scarlet face and quivering lip, and commenced trying up his opponent, as if to quit the courtroom. "Do I understand, Mr. Stevens," asked the judge, eyeing "Old Thad" indignantly—"do I understand that you wish to show your contempt of this court?" "No, sir! No, sir!" replied "Old Thad." "I don't want to show my contempt, sir. I'm trying to conceal it."

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

A Retrospect-Forward State of Business The First Budget-Sir Leonard Tilley's Surplus-Reduction of Taxation-The Fashionable World.

(FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1882.

The second day of the second week of the session finds the business of Parliament in a forward condition, thanks to the very advanced state in which the opening of the House found Government measures. The second day of the session witnessed the returns from the most important departments laid on the desks of members, and before the expiration of twelve hours the gist of the reports were laid, through the medium of the press, before the people of the country. Already the estimates have been submitted, and we are promised Sir Leonard Tilley's budget speech on Friday next. Such energy and despatch, in furthering the business of country, is most commendable to the Government, and is in keeping with their spirited policy of progress and prosperity, inaugurated with their return to power and so happily consummated. The preparations of the Government brings forth expressions of approval from every side; even the most captious Grit—and we know well what he is—has to express his satisfaction.

THE FIRST BREEZE

of the season was as unexpected as it was violent. It occurred during a debate which followed the explanation of Ministerial changes made by the Premier. Mr. Blake, in criticising the Premier's remarks, indulged in insinuations as to the consistency displayed in Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. McClellan occupying seats as colleagues in the same cabinet. This could have been borne from Mr. Blake, and would no doubt have found proper appreciation, had not that evil genius of the Grit party, Sir Richard Cartwright, in a coarse and offensive manner repeated the remarks, adding insulting personal allusions to Sir Charles Tupper. Then followed what the House anticipated when the Grit mixer-and-muddler resumed his seat. The Minister of Railways favored him with such a castigation as to make the doctory Knight fairly wince, and Mr. Blake took unlooked-upon glum. As the fates would have it, that very night Mr. Blake was presented with an address by his "adoring followers," and we can well imagine his fit condition to "enthuse," fresh from the scene in the Commons chamber.

THE PREVAILING TOPIC

of conversation and congratulation is Sir Leonard Tilley's magnificent surplus of four millions. With such a comfortable surplus well afford to meet the House with unusual placidity; and the Premier and his confederates had every reason to feel amiable and confident. Seldom has a Government policy been so successful; seldom has a country more reason to congratulate itself on its course of procedure at the polls in 1878. Sir Richard Cartwright spent, during his term of office, \$7,503,250 more than the heaviest expenditure of the previous Government; he added over \$40,000,000 to the public debt; he incurred over seven millions dollars of deficits and added three and a half millions of dollars to the public taxation. When Sir John Macdonald returned to power with the National Policy in prospective, but not yet a measure passed by the Commons, he found the indebtedness of the country enormously increased and the public trade of the country depreciated to the extent of fifty millions of dollars. The National Policy once in operation, with Sir Leonard Tilley's skillful hand at the financial helm, the affairs of the country—in spite of the most unscrupulous and unpatriotic efforts of Grit statesmen and journalists—quickly began to mend, until the official figures of the financial year 1880-81 showed the following exhibit:-

Receipts.....\$29,635,297 Expenditures.....25,502,504

Surplus.....\$4,132,793 And Sir Leonard has the prospect of six millions for a surplus this year! Just fancy Ten millions in two years. Well may the Grit Financier vent his spite to hide his chagrin. Sir Leonard Tilley's touch seems to have had magical effect in converting the deficit of Sir Richard into the surplus of Sir Leonard. The country cannot fail to be highly gratified and accordingly appreciative. Sir Leonard will soon announce his intention to reduce taxation. It will no doubt first take the shape of the withdrawal of duty charges on tea and coffee. The people will be immediately and directly benefited. Only three and a half years of Conservative rule and the country is brought from the brink of ruin to a condition so flourishing that a reduction in taxation is in order. The effect of such extraordinary success in administering the affairs of the country cannot fail to be irresistible.

SO FAR,

the session has been the liveliest known in Ottawa since Confederation. An unusual number of members have brought their wives and families, crowding the hotels and even private boarding houses. The effect has been to create a brisk shop trade, making circulation of money that was much needed by our retailers, who had waited long and patiently for a waking up of the fashionable world. State balls, state dinners, varied by receptions at Rideau Hall, have followed in rapid succession. Dinner parties by members of the cabinet and deputies, have been given in no limited number. Private parties and entertainments have been equally numerous, and the fair visitors who came to our city anticipating a round of fashionable dissipation, have been kept in a flutter of delightful excitement. Perhaps all was the merrier because so much had to be compressed into the short season between the opening of the House and the beginning of Lent. To-night the season of gayety terminates by a reception at Lady Tilley's, and henceforth the milder gratification of listening to the debates in the House, or enjoying a quiet flirtation in Mr. Speaker's or the Ladies' gallery will be in order. (To-morrow) Ash Wednesday will be observed as a holiday. The real business of the session, in the way of debates, will begin after the Budget speech has been made. My letter has already reached the limits of forbearance. More anon.

QUILL.

Everybody was astonished to find out how good Toronto is. It was, to say the least, contrary to public opinion, that the Ontario metropolis had so many church-goers; but the Presbyterian thinks that after all Toronto is not one whit in advance, in this respect, of other parts of Ontario.

B—, who "runs" a country store and employs a number of wood choppers, one day met an old debtor. "Well, Jones," said B—, "are you out of work?" "Yes, sir," he replied. "Would you go to work for me and have it made to fit your old account, if I should make it very easy for you?" "I don't know," answered Jones. "How will you fix it?" answered Jones. "Well, I'll tell you," said B—. "You know I am paying my choppers a dollar a day; but, if you are disposed to work out your old indebtedness, I will allow you four dollars a day until the old account is settled. What say you?" Jones, after meditating a few moments, suddenly exclaimed: "I'll do it, if you'll only make it half cash."

DISTRICT NOTES.

BOWMANVILLE.

Prof. Barwash spoke in the C. M. church on Sunday of last week, and also at the missionary meeting on Wednesday evening. In a curling match between Oshawa and Bowmanville, the latter came out victorious. A night-watchman is wanted. On Monday evening of last week a sacred concert was given by the P.M. church, which realized \$120 15. The Ball family, assisted by Chief Mah Koonce, of the Missisnauja Ojibway Indians, were the singers. The Sons of Temperance are progressing very nicely and have a flourishing Lodge here. A Sabbath school convention was announced for last Tuesday. A Sons of England Lodge is about being started in this town. An extravagant youth of this place, a couple of Sundays ago, lit his pipe with a two-dollar bill.

COBURG.

Turkeys disappear mysteriously. At the last meeting of the Cobourg District Orange Lodge the following brethren were elected officers for the current year.—Bro. J. C. Rosevear, W. D. M.; Bro. D. Eggleston, W. D. M.; Bro. A. C. Eggleston, "Cap"; Bro. W. Richardson, D. Secretary; Bro. G. Hogg, D. Treasurer; Bro. G. Creighton, D. M. of C. The town bell tolled, by order of the Mayor, in memory of Dr. Ryerson, the day of his funeral. On February 14th, as Mr. M. Hoolahan and some more were going home in a double buggy, by some means he fell off a trunk on which he was sitting, and the wheel caught his head but did not pass over it on account of the slippery nature of the roads. He was dragged a considerable distance in this manner by the head, and would probably have been unnoticed by his drunken companions had not Mr. Baker, who was driving by that way and had seen him fall off, called their attention to him. After the horses were stopped he was found to be unconscious, from which state he never recovered. Mr. Jas. Young, who for several years past has been assistant book-keeper at the C. works is leaving for the North-west. Before going he was presented with an address and \$60, by the employees of the establishment.

COLBORNE.

Old Walter Boswell, an old resident of this place, died in gaol recently. The carnival was a success. The prize for the best lady's costume was awarded to Miss Birdie Shannon; that for the best comic costume, to Mr. H. S. Casey, the "Priest"; to B. Spafford, Annie Teasdale, Jessie Whitby and Carrie Whitby, "Nuns"—were awarded the prize as the best group. Rev. P. Dancau was seriously injured while driving out to Brighton, on Sunday, by being thrown from his buggy.

CAMPBELLFORD.

Mails will be carried on the Grand Junction after this. Two very sudden deaths occurred last week: On Sunday morning, between 11 and 12 o'clock, Moses Thornton, a resident of Campbellford for many years, died suddenly at the residence of J. W. Dinwiddie, Esq., where he had been employed for a time doing work about the premises. Robert Miller, a painter by trade, died at Mr. James Gibson's Hotel, in Campbellford, at about 6 o'clock on Monday evening last. He had been in ill-health for a few days before his death, and ceased work to rest and recover. In both cases death was altogether improbable and unexpected. Wood is very scarce. Appoles has re-established himself as baker. Mr. Joseph Novin, of Porcy, claims to have the champion old cat, whose ways are a little queer. She is now about 25 years of age, and a few days ago she acquainted her owner with the fact that a quarter of a century has not been any serious detriment to her productiveness, by making an increase to the feline family of several kittens.—Herald.

Flour is high in price, through competition. Nettle skin on Tuesday evening. Mr. J. G. Mathieson has been appointed Secretary of School Board, in the place of Mr. D. Kennedy, who resigned. Liberal Conservative Association met at Warkworth on Saturday last. C. R. Hall, Grayville, Ill., says:—"I have sold at retail price since the 4th of December last 156 bottles of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, guaranteeing every bottle. I must say I never sold a medicine in my life that gave such universal satisfaction. In my own case, with a badly Ulcerated Throat, after a physician penciling it for several days to no effect, the Electric Oil cured it thoroughly in twenty-four hours, and in threatened croup in my children this winter it never failed to relieve almost immediately. The following story is told of a distinguished Edinburgh professor: Desiring to go to church one wet Sunday he hired a cab. On reaching the church door he tendered a shilling—the legal fare—to the cabby, and was somewhat surprised to hear the cabman say, "Twa shillin's, sir." The professor, fixing his eye upon the extortioner, demanded why he charged two shillings, upon which the cabman dryly answered, "We wish to discourage travelling on the Sabbath as much as possible, sir."

WHEN DOCTORS DISAGREE, WHO SHALL DECIDE.—Nothing is more variable than the different opinions of medical men; but when they fail to agree, or to perform a cure in a chronic disease, the patients often decide for themselves, and take Burdock Blood Bitters and speedily recover. It is the grand key to health that unlocks all the secretions, and liberates the slave from the captivity of disease. The believers are greatly agitated over the expected coming of the Mehdi or Mohammedan Messiah. The prophet himself foresaw this event, and prophesied that he would be an Arab and a descendant of his own house. El Mehdi is expected to unite the faithful, restore Islam, rule over the Mohammedans throughout the world. According to a prophecy that has for several years been carefully circulated among the Moorish Mussulmans, he will make his appearance on the first day of the month Moharram in the year 1,300 (Nov. 12, 1882). He will be 40 years of age and of noble appearance, and one of his arms will be longer than the other. A religious devotee of great sanctity in North Africa is already known as El Mehdi (literally, the teacher), and in personal appearance corresponds exactly with the description in the prophecy. He will probably attempt to play the part of the Messiah, and, aided by a fanatical following, may seriously threaten European influence in India, Egypt, and Algeria. BOOKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.—The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by G. A. Mitchell, Port Hope. 25-ly.

The London Builder taken the pleasant professional view that the failure of a public work is not always an unmitigated misfortune, and recalls the fact that Mr. B. and the famous engineer of the Great Western Railway, said when he met the directors after the collapse of a bridge, "It is an excellent thing that it happened. I was going to build a good many bridges on the same plan, and now I shall do better." This was the recklessly extravagant genius who, after he had spent \$5,000,000 on a tunnel, said: "And after all the thing could easily have been avoided." At all seasons, but particularly during the winter, persons whose lungs and chests are weak should take every precaution against a cough or cold, as the breathing organs if naturally feeble speedily succumb to its ravages. In spite of sanitary precautions, however, coughs are very apt to fasten themselves upon weak lungs. In such a case ordinary prudence dictates the prompt use of a reliable specific. The ordinary cough remedies are too often inefficient. The best substitute for them is the highly sanctioned, long recognized remedy, Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of lime and soda. As is well known the action of Cod Liver Oil is particularly marked in lung, rheumatic and strumatic diseases. In this preparation it is characterized by peculiar purity. The phosphorus in the hypophosphites furnishes a vital element of the blood, brain and nervous tissues, and the lime and soda supply strengthening properties to the bones of which they are natural constituents. This emulsion promotes expectoration, enabling the bronchiae to throw off the irritating mucus which obstructs and distresses them; renders the vitiated secretions health and heals the lungs. This remedy has also been used with the most beneficial effects in cases of scrofula. As it is exceedingly dangerous to permit a cough to gain headway, the early use of the medicine is urged upon those whose throat or lungs are affected. Look for the fac simile of our signature on the packages and the firm's name blown on the bottles.

NEVER WASTE Your time or money renting a farm when you can BUY on your OWN TIME and TERMS a Fine FARM and HOME With the BEST MARKETS almost at your door. 300,000 ACRES. Finest Farming Lands in the World. Easy payments. Write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. O. M. BAINES, Lansing, Mich. 37-134-cov

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BANKING THE MILLBROOK BANKING Co. THOS. FAUCETT, Banker, Watford, General Manager. W. F. FAUCETT, Strathroy, of Oxford Banking Co., Woodstock. W. A. BANKER, New Hamburg.

HAVING purchased the business of the Molsons Bank of this place, will carry on a General Banking Business in the same premises. Drafts Issued at Par on any Agency of the following Banks: Bank of Montreal, Molsons Bank, Merchants' Bank, AGENTS—Winnipeg, Chicago and New York, Bank of Montreal. Loans made to Farmers at 3, 6, 9, and 12 Months. Notes & Mortgages Purchased. INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposits. OFFICE HOURS—From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., Saturdays included. REFERENCES—Bank of Montreal, Molsons Bank, Merchants' Bank, S. V. HUTCHINS, Manager, late manager Molsons Bank, Millbrook, March 1st, 1881.

SIMPSON & READ Have their usual large supply of CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS OF THE BEST BRANDS, Crockery, Glassware, &c. The best goods at reasonable prices at all times. d-1w

REMOVED! The Railway, Ticket and Insurance Office. So long occupied by Mr. HENRY WADE, and lately by the firm of WADE & LONG has been removed from the old office over, Dingwall & Ross' Store, to the new building in rear of PARSON'S BOOK STORE. WADE & LONG'S 10-ly Railway Ticket and Insurance Office, Parson's Book-store, Port Hope.

WM. GIBSON'S STOCK OF Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c., Is at all times kept complete in every line and only the best goods in the market are offered for sale. Also, a large stock of CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c. Motto: "The best goods at the Lowest Prices." 44 WM. GIBSON, Walton Street Port Hope

FOR CHEAP and STYLISH FURNITURE! WALKER'S Cabinet Warehouses, Ontario St. As I have now the largest and best assorted stock in town, at prices that defy competition. JOHN WALKER, Proprietor

THE MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES is the LIGHTNING SEWING MACHINE. BEST MADE. SIMPLE STRONG SWIFT SURE. HAS NO EQUAL. IS ALWAYS AND WILL LAST. A LIFETIME SURPASSES OTHERS. Johnson, Clark & Co. 30 UNION SQ. NEW YORK CHICAGO ILL. PORTLAND MASS. FOR SALE BY 31-294

JAMES LEE & CO., MONTREAL, P.Q. Return this slip and \$1.75 in Cash, and we will send you one of our BEST GOLD PLATED LEVER WATCHES. Return this slip and \$2.50 and we will send you one of our extra large size GOLD PLATED WATCHES, same as sold by American firms at \$10 each. Return this slip and \$3.50 in Cash, and we will send you a LADY'S GOLD PLATED WATCH guaranteed. Very suitable for presents. Worth double the money asked for it. Return this slip and \$7.50 and we will send you one of our splendid LADY'S GOLD PLATED WATCHES, same as sold by American firms at \$15 each. Return this slip and \$12.75 and we will send you one of our LADY'S GOLD PLATED WATCHES, guaranteed. Return this slip and \$1.50 in Cash, and we will send you a full set of our BEST GOLD PLATED LEVER WATCH CHAINS. Return this slip and \$2.50 in Cash, and we will send you a full set of our BEST GOLD PLATED LEVER WATCH CHAINS, guaranteed.

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NEVER WASTE Your time or money renting a farm when you can BUY on your OWN TIME and TERMS a Fine FARM and HOME With the BEST MARKETS almost at your door. 300,000 ACRES. Finest Farming Lands in the World. Easy payments. Write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. O. M. BAINES, Lansing, Mich. 37-134-cov

D. M. FERRY & Co. SEED ANNUAL FOR 1882. Will be mailed free to all applicants, and to customers without ordering. It contains the colored plates, 60 envelopes, about 100 pages, and full descriptions, prices and directions for planting 150 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Available to all. Send for it. Address: D. M. FERRY & Co., Detroit, Mich. 34-c Mich.

PERCHERON HORSES LARGEST Importing and Breeding ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD. M. W. DUNHAM, Wayne, Du Page County, Illinois, U.S.A. (35 miles west of Chicago.)

During the past 17 months 360 STALLIONS AND MARES have been imported from France to this establishment. MORE than the combined importations of all other importers of Draft Horses from all parts of Europe for any one year. One-fifth of the entire number of Imported French Horses in America can be seen on his farm. His importations have included the Prize Winners of the Universal Exposition, Paris, 1878, and nearly all the Prize Horses of the Great Shows of France since his importations began. They also carried off the honors at the Continental, 1876; and at the Great Chicago Fair, 1881. Mr. Dunham is a member of PERCHERON, (in competition with the largest and finest collection of Clydesdales ever shown, consisting of the prize winners at the Great Shows of Scotland and England.) was awarded the Grand Sweepstakes Prize of \$1,000 and Grand Gold Medal. 100 PAGE CATALOGUE sent FREE on application. Contains over 40 illustrations and the history of the Percheron race. Order "CATALOGUE X" EVERY LARGE BREEDER NEEDS A PERCHERON STALLION BECAUSE thirty years' trial has demonstrated that when bred to the common mares of the country the Percheron is more uniform, easier keepers, better workers, and sell for more money on the market than any other class of Horses. 43-134-cov

THE STARR PAD FOR THE KIDNEY. A PERMANENT SURE CURE FOR LAME BACK. Piles, Diseases of the Urine, Bladder and Urinary Complaints. INDUBITABLE EVIDENCE FROM DOCTORS, DRUGGISTS, MERCHANTS, FARMERS. Prices—Child's Pad, \$1.50. Regular Pad, \$2.00. Special Pad, for Chronic Diseases, \$3.00. GIVING ENTIRE SATISFACTION. Picton, April 30, 1881. Gentlemen,—I had that your Pads are giving entire satisfaction, and wish you increased sales for so valuable a remedy for disease of the kidneys. Signed, Dr. J. E. MORLEY. Ask your druggist for pamphlets, testimonials, etc., etc. PADS SOLD BY R. DEYELL, SOLE AGENT FOR PORT HOPE; ROBERT FAIR, CENTREVILLE; J. H. FISHER, BATHURST; J. B. SMITH AND A. LEACH, MILLBROOK; W. MILSON, COBURG; J. W. GREER, MARY PLEASANT; G. A. NORRIS, M. D., OWENSBORO; T. G. RYLEY, BETHANY; J. J. MCGILL, CAVANVILLE; S. J. BOHLAND, ORONO; J. D. FALLIS, KENDALL; J. J. JONES, NEWTONVILLE; AND ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Soaps, Sponges, Pocket Books, Trusses, etc., at Deyell's Drug Store. BEST WHEAT AND GRAZING LANDS ARE FOUND ON THE Northern Pacific R.R. IN MINNESOTA, DAKOTA, AND MONTANA. BIG CROP AGAIN IN 1881. LOW PRICES; LONG TIME; REBATE FOR IMPROVEMENT; REDUCED FARE AND FREIGHT TO SETTLERS. FOR FULL INFORMATION, ADDRESS R. M. NEWPORT, GEN. LAND AGT. MENTION THIS PAPER. ST. PAUL, MINN. 3-301

Used all the Year Round JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA FOR LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, and for Purifying the Blood. It has been in use for 30 years and has proved to be the best preparation in the market for SICK HEADACHE, PAIN IN THE SIDE OR BACK, LIVER COMPLAINT, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, DYSPEPSIA, PILES, and all Diseases that arise from a Disordered Liver or an impure blood, recognized by a yellow complexion. Physicians prescribe it daily. Those who use it once, recommend it to others. It is made from Yellow Dock, Henna, and Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry, Bullintin, Parsley, Sassafras, Vitex, and other well-known valuable roots and herbs. It is strictly vegetable, and cannot hurt the most delicate constitution. It is one of the best medicines in use for purifying the Blood. It is sold by all responsible druggists at one dollar for a quart bottle, or six bottles for five dollars. Those who cannot obtain a bottle of this medicine from their druggist, may send us one dollar, and we will send it to them. W. JOHNSTON & Co., Manufacturers, AMHERST, MASS., U.S.A.

GO to Deyell's for Perfumery, Soaps, Hair Brushes, Combs, and in fact everything in the Toilet Line. Come and try them. Great chance to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, are the ones who become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed is sent free. Address DEYELL & Co., Portland, Maine. 61-ly.

W. H. LOVE, Auctioneer, Real Estate Agent, VALUATOR, &c., &c. Sales promptly attended to. Terms moderate. 15 W. H. LOVE, Newtonville, Clarke P. O. Everybody that has used Brent's Condition Powder for Horses proclaims it to be the best in use. Sold by Mitchell & Watson, Port Hope.

OUR readers are requested to examine carefully the advertising columns of THE TIMES. We do not insert advertisements for responsible parties, and you may be confident of being fairly dealt with if you patronize the merchants represented in our columns.



SUN rises 6.42; sets 5.43. YESTERDAY was St. David's Day. JOHN WESLEY died 91 years ago to-day. HENRY W. LONGFELLOW was seventy-five on Monday last.

PETERBORO is indulging in a good deal of blowing at present. DR. KINCAID, M. P. F. for West Peterboro, and Dr. Brereton will accept our thanks for a supply of parliamentary papers.

AN office is being prepared at the Union station Toronto, for Mr. Cox, general manager of the Midland Combination. He will move to his new quarters some time next month. So says the World.

MESSRS. COCHRANE, of Brighton, and John Clark, of Seymour, have been chosen Conservative candidates for the representation of East Northumberland in the House of Commons and Ontario Legislature, respectively.

A middle-aged woman named Martha Dixon, who hails from Highland Creek, was arrested by G. T. R. Constable Spence at the Union station, Toronto, Friday night, for stealing a woollen muffler from John Tandam of Port Hope. She was locked up at police headquarters.

RECENTLY, in Toronto, over 1,000 physicians and sufferers visited Dr. M. Souville of Montreal and ex-Aide surgen of the French army, he will be at the St. Lawrence Hall Port Hope on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and will have with him a supply of Spirometers for the cure of catarrh, bronchitis asthma and lung diseases. Physicians and sufferers can try it free.

ORANGE IT WAS.—As we predicted last issue the Omeme Herald came printed on orange paper this week. The editor informs us that it was for the express purpose of not disappointing us. We appreciate his kind consideration, and shall keep the copy in question to help celebrate the 12th of July. In the meantime we will make no further predictions for fear of giving our esteemed contemporary the "blues."

A NICE MAN.—The editor of the Oshawa Visitor is reported to be a great favorite in society and church circles. He is as popular as his initials, John A., would entitle him to be. The ladies in neighboring villages call him a "dear fellow," "a darling ducky," and bestow scores of other sugary epithets upon him. We cannot help sighing over the disproportion between man and man here upon earth.

THE "ZOO."—The whale held a reception Thursday afternoon and twenty five children from the orphan's home found accommodation in its mouth. The Islington Canada Methodist Sunday school drove down in a body, under charge of the superintendent. Hon. S. C. Wood and Sheriff Springer were the next visitors. Moses thought the baby was too big for him to fondle on this occasion. Mayor Randall, two councillors and Mr. Hugel of Port Hope also paid their respects.—World 24th.

ON Friday last, we had the pleasure of inspecting the gas works erected by Mr. J. R. Barber in connection with his residence in Cobourg, and were greatly surprised at their completeness and extent, their capacity being almost equal to lighting one half of the town. The process is a simple economical and safe one, there being no danger of accidents happening. The gas is made from oil, and is of superior quality, giving a clear bright light. Those of our citizens who live beyond the reach of the gas pipes would learn something by inspecting these works. Mr. Barber is a gentleman of push and enterprise, thoroughly up in mechanical and scientific subjects, and puts his knowledge to practical use.

THE Lindsay Post of a couple of weeks ago had a long descriptive article of the flouring mills of Needler & Sadler of that place. These mills have recently undergone extensive improvements, some \$10,000 having been expended thereon. Mr. Joseph Jones, of Canton, was the master mechanic in charge of the operations and has now the job completed to the entire satisfaction of the owners. The numerous large milling structures in various parts of this section of Ontario testify to Mr. Jones' skill as a millwright. He has received very urgent solicitations to undertake the construction of a large flouring mill in Manitoba, but we do not know whether he will accept the offer or not.

THE Estrelle Dramatic Combination this evening and to-morrow evening. THE Licensed Victuallers' journal, St. Thomas, has changed its name to that of the Weekly Review, a less jarring cognomen.

AN interesting Ottawa letter, from our own correspondent, too late for last issue by reason of a delay in the mails, will be found on the inside pages.

MARCH is coming in very lamb-like; we suppose in accordance with time-honored customs it will go out much after the manner of the lion.

WISER, of Prescott, is starting a 100,000 acre cattle ranch near Fort McLeod. His son Harlow is going out to manage. 10,000 cattle go on at the start.

MR. JAMES GRAY, the celebrated temperance orator of Garden Hill, it is said, will leave shortly for Manitoba, with a cargo of marriageable ladies of his district.

MR. THOS SPAY, Jr., of the express office here, has received a month's leave of absence. He goes on a visit to the Western States.

THE Arcade has resolved itself into a wholesale and retail establishment. Clark & Van Every are selling many lines of goods at wholesale prices. Remember their cheap boots and shoes are selling rapidly.

ODD FELLOWS' supper at Queen's Hotel on Tuesday evening. About sixty of the brethren of the three links were assembled to partake of oysters and other delicacies provided for the occasion. A number of the members of the Order from Cobourg were in attendance.

OUR LITTLE ONES.—This is a beautifully illustrated monthly for children, published by the Russell Publishing Co., 149 A. Tremont street, Boston. If you wish to interest and delight your little ones, that is one of the things to get.

TERPSICHOREAN.—The O. Y. B.'s will hold an assembly in the Town Hall, on Wednesday next. Lovers of this class of social recreation may look for an enjoyable time, as no pains have been spared to make it the best assembly of the season.

TRINITY COLLEGE CALENDER.—We have received the Calender of Trinity College School, Port Hope, for 1881-82. The School is in flourishing condition, and with its present able staff of teachers, offers special inducements for parents sending their boys where they will receive a faultless training, and enjoy many advantages for the development of physique.

A SALE WORTH ATTENDING.—Mrs. D. H. Scott, who is on the point of leaving for Manitoba to join her husband there, has advertised a very extensive sale of household goods. The goods are of first quality and consist mainly as follows:—Furnishings for parlor, dining-room, lower hall and up stairs hall, four bed-rooms and kitchen. The sale takes place next Wednesday.

LICENSES FOR 1882.—The By-law to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors in Port Hope, passed last Monday evening in Council, limits the number of tavern licenses to 15; shop licenses to 6. Taverns and shops pay \$150 for licenses, beer and wine saloons \$80. Two are exempt from having hotel accommodation. Billiard rooms remain under the same regulations as last year.

RETURNS of traffic of the Midland Railway of Canada for the week ending Feb. 18th, 1882, were as follows:—Passengers and mails, \$.....; freight, \$.....; total, \$14,469.97; as compared with \$8,822.68 for the corresponding week of 1881, being an increase of \$5,647.29; and the aggregate traffic to date is \$90,122.29, being an increase of \$85,336.33 over 1881.

THE Canada Gazette announces that Letters Patent have been issued to Messrs. D. Ullyott, Geo. A. Cox, A. P. Poussette, of Peterboro', R. C. Smith, of Port Hope, and John A. Barber, of Lindsay, under the name of "The Midland and North Shore Lumbering Company," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each, for the purpose of carrying on a general lumbering, mining and manufacturing business.

A LESSON TO "GREENIES."—The Mail states that two young men named Edward Brennan and William Crawford, of Oshawa, complained to the police on Monday that they had been robbed by the inmates of a disorderly house, on Chestnut street. Detectives Reburn, Brown and Reid raided the house and arrested the keeper, Ella Newman, alias McQuig, Sarah O'Hara, Ada McQuaid, and Ida Miller. They were taken to the Agnes street station, where a gold pin, lost by one of the men, was found in Miller's possession.

MR. SILLS is said to have cleared \$50,000 instead of \$20,000, as reported by us last week.

TWO-HEADED CALF.—Mr. Ward, of the Front Road, near Kingston, had a dead two-headed calf on that market last week. It had four eyes and three ears. The body was much larger than that of an ordinary calf at birth.

A LECTURE ON THE NORTH-WEST.—Tonight, in Mill street church, Rev. Mr. Robertson, of Winnipeg, will deliver a lecture on the North-west. There are no charges in connection and a full house is expected.

BOSTON OPERA CO.—This popular company intends visiting Port Hope in about two weeks time. Mr. Shepherd, of this town, is introducing them, which will be sufficient guarantee of what may be expected. Those wishing to secure seats should see Mr. Shepherd, and sign the guarantee list. He has already secured nearly two hundred names of prominent citizens. The press everywhere speak in the highest terms of their execution of popular operas. The Boston Transcript says that after singing in the Boston Theatre, the lady singers received numerous bouquets and baskets of flowers. We might state that the Company is engaged by the Toronto Lecture and Concert Bureau.

THE MILLBROOK BANKING COMPANY.—The Messenger says that this Banking Company that succeeded the Molson's Bank, just a year ago, have entered into a second year's business in Millbrook, notwithstanding that certain predictions were made, when the Molson's retired, that the new concern would never secure the confidence of the local public, that its predecessor had. Under the management of its able and obliging Manager, S. V. Hutchins, Esq., it has become a fast favorite in the community, and is looked upon, by both the merchants and agricultural community as one of the best monetary institutions that has sought for public favors. In fact, the accommodations granted have been so numerous and far-reaching in comparison to those granted by ordinary banks, that in view of its still remaining under its present management, Mr. Hutchins may look forward to doubling his business of the bank, in the ensuing year. Apart from its ordinary business, the village receives considerable benefit from the local outlet.

AN OLD GAME NEATLY PLAYED.—One day this week, says the Napanee Beaver, a shrewd but impetuous deer beat, in some need of a substantial dinner, successfully practiced an old ruse upon one of our verdant hotel-keepers. With a great show of importance, the d. b. walked up to the office and deposited a weighty parcel with the proprietor, to be carefully guarded until after dinner. He then wended his way to the dining-room, where he filled in his long sides, which were as gaunt as if he had been getting himself in condition for a sculling match for the championship. The time he afterwards made as he was stretching off up the back streets showed a determination not to allow the confiding landlord to commit a stern foul. Upon examination the parcel was found to enclose two paper boxes containing respectable sized rocks. The publican took counsel with himself and decided to say nothing about it, but such things will leak out.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—On — evening as some young ladies were returning from the carnival, a street-statue la-da-da-glass-in-eye-young-man, who imagined that the whole female world was in love with him, and who is frightened at the approach of a woman with a child in her arms, stepped up to the ladies, and lifting his hat from off the hollow sphere fixed on the end of neck, said, "Ah, a nice lawge evening, ladies, ah." A brother of one of the ladies was walking behind, and observing the action, and hearing the phrase, stepped up and hit the fellow a blow that illustrated the law of gravity very clearly, accompanying the blow with the remark, "Ah, and that will be a nice lawge eye you'll have, ah." The nice young man picked himself up and fled, leaving his eye glass and walking stick as trophies of the battle. They can be obtained by calling at the Queen's Hotel—in Guelph. Excuse us, this didn't happen in Port Hope.

THE "BOOM."—It still continues and according to the Manitoba papers is increasing every day. Lots six miles from the city of Winnipeg are selling at city prices, and nominally Winnipeg is as large as Chicago. Some very large stories are floating in Port Hope in regard to the success of our citizens in the North-West, and which we have no reason to doubt the correctness of. Mr. Hayden, son of Mr. Thos. Hayden, leaves here next week for that place. He has a farm of 900 acres within fifteen miles of Brandon, which he bought last spring for \$2.50 an acre; the same is valued now at \$6 an acre. Mr. J. Scott, brother of Mr. D. H. Scott, is an auctioneer in Winnipeg, doing an immense business. Report says that he pays \$25 a day as rent for his auction room, and pays \$4 per day board, for each member of his family. However, this enormous outlay, is counterbalanced by a neat little profit of between \$500 and \$1,000 per day. He was known lately to make \$5,000 in one transaction. This is a sample of what is heard on every street corner, and in every store and social rendezvous in town. A church was sold there lately for \$125,000 to Northwood Bros., Chatham, half cash being paid down. They intend converting it into a mammoth hotel. Messrs. A. McBean and T. W. Ambrose, we understand, are off for Manitoba also; the former is entrusted with the location of a tract of land for about 125 persons. Messrs. John Carveth, deputy-Reeve of Clarke, and John S. Carveth, whose sale took place last Thursday, leave shortly with a load of farm stock. Mr. Eldad Dyer, of Garden Hill, is another. "Jimmie" the late popular porter of the Queen's and Robert Munroe of the St. Lawrence Hall, left yesterday. A number of our capitalists, with more or less of the needful, intend going next month to invest in farming lands.

CHURCH NEWS. Last was the first Sunday in Lent.

The annual missionary meeting of the Methodist church will be held on Sunday, March 16th inst., when the Revs. Messrs. Willoughby and Clarke will be present and address the meeting. We understand other gentlemen, whose names we have not yet received, will also speak.

Rev. Mr. Crews, a student of Victoria College, Cobourg, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday, morning and evening. He is a young man, we should say about 22 or 23 years of age, but his discourse showed that his was an old head on young shoulders. It was generally remarked by the congregation, that according to indications, he would certainly make his mark.

Rev. Mr. Laird was absent last Sunday, attending a church-opening in Rosendale.

Rev. R. G. Beattie was present and took part in the Methodist anniversary services in Canton last Sunday.

Zion Church, Winnipeg, has extended a call to the Rev. W. H. Laird, of this town. It is no little honor that so many of Port Hope's citizens should receive preferments in that thriving metropolis of the North-west. So far as we know, the rev. gentleman has not given any final decision in the matter. We might mention in this connection that his term expiring with the present Conference year, he can no longer be retained in Port Hope. With this in view the congregation have extended a cordial and unanimous call to Rev. Mr. Jeffery, of Cobourg, whom, many it appears are anxious to have next year.

The Rev. Mr. Robertson, of Winnipeg, will preach in the Mill street church on Thursday evening, (to-night.)

The Rev. E. Cragg, of Canton, preached in the First Presbyterian church on Sabbath evening. The sermon was eloquent and impressive, and was listened to with the deepest attention.

Whatever can be said for or against Port Hope on any other score, it must at least get credit for being a good church-going place. For instance, it was interesting to note that last Sunday evening, just after the various churches were dismissed, the north side of Walton street from Mill street to as far as the eye could discern westward, was one dark line of moving people.

On Sunday morning Rev. A. P. McDiarmid was absent from his church, taking part in the anniversary services at Canton. Rev. E. Cragg occupied the pulpit in his stead.

The First Presbyterian church gives evidence of success in evangelistic work. At the regular Communion services, held on Sunday morning last, twenty persons were admitted by this ordinance into full membership with the church. Special religious services still continue. Rev. Mr. Hastie, of Lindsay, was expected to be present and preach on Thursday evening last, and the following day, but through a disappointment he was unable to come. Rev. Hugh Pedley, of Cobourg, was present at the preparatory services on Friday and preached at eleven a.m., and also in the evening. The attendance at these meetings was very satisfactory.

Rev. W. H. Butt has been holding special religious services for some time. They still continue.

Sunday was a very active day, as far as church work is concerned, as have been the weeks past. Nearly all the churches are holding special religious services.

THE PARABLE OF THE SOWER.—Perhaps no other portion of Scripture has formed the subject for more discourses from the pulpit than that contained in the parable of the sower. On Sunday evening, Rev. A. P. McDiarmid took from it an interesting address. We give a short synopsis of it, not because people are not familiar with the lessons taught by this very instructive parable, but because the rev. gentleman presented them in a terse, and from somewhat new stand point. He did not treat of the seed, the sower or the manner of sowing, because, as explained, these are always the same, but of the different conditions of the soil which the seed fell upon. It was upon this the whole truth and purpose of the parable hinged, and was what our Saviour intended to teach concerning it. Christ was the greatest of all teachers, because his lessons were drawn from nature; it was in this above all other things, his greatness as a teacher was manifested. The fitness of his similes was always observable. In the same way great teachers amongst men succeeded. A great invention or a great truth looked simple enough when discovered, and men asked why could not we have seen this principle of action before? but the genius of these inventors consisted in getting at the fundamental ideas, which hitherto, although not hidden, had eluded all searchers. There was one thing to be noticed in a preliminary way, which was very important. In their component elements, the four different soils referred to in the parable were precisely similar—they only differed in the conditions. The hard beaten track or the sub-stratum of limestone, when broken up and pulverized, became exceedingly fertile, and, analytically considered, the same as the good soil, which brought forth so abundantly. So with man. Originally the biological conditions are alike. We are all of one flesh and blood, but the circumstances of growth produce different soils in the heart. Take a child and a man of mature mind, and you wish to impart a truth to each. The former with a heart and mind open, receives the truth readily and it becomes deeply rooted, but in the case of the latter the ideas are all formed, prejudices are there, the heart is impervious to new or strange ideas. Hence the necessity for an education while we are young, while the soil of the heart is mellow and ready to become fruitful. Hence, also, the great necessity for the truth being taught: In this connection the speaker brought out the idea, though not involved in the teachings of the text, that the heart of man being subjective in its nature, man becomes responsible for its cultivation or non-cultivation, as the case may be. If he allows his soul to become calloused, rocky, pre-occupied with the weeds of sin, or in any way makes it unfit to receive the seed that is sown, the onus rests upon his own shoulders. To get a correct idea of the truth

CARPET WARPS. Orange Carpet WARP, Blue Carpet WARP, Red Carpet WARP, Green Carpet WARP, White Carpet WARP.

All made by PARKS, of New Brunswick, and is, without exception, the Finest Warp made in the Dominion.

N. HOCKIN.

FINE ART DECORATIONS. The best judges say that they have never seen any GILT PAPERS AND DADO'S in Port Hope, equal to those now on exhibition in the windows of PARSONS' BOOKSTORE.

FRIEZE, BORDERS and TRIMMERS to match, any shade. Our stock of STABLE ROOM PAPER is larger and better assorted than ever before. Call and be satisfied, at PARSONS' BOOKSTORE.

of the parable, we must rid ourselves of the pre-conceived notions of modern divisions and sub-divisions of agricultural lands; we must imagine ourselves in Palestine, where no fences exist, or fields, or farms. Only roads or paths would very naturally scatter seed on these highways and paths. Thorns, in this country, are very hard to eradicate, and it was hardly possible in any field to so cultivate it as to entirely get rid of the roots; consequently, after the seed was sown, in many places they grew up and choked out the rightful cereals. Palestine was in many places rocky; so that altogether it clearly illustrated in agricultural conditions, the state of man spiritually considered. In every congregation, the present not excepted, there were types of these various conditions of the human soul: there were the way-side hearers, the thorny-ground hearers, the rocky-ground hearers, and the fertile-soil hearers. As to the first, he remarked that man's soul was a great thoroughfare, over which travelled a thousand different passions, the desires and influences of a lifetime, and if shut out from the mollifying influences of the Gospel, became hard and impervious to the seed of Gospel truth. For three years he had been trying to sow this seed in the minds of his hearers, and he knew of some whose hearts were harder now than when he first began. They were way-side hearers, and the devil stole away the seed. Then, there were the thorny-ground hearers, whose hearts through want of early training, and through personal inclination had allowed them to become pre-occupied with the weeds and thorns of sin, which sprang up and choked out all good desires. In the desire for gain, in the host of worldly pursuits, there should be some room left for the cultivation of the good and true and holy. Then again, there was the shallow covering of earth which conceals the sub-stratum of rock. This was typical of those who, in a period of revival, received the truth and in great joy believed themselves perfectly happy in its possession, but when the scorching sun of persecution beamed on them the budding leaves withered and died out. Such a religion was not worth having. What we wanted was the deep seated germs of truth, which took deep and lasting hold, bringing forth some thirty, some sixty and some an hundred fold. In the last kind of soil, the good, there were different degrees of fertility; Paul was one who brought forth an hundred fold. He ended up with an appeal to all, especially the young, to put their hearts, minds and souls into a state of preparation whereby they could receive the seed and bring forth abundantly the fruits of religion.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago Markets. (By Telegraph to Mr. G. B. Satter.) CHICAGO, March 1, 1882. 1.00 p.m.—Wheat, \$1.62 1/2 nominal March; \$17.17 1/2 April; \$17.40 May; \$17.56 June. Lard, \$10.45 March; \$10.62 1/2 April; \$10.77 1/2 May; \$10.90 asked June.

1.03 p.m.—Wheat, \$1.26 1/2 nominal March; \$1.28 April; \$1.26 1/2 May; \$1.23 1/2 June. Corn, 58 1/2c March; 59 1/2c April; 58 1/2c May; 57 1/2c June; 54 1/2c July. Oats, 40 1/2c March; 41 1/2c April; 44 1/2c May; 43 1/2c June.

Toronto Markets. Wheat, fall, per bush.....\$1.20 to 1.21 Wheat, spring, do.....1.25 to 1.28 Wheat, goose, do.....1.02 to 1.03 Barley, do.....0.75 to 0.81 Oats, do.....0.44 to 0.45 Rye, do.....0.15 to 0.18 Peas, do.....0.83 to 0.84 Clover seed do.....4.70 to 4.90 Dressed hog, per 100 lbs.....8.00 to 8.50 Beef, hind quarters.....6.50 to 6.00 Beef, fore quarters.....5.00 to 5.00

Montreal Markets. Flour, Meal, &c. Superior Extra.....\$6.15 to 6.20 Extra Superfine.....6.00 to 6.05 Fancy.....5.95 to 6.00 Spring Extra.....5.90 to 6.00 Superfine.....5.80 to 5.75 Canadian Strong Best.....6.00 to 6.10 American Strong Bakers.....7.00 to 7.55 Fine.....4.70 to 4.85 Middlings.....3.50 to 3.75 Pollard.....6.50 to 6.60 Ontario bags.....2.75 to 3.00 City bags, delivered.....3.00 to 4.00

Port Hope Market. TIMES OFFICE, Mar 1., 1882. Wheat. Fall.....\$0.00 to 1.23 Spring.....0.00 to 1.20 Fife.....0.00 to 1.23 GRAIN. Barley.....0.65 to 0.75 Oats.....0.35 to 0.43 Rye.....0.00 to 0.75 Small Peas, per bush.....0.75 to 0.85 Peas, Black Eye, per bush.....0.80 to 0.85 Clover Seed.....4.75 to 5.00 FLOUR—RETAIL PRICES. Extra, per 100 lbs.....2.55 to 2.75 Spring.....2.55 to 2.75 Fall.....2.55 to 2.75 MEAT MARKETS. Lamb, per lb.....0.08 to 0.10 Bacon per lb.....0.10 to 0.15 Hams per lb.....0.15 to 0.18 Veal per lb.....0.07 to 0.09 Mutton, per lb.....0.07 to 0.09 Beef, per qr nominal.....4.50 to 6.40 Pork.....8.00 to 10.00 DAIRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUIT MARKETS. Butter, roll.....0.23 to 0.25 Butter, tub.....0.20 to 0.23 Eggs, per doz.....0.14 to 0.15 Cheese.....0.10 to 0.11 Hay, per ton.....8.00 to 8.00 Straw, per load.....2.00 to 3.00 Potatoes, per bush.....0.45 to 0.50 Apples, per bag.....0.80 to 1.00 Carrots per bunch.....0.24 to 0.28 Parsnips.....0.00 to 0.05 Turnips per bunch.....0.00 to 0.05 Beets.....0.08 to 0.08 Cabbages, per head.....0.15 to 0.08 POULTRY MARKETS. Turkey.....0.50 to 0.75 Geese.....0.40 to 1.00 Ducks.....0.25 to 0.35 Chickens.....0.20 to 0.30 HIDES, &c. Cal. Skins, per lb.....0.00 to 0.15 Hides, per 100 lbs.....6.50 to 7.00 Sheep Skins.....0.50 to 1.00 Crabbly Hides.....0.30 to 0.40 Deacons.....0.30 to 0.45 WOOL. Fleece Wool per b.....0.00 to 0.00

A BRE HAUL.—It was stated in Kingston that Dr. Lafferty, medical superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has had a land transaction, which netted him \$200,000. In these days of booms such an announcement is not at all surprising.

WOODVILLE SCHOOL REPORT for February, 1882, is as follows:—Third Class—Senior: K. Trenouth, S. Horner, Jas. Truscott, Third Class—Junior: E. Boyd, W. E. Truscott, Meadows, Lisey Horner, Joseph Roddy. Second Class—John McNeash, W. Dixon, William Dixon, Annie Kinsman. Part II. Emma Horner, Byron Meadows, Fred Truscott, Margaret McNeash. Average attendance per month, 26. JAS. B. HILL, teacher.

THE MIDLAND OFFICES.—There has been a good deal of speculation regarding the future whereabouts of the head offices of the Midland Combination. The Peterboro' Review, to put all doubt at rest, says:—

"As we have heard so much regarding the removal of the offices from Peterborough, particularly in Port Hope, we despatched a representative to interview the officers of the company, and ascertain if the rumor was founded on fact. We learned that passengers for Toronto by the Midland Railway are to be landed at the Union Station, that rooms for their accommodation are now being fitted up, that an office is being prepared for Mr. Cox and the other officers of the Company to transact their business in whenever they are in the "Queen City," and last, but not least, the management has no idea of moving the offices from Peterborough, but on the contrary workmen are busily engaged at the present time in fitting up the handsomest suite of offices occupied by the officials of any railway in Canada."

Millbrook, Bethany, and Clarke Special Notices.

KELLY & PRESTON, Grain dealers, Bathany pay the Highest Market Price for all kinds of grain at all seasons of the year. HENRY ATKINS, Livery, Millbrook. First-Class Teams, with comfortable buggies, Carriages, Cutters and Sleighs, supplied at the shortest notice. Apply at the stables, 100 yards east of the Midland Railway Station.

OSHAWA MARKETS.—Fall wheat \$1.20 to \$1.22; Spring wheat \$1.20 to \$1.25; Spring wheat, Fife, \$1.26; Barley, 70c to 80c; Peas, Blue, 70c to 75c; Blackeyes 83c to 85c; Small, 65c to 75c; Oats, 40c to 45c; Rye, 70c to 75c; Potatoes, 60c; Hay, per ton, \$6.00 to \$8.

COBourg MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.20; Spring wheat, \$1.22; Barley, 75c to 80c; Oats, 35c to 40c; Peas, 65c to 73c; Rye, 70c to 80c; Potatoes, 60c; Hay, per ton, \$5 to \$10.

BOWMANVILLE MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.20 to \$1.22; Spring wheat, \$1.20 to \$1.28; Rye, 70c to 75c; Oats, 38c to 40c; Peas, small, 70c to 75c; Barley, 70c to 75c; Hay, per ton, \$6 to \$8; potatoes, 50c to 60c.

WHITBY MARKETS.—Fall Wheat, \$1.20 to \$1.25; Spring Wheat, \$1.25 to \$1.30; Barley, 70c to 80c; Rye, 85c to 90c; Peas, small 75c to 80c; Blackeye Peas, 85c to 88c; Oats, 40c to 42c; Hay, \$8 to \$10.00 to \$8.00; Pork, \$7.00 to \$8.00.

PETERBORO' MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.17 to \$1.19; Spring wheat, \$1.19 to \$1.20; Rye, 60c to 70c; Oats, 35c to 40c; Peas, 70c to 71c; Barley, 50c to 70c; Potatoes per bag, 80c to 90c; Hay per ton, \$8 to \$9; Wood, per cord, \$2 to \$3.50.

LINDSAY MARKETS.—Fall Wheat \$1.10 to \$1.12; Spring Wheat \$1.12 to \$1.15; Barley 60c to 65c; Peas 65c to 70c; Marrowfat Peas 70c to 80c; Rye 70c; Oats 38c to 40c; Potatoes 50c to 55c; Hay per ton \$6 to \$9; Wool 23c to 28c.