

The Port Hope Times

AND COUNTY OF DURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN.

J. B. TRAYES, Editor and Proprietor.

"A Free and United People, Cherishing British Connection."

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ONENESS OF ISRAEL AND JUDAH BY DR. WILD.

The Promise of Union—Israel must be found to unite with Judah—Ezekiel's Captivity—The Valley of Dry Bones—What It Represents—Oriental Convents—Sticks and Bundles—Hebrews and Saxons Preserved in England—Criminal Indifference of Churches and Teachers—A Clear and Plain Understanding—Federation of the Nations, Etc.

Text: Ezekiel xxxvii, 22: "And I will make them one nation in the land upon the mountains of Israel; and one king shall be king to them all; and they shall be no more two nations, neither shall they be divided into two kingdoms any more at all."

So says the prophet Ezekiel concerning the house of Judah and the house of Israel. At the time the prophet wrote the words of our text these two houses had been divided for some 400 years. The house of Israel went by itself under its first king, Jeroboam, the son of Nebat. The house of Judah continued under Rehoboam, the son and successor of Solomon. From that day to this, these two houses have been separate. They lived side by side in the land of Palestine in existence for 135 years, Rehoboam having nineteen successors. Under the rule of Zedekiah the house of Judah was virtually dissolved, the people carried captive to Babylon, and though they returned after seventy years, yet they never were an independent house after, and in Palestine King Zedekiah has had no successor. Taking these facts into thoughtful consideration you will at once see the meaning and feel the force of the prophetic utterances of Ezekiel in our text. God promises to make them one nation, giving them one king; neither shall they be divided into two kingdoms any more at all.

No one familiar with sacred or profane history can truthfully assert that this prophecy has been fulfilled. And I think it is a very fair and reasonable inference to draw from these premises that before these two houses are made one they must be discovered. The house of Judah is known, but surely the house of Israel, which by all fair reckoning is five times larger than that of Judah, must come to light and be acknowledged. But the sad conclusion is forced upon us that the pulpit, new and the world, are slow to believe God in reference to these great temporal facts. Are the words of the text the words of God? I answer most emphatically they are. Then as sure as the heavens above and the earth beneath they will come to pass. God has declared—Is. lv. 11. "That his word shall not return unto Him void, but it shall accomplish that which He pleases, and shall prosper in the thing whereunto it is sent. Is it any wonder that infidelity is so bold, and the Church so cowardly, when the pulpit hesitates to believe and teach the sure part of God's word, for so Peter calls the prophetic portions of the Bible. Colonel Robert Ingersoll, nor no other man, can deny but that our text is true in what it implies. The houses of Israel and Judah are separated, and have been for 2,600 years. The same God that foretold their division and scattering has foretold also that they shall be gathered together again, and placed in their own land. The gathering from Ezekiel's standpoint was to be "after many days thou shalt be visited; in the latter years thou shalt come into the land that is broken back from the sword, and is gathered out of many people, against the mountains of Israel, which have been always waste; but is brought forth out of the nations, and they shall dwell safely all of them." These words are addressed to the chief prince of Meshech and Tubal, who, on seeing Israel and Judah settled and united in Palestine, will be tempted to make war with them. Ezekiel was taken captive when young, in connection with one of the invasions of Nebuchadnezzar during the reign of Jehoiachin, about 597 B.C. He was a member of a community of Jewish exiles, who were settled on the banks of the river Chebar. On these banks history tells us were many factories. This harmonizes with his vision of wheels. His very name, like most of his prophecies, signifies or refers to the future. Yechel means God's determined strength, and Ezekiel, as a name, means a narrator of the might of God in the future; but for all that none the less sure.

I wish our faith was strong enough to believe in the determined will of God. We are guilty of subjecting the Divine purposes to human criticism, measuring them by our weak arm. Hence, if a thing don't seem reasonable and feasible to us we doubt. Seeing that these houses are divided, and the larger one lost to sight, and the land of Palestine in the hands of the Gentile Turks, we are apt to conclude their restoration to be a thing impossible. But our own reason should teach our faith that what is impossible with us may be possible with God. It ought to be sufficient to every child of God to know that it is written "thus saith the Lord." Jealousy and unbelief can make a big meal out of little crumbs. Now, let any man of common sense read the chapter of the text and he will see that the whole theory of Israel's identification and their union with Judah is as literally portrayed as Oriental language could express. The valley of dry bones to which the prophet is directed to speak, represent lost Israel. Being lost, they are represented as being dead. You say I am now figurizing. So I am, because the prophet does. He does not, however, leave us in the dark or uncertainty in this matter. The Lord told Ezekiel what the bones stood for, and who they represented. "Then He said unto me: Son of man, these bones are the whole house of Israel." This is a plain statement. Israel in their lost condition would naturally think they had forfeited the Divine favor. "Behold," they say, "our bones are dead, and our hope is lost. We are cut off for our parts." That is, when one shall tell them they are the house of Israel, they will bemoan their condition, and say that it matters not because by reason of their sins and rebellion they have been cut off from the purposes of God in Providence. God tells them they are not cut off, but that they will live, that they will live and stand upon their feet an exceeding great army. All this agrees with the promise to Abraham that his seed should be multiplied exceedingly. The same facts of number, lost state, recognition and union with the house of Judah is very pointedly expressed by Hosea i. 10: He says: "Yet

the number of the children of Israel shall be as the sand of the sea, which cannot be measured nor numbered; and it shall come to pass that in the place where it was said unto them, ye are not my people, there it shall be said unto them, ye are the sons of the living God." Here we have their number and lost condition plainly set forth. People say in England, this country and many other countries, the Saxons are not Israelites, although according to the promise for the latter days, they are multiplying very fast, much more so than any other race of people on the face of the earth. You know God called Israel His people. He claims none other in the same sense. Hence He said that other people would say, "Ye are not my people." Then He says the time would come that in the very place where it was said, "Ye are not my people," there it shall be said unto them, "Ye are the sons of the living God." This Scripture has been many times fulfilled in your hearing in this church the past few years. Many persons have come here, and on hearing me state that the Saxons were the house of Israel, have ridiculed the idea, and have said they are not the people of God. In the lobby of this church they have buttonholed their friends and denied with Peter-like vehemence that they, or we, were the sons of God. A few months after the same parties might be seen in the same place, avowing most earnestly that we were none other than the sons of God, Israel's descendants.

In the next verse Hosea sets forth the union of the houses. "Then shall the children of Judah and the children of Israel be gathered together and appoint themselves one head." And this same truth Ezekiel pronounces. I must here quote from the law and testimony, in the chapter of the text: "The word of the Lord came again unto me, saying, moreover, thou son of man, take thee one stick, and write upon it, for Judah, and for the children of Israel his companions; then take another stick and write upon it, for Joseph, the stick of Ephraim, and for all the house of Israel his companions, and join them to one another in one stick; and they shall become one in mine hand. And when the children of the people shall speak unto thee, saying, wilt thou not show us what thou meanest by these? Say unto them, thus saith the Lord God; behold, I will take the stick of Joseph, which is in the hand of Ephraim, and the tribes of Israel his fellows, and will put them with him, even with the stick of Judah, and make them one stick, and they shall be one in mine hand. And the stick whereon thou writest shall be in thine hand before their eyes. And say unto them thus saith the Lord God; behold I will take the children of Israel from among the heathen, whither they have gone, and will gather them on every land; and will make them one nation in the land upon the mountains of Israel; and one king shall be king to them all; and they shall be no more two nations, neither shall they be divided into two kingdoms any more at all." If a doctrine can be more plainly stated, or an argument more conclusive, I would be glad to know. If a boy says "two and two make four, he has the truth; and if a man says "the identification of lost Israel is not taught in the Bible, then he speaks unwisely. A knowledge of Oriental covenant-making may help you to better understand the stick theology of Ezekiel. In the Savior's time they had begun to write their arguments upon parchment. These arguments had two ways of destroying, one was crossing out or over the writing. The other was nailing the document to a tree—this latter mode men carried out when the parties were wont to meet in the country, and not having pen or ink. They would fold up the document, and make a wooden pin or nail, and drive the nail or pin through the parchment into a tree. This broke the covenant or canceled the agreement, whichever it might be. You will see how Paul makes use of these things in enforcing the doctrine of the atonement of Christ upon the Colossians. "Blotting out the handwriting of ordinances that was against us, which was contrary to us, and took it out of the way, nailing it to his cross." To convey the certainty and surety of the atonement Paul says our sins were both erased and nailed to a tree. Further back in Hebrew history sticks were in use in connection with the covenant. By tying a string on a staff a bargain was made and sealed. To unloose the string was to dissolve the agreement. A person placed in authority had a stick given him as a symbol of power. If a master wished to dismiss a servant so hired he would take the staff or stick of agreement and break it. That plainly told the servant he was dismissed. A relic of this custom is still maintained in Israel-England. When the lord high steward takes office, the badge and symbol of power is a stick, and when he leaves, his last act is to break this stick. The royal scepter of England represents the queen. In the House of Commons they cannot open till the mace-bearer places the royal staff upon an open table. When it is removed the house ceases to be in lawful session. It represents the queen. It corresponds to Aaron's rod. There were in olden times royal rods, princess rods, and tribal rods. When a king made a covenant with one of his subjects, the same was ratified by the subject tying a green string on the royal staff. Such a covenant was dissolved by untying the string. The royal stick was called beauty staff, because it was handsome, generally being covered with gold and adorned with precious stones. The common stick was called the staff of bands, when it was made into a covenant sign. If the covenant was between a servant and his master, or between the subject and the ruler, it was tied with two strings, a scarlet one for the ruler and a green one for the subject. Sometimes a third party was called to be a witness, he would tie a purple string. Such a covenant was supposed to be extra strong and binding. This fact gave rise to the saying "that a three-fold cord is not easily broken."

A knowledge of these ancient customs, as I have often told you, aid us very much in understanding the Scriptures. Take the foregoing, and read the eleventh chapter of Zechariah, and you will see how the same is described. God, through this prophet, says: "And I will feed the flock of slaughter, even you, O poor of the flock. And I took unto Me two staves; the one I called Beauty, and the other I called Bands; and I fed the flock." Again, in the tenth verse, He says: "And I took My staff, even Beauty, and cut it asunder; that I might break My covenant which I had made with all the people." Then, also, Mine other staff, even Bands, that I might break the brotherhood between Judah and Israel." To understand Ezekiel, in the symbolism of joining two sticks, or Bands, or staves together, you will remember that, when two tribes agreed to unite and become one people, they spliced their tribal staves to

gether making them one stick to express their union and oneness. The sticks would be tied, and sometimes they would write on them, the same would then be kept just as we in this day keep sacred a document. Ezekiel was ordered to join the stick of Israel and the stick of Judah together, "and make them one stick, and they shall be one in Mine hand. And the sticks whereon thou writest shall be in thine hand before their eyes."

If there be one fact more prominently taught than another in the Bible, and if any one truth is more distinctly set forth than any other in Providence, His government, through God is condensing His government through His chosen people, Israel and Judah. And seeing that so much which had been foretold concerning this people has been fulfilled, how can we, ye how dare we, disbelieve in the sufficiency and certainty of God in the performance and fulfillment of the rest. Call to mind for a moment the wonderful dealings of God with this people. Look and see what an extraordinary history they have had; how exalted and marveled it has been. Angelic commissions have waited upon them; the sun, moon and stars have done irregular and special service on their behalf; the powers and forces of air, earth and seas have been made to contribute to their interests. The words of the Psalmist, cxlvii. 19, are verily true: "He showeth His word unto Jacob, His statutes and His judgments unto Israel. He hath not dealt so with any nation." What an accumulated mountain of evidence the career of this people furnish in favor of God's Providence and Christianity. Well may the Psalmist call this people a fish who says in his heart "there is no God." And well may he in the same psalm close, saying: "Oh, that the salvation of Israel were come out of Zion! when the Lord bringeth back the captivity of His people, Jacob shall rejoice, and Israel shall be glad." How does the enthusiasm of this writer condemn the carelessness and inanity of the churchmen of to-day. Back 3,000 years he stands with but a title of the evidence we have of God's peculiar dealing with Israel, yet his faith pierces through the centuries and drinks in assurance from the knowledge of Israel's restoration. By inspiration he felt and knew that the sad experience that would befall his people between then and now. By faith, however, he sees the end of their wanderings and restoration. No wonder then that he should long for the salvation of Israel, and exultingly say: "When the Lord bringeth back the captivity of His people, Jacob shall rejoice and Israel shall be glad." Thank God that somebody has lived and rejoiced in anticipation of Israel's restoration. It is very different with some in this day, for instead of longing for such a thing and rejoicing in that it is nigh at hand, it breeds in their hearts contempt, in their mind anger, and in their conduct opposition. They want nothing to do with Israel, though God specially cares for them. They don't want to hear about them, though four-fifths of their Bible is about them. They bluster and bluster in a vain effort to explain the Bible without a literal Israel, and so they mystify the people.

Last Monday, when walking the streets, a brother minister tapped me on the shoulder and said: "Brother Wild, I wish you would preach salvation to your people. You have some of my people running to your church and they are getting their heads filled with the stuff about the lost tribes. Now let me advise you to preach salvation. You are too smart a man to be wasting your time that way." This is this brother's idea about the identification of Israel. One thing I am more and more convinced about, and that is this, that some people's religion is altogether too heavenly and too little earthly, too much spiritual and too little physical, too much a matter of eternity and too little a matter of time. They are more ethereal than material and more ideal than real. I believe the harmonies of heaven will harmonize with the sincere work and loving duties of earth. A man will be alright for heaven, and heaven suitable to him who does a noble part on earth. Let Bible readers hear the word of the Lord, as Jer. xxxiii. 10, says: "Hear the word of the Lord, O ye nations, and declare it in the Isles afar off, and say, He that scattered Israel will gather him, as a shepherd doth his flock." The fact is that many are neither willing to hear the word of God nor history on this important subject. Let me quote from Josephus, that wonderful Jewish historian, who flourished in the latter half of the first century. In one place he says: "Wherefore there are only two tribes in Asia and Europe, while the ten tribes still remain beyond the river Euphrates, and are now a vast multitude, not to be estimated on account of their number." On page 91 of Josephus's translation of Josephus, we find him almost prophetic in his utterances:—"Happy is this people on whom God bestows the possession of innumerable good things, and grant them His own Providence to be their assistant and their guide, so that there is not any nation among mankind but you will be esteemed superior to them in virtue and in the earnest prosecution of the best rules of life, and of such as are pure from wickedness; and will leave those rules to your excellent children; and this out of regard that God bears to you; and the provision of such things for you as may render you happier than any other people under the sun. You shall retain the land to which He hath sent you, and it shall ever be under the command of your children, and both all the earth as well as the sea shall be filled with your glory, and you shall be sufficiently numerous to supply the world in general, and every region of it in particular, with inhabitants out of your own stock. However, oh, blessed army! wonder that ye are become so many from one father; and truly the land of Canaan can now hold you as being yet comparative few. But know ye that the whole world is prepared to be your habitation forever. The multitude of your posterity also shall live as well in the islands as on the continents, and that more in number than are the stars in heaven. From this quotation you will see that Josephus believed in the literal fulfillment of the promises made unto the patriarchs. And so, dear friends, I could go on quoting from history, from such authors as Herodotus, Strabo, Diodorus, Ptolemy, Pliny, and the early church fathers. The truth is that prophecy, history and facts do agree in pointing out the Saxons to be the Lost House of Israel. Concerning this all Bible students will agree on that whoever Israel is, they are to have supreme rule finally, and all other nations and people will be subject to them. So if the Saxons are not Israel, they in due time will have to come under Israel's rule. Myself, I believe in both the spiritual and literal promises made unto the father. God be praised for His Book of Revelation.

A DEAD LOCK.

The Conservative Convention Fail to Agree on their Candidate.

WHICH? BRERETON OR MARSHALL?

Not Yet in Sight—The Man on the Mark

A great deal of interest had been felt in the report of Monday's Convention, held in Millbrook, not only by the delegates, and Conservative party in general in East Durham, but by outsiders. The fact that Dr. Brereton, M. P., and Mr. D. Marshall had openly announced themselves as candidates, and each party being pretty evenly divided in regard to support, lent fuel to the flame. "North" and "South" was expected to figure as a dividing line. The people of Manvers and Cavan, having for years elected the Conservative candidate, and being for one term only represented by a "North" man, felt that from amongst them the candidate should be elected. Hence the great interest, and hence the result.

On Monday 92 of the 100 delegates chosen were present, and the Convention proceeded to business shortly after one o'clock p.m. Mr. Craig, President Central Association, not being present, Mr. T. B. Collins was unanimously appointed chairman, pro tem.

A telegram was received from Col. Williams, stating his inability to attend, owing to the serious illness of Mrs. Williams. Dr. Brereton, seconded by Marshall Thompson, moved that a letter of sympathy should be sent by the secretary to the relatives of the late John Tamblin. The motion was carried unanimously.

A communication was read from Judge Benson, who, owing to his recent elevation to the Bench, was obliged to sever his connection with the Conservative Association.

The following resolution was then put to the meeting and carried unanimously:—"Moved by Robert Touchbourne, seconded by Robert Vance,—That in view of the retirement of Mr. Wm. Craig, Esq., the late President of this association, from his official connection therewith, this meeting desires to convey to Mr. Craig, and to place on record, its high appreciation of the valuable services rendered by him to this association, and to the great Conservative party in East Durham, during the many years through which he has been actively connected therewith; and, further, whilst regretting the cause of Mr. Craig's retirement, express the hope that, though no longer connected with the association, he may be long spared to assist in the furtherance of those great Conservative principles for which he has fought so nobly in the past, and to help on the great cause by his weighty influence and sound counsel and advice; and that the secretary be, and is hereby requested, to forward a copy of this resolution to Mr. Craig."

The above was followed by another, in reference to the resignation of Judge Benson:—"Moved by Mr. D. Chisholm,—That in accepting the resignation of Mr. Benson as 1st vice-president of this association, we record our regret at losing his valuable aid and services as a member of this association and of the great Conservative party, and our congratulations on account of his appointment to the judicial position which he is so well qualified to fill; and that the secretary be, and is hereby requested to forward a copy of this resolution to Judge Benson."

This resolution was adopted as unanimously as the preceding ones, but was followed by one upon which there was a square division. "Moved by C. W. Winslow, seconded by J. P. Clemen,—That this Association, at the annual meeting, desire to place on record its confidence and appreciation of the success of the present member of the Local House, Dr. Brereton, and of his assiduous attention to his arduous duties as a member of that Assembly."

Mr. Marshall's friends objected to this resolution, they termed it a "catch." They were quite willing to vote for the former part of the resolution, but objected to a "vote of confidence," which was equivalent to selecting Dr. Brereton as candidate if it carried, and asked for its modification or withdrawal. The mover and seconder refusing to withdraw, the resolution was put and carried, 43 voting for it and none voting against.

OFFICERS ELECTED. President—T. B. Collins. Vice-President, Manvers—R. Touchbourne. Vice-President, Cavan—Jas. McCamus. Vice-President, Millbrook—Alex. Ferguson. Vice-President, Hope—M. Thompson. Vice-President, Port Hope—D. Chisholm. Secretary—J. N. Kirchhoff. Treasurer—Jas. Evans.

BALLOTING FOR CANDIDATES. The next order of business was selecting a candidate, which was proceeded with without delay. The following is the result of the balloting:—

	BRERETON.	MARSHALL.
1st.....	44	48
2nd.....	42	50
3rd.....	42	49
4th.....	43	49
5th.....	43	49
6th.....	43	49
7th.....	42	50

The third ballot was declared nil—some one voting twice. There being shown no disposition to yield on either side, it was proposed that the candidates should each address the meeting ten minutes, which proposition was accepted.

Dr. Brereton contended that he had a prior claim, he being nominated last time against his will. He did not think it was right to throw him overboard now, unless they had some charge to make against him, which he challenged. The north was divided to a representative; if not him, some one else.

Mr. Marshall based his claims on precedent. The minority, in every instance, had yielded to the majority, he himself having given away on previous occasions. He referred to his long and active service in the House. They had long enough been hewers of wood and drawers of water for the Conservative party.

Speeches through with another ballot was taken, which gave 41 votes for Dr. Brereton and 48 for Mr. Marshall. A trace was then called, and the meeting was addressed by Mr. Chisholm and Capt. Preston, but without the desired effect of bringing about an understanding between the conflicting parties. Another ballot was taken giving Marshall 50 and Brereton 42. Mr. Marshall's friends in the South then left for the train, Mr. Marshall

Continued on Eighth Page.

A Scene in Ireland.

How a Process-Server Was Forced to Eat His Wit.

At the usual fortnightly petty session held last week... the presiding magistrates being Col. Stuart and Mr. T. B. Wilson...

Patrick Sheedy deposed that he resided in Carrickon Suir, and was a process-server. Thursday, 29th December last, he got a number of writs to serve on the tenants of Mr. Seally.

"I had them all served but two—one for Mrs. Shea and another for Mr. O'Connell... I went to the farm-house, Shea, the prisoner, met me.

"Did anything happen to you then?" "Yes, I heard voices in the kitchen, and I became frightened, and turning, ran; but before I got twenty yards I was seized by three or four persons, and dragged back into the kitchen."

"Were the writs taken from you?" "Yes." "I was knocked down on the broad of my back, and several parties shouted: 'Shove the writs down his throat.'"

"Can you say if the prisoners were the parties who shouted: 'Shove them down his throat?'" "I was too terrified to know who did it."

"Were the prisoners there at all?" "Yes, they were all in the kitchen." "You say that you were knocked down in the kitchen. When you were down did anything happen to you?"

"Yes." "As soon as they shouted: 'Shove the writs down his throat,' I pleaded for mercy, but it was no use, and one of the party stuck a writ into my mouth, and I was held down until I swallowed it."

"They made you swallow the writ?" "Yes; Shea's writ." "Did any of the prisoners take part in this?"

"It was not they that shoved the writ down my throat, but they assisted in holding me while it was being pushed down my throat."

"Did you swallow more than one writ?" "I was kept down until I swallowed the other."

"Did you get any water to wash them down?" [Laughter.] "Yes, after I swallowed the first writ somebody said to give me a drink of boiling-water, and after that I got some dirty water to drink."

"And after you got the water they made you swallow the second writ?" "Yes, sir, and I was cuffed and beaten and threatened that if I was ever got at such dirty work again I would not get off so easily; and just as I was going out of the kitchen, running, a kettle of boiling water was thrown after me, but it did not do me any harm."

"Had you to promise that you would never again go writ-serving?" "I had."—Dublin Times.

Thought It Was Her Brother, but Took the Chances. Traveling into town about dusk, Mr. Hendricks had occasion to call at the mansion of an esteemed friend, who had, among other worldly possessions...

He had scarcely knocked at the door when it was opened by one of those blooming maidens, who, as quick as thought, threw her arms around his neck, and before he had time to say "Oh, don't!" pressed her warm, delicate lips to his, and gave him as sweet a kiss as ever swain desired or deserved.

In utter astonishment, the worthy gentleman was endeavoring to stammer out something, when the damsel exclaimed: "Oh, mercy, mercy! Mr. Hendricks, is this you? I thought it was my brother Charley."

"Pshaw!" thought the gentleman to himself, "you didn't think any such thing." But taking her hand, he said, in a forgiving tone, "There's no harm done; don't give yourself any uneasiness; though you ought to be a little more careful."

His Wife.

It is not necessary to go to works of fiction for pathetic scenes to show how the demon of intemperance can destroy the happiest homes and make miserable lives. Dramas of this kind are happening about us every day.

A writer in the Boston Journal says that a little before dark, a few evenings since, a group of a dozen men, with one woman in their midst, stood on one of the side paths of the Common.

Near the woman, who was young, neatly dressed and of intelligent appearance, was a man about thirty years of age, whose staring eyes and vacant expression showed that he was intoxicated.

A stalwart policeman had his hand on the drunken man's collar, while the woman clung to him and besought him to let her husband go.

This is what had happened a moment before: As the staggering man, half led, half supported by the woman, turned from the Tremont street mall, he half struck, half pushed her, so that she fell violently to the ground.

She arose and again was thrown down, but in spite of all clung to his side, and walked with him, he striking and pushing her as they went.

In a minute a dozen men were rushing after him, and it would have gone hard with him if a policeman had not been in the front rank.

As he stood there with the policeman's hand on his collar, he did not utter a word, but stared about stupidly at the men, whose angry faces and clenched hands showed how strong was their feeling, and there were rough-looking fellows among them, too.

But what was the use?—every blow given him would have made the poor little wife suffer ten times more than he.

When the burly policeman had mastered his indignation sufficiently to permit him to speak, he blurted out, "What do you mean by striking a woman?"

"She's my wife," was the sullen reply. "And what if she is, you brute! Isn't that all the more reason why you should not harm her?" roared the policeman.

And right there came in that touch of feminine nature by which thousands of times wives have aroused at once the anger and admiration of the officers of the law.

"Oh, he didn't hit me!" and then, when a dozen men said, "I saw him do it," and she saw how useless it was to deny it, he flushed and tear-stained face drooped and she said, tremblingly: "I mean—he didn't hurt me."

Then the policeman said to the besotted wretch, "Come along!" and started as if to drag him off, but in an instant the wife was upon them crying and pleading that she might be allowed to lead him away.

"He's always good to me," she cried, "and he wouldn't have done it only the liquor was in him. We came in from Cambridge this afternoon to look for a tenement, and all the way in he was talking about our little place; but he met some friends, and then—then," and she could not say any more.

What was the big, soft-hearted policeman to do? His feelings were like those of the angry, sympathetic man about him—when he looked at the man his grasp tightened and his body straightened, when he turned to the woman his hold relaxed, and at last he let go, and pushing him slightly towards her said: "Well, take him!" and then, to those standing around—"It does seem to me, if I've seen a good many cases like this, that women are a queer lot. It seems as if the more you licked 'em the better they liked you."

Then the little woman drew the drunken man's arm under her own and started off up the hill, and if he had abused her while he was in sight, the owners of the score of eyes that were eagerly following them would have had an account to settle with him.

Headache. One of our English cotemporaries has wisely been devoting some thought and space to the common and distressing fact that a great many English women suffer from headache. The same trouble prevails in America, and men, no matter how selfless they may be, are deeply concerned about it, for a wife with a headache cannot be companionable; the best of sweethearts with a headache is sure to be unreasonable, while a lady who has neither husband or other special cavalier to engross her attention can ruin the peace of mind of every one she meets while she has a headache of perceptible size.

Culture.

BY ELLA WHEELER.

Out on the plains I saw an Indian maid, Half-made she stood, and listened to the Her rapt uplifted countenance betrayed The keen delight of one who haply finds The bliss of true companionship. Alone She stood so near the Infinite Unknown That all the gods talked with her as their own.

The undulating grasses, rank and wild, Billowed in seas of beauty at her feet. She watched them with the pleasure of a child: She found the whole earth lovely and replete With the exquisite music of the spheres That falls but on the few attuned ears. Not dulled by the world's plaudits or its cheers.

I saw a beautiful woman in a crowd; She sat in her rich garments like a queen. Her face was cold and passionate and proud, The pride of wealth and place was in her mien. With worldly-wise suspicion in her heart, Her fawning friends, she held, but played a part. "Alas!" I said "how all alone thou art!" She plucked some pansies from her garden bed, And idly wore them in a bright bouquet. She smiled. "How large my pansies are!" she said; "Much larger than my neighbor's o'er the hedge." She spoke of last night's concert: "Such a bore!" She liked the dress, though, the soprano "Culture! leave me savage, I implore."

Effect of Heat on the Nerves. Dr. William A. Hammond, the distinguished neurologist, in an article in Our Continent with the taking title, "How to Escape Nervousness," warns against overheated apartments. He says: "An overheated apartment always enervates its occupants. It is no uncommon thing to find rooms heated in winter by an underground furnace up to 90 degrees. Fights and murders are more numerous in hot than in cold weather, and the artificially-heated air that rushes into our rooms, deprived as it is of its natural moisture by the baking it has undergone, in even more productive of vicious passions. It is no surprising circumstance, therefore, to find the woman who sweats all day in such a temperature, and adds to it at night by superfluous bed-clothing, cross and disagreeable from little every-day troubles that would scarcely ruffle her temper if she kept her room at 65 degrees and opened the windows every now and then."

How Young Italian Girls Live. The Italian girl is kept as close a prisoner as her French sister. She must never be seen unaccompanied, either by a mother, father, elder brother, or married sister. She sleeps in a room close to her mother, and which has no other entrance or exit, save through her mother's hearing, and when engaged she is not permitted a moment to say a word unheard by her mother to the man who is to be the companion of the rest of her life. However old she may be, if unmarried she must not be seen out alone; whereas, on the contrary, if married, however young she may be, she is allowed every freedom. A married woman of fifteen may be chaperon to a girl of forty or fifty years of age. An unmarried woman cannot even cross the street to buy a yard of ribbon alone. She is rarely trusted alone with servants. That she has her love romances despite the watching need not be added.

Too Careful. Just before New Year's Day a young Parisian happens in upon a dealer in curios, and finds him in despair; the dealer has just broken an elegant and very costly Sevres vase. "I'll buy those bits of you," says the visitor, with a sardonic air. "But it is impossible to put them together again."

"Never mind about that. Put them into a box and tie it up carefully, and send the package to Madam V." Then, throwing down a five-franc piece, the young prodigal goes his way, muttering, "Capital idea! She'll think it was broken on the way!"

The day after New Year's he goes to pay his respects to Madam V. "I have received your singular present," she said to him. "Singular?" "Why?" "Look here."

And she exhibits to the stupefied young man the separate fragments of the vase carefully wrapped up in tissue paper, each piece by itself. The dealer had been rather too careful that time!

The Busy Cobbler. "Let's see—let's see—when did Christopher Columbus die?" enquired a brisk little man as he entered a shoe shop on Michigan avenue recently. "Can't you come in dis'efnings?" replied the cobbler as he ceased his pegging. "I'd like to know right away."

"Well, I likes to oblige you, but you see my son Shon he takes all der measures in a pool, and like enough he knows if Columbo vhas here."

"Do you know who discovered America?" "Well, I expose I do, but I haf so many customers all de time dot I dain't keep track of names no more. Wait'll Shon comes in—he knows der whole crowd."

A Much Mystified Young Man. A mystified youth writes to ask us to unravel and generally decipher a remark made to him the other night by a young lady, with whom he had repaired to a restaurant for supper, after visiting Wallace's theatre. It seems they were demolishing some broiled frogs, and the conversation being on the subject of flirting, the young lady expressed herself as follows: "I think the way you men 'do go on' is perfectly outrageous. You flirt with every girl you see, and when you have broken their hearts what do you care for them?—why nothing. You act exactly as the men do who catch these poor little frogs, the hind legs is all they care for." Now, what in heaven's name, says the young man, did she mean by that? How on earth should we know? The idea!

There had been a seeming coolness between the lovers. One day Emily's schoolmate ventured to refer to the subject unasked her: "When did you see Charley last?" "Two weeks ago to-night." "What was he doing?" "Did he get up to get over the fence." "So he appears to be much agitated?" "So returned Emily, "that it took all the strength of papa's new bull-dog to hold him."

"There's too much horse-racing at your agricultural fairs," remarked Parson Jones to the secretary of the county society; "I should like to know, sir, what horse-racing has to do with agriculture?" "Well, parson," replied the secretary, with a pleasant smile, "nothing, perhaps; or, at least, no more than church lotteries have to do with the spreading of the gospel." [Parson Jones saw the point, and changed the conversation immediately.]

CONSUMPTION CURED. An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his fellow-men. The recipe, with full particulars, directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home, will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing with stamp.

DR. J. C. RAYMOND. 48-1 y 164 Washington Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The British possessions in Australia cover 3,074,000 square miles. The population, white and colored, numbers 2,395,954, by far the greater part being concentrated in a few cities. The debt of the colonies is already nearly \$100,000,000.

HUMORISMS.

"Yes," said Daisy. "I think Jack is in love with me. He hasn't told me so, but when he took me to the party last night, Jack looked ugly, and to-day he took the opportunity to throw an awful hard snowball at Harry's dog."

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Jan. 31, 1879. GENTLEMEN,—Having been afflicted for a number of years with indigestion and general debility, by the advice of my doctor I used Hop Bitters, and must say they afforded me almost instant relief. I am glad to be able to testify in their behalf.

A lady stood patiently before the receiving teller's window in a Broadway bank the other day, but no one took any notice of her till she attracted the attention of the money taker by tapping with her parasol on the glass. "Why don't you pay attention to me?" she said, potently. "Am sorry ma'am, but we don't pay attention here. Next window, please," was the polite response.

"Thousands are being cured of Catarrh every year with Dr. Catarrh Cure, that the doctor had given up and said could not be cured. 75 cents a bottle. Sold by R. Deyell, 40-137."

An old colored man, with his legs twisted about like corkscrews [from rheumatism and also partly paralyzed, sits on the steps of the Austin Court House and solicits alms. You must have a pretty hard time of it, uncle," remarked a sympathetic stranger, handing him a nickel. "Yes, boss, dat's a fact. Dar's six ob us in de family and I see the only one able to get about and earn a libbin."

Catarrh of the Bladder. Stinging irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Bichophuiba."

A white man not long since sued a black man in one of our courts, and while the trial was before the judge the litigants came to an amicable settlement, and so the counsel stated to the court.

"A verbal settlement will not answer," replied the judge, "it must be in writing." "Here is the agreement in black and white," responded the counsel, pointing to the reconciled parties; "pray what does your honor want more than this?"—Ez.

An Abominator. To neglect a cough or cold, is but to invite Consumption, that destroyer of the human race. Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam will cure the cough and allay all irritation of the Bronchial tubes and lungs, and effectually remedy all pulmonary Complaints, such as Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Coughs, &c.

"I've stolen a coat," said a man to a lawyer, "and I want you to defend me. Think you can prove me innocent?" "Oh, yes. We can prove that you were in an adjoining township when the coat was stolen, and that the prosecution is malicious."

"How much will you charge?" "What sort of a coat is it?" "First rate; never been worn any." "Well I won't charge you anything. Just give me the coat."—Ez.

Davy & Clark, Druggists, Renfrew, date of June 3rd, write, "Burdock Blood Bitters, though comparatively a new preparation, has taken the lead in this locality as a blood purifier, our sales of it being equal to that of all other medicines used for the purpose during the last year."

A Newport small boy called it "look-in-glass," when his father said: "It isn't a looking-glass, it is 'mirior.'" "Why, don't you have to look in it if you want to see yourself?" asked the boy.

"Yes." "Well, then, it must be a look-in-glass." "Wife," said the old man, "I'm afraid that boy is shaping himself for a minstrel or a funny newspaper paragraph. We'd better put him to some trade soon, if we want to save him."

Users of Pills can buy the best in the world, purely vegetable, at 10 a sample box, they are Hope's Regulating Pills, (sugar-coated).

The following is an unreported examination that took place before one of the commissioners appointed to enquire into a certain election petition:—"What is your name?" "George Jones." "Well, what do you know of this?" "On the day of the election I went to the 'Spotted Dog.'" "What did you do there?" "I see'd a man."

"Well, what did he do?" "He gave me five shillings, and said how I was to vote for Mr. X." "Well, did you vote for Mr. X?" "No, sir." "What did you do then?" "Went on to the 'Pig and Whistle.'" "Well—there?" "There I see'd another man." "What did he do?" "He gave me five shillings, and said I was to vote for Mr. X." "And did you vote?" "No, sir." "What did you do then?" "I went on to the 'Red Lion.'" "And there?" "There I see'd a man, too." "And did he give you five shillings and tell you to vote for Mr. X." "He did." "And did you?" "No, sir." "Why, on your own admission, you obtained fifteen shillings to vote for one of the candidates. Did you vote at all?" "No, sir." "Why not?" "Because I ain't got no vote; it's my father, George Jones, who's an elector!"

There are many foolish things done in this world, and one of the most foolish, and we may add wicked things to neglect a Cough or Cold. Now we know that Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all Chest, Throat, and Lung Troubles, if neglected, are sure to end in Consumption and Death. They may be easily cured by using as directed Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, there is no remedy equal to it. It never fails. Sold everywhere in large bottles at 50 cents.

The Allan mail steamship Peruvian, from Quebec for Liverpool, was sunk at the entrance of the Morsey, Tuesday, by a collision with a steamer of the Clan line. Her passengers and crew were all saved, and it is believed the steamer can be successfully raised.

Fortunes for Farmers and Mechanics.— Thousands of dollars can be saved by using proper judgment in taking care of the health of yourself and family. If you are Bilious, have sallow complexion, poor appetite, low and depressed spirits, and generally debilitated, do not delay a moment, but get at once and procure a bottle of those wonderful Electric Bitters, which never fail to cure, and that for a trifling sum of fifty cents. Sold by G. A. Mitchell.

Come all who wish white Teeth of pearl, To set of the lips of cherry; A fragrant Breath for the boy and girl Who purchases "Teaberry."

FOR THE LIVER. ZEPPEA'S DYSPEPSIA. It is so pleasant—it is so certain, and easy in its action. It invigorates the nerve, brain, and muscle. Zeppea does these things simply by giving active Digestion, and regulating the Stomach and Liver.

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE for all diseases of the Kidneys and LIVER. It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and impaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

German Invigorator, which positively and permanently cures Impotency (caused by excesses of any kind), Seminal Weakness, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse, at loss of energy, loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption, and a premature grave.

ROBBED Thousands of graves are annually robbed of their victims, lives prolonged, happiness and health restored by the use of the great

LARDINE MACHINE OIL. THE above Celebrated Machine Oil has along with other of our Manufacture carried off the Gold Medal, First Prizes and diplomas at all exhibitions and Industrial Fairs since 1878.

Get your Prescriptions and Recipes prepared at Deyell's Drug Store (the purest and best Drugs used only).

HALL'S CATARRH CURE. Is Recommended by Physicians. CURES Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity—Chronic and Ulcerative Catarrh of the Ear, Eye or Throat. It is taken INTERNALLY, and acts DIRECTLY upon the mucous membrane of the affected part.

ONLY INTERNAL CURE FOR CATARRH. IN THE MARKET \$100. We offer \$100 for any case of Catarrh it will not cure \$100.

WELLAND, Ont., March 23, 1882. My little daughter was troubled with Catarrh for two years, and was very much benefited by the use of "Hall's Catarrh Cure." She is now about cured.

WELLAND, Ont., March 23, 1882. I have used "Hall's Catarrh Cure," and judging from the good results I derived from one bottle, believe it will cure the most stubborn case of Catarrh if its use be continued for a reasonable length of time.

WELLAND, Ont., March 23, 1882. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Gentls.—Have sold Hall's Catarrh Cure for the last year, and it gives entire satisfaction. Yours truly, H. W. HOBSON, Druggist.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines in the United States and Canada. PRICE: 75 Cents a Bottle. \$8.00 a Doz.

DR. SMITH'S GERMAN WORM REMEDY has been used by thousands of persons, who universally endorse our claim for it as a pleasant, safe, reliable and prompt remedy for the removal of all stomach and intestinal pin worms from child or adult. It is easy to take; never fails; absolutely harmless, and requires no after-physics.

DR. SMITH'S GERMAN WORM REMEDY. 45 BUREAU ST., MONTREAL, AND TROY, N.Y. PRICE: 25 CENTS. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

JAMES LINTON, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER. Keeps always on hand, a good stock of the latest and best styles of TOP & OPEN BUGGIES, PHAETONS, TROTTER SULKYS, MARKET WAGGONS, ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED. 10 ORONO, ONT.

COAL AND WOOD STOVES. WILLIAM GAMBLE having received his new assortment of all kinds of COAL and WOOD STOVES, would respectfully invite a call from all intending purchasers, as he is sure he can give satisfaction to all favoring him with their patronage.

Beauty of Design, Economy of Fuel, while his PRICES will be found as LOW as the LOWEST. A large assortment of all kinds of TINWARE consisting of Granite, Iron and Enamelled Ware, Zestroughing and Roofing and

JOB WORK of all kinds at lowest prices. Estimates for buildings in town or country cheerfully furnished. American and Canadian Coal Oil always on hand. A call solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Remember the place, one door east of Walton st. bridge, and nearly opposite the Post Office.

WM. GAMBLE. Vaughn's Lithontripic Mixture, the great specific for Gravel, Dropsy, etc., for sale by Mitchell & Watson, Port Hope.

PORT HOPE POST OFFICE. TABLE. MAIL. ARRIVE.

Table with 2 columns: MAIL, ARRIVE. Grand Trunk from the east... 5.30 a.m. Midland Railway, from the north, Millbrook, Bethany, Lindsay, Omemee and Peterboro'... 8.15 a.m.

Table with 2 columns: MAIL, ARRIVE. Grand Trunk going west... 7.50 a.m. Midland Railway, going north... 7.00 p.m.

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FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY. Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Sea Sickness and Summer Complaint; also Cholera Infantum, and all Complaints peculiar to children, teething, and will be found equally beneficial for adults or children.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Strangely Ignorant.
The school superintendent of Knox County, Illinois, has furnished notes from an official diary, which indicate that the applicants for teacher's certificates are strangely ignorant in some instances. The answers to questions are on file, and these are some of the edifying responses: One youth mentioned the Chicago Times and the New York World as the "educational journals" he had read, and declared that John Hancock was one of the commanders at Gettysburg. A sister of this man blessed with such a vivid imagination produced the following historical information:—"Balabo crossed the Isthmus of Suez and discovered the Pacific ocean; he named it the South Sea because it was free from storms. He was a Spaniard, 'enthusiasm' looking for the fabled fountain of immortal youth." One of these Illinois historians had a rank of ninety per cent. in arithmetic.
Among the living American authors, other candidates enumerated Chaucer, Spenser, and Shakespeare. The department of American politics was represented ably by these seekers for a certificate. "Senator David Davis represents Utah and has six wives," is a specimen reply. The following reference to a national sorrow is among the answers: "A. Lincoln died April 19 he was buried at Spring field Ill over the same route in which he went to Washington. The cares were draped in black the principal buildings ever person wore badge of mourning."
The superintendent who tells this sad tale is a woman, and her thoroughness has enriched the archives of Illinois with these and many similar contributions to knowledge. She declares that the result of her questioning has been sometimes almost "appalling," which would seem to be a moderate statement.

A Pleasant Experiment with Salt.
Do you want to grow salt and at the same time have an interesting, handsome ornament? The proceeding is a novel chemical experiment that may be tried by any one, says the Troy Times. Put in a goblet one tablespoonful of salt and one spoonful of bluing; fill the goblet two-thirds full of water and set it in position where it will have plenty of warmth and sunlight. In a little while sparkling crystals will commence forming on the outside of the glass, and it is to be noted that the crystals grow by day until the outside of your goblet will be entirely covered over with beautiful white crystals. Another variation of this beautiful experiment would be to take a goblet with the base broken off and fasten it in the center of a thin piece of board, which may be round, square or oblong. After the crystals have formed on the glass, set it on a tiny wall-bracket and place a bright holiday or birthday card in front of it; this will hide the base, on which no crystals will form. After this is done fill the goblet with flowers or dried grasses, and you will have a vase which will cost comparatively little and in reality adds to the bric-a-brac of a room. We wonder how many of the young readers of the Times can tell us how it is the crystals of salt form on the outside of the goblet?

Ho Fooled with Bolivar's Trunk.
Surfeited with spangles, flip-flops, ambling horses, double-jointed riders, and the hair-curling repartee of the clowns, William Malloy, of Delaware county, hid him to the elephant tent circus, for the purpose of solving a conundrum that has troubled his somewhat inquisitive mind a long time. "Is an elephant's trunk hollow or is it solid meat?" is the question that Delaware county representative has asked himself many times. Excepting a few philanthropic individuals who were feeding peanuts to the elephants, the tent was empty when Mr. Malloy entered and made a bee-line for the biggest beast in the place. He got to work at once, and tapped and handled Bolivar's proboscis critically, but in less than five seconds after he poked his cane up one of the monster's nostrils he was making more revolutions per minute than a circular saw running with 1,000 pounds of steam on. Lula when shot from a cannon may fly through the air more gracefully than Mr. Malloy, but certainly not half so speedily. He fell promiscuously about thirty feet from the spot he soared from, and as he struck the ground, Bolivar, who had watched his victim's progress through the air, raised his trunk and trumpeted triumphantly. When they picked Mr. Malloy out of the indentation his bruised person had made in the earth, and carried him out, Bolivar evinced his satisfaction by numerous grunts, which his elephantine companions joined in. Malloy was struck in the side and back by Bolivar's trunk, and, although no bones are broken, a bucketful of liniment will be required to put him in as good condition as he was before he began his investigations. —Philadelphia Press.

About Crows.
Professor Linden said a good word the other day at Buffalo for that much-persecuted bird, the common crow. The crow of America belongs to a scattered family of about two hundred species, including among them the buzzard, jay, raven and magpie. Of the genus proper to which the crow belongs, seven examples are found in the United States, the great black raven being at the head. In the wilderness about one hundred miles from Buffalo, on the shores of Lake Ontario, ravens were found. Their nests were so secluded as rarely to be discovered. So wary were the birds that Mr. Linden had found it impossible to obtain a specimen. They were reported more abundant on the Canada shore of Lake Ontario, but it was impossible to procure a specimen even there, though a liberal reward had been offered.

The crow was only preserved from annihilation by its great cunning. Even in captivity the bird displays a degree of sagacity which almost resembles human intelligence. Mr. Linden admitted that the crow could hardly be called a sweet singer; still when tamed he made a very interesting pet. On the whole, he might safely be set down as a useful bird and a real friend of the farmer. He eats large quantities of noxious insects, and though he has a bad habit of pulling up young tender shoots of grain, it was a question whether the damage was not more than compensated by the number of larvae of beetles thus brought to light and devoured.
The ladies of Ireland have done it at last, or, at least, those ladies of the Land League of Rosscarberry, who have solemnly and unanimously resolved: "Never to marry a landlord, agent, bailiff, land-grabber, or peeler who is not a Land-leaguer."

Happy Thought For Pickpockets.
A singular charge of theft was heard before the Brighton magistrates on a recent morning. The prisoner, a domestic servant named Rice, went to a shop to try on a bonnet, and having her mistress' child with her, placed it on a settee in the waiting-room. Meanwhile a lady, who was also trying on a bonnet, placed her purse, containing between £6 and £7 on the settee. When the girl Rice left the purse was missed. She was followed home, and the purse was found in the pocket of the child's jacket. Rice was thereupon given into custody. The theory of the prosecution was that she had stolen the purse and hidden it in the child's pocket. The suggestion for the defense was that the child had itself taken the purse. The child being only a few years old—in fact, a mere baby—was too young to give its account of the matter, and in the end the magistrates sent the case for trial. They, however, expressed surprise at the purse being left about in the way it admittedly had been, but this was explained as due to some difficulty with the pockets. —Liverpool Courier.

Intensely Dramatic.
A sensational drama has recently been performed in the chief theatre of Moscow, the crowning situation of the piece being a combat in a rocky pass between a lion and an Arab chief. The lion scrambles up a steep ascent, and is about to spring from its summit upon his foe, when the man brings him down with a well-aimed shot. The part of the lion had been sustained most successfully by a trained gymnast named Alexevitch until a short time since, when that artist suddenly fell ill, and the manager was compelled to intrust his role to an active super, who undertook it at a few hours' notice. When the time arrived for his debut, he bounded on the stage with admirable vigor, and scuttled up the cliff in irrefragable style. But when the Arab chief discharged his musket, the lion, utterly thrown off his guard by the report, stood erect on his hinder paws, crossed himself devoutly, and, exclaiming, "Heaven help us!" hurriedly descended the cliff tail foremost, amid the jubilant shouts of the audience.

Considerate.
A California bear seems to have been so much of a gentleman as to quietly depart from a house when a lady told him that his room was better than his company. The Wood River Times tells the story, as follows:
About ten o'clock in the evening a lady living in Wood River, California, was followed home by what she took to be a large Newfoundland dog. Arriving home, she paused at the door to open it, out it was some time before she succeeded. During this delay the animal got quite close to her, and as he seemed harmless, the lady called him in.
Her surprise may be imagined when, on striking a light, she saw a huge bald-faced bear looking at her, showing his teeth as if grinning at her mistake. More dead than alive, the lady opened the door, and gathering her skirts as women sometimes do, began "shooing" the bear.
Bruin, as if appreciating the gravity of the situation, hurried out, whereupon the frightened lady fell into a chair, and did not recover her presence of mind for at least fifteen minutes, when she ran to a neighbor's and told of her adventure.

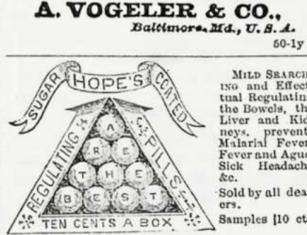
The Cotton Stone.
Mr. James A. Montgomery, of Danville, Canada East, is the guest of his brother, the Rev. Hugh Montgomery, of this city, for a few days, says the Norwich Bulletin. He brings with him a mineral specimen from Danville, known there as "the cotton stone." It is mined in large quantities and shipped to England, where it is manufactured into ropes. It is a long-fibred asbestos, is tough and cottony when prepared for use, and is readily spun into ropes or fabrics. The finest minerals for such use are mined in the East, where they have been woven into fire-proof goods from time immemorial. Where bodies were cremated they were wrapped in a mineral blanket-formed of asbestos, and their ashes were preserved. There is a variety known as the cork asbestos, so light that it will float upon water. The amianthus is the best known variety for weaving. It is said that Charlemagne had an amianthus tablecloth which he used to throw into the fire after dinner for the astonishment of his guests. Ropes made of the mineral are fire-proof and cannot be burned off.

A Cure for Dyspepsia.
We have never experienced the miseries of dyspepsia, but those who have "gone through the mill" tell us the different stages of the ailment are far from being enjoyable. Of course, for that, as for every other disease, there are one hundred and one remedies, more or less effective. We copy from an exchange the following cure, which is said to be infallible, and, as it is very simple, those who are afflicted may be glad to try it: On the first day, take from the time of rising, once an hour, one tablespoonful of skim-milk, omitting it one hour before and one hour after dinner. For dinner, rare roast beef—all the patient desires—and half a cup of clear coffee; nothing else. After dinner resume taking the tablespoonful of milk once every hour for the rest of the day. On the second day let the dose of milk be two teaspoonfuls, the other details remaining the same. On the third day take three teaspoonfuls of milk, and after that a little bread may be crumbled in if desired. This diet should be continued fifteen days, at the end of which time the worst case of dyspepsia will be cured—so it is said. Don't take our word for it, however.

Goats and Dogs.
In some parts of the West goats are placed in sheep pens to drive away wolves, a service for which their superior butting powers peculiarly fit them. The experiment has been tried in Hunterdon and Somerset Counties, N. J., with complete success, as a protection for sheep against dogs. Two goats, it is said, can drive away a dozen dogs, and two are about all that it is necessary to keep with a moderate-sized flock. As soon as a dog enters the field at night the goats go at him, and send him rolling over and over in short order. A few doses of this heroic treatment prove quite enough for his dogship, and he is glad to limp howling away as best he can. Formerly, the farmers say, when a dog entered a sheepfield at night, the timid creatures would run wildly about and cry pitiously. Since the goats have been used to guard them, they form in line behind their sturdy defenders, and seem to enjoy the fun.
Subscribe for The Times.



JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frost-bitten Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.
42 1/2



R. FOGARTY,
PORTRAIT PAINTER
Is prepared to execute PORTRAITS IN OIL from life size PHOTOGRAPHS COLORED IN OIL any size.
Samples can be seen in Mr. Williamson's window from time to time, where orders can be left. Orders also received at his Studio, over the Bookstore.
R. FOGARTY
Walton Street, Port Hope

CENTRAL DRUG HOUSE.
G. A. MITCHELL
Has constantly on hand a superior stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS DYE STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY TOILET ARTICLES ETC., ETC.
Lamps, Chimneys, Coal Oil and Lamp Trimmings. A nice lot of Fancy Goods offered at a sacrifice.
PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS carefully and promptly prepared.
Corner Railway Crossing and Walton Street. dl-w44
Hall's Catarrh Cure, Sanford's Catarrh Cure, Constitutional Catarrh Cure, Lydia Pinkham's Compound, for sale at Deyell's Drug Store.

L.S.L.
"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."
J. J. Bourgeois
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED
LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY CO.
Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature of Louisiana for Instructional and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added.
By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2nd, A. D. 1870.
Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. If never sales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT, during which will take place the 151st Grand Monthly AND THE
EXTRAORDINARY SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING
At New Orleans, Tuesday, December 19th, 1882, f Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La., and Gen. JEBEL A. EARLY, of Va.
CAPITAL PRIZE, \$100,000.
Notice.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves, 50 Cents, Quarters, 25 Cents.
PART OF PRIZES.
1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF \$100,000... \$100,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF 50,000... 50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF 20,000... 20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES OF 10,000... 20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES OF 5,000... 20,000
20 PRIZES OF 1,000... 20,000
50 " " 500... 25,000
100 " " 250... 25,000
200 " " 100... 20,000
10,000 " " 10... 100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.
100 Approximation Prizes of \$200... \$20,000
100 " " 100... 10,000
100 " " 50... 5,000
11,279 Prizes, amounting to \$622,500
Application for sales to clubs should only be made to the office of the Company in New Orleans.
For information apply to
M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,
or **M. A. DAUPHIN,**
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.
N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.— 46-61.

1882. **MILLNERY.** 1883.
On and after WEDNESDAY, OCT. 3rd,
MRS. RYAN
WILL SHEW A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
TRIMMED MILLNERY,
PATTERN BONNETS,
PATTERN HATS,
With a full line of **UNTRIMMED HATS,**
All Millinery Materials, also Mantle and Mantle Cloths,
Kid Gloves, Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Bustles, Etc.
As there will be NO CIRCULARS issued, Ladies are invited to call at earliest convenience and inspect the Stock.
N. B.—Mantles out and fitted free of charge.
40-4f **MRS. RYAN, Walton Street, Port Hope.**

Reduction in Boots & Shoes
THE TORONTO BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
We have decided upon a Reduction in Prices for the present month. Our goods are all New and bright, made expressly for our trade, every article of a superior quality, and at Prices to meet the wants of all our Customers.
NOTE.—We are selling Woman's Buttoned Boots at EIGHTY-FIVE CENTS, and Men's Long Boots FOR ONE DOLLAR and a QUARTER. Beat it who can.

THE FURNITURE DEPARTMENT
Over the Boot and Shoe Store are doing a lively trade, as the public fully appreciate, getting full value for their money. The quality and style of our goods are well known, and our arrangements are such that no wholesale or retail establishment in Canada can beat us on prices, style and quality considered.
THE BAZAR GLOVE FITTING PATTERNS for cutting Ladies and Children's Dresses kept constantly on hand. Catalogues and Fashion papers free. All the above will be found in
RUSSELL'S BLOCK, WALTON STREET.
Every article fully warranted and money refunded if not satisfactory.
H. C. RUSSELL,

NOTICE.
Three things to be kept in mind during the next fifty days, in connection with
HUGH ROSS' ESTATE
Namely:
FIRST.
That the whole Stock of \$9,000 worth of Staple and Fancy
Dry Goods
Must be cleared out before the 1st January, 1883.
SECOND.
That Hugh Ross is determined to give good bargains to his customers and the public generally during the next fifty days.
THE STOCK IS WELL ASSORTED.
THIRD.
That all outstanding debts due the Estate must be paid before the 1st January, 1883.

FASHIONABLE SPRING CLOTHING
W. G. STEVENSON
takes pleasure in calling public attention to his very superior stock of
CLOTHS & TWEEDS
&c., which he is now prepared to make up to order for SPRING SUITS, in the best and most fashionable styles, at the VERY LOWEST PRICES. An inspection invited. Remember the place—Queen Street, Port Hope.
W. G. STEVENSON.

GO TO J. HOFFMAN'S
FOR A FINE SELECTION OF
WALL PAPERS, DADOS AND BORDERS
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, and a general assortment of
FANCY GOODS.
Also, a Choice Stock of the Best Brands of Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, etc. All Goods at the very Lowest Prices.
Remember his new store, opposite the Queen's Hotel, Walton Street, Port Hope.
J. HOFFMAN.

LOOK TO YOUR FURS,
AND PREPARE FOR WINTER.
CHAS. DOEBLER
Takes pleasure in announcing that he has on hand a very superior assortment of LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S FURS, of his own manufacture, which he is offering at
LOW PRICES.
The superior make of these Furs, and the care taken in the selection of only the BEST SKINS, ensures their wearing well, while they always look handsome.
Parties wishing to have their FURS ALTERED OR REPAIRED, should bring them at once, before cold weather sets in.
A very choice assortment of SILK, FELT, FUR AND OTHER HATS, CAPS, &c. in all the latest styles.
CHAS. DOEBLER,
Practical Hatter and Furrier, Walton St., Port Hope.
HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR RAW FURS.

UPTOWN AGENCY
OF
JOHN BROWN & CO.'S COAL YARD
AT
EVANS'
GENERAL HARDWARE STORE

THOS. HAYDEN,
Is prepared to make to order all kinds of
MACHINERY
CASTINGS, &c., on the most moderate terms. Good workmanship guaranteed. Constantly on hand a number of Hayden's Celebrated Ploughs. Every farmer who has used them says they are the BEST IN THE MARKET.
All kinds of Machinery repaired.
dl-w44 **THOS. HAYDEN,**
Foundry on Cavan St., Port Hope

ATTENTION.
Attention is directed to our large stock of XL goods, comprising cellu, florentine & metallic BRUSHES. Also select Perumes, Puff Beautiful Velvet Frames, etc. Fluid is the best preparation in use for CHAPPED HANDS. Try it. We are the Sole Agents for the celebrated Manhattan Feed, univra led for Horses, Cattle Pigs, and Poultry. Re member the place,— Brent's old stand.
APOTHECARIES' HALL.
Articles Boxes, Photograph Our Winter best preparation for CHAPPED HANDS. Try it. We are Agents for the celebrated Manhattan Feed, univra led for Horses, Cattle Pigs, and Poultry. Re member the place,— Brent's old stand.

MITCHELL & WATSON,
Walton street, Port Hope.
Go to Deyell's Drug Store for your Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs and Toilet Articles.

REMOVAL.

J. S. CEASER, V.S.
Has removed his office to
QUEEN ST.
Opposite the British Hotel yard, and next to J. C. McNaughton's saloon. Parties requiring his services after office hours will please call at his Residence.
FIRST BRICK HOUSE ON MILL STREET
South of the Royal Hotel. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 6 to 8 p. m., except Tuesdays. Will visit Millbrook every Tuesday; Office, Queen's Hotel. Office hours from 12 to 4 p. m.

MACHINERY.
W. J. WALLACE
In returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since he opened his
SHOP IN BARRETT'S BLOCK, CAVAN STREET
begs to intimate that he is now prepared to Manufacture all kinds of
MACHINERY,
MILL CASTINGS,
STEAM ENGINES, &O.
In the best manner, and at LOW PRICES.
Repairing done Neatly & Expeditiously
ESTIMATOR FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY FURNISHES AND A TRIAL SOLICITED.
Feeding Bottles, Syringes, Enemas, Trusses, &c., at Deyell's Drug Store.

NEW PLANING FACTORY
JOHN TRICK
BEGS to announce to the public that he has opened a shop in BARRETT'S BLOCK, Cavan street.
NEW MACHINERY
he is prepared the fill all orders entrusted to him for
PLANI MACHINERY, SAWING, &c.,
in the best manner and at LOW PRICES. All work warranted to give satisfaction.
JOHN TRICK.
80-17 Barrett's Block Cavan

MICA AXLE GREASE
Patented 1874.
Composed largely of powdered Mica or Isinglass, is the BEST and CHEAPEST lubricant in the world—the BEST because it does not gum, but forms a highly polished surface over the axle, reducing friction and lightening the draft; the CHEAPEST because it costs NO MORE than inferior brands, and one box will do the work of two of any other make. Answers as well for Harvesters, Mill Gearing, Thrashing Machines, Corn-Planters, Carriages, Buggies, etc., as for Wagons. GUARANTEED to contain NO Petroleum. Sold by all dealers.
Our Pocket Cyclopaedia of Things Worth Knowing mailed free.
MICA MANUFACTURING CO.
228 Hudson St., New York, Cleveland, O., and Chicago, Ill.
SAMUEL ROGERS & CO., Toronto, Ont.
Sole Agents for the Dominion.

FOR SALE.
Lot 23, 10th Con. Hope, 100 acres.
N. 1/2 Lot 34, Con. 7, Hope, 50 acres.
N. 1/2 of S. 1/2 Lot 16, Con. 9, Hope, 50 acres.
Apply to **A. T. H. WILLIAMS,**
PORT HOPE

CHRISTMAS TRADE.

GREAT SALE OF HOLIDAY CLOTHING AND CHRISTMAS GOODS.

\$10,000 worth To be cleared out before Xmas, at a SWEEPING REDUCTION IN PRICE

The BEST VALUE & NEWEST STYLES. Immense piles of

Ready-Made Clothing

To be cleared out before Christmas.

A BIG LOT OF

Boys' Suits and Boys' Overcoats

Slightly damaged, at less than half price, to be

CLEARED OUT NEXT SATURDAY

1882. 1883.



FALL AND WINTER. FALL AND WINTER.

UPSET SALE.

OF WINTER CLOTHING commenced this week and gives promise of great success.

And call the people in to close out all the surplus stock.

RING ALL THE BELLS.

Nothing stops me in executing the right plans, and if the prices must be cut down to gather the people

DOWN GO THE PRICES.

The people of Port Hope and surrounding country have been

IN A NUTSHELL, THIS IS IT, EDWARD BUDGE.

Merchant Tailor, Clothier & General Outfitter. WALTON ST., PORT HOPE.

New Advertisements.

To the Electors of the Township of Hope.

GENTLEMEN.—I am a Candidate for the position of First Deputy-Reeve, for the year 1883.

Respectfully soliciting your votes and influence.

I am, Your Obedient Servant, MARSHALL THOMPSON.

TEACHER WANTED.

A TEACHER wanted for School Section, No. 18 Hope. Applicant state Salary. Duties to commence 2nd January. Apply to D. G. TREW, Elizabethville.

MIDLAND LOAN & SAVINGS' COMPANY.

DIVIDEND NO. 19.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A DIVIDEND OF

Three and One-half per Cent. for the Current Half Year.

Being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid up capital of the Company, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Company's office, Queen street, Port Hope, on and after

Monday, 1st Day of Jan. Next, '83

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st December, both days inclusive. By order, GEO. M. FURBY, Sec'y Treas. 50-51 Port Hope, December 8 1882.

O MY! LOOK HERE!

JONES, Where can I buy some good CANVAS for

OVERHAULS WHY AT

J. J. TURNER'S, He has got some of the best in the World, in Brown, Blue or White, you cannot wear it out, try it and be convinced. He also makes

SAILS, TENTS and AWNINGS, And everything in the CANVAS line. Also Camp Beds, in Great Variety. Note the address

J. J. TURNER, Sail, Tent & Awning Maker, East Pier, Port Hope, Ont.

CLEARING SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will commence on Friday the 15th of December to sell off the Balance of his WINTER and FALL stock, AT COST, FOR CASH, Consisting of the following articles, viz: A very large assortment of TWEEDS of every grade, from forty cents up, which he can have made up if required, in first-class style, OVERCOATING in large variety, LADIES SUITINGS in every desirable make, a large assortment of WINCIES, FLANNELS, PRINTS, and everything generally kept in the Dry Goods line, also BOOTS & SHOES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, HATS & CAPS at

JAMES LOCKHART, P. S.—All Notes and Accounts Overdue, must be paid on or before the first of January, 1883, in order to save Cost. J. L. Newtonville, 11 Dec., 1882. 50 4t

DAVID SMART

Barrister-at Law, Solicitor, Conveyancer & Notary Public, Proctor in Admiralty Court.

N.B.—Loans of private and trust moneys made on improved real estate, on favorable terms. Agency of the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, of England. Rates as low as other first-class companies. Branch of the Fire Insurance Co. Agents \$8,000,272.64. The most reliable American Company. Policies written at lowest rates, at the office, Quinlan's Block, Walton street. DAVID SMART, Manager.



The Times

AND COUNTY OF BURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN.

Port Hope, Thursday, Dec. 7, 1882

SIR JOHN MACDONALD AS GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

The article in the New York World referring to Sir John Macdonald as the probable Governor-General of Canada to succeed the Marquis of Lorne, has called forth considerable comment from the Canadian press. It is not a new suggestion. It was said by knowing statesmen some years ago that Canadian Governors-General would yet be appointed, and that Sir John Macdonald would be the first on the list.

It is amusing to read the Globe's objection to Sir John Macdonald as the vice-regal power. It prophesies that if a Canadian was appointed, the last link binding Canada to Britain would be broken. We were told that the N. P. was to have the same effect. The N. P. is kicking lively and strong, and we still remain an integral part of the British empire, none of the weakening influences having yet shown themselves. It is urged, too, that Sir John Macdonald had having always been a politician of one stripe, he would be too partisan in his sympathies to impartially perform the duties of Governor-General. This objection is even more silly than the former. Have not our judges in most instances been politicians, and received their appointments through political standing and influence? Wrote not our Lieut.-Governors politicians? Who finds fault with our judges or Lieut. Governors?

The Globe is no more absurd than usual, but it is surpassed by the London Advertiser. Hon. D. Mills contributes a long article on the question, the sole object of which is to belittle Sir John Macdonald. As a sample we quote: "As an administrator he has been a synonym for failure in whatever he has undertaken. In the admission of Nova Scotia, in the admission of British Columbia, in the acquisition of the North-West, he exhibited an amount of incapacity which would have ruined the reputation of any other public man in Canada." The same spirit pervades the entire article. The public want no stronger argument in favor of Sir John Macdonald. But when it is known that Hon. D. Mills, and his organ, the Advertiser, are strong advocates of Canada being ruled by her own people—that the office of vice-regent has been time and again sneered at by them, the only requisites of the holder, it is said, being a capacity to draw \$50,000 and look dignified,—the anomalous position of Mr. Mills becomes still more apparent. If the Governor-General should be a Canadian, and the position of Governor-Generalship is a sinecure; and if Sir John Macdonald is all that the Hon. D. Mills would make him out to be, what possible objection could there be to the present honored premier. If he were the non-entity and know-nothing a column and a half of Advertiser diatribe would make him out to be, Sir John Macdonald is still, by the rule of Mr. Mills, not incapacitated for the position. Canadians, we are told, would not tolerate him in such a position. Canadians tolerate and honor him in a still more responsible position—that of premier, and will continue to tolerate him as long as that indefatigable statesman desires it. There is one thing Canadians can not tolerate, and that is the stuff which Mr. Mills employs his leisure moments in writing for the Advertiser.

It is useless to refer to the qualities as a statesman which suggested to the New York World the appropriateness of Sir John Macdonald as next Governor-General. He is the greatest constitutional lawyer in Canada; his instinctive shrewdness is proverbial; his popularity is great, and he is in high favor with the Imperial Government. The Dominion, we believe, would gladly hail Sir John Macdonald as successor to the Marquis of Lorne.

A NEW LICENSE LAW.

The following has been suggested as the elementary provisions of a new license law:

1. The maintenance of license inspectors who shall be the County Judge (appointed by the Dominion Government), the registrar (appointed by the Ontario Government), and the county treasurer (appointed by the county council) in each county. In this way political influence will be reduced to a minimum.

2. The appointment of inspector to rest with the county council, who shall also fix his salary. His property qualifications to be the same as councillor,

and to give security to the council for the due fulfillment of all his duties.

3. The rules of the commissioners to be made part of and have the force of the License Act itself. These being made with the assistance of the county judge, would be sure to be in accordance with the law.

4. All monies imposed for licenses to be paid to the county council, who out of the same shall pay the salary and necessary expenses of the inspector and commissioners, and return the balance proportionately to the municipalities.

THE MAYORALTY.

Mr. Hugel in the Field.

Notwithstanding the pledge given the electors last year by Mr. Randall, that if he was returned on that occasion by acclamation he would be perfectly satisfied, and not seek re-election, he is again in the field for the civic chair—and for that matter has been canvassing for the past six months, though not as actively as at the present time. Mr. Randall has been Mayor for four years, and seems to think he has acquired a patent on the position. No doubt he will live long enough to be rudely awakened by a vote of the people to the fact that they are the masters of the situation, if he persists in his present candidature. In the whole history of Port Hope, the Mayor's chair has never been so ineapably filled as under the present incumbent. Mr. Randall is a man of magnificent promises—he has always some grand scheme on hand—but he fails to make his promises good, and his grand schemes always turn out to be wind bubbles, and it is a surprise to us that he has been able to deceive the people so long. That day is past, however, and Mr. Randall will be permitted to take a back seat, whether he desires it or not, and then perhaps he will realize he would have done better to keep at least one promise in the course of his life, and retired now in accordance with his pledge at the time of his last nomination.

Several gentlemen are mentioned as probable candidates against Mr. Randall, the most prominent at present being Mr. A. Hugel, and Mr. H. Burnham, either of whom would be far preferable in every respect. Mr. Burnham has been frequently mentioned during the past two years, and would certainly defeat Mr. Randall. Mr. Hugel's name has been used a great deal the last few days, and we believe, if he concludes to offer himself, he will be well supported and triumphantly elected. We are in the position to state that Mr. Hugel has the subject under consideration, but has not yet made up his mind, though he will likely do so in the course of a few days. In ability he stands head and shoulders over Mr. Randall, and we believe he would make a good and efficient Mayor.

Besides the gentlemen already named, Messrs. Wm. Craig, Jr., James Craick, Stanley Paterson, W. G. Stevenson, J. G. King, Peter Robertson, David Smart, H. A. Ward, and others, are frequently mentioned, any of whom would be a vast improvement on Mr. Randall, whose uselessness is universally admitted.

AS WE were going to press, a telegram was received from Mr. Hugel, authorizing us to announce him as a candidate for the Mayoralty. Good—now, look out, Mr. Randall.

SIR HUGH ALLAN, DEAD.

A most remarkable feature of the past few years is the great number of exceptionally great men who have died. Not the least among these was Sir Hugh Allan, the news of whose death was flashed across the ocean last Saturday, taking the Dominion of Canada by dumb surprise, and casting a gloom over it from one limit to the other.

Sir Hugh Allan was without doubt the greatest Canadian speculator who ever lived. His history is similar to many other great men, starting a poor boy, and gradually rising until the pinnacle of greatness was reached. He was 72 years old, and since 1829 resided in Montreal. His inclination and fortunes ran in the line of shipping, and at the time of his death he controlled the largest line of steamers in the world. In business he was prompt, and had connection with a great many huge concerns, the demands of all of which he attended to with remarkable precision. Montreal will miss him more than any other place. For years he was its soul of business, his vast concerns building up its trade and importance. All through life Sir Hugh was noted for his moral character, and was an active member of the Old Kirk of Scotland. His knowledge was great, and his judgment sound; to such an extent indeed as to be remarkable. A few years ago the politics of Canada was profoundly affected by an offer of Sir Hugh Allan to build the Canada Pacific Railway. It is in this connection that he is best known to the greatest number. Had his offer been accepted, that vast enterprise would have been, at least, ten years ahead of its present stage of advancement. Socially he was equal to himself in other respects. His palatial home in Montreal was the centre of polite society, and his genial intercourse made it one of the most attractive. All the members of the Royal Family who visited this country have enjoyed his hospitality. He was the merchant prince of Canada, and his name will be an enduring one in its history.

ROUND ABOUT US.

There is a hotel-keeper in this city who, some time ago, came into possession of \$1,400 from his father's estate. He had a son, went through \$2,100 in eight weeks, and he salted the balance.—Belleisle Intelligence.

Our old and esteemed friend, Mr. Robert Kennedy, of Bathany, who some few years ago, laid by the Anvil for the Counter, now that he has lost the earnings of many years, by the recent fire, an account of which lately appeared in our columns, has resumed his former occupation, that of a first class blacksmith, in the old premises.—Millbrook Messenger.

The Presbyterian Church, Cobourg, having undergone extensive repairs, will be reopened on Sunday, the 17th inst. Services will be conducted by Rev. A. B. McKay, of Montreal, and Rev. P. M. P. McLeod, of Toronto.

The united parishes of Oshawa and Whitby having been found too much for one priest, Archbishop Lynch has appointed Father McCall to Whitby, Father McEntee still remaining in Oshawa.

Mr. N. Kirchoffer and family, have taken up their residence in Cobourg for the winter.

On Monday evening of last week the new Methodist Church, McCrae's, Manvers, was opened.

Mrs. E. Fallis, of Manvers, has entered a suit against Mr. Geo. Argus for \$500 damages for libel, to be tried at the next general assizes at Cobourg.

China is said to be making great preparations to resist the French expedition to Tonquin. Austria is secretly but rapidly massing her forces along her eastern frontier and repairing her defences. The remains of Sir Hugh Allan are expected in Montreal about Christmas. A public funeral is proposed.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Dr. Orton, it is rumored, is a candidate for the Speakership.

There are now four vacancies in the Senate. The Conservatives of East Durham should press the appointment of Mr. Wm. Craig.

The United States Government is likely to reduce the postage on letters to two cents. Of course, Canada will eventually have to follow suit.

Says the Toronto Telegram: "The day of Criticism is past. The country has had enough of it, and it is not anxious to return to the old order of things."

If one is to judge from President Arthur's message to Congress, the United States is going to make a move towards reducing its tariff. Where a nation has an annual surplus of \$100,000,000, it can well afford to.

A company called the Coal Mining Company has been formed to work the much talked of Saskatchewan coal fields. If reports are true, Manitoba and the North-West have an inexhaustible supply of fuel in these mines.

Mr. David Glass, Q. C., is talked of as the coming leader of the Manitoba opposition. Mr. Greensaw proving a failure. If Mr. Glass is not more successful in controlling the Manitoba Grits than the shareholders of the several monetary institutions for which he was solicitor, we do not bespeak for him a glorious future.

Ottawa has been given the "go-by," and Guelph is to have the next Provincial Exhibition. The question of continuing the grant to the Agricultural and Arts Association, will no doubt be prominent among the questions to be discussed at the coming session of the Local house.

A retaliatory tariff is bringing the Yankees to their senses. Philosopher Mills thought it was useless, if not absurd, for five millions to "back" against fifty millions of people. But the people of Michigan have for some time been agitating for a reciprocal treaty with Canada.

A free trade paper published in Port Hope wants Parliament to place a duty on fine wool, and a Belleville Grit, who is a sash manufacturer, would like an export duty put on lumber. What a nice tariff the Grit free traders would construct, if only their individual opinions could be given effect to!—Belleisle Intelligence.

Some time ago ladies were admitted to Kingston Medical College. It appears, however, that co-education in the study of medicine is not feasible. Many of the subjects necessary to be taught, preclude the idea of modesty on the part of the lady students. Trouble over this has arisen in the college referred to, and the male students are asking for exclusion of the ladies. Their requests have not been acceded to, and they threaten to leave. We imagine that if the former are willing to swallow their modest scruples, the boys should not object. The difficulty is, though, the male students take advantage of the situation—to embarrass those of the opposite sex, by giving a low turn to the delicate points of the lectures. The ladies become offended; the male students think they have no business there, and hence the difficulty.

ELIZABETHVILLE.

ELIZABETHVILLE, Dec. 12, 1882.

MILLING.—Mr. J. M. G. Young has now one of the finest mills in the country. Last month he ground 138 grists, besides grain of his own.

PERRYTOWN.—The Perrytown correspondent of the "Medical Journal" must be sadly misinformed, or is about to part with the remnants of his brain, else he would not refer to our village as being chiefly composed of bachelors. Every person knows there is not such another village in the country as Perrytown for bachelors. It is literally full of them.

A STRANGER ON OUR VILLAGE.—A stranger when referring to our village on last Sunday evening, said that the scenery of it was passing beautiful, and the location hard to beat. He also said with a sly twinkle in his eye, that he could say little about the village as the place where he thought it was, was covered with a foot and a half of snow.

WASHINGTON.

Washington despatches announce that the Marquis of Lorne has applied for a military escort from San Francisco to San Antonio, Texas, in consequence of the discovery of a plot by the Indians to kidnap himself and the Princess Louise, and detain them until ransomed by the British Government.

The employees of the Internal Revenue Bureau, Washington, are in a condition bordering on panic in consequence of the reduction of taxation. It is estimated that should the project be carried out the Government will be able to dispense with the services of some 2,000 of the departmental officials.

It is understood that after Christmas Lord Derby will be invited to join the Gladstone Cabinet, which will be reconstructed, Mr. Childers, now Secretary for War, taking the Chancellorship of the Exchequer, and Sir Charles Dilke entering the Ministry. It is also said to be possible that Mr. Gladstone may retire before the next session, in February, in which case the Marquis of Hartington would become Prime Minister.

The loss by the fire in London on Thursday night—which by the way is said to have been the most extensive conflagration in the British metropolis since the Tooley street fire—is estimated at three million pounds. The burnt area is over two acres. One firm alone lost stock to the amount of three million dollars. One fireman is believed to have been killed and buried by falling debris, and eight persons were injured.

The delegates from the various boards of health throughout the Dominion had interviews with Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. Pope, Minister of Agriculture, on the subject of the formation of a Bureau of Vital Statistics for the Dominion. It was explained that the matter lay within the jurisdiction of the Provincial Legislatures, and that the Federal Government could not interfere without an amendment of the British North America Act.

WELCOME.

Business has been on the hum in the Welcome carriage works for the last two or three weeks, the workmen, on account of so many orders being received, having to work extra time.

Mr. Roberts had, at the beginning of winter, quite a stock of cutters on hand, but every one, we believe, has been sold, and orders received for more. He has ordered a large amount of stock, and intends going into carriage building extensively for the trade next summer.

The Welcome choir attended the funeral services of the late John Tamblay, Esq., at Zion.

The roads, at present writing, though pretty well filled with snow in places, are seemingly in passable order, if we can judge from the many heavy loads passing through here every day. It is time, we think, that the Road Company would consider the advisability of putting wire fences along the roads in certain places. Many farmers would, we believe, build the fence did the company furnish the wire. It would certainly, in the end, be cheaper, as well as more convenient for the public on account of the better roads.

We are sorry to have to record the death of Mrs. Grass, a daughter of H. Walker, Esq., and her three children, in Belleville, Mr. Walker and family have the sympathy of the community in their affliction. Cause, diphtheria.

NEWCASTLE.

NEWCASTLE, Dec. 12, 1882.

Our usually quiet town was somewhat enlivened by the Chief Constable of Port Hope coming and taking one of our citizens. Mr. L. Reynolds, of Port Hope, handed the reins over to Mr. Reuben Bennett, Chief of our town, who kept him in the Queen's hotel until he was called for by L. R. C. C. We understand the warrant was issued by C. Southport, of Port Hope, for non contract in a matter of seed peas, the victim selling the peas and appropriating the money to his own use.

Our Christmas list is at hand. Mr. L. Mueson has bought a large quantity of superior animals for beavers and mutton. We are pleased to learn that the people of this corporation are so well satisfied with the doings of the Reeve, and Council, that they are not going to have any opposition the ensuing year.

WARNING TO PARENTS.—A young lad, aged nine years, shot his brother, aged seven, through the top of the head with a revolver. Dr. Brent was immediately sent for, but unfortunately the shot did not prove fatal.

John Kinch, we are glad to learn, is gradually improving in health.

Josie's Thanksgiving.

There was a very happy Thanksgiving at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of No. 319 East Fifty-second street, New York, and as the hitherto moderately furnished apartments were freshly furnished up with the addition of two cosy arm-chairs, a reporter inquired of Mrs. Miller how she had been able to make so many comfortable changes, to which she replied: "It is all due to our dear little daughter, Josie; she is a great pet and solace to me and her father, and although only 15 years of age, has worked very hard as a seamstress, earning but a meagre pittance to help us put the money by."

"I was afraid," interrupted Mr. Miller, and the tears came to his eyes as he spoke, "that the little darling would overwork herself, and I encouraged her to save a few dollars for a dark day. About the beginning of November I was surprised when she told me that she had sent a dollar by mail to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., with the expectation of making a large fortune. I did not approve of it at first; when she said she had done the same thing before, and had implicit faith in the Louisiana State Lottery Company. Imagine what an agreeable disappointment we received on the 14th of November last, when we were notified that ticket numbered 52,115, which she held was entitled to one-fifth of the capital donation of \$75,000."

"Did Miss Josephine collect her share promptly?" queried the reporter.

"Oh, yes indeed; Mr. Dauphin paid over to the express company \$15,000 to the order of Miss Josephine Miller, and she got the money last week."

"Was she satisfied with her success?" suggested the reporter.

"The little darling was so crazy with joy that I asked her to take a little vacation," and the old gentleman smiled, as he thanked the reporter for congratulating him upon his daughter's good fortune.—Philadelphia Record, December 6.

Returns from the various districts of Manitoba, indicate that the Norquay Government will be sustained at the approaching elections.

BROWNVILLE OCT. 4, 1882.

I write to tell you of the great and lasting benefits I have received from Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam. I had disease of the lungs for over two years. All the doctors I tried considered my case hopeless. A friend recommended your Balsam. When I began taking it I had violent coughing fits and strangulation from phlegm; my feet and limbs were swollen, and hectic fever had full possession of me. The Balsam relieved all these symptoms and made a complete cure of me. I am desirous of making my cure known. R. WITBENS.

It is asserted in Vienna that after the completion of his mission in Egypt, Lord Dufferin will be appointed British Ambassador to Austria in the room of Sir Henry Elliot, who will be sent to Constantinople.

Washington despatches announce that the Marquis of Lorne has applied for a military escort from San Francisco to San Antonio, Texas, in consequence of the discovery of a plot by the Indians to kidnap himself and the Princess Louise, and detain them until ransomed by the British Government.

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ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

The Garden Hill butcher comes up to-day for trial at Cobourg. There are ten or twelve indictments against him.

At the opening of the County Court, on Tuesday, Sidney Smith, Q. C., of Cobourg, referred to His Honor, Judge Benson, in most complimentary terms.

St. John's Choir are preparing two magnificent selections for Christmas: the "Hallelujah Chorus," and "Unto us a Child is Born" from the "Messiah."

REMEMBER Prof. Richardson's art entertainment to night in the Music Hall. Admission, 35c; reserved seats, 50c; children's reserved seats, with parents, 25c. It is good. Go, hear and see.

RECOVERING.—Mrs. Williams, wife of Col. Williams, M. P., has been seriously ill for several days. As we go to press we learn that she is much better, and the physicians in attendance express strong hopes for her recovery.

THE Midland Railway was badly blocked with snow last week. So dense was the storm of snow that raged in the vicinity of Cambray, that two engines collided, the drivers not being able to see two feet ahead of them. Two days work was necessary to clear the track and allow traffic to be resumed. The mails were considerably delayed, and freight was suspended entirely.

ART ENTERTAINMENT.—Speaking of Prof. Richardson's art entertainment, which Mr. Shepherd has secured for to-morrow evening, the Dominion Churchman says:—The view of Trafalgar Square, Cleopatra's Needle, Somerset House, the Thames Embankment, were particularly good, and in the views of the choir and altar of Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's, the effects were exceedingly fine and delicate. The song of "London Bridge," by Mr. Reed, brought tears to many eyes, while that well-known structure was being presented to the view of the audience. Frequent applause told how well Professor Richardson and Mr. Arthur Richardson (who worked the light), performed their parts.

JUDGE'S DINNER.—His Honor, Judge Benson, on the occasion of holding his first court, Cobourg, entertained the members of the Bar attending, and other leading gentlemen, to a dinner in the Horton House, on Tuesday evening last. The dinner was an excellent one, and did much credit to mine host of the Horton. The following gentlemen sat down, Judge Boswell, Sheriff Waddell, Gilbert Bedford, Warden; J. Vance Grayley, Mayor; Hon. Sidney Smith, Q. C.; Wm. Kerr, Q. C.; John Kerr, County Attorney; Col. Chatterton, Clerk of Court; John Dumble, Henry Smith, H. F. Holland, Geo. Boswell, J. W. Gordon, Brighton; R. Benson, E. A. Macnachten, County Clerk and Treasurer; and Thos. H. Clarke, Foreman Grand Jury.

TWO THIEVES NABBED.

On Monday night Mr. Jas. Christopher, proprietor of the Lakeview House, G. T. B. station, had a horse, cutter, harness and robes stolen. Late on Tuesday evening a telegram was received by Mr. J. A. Haw, from Mr. J. Chalmers, Young's Point, Stony Lake, to the effect that two young men were trying to sell a horse, etc., at very low figures. The Chief Constable was at once notified, and he telegraphed for their arrest at Young's Point, which was promptly attended to. Mr. Marshall went out on Tuesday evening to Peterboro' by train, and took a horse and cutter for Lakefield, where the two young men were put in his charge by the Lakefield Constable. The Chief Constable drove home with his prisoners, reaching here about eleven a. m. yesterday. The prisoners, who are two Frenchmen, aged about 20 years, were remanded until this morning. They will likely be tried at the present session of the County Court, Cobourg. We omitted to remark that the horse and rig found in their possession was the property stolen from Mr. Christopher. One of the thieves had been in his employ for some time.

How an Artist Treated His Visitor.

To the Editor of the Salem (Mass.) Register: I would have accepted your kind invitation to visit you in your new quarters with pleasure before this, had not my old enemy, Mr. Rheumatism, pounced on me so suddenly. He arrived last Friday, and, without stopping to send up his card, rushed in and seized me by the hand with such a grip that in a few hours my hand and wrist were so badly swollen and painful that I felt as though one of Mr. Hatch's coal teams had run over me. Mr. Rheumatism has been a constant visitor of mine for several years; always swells and puts on a great many airs and makes himself at home, devouring my substance and leaving me poor in flesh and pocket. Last winter he came and stole two months I then made up my mind that the next time he came I would change his diet, as he always gobbles down everything set before him. I was somewhat at a loss what to feed him with, but finally concluded to give him three square meals a day of St. Jacobs Oil—morning, noon and night. This fare he is disgusted with, and is packing up his trunk and will leave by to-morrow or next day; says he cannot stop any longer as he has pressing business elsewhere. He is a treacherous fellow, and I have no doubts he intends visiting some of our Salem friends; if he does just give him the same fare that I did and he won't stop long. J. S. LEFAYOVR.

THE BEST OFFER YET.

By advertisement it will be seen that we offer the TIMES and The Rural Canadian for the small sum of \$1 60. The Rural Canadian is a handsome, illustrated paper, carefully edited; and, although only started last year, is already a popular periodical with the farmer of the Dominion. New features and improvements are promised for the coming year.

Millbrook, and Bethany Special Notices.

J. J. PRESTON, Grain dealer, Bethany will pay the Highest Market Price for all kinds of grain at all seasons of the year.

MARKET REPORTS.

Oswego Markets. Oswego Dec. 9, 1882.

Barley—Sales 10,000 bu. No. 1 bright Canada at 94c, 10,000 bu. do at 92c, 6,000 bu. do at 91c, 3,000 bu. do at 90c, 1,500 bu. do at 89c, 6,000 bu. No. 1 Canada at 89c, 13,000 bu. do at 88c, 2,000 bu. No. 2 extra Canada at 87c, 7,000 bu. Canada by sample at 86c, 10,000 bu. No. 2 Canada at 78c, 9,000 bu. do above grade at 82c.

The following statement shows the imports of new crop barley from a few of the principal Canadian ports since Sept. 1st to the close of navigation in the years named:

Table with columns: From, 1882, 1881, 1880, 1879. Rows include Toronto, Hamilton, Whitby, Ottawa, Newcastle, Granby, Darlington, Port Hope, Cobourg, Grafton, Colborne, Brighton, Kingston, Gananoque, Brockville, Belleville, Napanee, Trenton, Bath, Picton, Adolphustown, Wellington, Deseronto.

Of the total imports in 1882, 1,828,210 bu. came from ports above Brighton, and 1,908,425 bu. from Bay Quinte district.

IRWIN & SLOAN.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

A CHOICE STOCK

Fancy Goods

CHRISTMAS CARDS,

VELOCIPEDS.

Books, etc.,

suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

will be received at

THE TIMES OFFICE,

IN A FEW DAYS

Wait and See Them

Before Purchasing.

As the entire stock must be disposed of by the 1st of January, the Goods will be sold at

VERY LOW PRICES.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the Newcastle Harbor, up to the 19th day of December, inst., for alterations to be made in the Storehouse at Port Newcastle.

FRANCIS NICHOLSON, Secretary, Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1882.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED

To the Estate of the late

LEWIS ROSS

Are requested to settle their accounts immediately with Mr. John Wright, Solicitor, Walton street, Port Hope, who has been authorized to collect the same.

Port Hope, Oct. 12th, 1882.

CASH

Paid for all kinds of

TIMBER

Such as ASH, MAPLE, BIRCH, ELM, BASSWOOD, PINE, and HEMLOCK, delivered at our

Saw Mills at Kendall,

W. JACKSON, & SON.

GRAND CLOSING SALE AT THE PORT HOPE CASH STORE

Having decided to CLOSE THE ESTABLISHMENT IN THIRTY DAYS

We will give our patrons one Grand Benefit in General Dry Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Ready-made Clothing, Boots & Shoes, etc.

This sale is bona-fide, as we prefer closing out the stock at a sacrifice, to save cost and trouble of removing. Coffee Mills, Counter Scales, Letter Press, Safe, Coal Oil Tank, and Shop Fictures FOR SALE, at less than half price.

We have discontinued the Auction Sale, having disposed of all unsaleable Goods, so that we will offer nothing at this immense sale but FIRST-CLASS GOODS, imported this fall. Come at once and secure bargains. Store to rent.

PORT HOPE CASH STORE, St. Lawrence Hall Buildings.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, &c., Brockville, Ont.," will be received at his office until FRIDAY, the 22nd day of December, inclusive, for the erection of

POST OFFICE, &c., BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of the Postmaster at Brockville, on and after Monday, the 11th December next.

Tenders must be made on the printed form supplied.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, F. H. ENNIS, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 26th Nov., 1882.

NOMINATION MEETING.

A MEETING FOR THE NOMINATION OF

Reeve, Deputy-Reeves & Councillors,

FOR THE TOWNSHIP OF HOPE

For the year 1883, will be held in the GRANGE HALL, WELCOME,

ON FRIDAY, 22nd DECEMBER, '82, AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

E. E. DODDS, Clerk. Hope, Dec. 7th, 1882.

VOTERS' LIST FOR 1883

of the Municipality of the TOWN OF PORT HOPE

County of Durham, one of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth Sections of "The Voters' List Act," the copies required by the said Section to be transmitted or delivered of the List made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of said Municipality to be entitled to vote in said Municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections, and said list was first posted up at my office at Port Hope, on the Twenty-ninth day of November, 1882, and remains there for inspection. Electors are called upon to examine said List and if any omission or other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to Law. Dated at Port Hope, this Twenty-ninth day of November, 1882.

M. V. SANDERS, Town Clerk.

STRAYED.

FROM the premises of the subscriber, Lot 29, 8th Con. Hope, on the 10th of November last, a RED HEIFER, marked with white—short turn-down horns—rising three years old. Anyone having such an animal will confer a favor by communicating with W. S. PICKUP, Elizabethville P.O. Anyone having the animal in their possession after this notice will be prosecuted.

AUCTION SALE OF LAND, CEDAR AND HARDWOOD.

The following will be sold by Public Auction, On South Half Lot 7, in 6th Con. Clarke,

ON WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20th

Inst., at 10 o'clock a.m.:

The Cedar, on south half lot 7, con. 6.

The Pine, Ash, Hemlock, Birch, etc., on same lot.

The south half lot 7, con. 6, (about 112 acres) will be offered for sale.

The north half of same lot, (about 112 acres) will also be offered for sale. There are about 70 acres of hardwood.

The north-west quarter of lot 6, con. 6, will be offered for sale.

For further particulars see large posters, or apply to

H. H. BURNHAM, Proprietor.

JAS. KERR, Auctioneer.

Executors' Notice.

PURSUANT to Section 34 of Chapter 107 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, notice is hereby given that all Creditors and others having claims against the estate of JANE TRICKEY, late of the Township of Clarke, in the County of Durham, married woman, deceased, who died on or about the 25th day of October, A.D. 1882, are required, on or before the 30th day of December, A.D. 1882, to send by post, pre-paid, to Messrs. Wright & Wright, of the village of Newcastle, solicitors for Edward Simmons and John Bellwood, executors of the last will and testament of the said Jane Trickey, deceased, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; and further take notice that after the said 30th day of December, A.D. 1882, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate of the said Jane Trickey, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having reference only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and the executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them or their said solicitors at the time of such distribution. Dated at Newcastle 5th day of December, A. D. 1882.

WRIGHT & WRIGHT, Solicitors for said Executors.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO'S IMPROVED BUTTER COLOR A NEW DISCOVERY. For several years we have furnished the Dairy men of America with an excellent artificial color for butter; so meritorious that it met with great success everywhere receiving the highest and only prizes at both International Dairy Fairs.

ONE.

The FIRST ingredient in DR. WILSON'S PULMONARY CHERRY BALSAM is an extract of wild cherry bark, which soothes the irritated surfaces in the lungs and air passages, acts as a tonic to the stomach, giving a healthy appetite, has a soothing, sedative influence on the heart and blood vessels, preventing palpitation.

TWO.

The SECOND loosens and displaces the tough, stringy phlegm which causes so much pain and distress, and which is the cause of the convulsive coughing.

THREE.

The THIRD ingredient heals. It is the vital property of the peculiarly soothing and healing gums of the white pine and fir of southern climes, at the same time grateful and beneficial to the stomach.

FOUR.

The FOURTH ingredient is a pleasing and soothing lubricant that supplies the place of the mucous secretion which, while the organs are healthy, coats the mucous membrane, keeping it soft and natural. It at first supplies the place of the decreased secretions and assists in restoring them so as to perform their proper and most important duties.

All these working together, beneficially, make DR. WILSON'S PULMONARY CHERRY BALSAM the best cure known for throat and lung diseases.

Sold in 25 and 40 Cent Bottles—the 40 Cent size containing double the quantity of the 25 Cent size. Sold by all Druggists and Medicine.

J. W. BRAYLEY, MONTREAL.

W. BLAKLEY, JOHN STREET.

Railroad Watches, DUST AND WATERPROOF.

One of the largest stocks of Gold & Silver Watches, All kinds of Jewelry, Wedding Rings of the finest quality, Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, Pipes, Pocket Knives, and other articles too numerous to mention.

PRICES THE LOWEST IN THE TOWN. REPAIRING DONE PROMPTLY. W. BLAKLEY, John Street.

THOUSANDS OF FANCY GOODS FOR XMAS PRESENTS AT J. & T. WICKETT'S. FANCY HANDKERCHIEFS at 5c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c and 25c. HUNDREDS OF SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.—Silk Handkerchiefs at 12 1/2, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c.—Silk Handkerchiefs at 75c, 90c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.40, \$1.50, \$1.75.

NOVELTIES FOR XMAS AT LELEAN'S WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR GREAT DISCOUNT SALE Commencing this week, to continue till New Year's Day. COME AND SEE One of the best assorted stocks of DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY we have ever shown in Port Hope. Great Inducements to Cash Buyers.

J. CRAICK & CO., IMPORTERS, offer Splendid Value in Black and Colored Cashmeres, Costume Cloths, in all shades, Colored and Black Velveteens, silk finish, Real Camel's Hair Shawls, Mantle Cloths, in all Shades, BLANKETS AND FLANNELS. J. C. & C. import the genuine "Baldwin" 4-ply Woolen Yarn, each skein bearing the Manufacturer's Trade Mark, and sell the same at about wholesale importers' prices.

READY FOR BUSINESS Splendid New Stock OF Cloths, Tweeds, Hats, Caps, etc. JUST RECEIVED, AT PITTS' OLD STAND. CALL AND LEAVE YOUR MEASURE FOR A SUIT.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES. MRS. RYAN Is showing a splendid assortment of Goods suitable for the Holiday Season. Ladies' Kid Gloves, Wool and Chenille Scarfs, Silk and Lace Ties, Wool Clouds, etc., etc. Flexible and Cordaline Corsets, \$1. Spoon Busk Corsets, 50c.; together with a full line of MILLINERY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS! W. WILLIAMSON Invites the attention of intending purchasers to his large stock of Goods suitable for presents, among which will be found

Water Colors, Fine English Chromos, and Steel Engravings. Frames in Great Variety. JAPANESE AND WHITE WOOD GOODS; GLOVE, HANDKERCHIEF, AND OTHER BOXES; LADIES' LEATHER AND FLUSH SATCHELS AND PURSES, FANCY INK STANDS, ALBUMS, PORTFOLIOS, DESKS, WORK BOXES, LADIES' COMPANIONS, BOOKS, suitable for Presents; CARD CASES, VASES, etc. His stock of CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS is now complete, comprising the publications of De La Rue, Prang & Co., Raphael Tuck, and others, in addition to which he has imported a very handsome line, made specially for himself, ornamented with views of Port Hope.

TIRED OF SUFFERING.

An Ex-Police Officer's Story—The Agony is Over.

Mr. M. Hymen, proprietor of the Pioneer S ore, No. 102 J street, is now one of the happiest men in Sacramento, where as a short time since the fields for him were in vain to look for in their garb of winter-green, and the sunshine of California was as a glimpse of the midnight sun at Spitzbergen. He had the rheumatism. What man tortured with rheumatism can delight in the beauties of nature or care a fig whether the sun shines or not? Mr. Hymen did not know what to do about it. He had taken the prescriptions of physicians, but the dull, dead ache and the horror and dread agony was still there; The heavens to him were as though covered with the pall of unending night. Others might smile, but Mr. Hymen found no cause to allow a ray of mirth to creep into his face. This sort of thing had gone on with him at intervals for years, and there seemed no help for him. But the poet tell us that the darkest cloud has a silver lining. The darkest hour is always just before the dawn. There was help for him—relief present and permanent for his racked body. At last some one told him of the Great German Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil. "What use a more liniment, after exhausting the skill of doctors? Why, it means to talk of it." "Well, just try the Great Remedy," said the voice of his friend. He tried it again. "What is this? Relief! He tried it again. More relief! "Is this the wand of the magician? Yes, it is a relief—sweet relief, after woful nights of agony and days long drawn out with "suffering!" At last he had discovered the solution of his trouble. He was cured. Since this happy recovery the gentleman cannot say enough in praise of the Great German Remedy. He advises all to use St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism. He says there is nothing under the dome of the universe comparable to it as a pain annihilator. His recommendations in the past few weeks have been the means of selling hundreds of bottles of the wonderful specific, and many are glad of the time when he urged them to use it. His was a wonderful cure.

Mr. W. B. Ferrill, the well-known policeman of this city, has also felt the powerful friendship which the St. Jacobs Oil extends in the hour of physical suffering. Mr. Ferrill was severely afflicted with rheumatism. He got tired suffering, and determined to call in the aid of the grand old specific. It did not fail him. The disease was deep seated and declined to yield without a struggle; but the application of two bottles of the Oil made it fly away and cease from troubling. He is now well and hearty. He recommends the afflicted to rely on St. Jacobs Oil as the most ready and efficient cure for pain in the world. Captain O. O. Laraway, who runs that most thriving and well stocked grocery, corner of Sixth and N streets, is a great sufferer from neuralgia. While the reporter was in there the other day, waiting his turn for supplies, the Captain told him that the Great German Remedy was a powerful liniment. It had relieved him of neuralgia, and given him many hours of ease. His clerk also owned to having had the backbone taken out of some very rheumatic pains which had possessed his legs, much to his annoyance, for some time. The foregoing should convince even the most skeptical that the article in question is indeed a great remedy and conquerer of all pains.—"Sacramento (Cal.) Record Union."

Consumption Cured.

From ANDREW ARCHER, of Fairfield, Me. "Seeing numerous certificates in the Maine Farmer, endorsing the Great Lung Remedy, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I take great pleasure in giving publicity to the great cure it accomplished in my family in the year 1853. During the summer of that year my son, Henry A. Archer, now postmaster of this place, was attacked with spitting of blood, cough, weakness of lungs, and general debility, so much so that our family physician declared him to have a 'fatal consumption.' He was under medical treatment for a number of months, but received no benefit. At length, from the solicitation of himself and others, I was induced to purchase one bottle of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which benefited him so much that he obtained another, which in a short time restored him to his usual state of health. I can safely recommend this remedy to others in like condition, for it is, in all respects, to be the GREAT LUNG REMEDY FOR THE TIMES! The above statement, gentlemen, is my voluntary offering to you in favor of your BALSAM, and it is at your disposal." 50 cents and \$1 a bottle. Sold by dealers generally.

BRIC-A-BRAC.

A soldier under fire in Egypt for the first time, commenced a strategic movement to the rear. "You are a wretched coward," said one of his companions. "Possibly I am," replied the retreating sage, but I prefer being a coward for five minutes to being a corpse for all time." Pimples and blotches vanish like chaff before the wind, when Churchill's Climax Eye Salve and Ointment is applied. Price 25 cents.

A Georgia man who lives at Conyers in that State, and who must have Yankee blood in him, claims to be the boss swapper in that section. Ten years ago he bought a pocket knife for which he paid \$2. He swapped this for a pistol; he swapped the pistol for a shot gun, the gun for a cow, the cow for a horse, and sold the horse for \$500. This sum he invested in such a manner that he has \$3,000, all the result of his knife trade.

MOTHERS DON'T KNOW.—How many children are punished for being uncouth, wilful, and indifferent to instructions or rewards, simply because they are out of health! An intelligent lady said of a child of that kind: "Mothers should know that if they would give the little ones moderate doses of Hop Bitters for two or three weeks, the children would be all a parent could desire."

An Arkansas editor was arraigned before a court on a charge of assaulting a reporter. The judge, who was formerly a newspaper man, but who had been accused of political fraud and consequently elected to office, was very much interested in the case. "I acknowledge that I assaulted him," said the editor. "One morning when I took up the paper I saw the following, which the reporter had written: 'An unknown stranger, whose name we failed to get, committed fatal suicide yesterday.' "Your defence is sufficient," said the judge, "and I have the pleasure of discharging you."

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers, 15c.

Mr. Gladstone stated in the House of Commons Tuesday that the total cost of the Egyptian war, including the transportation of the troops homeward, would be about three and a half millions.

Undoubtedly the best medicine to keep on hand for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Pulmonary troubles generally, is Haggard's Pectoral Balsam. It will not cure consumption, but it will cure those troublesome conditions leading thereto.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injure the complexion, induce pimples, sallow skin, etc. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose.

Twelve years ago Mr. Joseph Morgan started a cattle ranch in Ford county, Kansas, on borrowed capital. He recently sold a choice herd of 4,000 head for \$100,000 cash.

A Big Investment. G. M. Everett, of Forest, states that Haggard's Pectoral Balsam still holds its own amongst the many cough medicines in the market. He says that he has sold it for nearly sixteen years, and the sales are steadily increasing. One family has purchased over 50 bottles for various members and friends.

The 10th of November received much attention from the German press as being the birthday of three men to whom Germany owes most that has given her distinctiveness among the nations—namely, Luther, the founder of Protestantism; Schiller, one of the chief creators of German literature, and Schopenhauer, the organizer of the Prussian army.

An important departure from the griping, debilitating and sickening compounds, are Hope's Regulating Pills, only 10 cents a sample box, try them.

There are in San Francisco four palatial houses, worth together more than \$3,000,000. Their owners, ex Gov. Stanford, Charles Crocker, Mrs. Mark Hopkins, and Mr. Clinton, represent about \$130,000,000. The magnificent structures stand unoccupied about ten months of each year.

Pectoral Pectorial. The great and true remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Catarrh and Consumption. Have you tried "Pectorial"? It is sold in 25 cent bottles. If you cannot procure it from your dealer enclose \$1.00 to Smith & McGlashan, Toronto, and we will send you free by express 5 bottles. It may save your life.

In Cuba it is one of the duties of the Alcald, or Justice of the Peace, to superintend dramatic performances and other public entertainments, and to punish the performers, if in his judgment, they deserve it. Not long since a little travelling drama of the order known in the United States as "barnstormers," played the "Gordian Knot" in one of the small country towns, and played it very badly, in consequence of their imperfect knowledge of their parts, which compelled the promoter's voice to be heard continually. The Alcald, who was present was much disgusted. At the end of the leading man of the company, according to custom, advanced to the footlight and announced: "Ladies and gentlemen, tomorrow we will have the honor of presenting before the illustrious public 'The Philosopher Without Knowing It.' "Sto!" shouted the Alcald furiously, "you have given us this evening 'The Knot' without knowing it, and if to-morrow you don't know 'The Philosopher,' I warn you that you shall all go to jail!"

Holloway's Ointment & Pills.—Though it is impossible, in this climate of changing temperature, to prevent ill-health altogether, yet its form and frequency may be much mitigated by the early adoption of remedial measures. When hoarseness, cough, tickle-breating, and the attending slight fever indicate irritation of the throat or chest, Holloway's Ointment should be rubbed upon these parts without delay, and his Pills taken in appropriate doses, to promote its curative action. No catarrhs or sore throats can resist these remedies. Printed directions envelope every package of Holloway's medicaments, which are suited to all ages and condition, and to every ordinary disease to which humanity is liable.

Jilted maidens frequently avenge their wrongs by bringing actions for breach of promise; it is rarely that they have opportunity of enjoying such a sweet revenge as that which fell in the way of a girl at Llandillo the other day. Three years ago she was jilted by a young farmer, who recently began to make fresh overtures. The young lady listened to his suit and accepted him. He took a fresh farm, nicely furnished the house and fixed the happy day. At the last moment he was informed that the lady had changed her mind, as he had done three years before, and on the very day fixed for the wedding she was married to another man.

It is pure healthy blood that beautifies the face and brightens the eye, and gives elasticity to the step, obtained by using the Fountain of Health. Price 25 cents.

MIND YOUR P's AND Q's.—We were asked the other day to explain the foregoing expression. Several explanations have been given, but none seem to be wholly satisfactory. The following comes nearest to the point of the caution: In the reign of Louis XIV., when wigs of unwieldy size were worn, and bows were made with great formality, two things were especially required, a "step" with the feet and a low bend of the body. In the latter the wig would be very apt to get deranged, and to even fall off. The constant caution therefore of the French dancing master to his pupils was "Mind your P's (i.e., p'eds, feet,) and Q's (i.e., queues, wigs)."

Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh and consumption in its first stages are treated at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, where the Spirometer is used, and instrument invented by Dr. M. Souville of Paris, and ex-aid surgeon of the French Army, which conveys the medicines in the form of cold inhalations to the parts diseased. Suitable constitutional treatment is used when required. Consultations and a trial of the Spirometer free. Poor people bearing certificates furnished with the instrument free. When not convenient to visit the office write, enclosing stamps, for pamphlets giving full particulars to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Phillips square, Montreal. 47-ff.

ZION SCHOOL.

IV CLASS.—Mary Taylor, Eliza Walker, Mary Harness. III CLASS, Senior—Samuel Fry, Alice Taylor, Laura Welch, Mary Irwin, Laura Farron, Bertie Tamblin. III CLASS, Junior—Arthur Fry, Wm. Brightwell, Robt Harness. II CLASS—Mabel Welch, Evelyn Hancock, Edith Walker, James Walker, Eliza Dickinson, Jenny Edwards, Sara Dickinson. WM. G. GIST, Teacher.

WHEN WE REFLECT THAT PHOSPHATES are half the bulk of the body, are the source of nerve power, are necessary to the healthy development of tissues, are essential elements of the gastric juice, are required in a uniform quantity daily to maintain the vitality, it is easily seen why Wheeler's Phosphate and Gaisina is so valuable in all prostrate conditions of the system when the digestive apparatus is too feeble to prepare from the food the necessary supply of those agents for the wants of the body.

NEWTONVILLE.

Names of not more than five pupils in each class are given. Fourth Class—Edith Jones, Ed Scates, Wil. Oliver, Wm. Hallowell, Robert Scates. Third Class—Geo. McMurry, Lizzie Quackinbush, Alice Hallowell, May Mitchell. Second Class—Giddus Jones, Ernest Scates, Ed Oliver, Bert Hancock. II, Part I.—Ida Bates, Gene Bates, Annie Waddell, Minnie Morgan. I Class, Senior—Fred Smith, Willie Waddell, Geo. Hancock, Willie Morgan, Maggie Whittaker. I Class, Junior—Fred Brookland, Jimmy Dickinson, Willie Pethick, Ada Lord. Average attendance was 48. GEO. WILSON, Teacher.

L. S. NO. 3 HOPE, DALE.

Fourth Class—Howard Rosevear, 1st, Thos. Jackson, 2nd. Third Class, Senior—1st Victoria Maybee and Lizzie Hartcutt; 2nd, John Scott; 3rd, Wm. Irving; 4th, Joseph Dafeo. Third Junior—Maudie McCullum, 1st; Ella Smith, 2nd; Edith Bassett, 3rd. Second Class—Winnie McCullum, 1st; Aggie Heasman, 2nd; Miles Linnott, 3rd; Louisa Murney, 4th. Part 2nd—Ida Heasman, 1st; Angeline Bassett, 2nd; Eva Hartcutt, 3rd. At the recent examination held in the various schools of the county under the superintendence of J. T. Tilley, Esq., the pupils in this school passed a creditable examination, especially in Junior classes, viz: Junior 3rd and Second classes; four in Senior. Second obtained 70 per cent. and over, and one took over 80 per cent. A. J. H. STRIKE, Teacher.

A Secret. The secret of beauty lies in pure blood and good health, without the one the other is impossible. Burdock Blood Bitters is the grand key that unlocks all the secretions, and opens the avenue to health by purifying and regulating all the organs to a proper action. It cures all Scrofulous Diseases, acts on the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Skin and Bowels, and brings the bloom of health to the pallid cheek.

CARTWRIGHT, NO. 3.

Fourth Class—Annie Carcandine, Matthew Devitt. Third Class—James Devitt, Frank White, Mary J. Irwin, Andrew Bruce. Second Class, Senior—David Johnston, Arthur Beebe, George Hutchinson, John McKee. Second Class, Junior—Tilly McKee, Josephine Johnston, Tommy Devitt, Eddie Coulton, Minnie Coulton. II Part, 1st Class, Senior—Aggie Johnston, Willie Coulton, Helen Tompson, William Paul. II Part, 1st Class, Junior—May Bence, Minnie Beebe, William Irwin. I Part—Fred Bingham, Jane Genant, Charlie Beebe, Fred Coulton, Annie Tennant, Lizzie Goheen. M. H. Sisson, Teacher. CANTON.

Fifth class—Mary Seymour. Fourth class—Harry Bean, Nellie Peters, Jennie Gist. Third class, senior—James Seymour, John Graham, Annie Hill. Third class, junior—Louis Cann, Willie Bye, Alice Cann. Second class—Mina Kinsman, Archie Vint, Clara Mollen. Part II—Bessie Gismann, Eddie Boulton, Emma Darling. Average attendance, 60. R. D. DAVIDSON, Teacher. Canton, Dec. 4, 1882.

PERRYTON.

Fourth class—Willie Caldwell. Third class, senior—Roddie Caldwell, Geo. Wilson, Fred Wilson, Harry McKewen. Third class, junior—Willie Barrett, M. E. White. Second book, senior—Susy Blake, Milton White, Eliza Fair, Belle Caldwell. Second book, junior—Thomas Smith, Maggie Thompson, Robbie Black, Susy Thompson. Part II, senior—Charles Moore, Maggie Fair, Florence Wilson, Etie Beers. Part II, junior—Hilliard Caldwell, Elsie Wicks, Fred Wicks. Part I—Sybil Wilson and John Routly, equal, Clara Smith, Willie Fleming. W. H. SYMONS, teacher.

LIFFORD.

Fifth class—Maggie, Atkinson, A. W. Hooper. Fourth class—Nellie Preston, Martha Atkinson, James Neals. Third class, senior—Minnie Magill, Lillie Chambers, Annie Staples, Eva Dobson. Third class, junior—Flora Hooper, Thomas McKee. Second class—Norton Mills, Charlotte Atkinson, Ida Galloway. First class—Fred Staples, S. Violet Wilson. R. IDA J. PRESTON, teacher.

Free of Cost.

All persons wishing to test the merits of a great remedy—one that will positively cure Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs—are requested to call at G. A. Mitchell's Drug Store and get a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption free of cost, which will show you what a regular dollar-size bottle will do.

A Dog's Funeral.

Nearly a year ago a gentleman died in affluent circumstances at Kirkwood, and left a childless widow. The husband, who never enjoyed the proud distinction of being called a father, lavished his surplus affections on a fine shepherd dog by the name of Dash. This canine was provided for in his master's will by the setting aside of a certain house and lot, the monthly rent from which was to be appropriated to "Dash's sole benefit during his natural life." In this way the dog's days were comfortably provided for, and the gentleman's wife was named as Dash's guardian.—Shortly after her husband's death the lady went to New York to assuage her grief, but she didn't take the dog along. In her absence Dash was taken very sick, and a telegram informed her of the animal's affliction. True to the last will and testament of her late husband, she telegraphed to employ the most eminent physicians for Dash's treatment, which was done by a faithful servant. In a few days the wires informed her that Dash was dead. She admitted no delay, but immediately started for St. Louis to conduct the obsequies and again act as chief mourner. Arriving here, a costly coffin was provided, and a hearse conveyed Dash's remains to Oak Ridge Cemetery. At that place they were interred with due solemnity at the feet of his dead master, in the presence of the widow now in mourning for him. A three-hundred-dollar monument, suitably inscribed, stands at the husband's grave, while a less pretentious one, costing one hundred and fifty dollars, rests at his feet, to mark the place where Dash lies.—St. Louis Globe.

A Chinese woman who had been so unfortunate as to lose her nose was recently fitted with a brand new one, made of celluloid, by a San Francisco dentist. When the operation had been completed she called for a mirror, and her delight at the improvement in her appearance knew no bounds. In a transport of gratitude she gave the dentist a handful of \$10 gold pieces, without stopping to count them, and ran off to show herself to her friends.

Garibaldi, bowed down by age and infirmities, presented a pitiable sight on his recent visit to Sicily to attend the celebration of the "Vespers." The difficulty of moving him from the railway coach to the carriage at Palermo caused him to be placed in the vehicle with his back to the horses, and it was thought best not to try to move him around. So he rode to the villa prepared for him backward and doubled up with his head on the knee of his wife, who sat opposite to him. In sympathy with his sufferings the 60,000 persons who had assembled to greet him attempted no demonstration, but stood in silence, with bared heads, their illustrious guest passed among them.

Gentleman (to butler)—"Seroggs, what is the meaning of this—no table laid, and past the dinner hour?" Butler—"Beg parding, shir, 'ad jash one glash wisbe hired. Will you lay table (hie)—to-day, please, shir?" (hie)—I'm—(hie)—willing, but drunk and incapacable. Ware shorry 'ack yer do my work. I'll do to-mosher."

The following is the standing of pupils in Cavanvish School.—I. V. Class.—James Taylor, Vina Cow, Emma Staples, Fred Staples. III. Class, Senior—Lindsay Vance, Alex. Braithwaite, Lizzie Thompson, Wm. Tinney, Thos. Harkness, Emma Thompson. III. Class, Junior—Asbury Wilson, Sam'l Touchbourne. II. Class.—John Tinney, Norman McCall, Harry Jeffrey, Willie Thompson, Edith Sisson, Willie Vance, Robt. Patterson, Willie Staples, David Fisher, Rupert Wier, Henry Tinney. Part Second—Marion Cathcart, John Innis, W. Pritchard, Ida Nalle, L. Pritchard, Thos. Braithwaite. Part First—John Vance, James Staples, Nellie Swain, Geo. Hutchison. Average attendance for November, 34. JOHN F. WALKER, teacher.

Burdock's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the World for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fomies, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Sore, Itch, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by G. A. Mitchell.

1883

Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY—16 PAGES. SUITED TO BOYS AND GIRLS OF FROM SIX TO 16 YEARS. Vol. IV. commences November 7, 1882.

The Young People has been from the first successful beyond anticipation.—N. Y. Even'g Post. It has a distinct purpose, to which it steadily adheres, that, namely, of supplanting the vicious papers, papers, and papers of the day, as well as more wholesome.—Boston Journal. For neatness, elegance of engravings, and contents of interest, it is unsurpassed by any publication of the kind yet brought to our notice.—Pittsburg Gazette.

TERMS. HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, \$1 50 Per Year, Postage Prepaid. Single Copies Four Cents each. Specimen Copy sent on receipt of Three Cents. The Volumes of Harper's Young People for 1881 and 1882, handsomely bound in illustrated cloth, will be sent by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of \$3 00 each. Cover for Young People for 1882, 35 cents postage. If sent by express, add 50 cents. Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money, Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the written consent of the publisher. Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

THE RURAL CANADIAN.

An Illustrated Monthly Periodical for the Farm and Home. ONLY \$1 PER ANNUM.

"THE BEST PAPER OF THE KIND published in Canada to-day."—Durham News. "It will compare favorably with the best American journals of its class."—Sarnia Observer.

THE RURAL CANADIAN, now about commencing the second year of publication, will always strive to place before its readers the actual experience of working farmers, arising out of the actual experience of any ruralist, will be welcome to its columns.

WE invite correspondence from intelligent farmers, stock raisers, dairymen, gardeners, bee-keepers, etc. Practical points, arising out of the actual experience of any ruralist, will be welcome to its columns.

ACTIVE AGENTS WANTED in every township, town and village, to make an early canvass for this paper, to whom LARGE COMMISSIONS will be paid, and a right willing to take an agency, are invited to write for terms. Balance of your FREE to new subscribers.

Specimen copies sent free to any address on application to G. BLACKETT ROBINSON, Publisher and Proprietor, 5 Jordan St., Toronto.

CLUBBING TERMS:

By arrangement with the publisher, we are enabled to Club THE TIMES and THE RURAL CANADIAN at \$1.00. Balance of year FREE to new subscribers.

"THE SUN."

NEW YORK, 1883.

More people have read THE SUN during the year just now passing than ever before since it was first printed. No other newspaper published on this side of the earth has been bought and read in any year by so many millions of people as this.

We are credibly informed that people buy, read, and like THE SUN for the following reasons. Among others: Because its news columns present in attractive form and with the greatest possible accuracy whatever has interest for humankind; the events, the deeds and trials of the world, the philosophy, the notable facts, the solid sense, the improving nonsense—all the news of the busiest world at present revolving in space.

Because people have learned that in its remarks concerning persons and affairs THE SUN makes a practice of telling them the exact truth to the best of its ability three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, before action as well as after, about the whole as well as about the small fish, in the face of dissent as plainly and fearlessly as when supported by general approval. THE SUN has absolutely no purpose to serve, save the information of its readers and the furtherance of the common good.

Because it is everybody's newspaper. No man is so sensible that THE SUN is indifferent to his own and his rights. No man is so rich that it can allow it justice to be done him. No man, no association of men, is powerful enough to be exempt from the strict application of its principles of right and wrong.

Because in politics it has fought for a dozen years, without intermission and sometimes almost alone among newspapers, for the interests of the people against the ambition of bosses, the encroachments of monopolists, and the dishonest schemes of public robbers.

Because it is what we are told almost daily by our friends. One man holds that THE SUN is the best religious newspaper ever published, because its Christianity is in its facts and its results. Another holds that it is the best Republican newspaper printed, because it has already whipped half of the rascals out of that party, and is proceeding against the other half with unflinching vigor. A third holds that it is the best magazine of general literature in existence, because its readers miss nothing worthy of notice that is current in the world of thought.

So every friend of THE SUN discovers one of its many sides that appeals with particular force to his individual liking.

If you don't already know THE SUN, you will observe that in 1883 it is a little better than ever before. If you do not already know THE SUN, you will find it to be a mirror of all human activity, a storehouse of the choicest products of common sense and imagination, a mainstay for the cause of honest government, a sentinel for genuine Jeffersonian Democracy, a scourge for wickedness, a champion for the species, and an uncommonly good investment for the coming year.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS. The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail postpaid, as follows: DAILY—50 cents a month, \$6.50 a year with Sunday edition, \$7.70. SUNDAY—single copies, \$1.20 a year. WEEKLY—\$1 a year. Extra pages of the best matter of the daily issue; an Agricultural Department of unequalled merit, market reports, and literary selections, and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with \$10, an extra copy free.

Address L. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, THE SUN, N. Y. City.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

KINGSTON, September 21. MR. J. H. MUNDY, Port Hope. You Have Received 3 FIRST PRIZES. 2 SECOND PRIZES. 1 EXTRA PRIZE. FOR YOUR MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF PHOTOGRAPHS. H. WADE, Secretary.

COAL, WOOD & OIL

J. BROWN & CO. To announce that they have purchased the Coal business recently carried on by Mr. Thos. Hayden, MILL STREET, and will keep in stock and deliver coal in all parts of the town at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. Leave your orders and they will be promptly attended.

AMERICAN COAL OIL AND WOOD CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE. Port Hope, Nov. 14th, 1881. 40-26

Music for Everybody.

MERRILL'S INGENIOUS METHOD. (COPYRIGHT SECURED.) For starting children and others in the culture of Music. It overcomes the drudgery of learning the elements of Music by pleasant amusement. This new method teaches you all about the Musical Staff, Degrees of the Staff, Clefs, Notes and Rests, Scale, Intervals of the Scale, Location of Letters on the Staff, and their relation to the keys of the instrument. (This is a very important with children.) Flute and Sharps and their use. All the different keys, how to form Chords or musical words, it teaches the syllables, Do, Re, Mi, etc., in singing. It contains a complete musical catechism. It is MURKIN IS PARITY. All this is learned while the learner is amusing himself by playing familiar tunes. Persons with no MUSICAL TALENT may play the tunes, as the guide is such that he cannot strike the wrong key. Full directions and four pieces of music accompany the Method. Sent by mail for \$1.00. Address, 5090 Agents Wanted to sell our Methods or Charts to every family. Ten dollars per day can be made by active agents, male or female.

CHICAGO PIANO CO., 40-121 78 & 80 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

Run, Wine and Liquors, for Medical Use only, at Deyell's Drug Store.

To Consumptives.

THE advertiser having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. Parties wishing the prescription will please address, REV. E. A. WILSON, 154 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y. 10-1v

LYMAN'S Canadian Farmers' UNIVERSAL

Pain Reliever FOR Frost Bite, Cramps, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA AFFECTIONS, TOOTH-ACHE, TIC DOULOUREUX.

Full Directions with Each Bottle. FOR SALE BY ALL RESPECTABLE DRUGGISTS.

25 cts. A BOTTLE. 25 cts. August Flower, King's Discovery, Electric Bitters, Extract Wild Strawberry, for sale at Deyell's Drug Store.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Bileousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size \$1. For sale by all dealers.

MILBURN & Co., Proprietors, Toronto. 89-1v

GOLD

Great chance to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work, properly from the first start. The business will take more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address SIMMONS & Co., Portland, Maine. 81-1v

ALLAN LINE.

Winter Arrangements. LIVERPOOL, LONDON, DERRY, GLASGOW. SHORTEST SEA PASSAGE AND LOW RATES. Every Saturday from Hal fax for Londonderry and Liverpool. Every two weeks from Portland for Liverpool direct.

Sarmatian, from Halifax Dec. 2nd
Polynesian, " " " " " 9th
Sardinian, " " " " " 16th
Parisian, " " " " " 23rd
Caspian, " " " " " 30th
Peruvian, " " " " " 6th
Sarmatian, " " " " " 13th

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Hibernian, Dec. 23rd.
Austrian, Jan. 6th.

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