

# The Port Hope Times

AND COUNTY OF DURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN.

J. B. TRAYES, Editor and Proprietor.

"A Free and United People, Cherishing British Connection."

TERMS, \$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.

VOLUME 21.

PORT HOPE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24, 1882.

NUMBER 34.

## Midland Loan & Savings' Co

ESTABLISHED 1872.

HEAD OFFICE, PORT HOPE.

On QUEEN STREET, leading to the Market.

Paid up Capital, \$250,000.  
Assets at last Audit, 31st Dec., 1881, 537,550.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM CRAIG, PRESIDENT.  
JOHN MULLIGAN, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
H. H. MEREDITH, NATHAN CHOATE.  
SAMUEL LELEAN, H. H. BURNHAM.  
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GEORGE M. FURBY,

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### MIDLAND RAILWAY.

|                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| Trains Arrive: |           |
| Express        | 8 15 a.m. |
| Way freight    | 11 10 "   |
| Way freight    | 5 30 p.m. |
| Express        | 8 00 "    |
| Mail           | 9 10 "    |
| Trains Depart: |           |
| Mail           | 7 00 a.m. |
| Way freight    | 10 20 "   |
| Way freight    | 4 35 p.m. |
| Express        | 8 45 "    |

### THE ROYAL HOTEL, PORT HOPE.

CHARLES GARBUTT, Proprietor. The best \$1 a day house in town. Good Sample Rooms, and ample stabling. Mr. Garbutt having lately bought out the former proprietor, Mr. J. W. German, has had the house thoroughly refitted. Billiard Parlors attached.

### LAMBERT'S HOTEL.

100 South Monaghan, Port Hope, having been purchased by the undersigned, he is confident he will be able to retain the high reputation it has always enjoyed. The rooms are all well furnished, and the table is supplied with the best liquors and cigars—the table is excellent—while the stabling is the best in the United Counties.

### WAVERTLEY HOUSE.

TOURISTS visiting Rochester, N. Y., should not fail to stop at the Waverley House, as it is first class, a very respect, being newly furnished throughout. The rates have been reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.50 and \$2 per day, according to location of rooms. This house is centrally located, being near the New York Central Depot, on the corner of Railroad Ave. and State St. Our porters meet all trains.

### FARM TO RENT.

COMPRISED OF LOT NO. 7 IN THE 3rd CON. OF South Monaghan, containing 200 acres. About 120 cleared fit for crops and machinery. Buildings all in good repair. Further particulars on application to William B. Wetherford, South Monaghan P. O. 38-41.

### T. NEELANDS, L. D. S.

Removed to Queen street, 8 doors south of Toronto Bank. Special attention given to these beautiful GOLD FILLINGS and the preservation of the natural teeth.

### PIANOFORTE TUITION.

MISS PITTS

Prepared to give lessons to a few pupils, either at their own residences, or at the residence of her father, Pine Street. Terms moderate. 461w2

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

AND Certificates issued by authority under the New Marriage Act, at the Town Hall, Port Hope. No bondsmen required, and Licenses Reduced in Price to Two Dollars. H. V. SANDERS, Official Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

### J. A. BROWN,

Dentist, Gas administered for the extraction of teeth. Rooms over Ross and Skitch's stores, Walton street, Port Hope. 18-y

### MIDLAND HOUSE, JOHN ST.

PORT HOPE Midland Station on East side, Mr. George Howson's Livery Stable on West side. First-class rooms and neatly furnished. One of the best dollar a day houses in town. Board by the week moderately. Choicest Liquors and Cigars. Good table attendance. Good stabling, and every thing in the house.

### QUEEN'S HOTEL MILLBROOK ONT.

WM. REYNOLDS, Proprietor.

The building and furniture being new, guests can depend upon being comfortably provided for. Tables supplied with everything in season. Choice Liquors and Cigars. Good stabling and a careful host.

### P. T. KELLAWAY,

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MANUFACTURER OF DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, ACHTRAVES, RAILS, Finishing, Matching, and Re-Sawing, and everything in the Building line, at the lowest prices. Estimates for Buildings, etc. Jobbing promptly attended to. Mill Street, Steam Mill, Port Hope. 41w4-y

### \$400 REWARD

The above reward will be given by the

### PORT HOPE CORPORATION

To any party who will give such information that will lead to the

### APPREHENSION AND CONVICTION

of the person or persons who SET FIRE to the premises occupied by the Port Hope News, on Thursday morning, the 26th instant.

P. R. RANDALL, Mayor.

Port Hope, May 31, 1882. 22-1f

### CIVIC HOLIDAY.

A Day Full of Interest to the Citizens.

The shifting scenes in the panorama of amusements bring around to us days and events of pleasure which, each in their sequence, surpass all preceding ones in interest and importance.

Our Civic Holiday on Thursday last was one fully spent by our citizens, and the attractions, though not concentrated into one grand effort, were of a character to satisfy the vein of pleasure in all. The event of greatest interest to the greatest number was the

SONS OF ENGLAND PICNIC.

The circumstances were not at all favorable to its success. The excursions to Rochester, and St. Mark's annual Sunday school picnic, taking place the same day, naturally drew a number away who would undoubtedly have attended Penryn Park. Besides this, and what was still worse, the elements were not favorable, for in the morning heavy showers made the prospects for the afternoon look dull. However, it turned out bright and cheery in the afternoon, and the 46th, as they marched up to the grounds playing inspiring music, led a large number in their rear. When fully assembled there were between 1,000 and 1,200 picnickers. The

as a rule were well contested. The following is a list of them, with winners in order:

100 Yards Dash.—Prizes, \$2.00, \$1.00, 50c., and the winners were, Geo. Edmunds, 1st; J. Sheen, 2nd; O'Dyas, 3rd.

Half Mile Race.—Prizes, \$3, \$2, \$1; J. Sheen, 1st; J. Bennett, 2nd; J. White, 3rd.

Girls' Race.—Prizes, \$1, 50c., 25c.; J. Kelly, 1st; Louisa Cheer, 2nd; Annie Cheer, 3rd.

Boys' Race.—Prizes, \$1, 50c., 25c.; W. Hamley, 1st; Robt. Hewson, 2nd; Thomas Bradshaw, 3rd.

Three-Legged Race.—Prizes, \$2, \$1, 50c.; Sharp & Hunter, 1st; Edmunds & Piercey, 2nd; Maley & Mack, 3rd.

Sack Race.—Prizes, \$2, \$1, 50c.; J. Mack, 1st; G. Maley, 2nd; J. Reynolds, 3rd.

One Mile Race.—Prizes, \$3, \$2, \$1; G. Edmunds, 1st; O'Dyas, 2nd; McNaughton, 3rd.

An interesting feature of the day was the

LACROSSE MATCHES.

The first was a trial of strength between the "Thistles" and "Penryns," representing Lowertown and Uppertown respectively. The Uppertown team came out victorious in three straight games.

The second, between the junior clubs of Port Hope and Cobourg, took place in the afternoon, and was quite short-lived, the Cobourg boys being altogether too strong for the home team. In three straight games, in which "shinny" was more practised than lacrosse, the former won the silver cup given as a prize by the Sons of England lodge.

Dancing on the green sward was enjoyed by a large number. Sunflowers were quite conspicuous, and it was a matter of dispute with many which were the most attractive, the sunflowers or those who wore them.

About six o'clock the crowd dispersed, all well pleased with the afternoon's programme.

THE CONCERT

in the evening was one of the most successful ever held in Port Hope. The Music Hall was filled to the door. Miss Howden, of Millbrook, was the first on the programme, and deservedly stands first on the list of honorable mention. Her voice is remarkably clear and sweet, with plenty of volume. She was rewarded with an encore at every appearance. Mr. Seale, of Toronto, is a success as a comic singer; the way he was applauded testified to the appreciation in which he was held by the audience. Miss McManus, who during her stay in Port Hope became a great favorite in musical circles, was received with hearty applause. With a cultivated voice and a mastery of every detail and variation in the selection she undertakes, Miss McManus certainly highly excels as a vocalist. It is not necessary to speak of Miss Warner's success as a singer. Her decided talent is too well known in this district. Her singing is always pleasing, while her non-pretentious manner adds a charm to her efforts. On this occasion, she was thoroughly herself. The two old-time stand-bys, Messrs. W. H. Thornhill and H. V. Sanders, contributed their usual quota of entertainment. If these gentlemen will excuse the reference to age, we might add that they seem to grow in favor and excellence as they grow older. Mr. Thornhill's "medley of old airs" on the violin was splendidly executed.

Rev. Dr. Clarke's address on the aims and objects of the Sons of England society, was an effective effort, but we are inclined to believe he drew the case a little too strong to suit a number of his audience. It is an instance of the feeling of pride which prompts every woman to think her baby is the dearest, darlingest, smartest little baby in all the world. However, it is always excusable from a paternal or patriotic point of view. The rev. gentleman is an Englishman to the backbone, with strong national instincts, and of course, like the Irishman, Scotchman, and nearly every other man, thinks his own country is the best in the world. Other enjoyable features of the entertainment were: A song by Miss Jeffrey, of Cobourg; comic songs by Mr. Lush, of Toronto, and Mr. J. J. Turner; and one specially enjoyable was the violin solos by Miss Williams, of Penryn Park. Lady violinists are rare, and good ones still rarer.

Williams is one thoroughly accomplished, her selections on this occasion being of a very difficult character, and executed to the delight of her audience. The entertainment closed by Miss McManus singing a solo, "God Save the Queen."

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER.

The excursions to Rochester came off as advertised, only several hours later on each occasion. A large number from Port Hope took advantage of the excursions to see the sights in Rochester. The representative of the Belleville *Intelligencer*, who was on board, thus describes the trip across on Wednesday night and the scenes the following day:—"Besides the passengers from Belleville, the *Norseman* took over the Fountain Hose Company, of Cobourg, the Cobourg Band, the Beaver Lacrosse Club, of Port Hope, and a large number of excursionists from Cobourg. As a matter of course, the demand for state-rooms was much greater than the supply, and it required all the tact, courtesy and good humor of the Purser (our old friend Aleck Forin) to satisfy unreasonable applicants and soothe the disappointed ones. However, a remarkable number of would-be sleepers were stowed away in the limited number of berths at command, though gymnastic and acrobatic feats had to be performed by several to reach their quarters, and to remain there after having reached them. The train from Charlotte entered Rochester at about 9.30 a.m. on Thursday, and the excursionists separated. The individual excursionists "put up" where they could, and with what they had to. Some of the hosteleries to which some of them were driven by choice and necessity, to speak mildly, not such as a fastidious traveller would select as a temporary residence; but as thousands of persons arrived in the city too late to secure even a bed under a roof, and wandered about the streets all Thursday night, those who had where to lay their heads were a rule thankful for what they could get. Thursday was spent by the crowds of visitors in "doing" the city and watching the arrival of fire companies from a distance. The air was vocal with the music of many bands, which at all times could be heard above the roar of the street. Firemen in all costumes paraded the streets or stood in doorways or at corners, and prominent citizens who had been deputed to receive the city's guests strutted about with their breasts covered with gay-colored badges, as if their chief business was to exhibit themselves to the admiring gaze of strangers."

The principal event, however, to the people of Port Hope, was the

LACROSSE MATCH,

which took place in the afternoon of Thursday. Unfortunately for the financial success of the affair, lacrosse is a game which the Americans know very little about, and they took no interest whatever in the match between the Okas, of Belleville, and the Independents, of Port Hope. The latter were promised to have all their expenses paid by the Okas, and \$2 besides for each man, but the evident unwillingness of the Okas, or their business manager, to advance this to the Port Hope boys, engendered ill-feeling from the start. From the time the play began, we understand, it was one continual wrangle, and it was feared that a fisti-cuff encounter would have been the result on several occasions. The Okas have a reputation for very rough play, and they fully sustained it in Rochester. Breakey, of Millbrook, did some brilliant crook, and altogether the match was very hotly contested. Port Hope won the first two games through splendid shots by Breakey and Captain Kerr. Belleville took the third game, and claimed the fourth and fifth, and were awarded them, but under protest. The Independents were thoroughly disgusted with what they claimed was the extreme partiality of the referee. Upon this subject an interesting communication will be found in another column. It might be well to add here that the Belleville *Intelligencer* wades into our boys pretty heavily and calls one of them, Howard, a stubborn Irishman. After the match they all went down town. So far the Port Hope boys are out of their \$2 and it was after hard fighting they were able to obtain their return tickets. On Thursday night the streets in Rochester were brilliantly illuminated and presented a gay scene. It was late before the second excursion reached the city, and a big time was experienced getting on shore to sleep.

On Friday, of course, the great event was

THE FIREMEN'S PARADE.

It is thus graphically described in the *Intelligencer*:

It took place in the afternoon, starting at about 3 o'clock, and finishing between 5 and 6. It was witnessed by crowds of spectators, which were variously estimated at from 50,000 to 150,000. Along the line of march the streets were packed with people standing thirty or forty deep, and in some places the mass of spectators extended from the buildings on either side right up to the space which was reserved in the middle of the street for the firemen to march through. An American crowd is more good-humored and orderly than a Canadian crowd—probably because the people over there are more used to being crowded together than we, who are accustomed to have plenty of elbow room. When it is stated that the parade consisted of fifty-six fire companies and thirty-eight bands, together with a large number of hook and ladder wagons, beautifully decorated horse-carts, and a few engines, there is little more to say. Many of the American companies made a display such as Canadians are not accustomed to see at home. They were clad in uniforms of delicate tints—mauve, lavender and drab prevailing, and two or three companies had uniforms of pure white. With hardly an exception, the marching and general demeanor of the American companies were excellent, and some of the executed evolutions on the march, with all the precision and uniformity of veteran soldiers. As the procession passed the grand stand, several of the companies saluted the inspecting officers. This was done by raising the cap or helmet from the head and resting it on the shoulder. The movement was executed with fine effect. In the case of one company, however, the effect was rather ludicrous. A good many members of this particular company had bald heads, and when, as if by machinery, the caps suddenly rose and fell, and a long row of bald craniums flashed forth into the sunshine, the effect to a spectator looking down from an elevated position, was not a

little singular. The venerable processionists appeared to know that they were the objects of laughter among the spectators, and resumed their coverings with a haste which was hardly consistent with a proper respect for the inspecting officers. No. 2 Company attracted some attention among the spectators, chiefly on account of their helmets, which were the only ones of the kind in the parade, and the company was greeted with considerable applause in passing the grand stand. The Trenton band, reinforced by players from Belleville and elsewhere, was in the procession, (having been engaged by the Ever Ready Hose Company, of Cobourg), and made a favorable impression.

The Ever Ready Fire Co. were eighth in the grand parade and frequently received applause from the spectators. Although not as gorgeously attired as their American consins, the general impression was that the Cobourg companies were the most firemen-like of any taking part. Their hose carts, models of beauty and altogether too pretty to take to a fire, were only excelled by two others. The excursions were financially remunerative to Ever Ready Co. as well as No. 1, and we are glad of it for they are all good fellows who deserve their success.

The day's proceedings wound up by a grand display of fire-works, the finest, those of our citizens say who saw it, ever witnessed by them. Lacrosse matches and firemen's parades in Rochester does not strictly comendur the heading of "Our Civic Holiday," still, as the civic holiday was appointed for the purpose of giving our citizens the advantage of the excursions, we have thought it well to put all as the amusements appointed for that day. The

ST. MARK'S PICNIC.

The Sunday School scholars of that Church as an annual day of recreation, was largely attended at Summit. No representative of THE TIMES was present, but we understand that a very pleasant day was spent. A fishing party spent the day at

RICE LAKE,

but they fished with the proverbial "fisherman's luck." After travelling all day, they did not even get a bite as a partial reward for their trouble.

### COUNCIL.

Monday Night's Session of the Town Patriarch's Long and a Dry One.

A Batch of By-laws on Hand—Coal Weighing—Billiard Table Licenses—and School By-laws.

Monday, Aug. 21.

Present.—W. G. Stevenson, W. A. Pringle, J. G. King, H. H. Burnham, F. M. Beamish, A. Winslow, Wm. McKee, and E. Budge.

In the absence of the Mayor, Coun. Burnham took the chair. Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

were received from Mrs. R. Clark, asking for remission of taxes, stating that she was a widow woman with two children, and unable to pay taxes.

From Mrs. Paul re the indigent Mrs. Brien.

From Mr. A. W. Spooner, asking for the privilege of storing kerosene oil south of King's elevator and west of the harbor.

From Mr. Jas. Boskill, in the form of a petition, asking for a drain on Hope street, to carry the water off his lot.

THE FINANCE REPORT

was read and adopted, including the following accounts:

St John's Cemetery, per S. S. Smith, for ground and graves..... \$4 00  
Mrs. Sherry, 6 wa board, A. M. Strickland..... 1 00  
J. L. Leverich, cedar scuffling and shingles..... 124 00  
Mens pay roll..... 63 00  
Mrs. Sherry, 6 wa board, A. M. Strickland..... 9 00  
Levi Reynolds, extra services at harbor..... 4 50  
R. Andrews, extra postage..... 6 00  
Stanley Paterson, extra postage..... 6 00  
Mrs. Paul, Mrs Brien's board..... 6 00  
Jno. Lee, on account, for drawing gravel..... 25 00

Total..... 246 00

The billiard table license by-law received 1st and 2nd readings and Council went into committee of the whole to consider it, Coun. Winslow in the chair.

Mr. Marshall was asked to explain a point in connection with the previous By-law.

Mr. M. stated that by the Act of 1874 the amount of license to be charged billiard rooms was limited to \$130, but that two years ago this restriction was done away with, so that in the By-law regulating billiard rooms, Councils could make the charge for license as high as they pleased.

Coun. Stevenson did not think it was right to screw down those who take out license to the very last cent. They would take it out of their customers in some other way.

Coun. Budge was perfectly satisfied if tavern keepers and billiard table men doubled and trebled their prices, and then diluted their whiskey. If put to popular vote he was sure the people of this town would vote for the licenses to be \$500 a year instead of what they are now.

Coun. McKee thought there was more whiskey drank now and more crime committed in town than there was before the license was raised.

The By-law finally passed in committee and agreed to.

The Mayor took his seat at this juncture.

Coun. Budge urged on the Council the necessity of attending to Mr. Boskill's request regarding the drain on Hope street.

Coun. Pringle said that as soon as time permitted he would get around to it.

Coun. Stevenson introduced the question of compulsory weighing of coal on the market scales.

The Committee of the Whole, which had adjourned the evening previous, resumed on the Coal By-law.

Coun. Budge, in seconding Coun. Burnham's amendment, said he did not believe in tinkering at the By-laws. He thought the old one was quite adequate for all purposes. It was a restriction on trade and a reflection on our coal dealers. Not many want it—not a dozen citizens are favorable to making the

weighing of coal compulsory. We might as well say that groceries and provisions should be weighed as to say that coal ought to be weighed before delivered.

Next came up the vexed question of the School By-law and the Council went into Committee of the Whole. Our reporter, weary of it, fell into a peaceful state of somnolence and dreamed of Guitaean in his court scenes. He was rudely awakened by the sound of the Mayor's gavel. His Worship ordered that a fine of two dollars be imposed for such contempt of the dignity of the Council Chamber. The humble representative of the press pleaded a "first offence" and was let off, wakening in time to hear.

Coun. Stevenson remark that the people should know what they had to vote on, and where this school was to be built and how this \$3,000 was to be spent. He was opposed to it for two reasons: 1st, we have sufficient accommodation at present, and 2nd, at the Central School the little ones would have to be mixed up with the larger scholars and would thereby suffer persecution and annoyance at their hands. The School Board should lay down some principle or plan of action, so that people would not be voting in the dark.

A voice—How do we vote on this question—open vote or by ballot?

Mr. Marshall informed the Council that it would be by ballot.

Coun. McKee—How much will this voting cost?

Coun. Stevenson—Over \$100.

Coun. King thought it was a great pity that the town should be put to such an expense for nothing. The By-law was sure to be voted down. The School Board should have some definite scheme to present to the Council and to the ratepayers. It was the general opinion that if a school was to be built at all, it should be built some place near the Town Hall.

Coun. Stevenson thought it would be wise to "rise and report" and request the Mayor to call a public meeting of none but ratepayers, in order that an expression of public opinion could be seen before the town was put to the expense of voting.

Coun. Budge was certain the School Board was competent to attend to its own business. The information they wanted would be given at the proper time. Then the School Board would be willing to meet the Council at a public meeting. The School Board was compelled to do what they had done. The Central Primary was not decent for children to attend. 202 were packed into a place not bigger than the Council Chamber. The accommodations were not decent, besides the noise was unbearable. Certain gentlemen would be satisfied with no place but Queen street. They wanted a piece of ground for a site, with not less than half an acre in it. The building they would vacate would, if rented, bring in an income sufficient to pay the \$260 required annually to pay interest and principal. There was danger of losing the Government grant, and the School Board had no alternative.

Coun. King, seconded by Coun. Winslow, moved that the committee rise and report, and that the Mayor be requested to call a meeting of duly qualified ratepayers to discuss the question.

Coun. Budge said there was no use trifling with the matter.

Coun. Beamish—When do you purpose to begin building the school?

Coun. Budge—I'm not here to inform you on that. You can get your information elsewhere.

Coun. Beamish looks awed.

Coun. King—It is quite extraordinary that the Council cannot have civil questions to their answers. Are we to be kept in the dark all the time?

Coun. Budge—You have already given your opinion two or three times. We know what it is, and we don't want to hear it again. We want to know what the people have to say.

Coun. King—Is this Council to be bulldozed by the School Board and Coun. Budge?

Coun. Budge—You have already said and done all that is decent for a Councillor to say or do, and now we want the public to speak, not you.

Coun. Beamish—Coun. Budge casts his eagle eye around the Board and says, "We are all disinterested parties," but when the rate is levied, and we pay our share, we are not so disinterested after all.

Coun. Budge—There are valuable bricks and mortar in our present Central, which, on the front street, ought to pay for the other.

The Mayor thought all the discussion was no good. He would like to say, though, that had he been on the Board, he would have called a meeting of the ratepayers first and asked their opinion. If favorable, he would go on; if not, of course, he would not. As it is, we cannot help ourselves. We have no alternative.

Coun. Stevenson—Is that an electioneering speech?

The Mayor—It is as far as the School Board is concerned. He was quite willing and all this to stand his share of the expense, etc., etc.

Coun. Budge would remind the Council that the School Board offered to discuss all this with them, but received a snub. All this gratuitous advice was an insult to the School Board, which, composed of six men of experience, was just as competent to judge of the importance of measures, as the Council. The School Board was quite disinterested and had nothing to gain. The quicker the question was settled the better.

Coun. King—have very great respect for the School Board, and do not know that we ever snubbed them.

Coun. Budge—I beg your pardon. You did.

Coun. Pringle, who was acting as chairman, thought they had all had their say and put the motion, which was carried.

Coun. Budge pitched into the Streets and Bridges Committee, wanting to know where all the money was being spent for travelling. He didn't see any up in his West. He would like to know what amount of their estimate was used up.

Coun. Stevenson said that \$3,800 was voted the committee, and about \$2,400 had been expended.

Coun. Burnham asked about Victoria street. Nothing had been done to it for the last twenty years. He referred to the block pavement, remarking that it was a failure and would not give general satisfaction.

Coun. King said block pavement was cheaper than plank pavement. The planks were rotten in the piece taken up in front of Clemen's store. The blocks were not quite as level as they might be, but at all events no experiments would be tried without first bringing the matter before the Council. Victoria street would be attended to as soon as possible.

Board then adjourned.

MOTHER'S WAY

Off with our little cottage, As the shawl gently fall, While the sunshine touches softly One sweet face upon the wall, Do we gather close together, And in hushed and tender tone, Ask each other's full forgiveness, For the wrongs we've done together, Should you wonder why this custom, At the ending of the day, Eye and voice would quickly answer, 'Tis our mother's way.

SAM.

THE LANDLORD'S STORY.

BY ARTHUR W. FENTON.

"Well," said the old landlord, knocking the ashes out of his pipe, "sence yer wills out, it's pose I must tell it." "Twas long in the fall of '62. I was tendin' bar then fur a feller in a little mountain town called Silver Ledge. The town was boom'n. Claims was pannin' out like forty. Our bar just raked the dust—talk about yer ounces—we tuk it in by the pound. And we wasn't the only ones es was takin' it in. Ther wasn't a 'tiger-board' in the place es wasn't yaller with the dust. Them was the days fur ye. Them was times when a man would make a 'pile' in a month prospectin', big enough to be a fortin fur ye nowadays, and would lose that same 'pile' in a single night at faro. And them was the days when yer property was safer'n yer life. Ther was little stealin' in them days, but ther was plenty a-shootin' in."

day ther came a change, and 'twas a change. The owner of one of the finest houses in Mexico was a little Spaniard, named Rameres. Sam hed bothered him a good deal, and one morning he sent word to the Sheriff of Silver Ledge that he'd hed just about enough of Sam and his ways; and that if they didn't keep him away, why, he'd hev to take the law into his own hands, fur he cudn't stand it no longer. Sam was jest ruinin' his business. "Well, the Sheriff told Sam that very morning. Long in the afternoon Sam comes into my bar, with a friend of his'n. He was mad enough to chew oats. He ripped and tore ther' in the saloon fur about five minutes, and then he asked all the boys present to ther bar. The boys came to a man. To refuse Sam was to sign yer death-warrant with a stroke. But then I don't know es that was the whole reason why they came, fur the boys generally was pretty toler'ly thirsty. The boys of Silver Ledge hed a good deal of dust in ther' throats. "One of the boys asked Sam what the trouble was. "'Trouble!' says Sam. 'Why, ther Spanish whelp of the Racine hes dared to send the Sheriff to warn me from ever goin' ther' again.' "And then Sam swore till he was black in the face, that he'd be dammed of a greaser'd walk over him, and that he'd go over ther' very night and clean his house out. He'd show 'em the difference between a white man and a nigger."

at one of the tables playin' solitaire, a stranger dropped in. He was a tall, rough-lookin' cuss, who seemed es though he hed seen some purty hard times. "He stud up the drinks twict, and then tuk a turn through the bar-room. By and by he comes up and draps in to a chair by the side of me to watch my game, for I had gone back to it. After awhile he says to me: "'Kin yer tell me of ther' is a man round here by the name of Sam Watson?' "I studded fur a moment, and then says I: "'I don't know es I kin.' Says I: 'Ther' was a man round here by the name of 'Sam,' but what his other'n was, or ef he hed another'n, I cudn't tell yer; and I don't think anybody in the place cud.' "What kind of a man was this "Sam?" says the stranger. "'Well,' says I, 'he was a tall, dare-devil sort of a chap, with black curling hair and mustache, and would a been called handsome but fur an ugly three-inch scar he hed on his left cheek, like es it hod been made with a knife—' "Ther's the man I'm after!' says the stranger, all of a sudden jumpin' up. 'Wher' is he? Tell me wher' he is! Wher' kin I find him? Tell me wher' he is!' "Well,' says I, 'he's wher' ye'll never get to see him—he's dead—shot two weeks ago.' "The stranger kinder staggered back, and he looked at me as though he doubted what I'd said. "'Dead!' says he—'shot!' and then he sat down and asked me to tell all about it, and I did. "'Well,' says he, after I hed finished; 'things don't always take the course mer wants 'em to.' "As what I'd told him seemed to worry him and make him thoughtful, it made me feel curious, and when I'm curious, why—well, I'm wus'n a woman. Says I to him: "'Stranger, yer knowed this Sam?" "He looked at me fur some time, and then says he: "'Sence yer hev told me all yer knowed of him, I s'pose I oughter tell yer what I know about him—and I will. About five years ago I was livin' in Kansas with my folks. Ther' was only four of us, my sister, a beautiful lass of seventeen, myself, and our old father and mother. I and a couple of hands run the farm wher' we lived, and 'twas one of the finest in the country. No one raised a bigger or a better crop of grain than we did. We had lived ther' for a number of years, and was never troubled inside or outside. "'One day a feller come to live in the village by the name of Sam Watson—a handsome, dashing sort of a fellow, who tuk the town by storm. He put up at the best hotel in the place. He appeared to hev plenty of money, and kept hisself rigged out in fine style. 'Twas n't long fore he was goin' to ev'ry party ther' was held ther'. All the girls was gone on him—him, with his slick clothes, his dark eyes, and his soft speechin'. But I've heered that he's changed since them times. He cut out all of us poor clods; we hedn't a goast of a show when he poked his smiling face into the door. "'Well, one night he met my sister at a social given for the parson's benefit, and he fell in love with her, or at least pertended to, and she fell in love with him. I tried to break it up, fur I distrusted him. Ther' was somethin' about him that I didn't like, with all his fine manners and way which wer' so winnin' with the woman. What I was down on him fur, though, I couldn't tell. I didn't know anythin' agin' him, but still I hed a feelin' in me that he was not jest what ev'rybody hed an idea he was. I tried to separate 'em, but 'twas no use; sis hed set her heart on him, and father an' mother wouldn't oppose her in nothin', and they were married. "'He tuk her to live at the hotel wher' he was. It wasn't long fore he come out in his true colors. He came to father one day an' told him how he stud; that he wasn't worth a dollar. Father swore a good deal at first, and talked a killin' him right ther'—I wish ther' he hed done so; but he finally quieted down. To save the disgrace of the family he set off a piece of the farm, and built a fine cottage ther' for Sam and his wife, tellin' the neighbors that it was Sam that was doin' it. "'But this wasn't Sam's wust side. I soon found out that he was abusin' his wife. I cud see it, but she wouldn't own to it. One day I went to see her, when she didn't expect me, and I found her sobbin' es if her heart was breakin'. She tried to hide her tears when she saw me, but I wouldn't hev it. I staid ther' till I found out what the matter was, that Sam was beatin' her. I didn't say nothin' to her, but I went straight fur town, tight as any horse can ker-ry me. I found Sam playin' cards at the hotel he used to stop at. I called him out and tuk him to one side. Says I: "'Sam, yer hev been beatin' my sister; don't deny it, for I know it, and I want yer to understand right here and now that hes got to be stopped. Ef yer do it again, I'll out yer heart out. Mind it, yer white-livered hound,' says I. "'He says that I was mistaken, but that I should hev no cause fur suspicion agin. "'Well, ther' it ended. I left him, and he started fur home. The next day I went over to my sister's to see how Sam had altered his manner toward her. I found the house locked

up and no one there. Thinkin' she p'raps hed went to town for somethin'; I went home, and didn't go back ther' till the next day. "'I found the house locked up as I did before. I then went to town, thinkin' I might find her ther'. But I cudn't see her no place. Then I inquired fur Sam, but nobody hedn't seen him for two days. Then I began to get scared. I tuk some friends with me, and went up to Sam's and broke it open. We cud find neither hide nor hair of Sam or his wife. Ther' wasn't a cent left in the house, and what little jewelry that b'longed to sis was gone, as was some of her clothes. "'I was crazy fur awhile, mad, ravin', didn't know nothin'. At last I calmed down, and told my friends all that I knowed, and my fess that I'd hed with Sam. They all thought that Sam hed persuaded his wife to run off with him, and that he'd cleared out to avoid any difficulty with me. "'We made inquiries of all the neighbors livin' in the country for miles round, but they hed seen nothin' of 'em. We went to the near towns but nothin' turned up. It remained a mystery, what had become of 'em fur full a month, when it all came to light. "'A man hed been drowned in the river ther' run back of the town, and some of the men in the place wer' draggin' fur his body. The third time they fetched the grappin's to land they hauled up the corpse of a woman. When they looked at her they found it to be the body of Sam's wife. Her throat was cut from ear to ear, and a large weight was fastened to her, to sink her. "'This was Sam's work, and I knowed it. I tuk an oath right ther' that I'd hunt him down ef I tuk my life-time to do it. "'Stranger,' says he, God only knows what I've suffered in these five years, and wher' I've been. I learned from a party a short time ago, up in the northern part of the State, that Sam was here, but I've arrived too late. I s'pose it's jest as well. God knows, I've saved the murder.' "Here the stranger stopped and fell to thinkin'. By and by he asked me up to the bar, tuk a drink, went out, and I never seen him sence."

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COAL AND WOOD STOVES. WILLIAM GAMBLE having received his new assortment of all kinds of COAL and WOOD STOVES, would respectfully invite a call from all intending purchasers, as he is sure he can give satisfaction to all favoring him with their patronage in Beauty of Design, Economy of Fuel, while his PRICES will be found as LOW as the LOWEST. A large assortment of all kinds of TINWARE consisting of Granite, Iron and Enamelled Ware, Enameled and Hooped and JOB WORK of all kinds at lowest prices. Estimates for building in town or country cheerfully furnished. American and Canada Coal Oil always on hand. A call solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Remember the place, one door east of Walton st. bridge, and nearly opposite the Post Office. WM. GAMBLE. HACYARDS YELLOWOL CURES RHEUMATISM FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS. Vaughn's Lithontriptic Mixture, the great specific for Gravel, Dropsy, etc., for sale by Mitchell & Watson, Port Hope. PORT HOPE POST OFFICE. Grand Trunk from the east... Midland Railway from the north... Grand Trunk going west... Midland Railway going north... KIDNEY WORT HAS BEEN PROVED THE SUREST CURE FOR KIDNEY DISEASES. Ladies! For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain in the back, weakness, kidney-wort is unsurpassed. HALL'S CATARRH CURE Is Recommended by Physicians. CURES Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity—Chronic and Ulcerative Catarrh of the Ear, Eye or Throat. It is taken INTERNALLY, and acts DIRECTLY upon the Blood and Mucous Surface of the System. It is the best Blood Purifier in the World, and is worth ALL that is charged for it for THAT alone. ONLY INTERNAL CURE FOR CATARRH IN THE MARKET \$100 We Offer \$100 for any case of Catarrh it will not Cure \$100 W. H. HEBBLES. My little daughter was troubled with Catarrh for two years, and was very much benefited by the use of 'Hall's Catarrh Cure.' She is now cured. W. T. HOOPER. I have used 'Welland's Catarrh Cure,' and judging from the good results I derived from one bottle, believe it will cure the most stubborn case of Catarrh if it is used as directed for a reasonable length of time. W. H. HEBBLES. Welland, Ont., March 20, 1882. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Gentl.—Have sold Hall's Catarrh Cure for the last year, and it gives entire satisfaction. Yours truly, H. W. HOBSON, Druggist. LARDINE MACHINE OIL. The above Celebrated Machine Oil has along with other of our Manufacture carried off the Gold Medal, First Prize and diploma at all exhibitions and Industrial Fairs since 1878. Our CYLINDER SCREW CUTTING, WOOD, and ALLOYATOR HANDSOME need no recommendation from us as to quality! All we ask for them is a trial, especially try our LARDINE MACHINE OIL and you will be pleased with it. It is manufactured solely by McTOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto, and is for sale by all dealers in Port Hope; by T. G. Blythe, Bethany; Jas. Cosgrove, Milbrook; Jas. Leckhart, Newville. 25-ly

OF INTEREST.

Cannon Farrar says the Salvation Army is composed of rowdy Christians. The London public is represented as delighted with their savage captive, the King of the Zulus.

A Kansas story is about three mice that rolled an egg down a stairway without breaking. One held the egg in a close embrace, while the others rolled him like a ball from one step to the other.

Robert A. Wilson, Dispensing Chemist, Brookville, says under date of June 5th, 1882, "I have not the slightest hesitation in saying that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has given my customers more satisfaction than any medicine in my store for the cure of summer complaints, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Pain in the Stomach, Sea Sickness, Piles, etc., you can use my name, etc."

An unforeseen consequence of cutting the Suez Canal has been the intrusion of sharks in large numbers into the Mediterranean Sea, with resulting terrible havoc among the smaller edible fish. Formerly a shark was almost a curiosity in the Mediterranean, and there was no choicer or better at-acked fishing ground in the world.

In view of the myriads of human beings which have lived in China from time immemorial, scientists say that every ounce of soil must have passed through the bodies of human beings in that empire not only once but hundreds of times. China is a densely populated country and its records are very, very ancient.

J. R. Bond, Druggist, &c., Schomberg writes, "I have sold medicines for over twenty years, and no medicine could give better satisfaction than your Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry." This medicine is the old reliable cure for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, and all Summer Complaints.

Colorado's mining exposition which opened recently, is now in good working order, and is well spoken of by those who have visited it. Tons of glittering ore, rich in lead, iron, silver and gold, lie in heaps or are piled in pyramids. The exhibition admits agricultural as well as mining products. Denver is as proud of this show as Paris or Philadelphia was of its world's fair, since it almost exclusively represents the products of Western soil.

A boat which was conveying sixteen Chinamen sick with the smallpox, to an hospital in San Francisco Bay, suddenly upset. The Chinamen were thoroughly drenched in cold salt water, and it was a full hour before they were placed in comfortable quarters. The physicians and attendants of course, supposed that they would all die, but to everyone's astonishment they all got well. If Chinamen with the smallpox are cured by the application of cold salt water, may it not show that the previous treatment was wrong.

The many warnings against overloading, and racing passenger steamboats, serious though they are, appear to have no effect on captains of steam vessels. Two excursion steamers, carrying 2,000 passengers, collided off Bay Ridge, N. Y., on Sunday while racing. Happily no lives were lost, though one of the boats was seriously damaged.

Perhaps the most wonderful surgical operation ever performed in Southington was that which saved the life of the little son of Orlando Whitney, of Darien, whose neck was dislocated by the upsetting of a carriage. The operation was performed by Drs. Russell of New Haven, and Osborne of Southington, and was one which required great skill and delicate manipulation. The little one was obliged to lie in a plaster of Paris cast of his whole body, from its neck to below the knee joints. It was the only thing that could have saved his life; a movement to the right or left would have caused instant death.

If Catarrh has destroyed your sense of smell and hearing, Hall's Catarrh Cure will cure you. 75 cents per bottle. Druggists sell it.

A very large coach whip, measuring eight feet in length, and as large as an ordinary man's leg below the knee, had visited the burrow of a rabbit and taken therefrom one of the young, which was nearly half grown. The old rabbit seeing the condition of her young, would jump on the snake, and then take hold of the young rabbit and try to rescue it as the snake ran off. Mr. Stovall's attention was attracted by a noise similar to that of a wild hog making running through a canebrake, and looked around to see the snake coming, with its head about three feet in the air to keep the young rabbit from being rescued by its mother. He gave his snakeship all the road he wanted, and said that he would run over the top of bushes several feet high.

That Husband of Mine Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1. Druggists.

The gold annually taken from the Siberian mines is estimated to be worth \$5,000,000. The first discovery of the metal in that country was made at the beginning of this century. The average cost of an expedition in search of gold is estimated at \$3,000. Therefore, only capitalists can indulge in the luxury of experiments. One of the principle operators is said to have spent a quarter of a million before finding any ore. The miners are paid only \$3 a month, with board and lodging. The sale of liquor is forbidden within twelve miles from each shaft, that discipline may be maintained. The number of mines has largely increased since the second quarter of the present century, but that period was the most prosperous in the history of Siberian mining. The labor of the serfs then cost next to nothing, though the pay of the workmen is now pitifully small.

A Word of Caution. Beware of Opium and powerful astringent drugs in the treatment of several complaints, they may kill the pain and check diarrhoea, etc., but are liable to produce inflammation. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is guaranteed safe and reliable, even for infants, and is a specific for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Colic, Acute or Chronic Diarrhoea and Summer Complaints generally.

A NEW BOOK.

From The Pen of a Canadian Author. A new book entitled "True Anecdotes of Pet Animals," has been written and published by a new aspirant for literary honors, Miss Maclean, of Guelph. As a literary work it stands almost alone, the subject being hitherto an unwritten one. Every-where it is highly spoken of, and as Miss M. Lean is well known in Port Hope, we expect to see it receive a ready sale. The following are testimonials to its merits, by men whose literary culture cannot but command respect for their opinions: Extract from Rev. J. C. Smith's preface to the volume:—"The simple yet touching style in which different phases of individual character are portrayed therein, and scenes of family life recalled, invests the story from beginning to end with an irresistible charm. I am persuaded this volume will meet with a very cordial reception. That it may be largely instrumental in God's hands in cultivating in this far Dominion a type of life at once sympathetic, pure and true is the earnest prayer of a subscriber. JAS. C. SMITH, M. A. B. D. Minister of St. Andrew's Church. Guelph, Feb. 1882.

The Rectory, Guelph, June 29, 82. I have examined with much interest, Miss Maclean's pleasing volume of Anecdotes of Pet Animals. It contains lessons which the young very much need in respect to the kindly treatment due to God's helpless creatures, whom He made and whom He loves, for His mercy is over all His works "the beasts of the field and the fowls of the air," as well as his reasonable creatures. Children as well as many of the maturer years are usually cruel through thoughtlessness, and this work appeals forcibly to their better nature, impressing on them the cowardly wickedness of treating with unkindness the helpless creatures over whom God has given them dominion and power, and for the exercise of which He holds them responsible. The whole work is an exposition and illustration of Coleridge's beautiful idea,—"He prayeth best who loveth best All things great and small, For the great God who loveth us He made and loveth all. I heartily commend it for general use. ALEX. DIXON, B.A. Rector, Canon, &c.

"I have much pleasure in expressing my unqualified concurrence in the sentiments embodied in the Rev. J. C. Smith's preface to Miss Maclean's interesting and instructive work, 'True Anecdotes of Pet Animals.' The subject is one of the most attractive, the letter press good, and the illustrations all that could be desired, while the style of the work is admirably adapted to the subject, and gives evidence of great ability in the presentation of the theme. I have much pleasure in commending this work to the favorable notice of all heads of families. WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Pastor Norfolk-st. Church, Guelph. June 17, 1882.

"I have carefully examined the book entitled 'True Anecdotes of Pet Animals.' The style is simple, clear, and often beautiful and healthful in its moral tone. The different phases of individual character are so forcibly presented by the writer they cannot fail but to leave a good impression on the mind of the reader. I am sure the book will be read with pleasure and interest, not only by the young, but by those more advanced in years. I heartily commend it." JOHN P. ROBINSON, Pastor Paisley street Church, Guelph. June 17th, 1882.

"The book entitled 'True Anecdotes of Pet Animals,' I cordially recommend for family reading. It will prove both interesting and instructive. The illustrations are numerous and will render it more attractive to all readers, both old and young. THOMAS WARDROBE, D. D. Minister of Chambers' Church, Guelph.

I heartily commend to the favorable consideration of the reading public of Georgetown and vicinity, a volume by a Canadian writer, Miss J. F. Maclean. "True Anecdotes of Pet Animals" is calculated to do much good in the home. The stories are not isolated from each other by being referred to the experience of different individuals in far separated localities. The "pets" are the pets of one family; and the anecdotes of them will teach lessons many, young and old, evidently need to learn of the proper treatment of domestic animals. I trust Mr. Donnelly, who has been appointed agent for the work, will find many purchasers for it. JOHN PRINGLE, Presbyterian Minister.

"True Anecdotes of Pet Animals," by Miss Maclean, has just fallen into my hands, and, having glanced through it, I felt quite transported back to boyhood days when many an hour was happily and, I must say, profitably spent in the interesting society of domestic animals. Miss Maclean's anecdotes will be useful in every household by proving to be edifying to young minds that cannot employ their leisure moments in a better way than studying the wonderful instincts that God has implanted in the animal creation, and which reflects greater glory in His name than the so often depraved intelligence of humanity. GEO. B. COOKE, Incumbent St. George's Church.

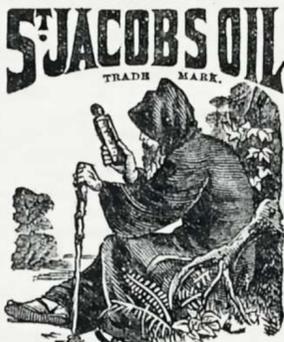
"I admire the courage of the enterprise and congratulate the authors. Kindly put my name down for twenty copies of best volume." GEO. M. McDONNELL, Barrister, Kingston.

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Sign of the "Golden Anvil." NEW GOODS. LARGE VARIETY. LOW PRICES. MULHOLLAND & BROWN; a/c. daily receiving and adding New Goods to their usually large and well selected stock of HARDWARE and are now prepared for the Spring Trade of 1880 with a splendid stock of Shelf and Heavy Goods, and buyers will consult their interests by examining Goods and Prices. The subscribers would specially draw the attention of buyers to their Table and Pocket Cutlery, both English and American, direct from the best makers. English and American Electro-Plated Nickel Spoons, Forks, &c., The leading and best makes of Chopping Axes, Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Bird Cases in Brass and Iron, a large variety. The newest and best makes of Cross-Cut Saws, Leather Belting, Lacing, Files, and Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Japans and Colors. BULLDOGS, BLACKSMITHS, and CARRIAGE MAKERS HARDWARE, &c. ALL AT BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH. Agents for the Gutta Serena and Rubber Mixed Paints. d1-ly MULHOLLAND & BROWN

FASHIONABLE SPRING CLOTHING W. G. STEVENSON takes pleasure in calling public attention to his very superior stock of CLOTHS & TWEEDS &c., which he is now prepared to make up to order for SPRING SUITS, in the best and most fashionable styles, at the VERY LOWEST PRICES. An inspection invited. Remember the place—Queen Street, Port Hope. W. G. STEVENSON.

HUGH ROSS IS NOT GOING TO MANITOBA HIS STORE IS CROWDED WITH NEW AND FASHIONABLE SPRING DRY GOODS WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP CALL AND SEE THEM.

THE PORT HOPE WEEKLY TIMES. ONLY \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE THE BEST LOCAL PAPER BETWEEN TORONTO AND MONTREAL For which sum it will be sent to any address in Canada, the United States, or Great Britain. THE KEY TO HEALTH. BIRDSECK BLOOD BITTERS. To Consumptives. Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluctuating of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BIRDSECK BLOOD BITTERS. Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size \$1. For sale by all dealers. R. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto. 63-ly

THOS. HAYDEN, Is prepared to make to order all kinds of MACHINERY. CASTINGS, &c., on the most moderate terms. Good workmanship guaranteed. Constantly on hand a number of Hayden's Celebrated Ploughs. Every farmer who has used them says they are the BEST IN THE MARKET. All kinds of Machinery repaired. THOS. HAYDEN. Foundry on Cavan St., Port Hope. d1-w44

Famous Medicines of all kinds at Deyell's Drug Store. Attention is directed to our large stock of XL goods, comprising cellu-florentine & metallic BRUSHES. Also select-ment of TOILET Perfumes, Puff Beautiful Velvet Frames, etc. Fluid is the best preparation in use for CHAPPED HANDS. Try it. We are the Sole Agents for the celebrat-ed Manhattan Feed, univ-ersal for Horses, Cattle Pigs, and Poultry. Remember the place,—Brent's old stand.

MITCHELL & WATSON, Walton street, Port Hope. Royal Condition Powder for Horses and Cattle, the best in use, at Deyell's Drug Store.

REMOVAL. J. S. CEASER, V.S. Has removed his office to QUEEN ST. Opposite the British Hotel yard, and next to J. C. McNaughton's saloon. Parties requiring his services after office hours will please call at his Residence. FIRST BRICK HOUSE ON MILL STREET South of the Royal Hotel. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 6 to 8 p. m., except Tuesdays. Will visit Millbrook every Tuesday. Office, Queen's Hotel. Office hours from 12 to 4 p. m.

MACHINERY. W. J. WALLACE In returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since he opened his SHOP IN BARRETT'S BLOCK, CAVAN STREET begs to intimate that he is now prepared to Manufacture all kinds of MACHINERY. MILL CASTINGS, STEAM ENGINES, &C. In the best manner, and at LOW PRICES. Repairing done Neatly & Expeditiously ESTIMATES FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY FURNISHED AND A TRIAL SOLICITED.

All Kinds of Hair Restorers and Hair Dressings, at Robt. Deyell's Drug Store. NEW PLANING FACTORY JOHN TRICK BEGS to announce to the public that he has opened a shop in BARRETT'S BLOCK, Cavan street, where, with NEW MACHINERY he is prepared the fill all orders entrusted to him for PLANING MATCHING, SAWING, &c., in the best manner and at LOW PRICES. All work warranted to give satisfaction. JOHN TRICK, Barrett's Block, Cavan

MICA AXLE GREASE. Composed largely of powdered Mica or Istal-glass, is the BEST and CHEAPEST Lubricator in the world.—The BEST because it does not gum, but forms a highly polished surface over the axle, reducing friction and lightening the draft; the CHEAPEST because it costs NO MORE than inferior brands, and one box will do the work of two of any other make. Answers as well for Harvesters, Mill Gearing, Threshing Machines, Corn-Planters, Carriages, Buggies, etc., as for Wagons. GUARANTEED to contain NO Petroleum. Sold by all dealers. Our Pocket Encyclopedia of Things Worth Knowing mailed free. MICA MANUFACTURING CO. 228 Hudson St., New York, Cleveland, O., and Chicago, Ill. SAMUEL ROGERS & Co. Toronto, Ont. Sole Agents for the Dominion. 18-20c



FOR SALE. Lot 23, 10th Con. Hope, 100 acres. N. 1/2 Lot 34, Con. 7, Hope, 50 acres. N. 1/2 of S. 1/2 Lot 16, Con. 9, Hope, 50 acres. Apply to A. T. H. WILLIAMS, PORT HOPE

DAVID SMART

Barrister-at Law, Solicitor, Conveyancer & Notary Public, Proctor in Admiralty Court.

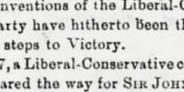
N.B.—Loans of private and trust moneys made on improved real estate, on favorable terms. Investments in Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages managed.

Agency of the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, of England. Rates as low as other first-class companies.

Branch of the "Etna Fire Insurance Co. Assets \$3,902,272 64. The most reliable American Company. Policies written at lowest rates, at the offices, Quinlan's Block, Walton street.

DAVID SMART, Manager.

Servant Girl Wanted APPLY TO MRS. TRAYES, Pine Street.



The Times AND COUNTY OF DURHAM BRITISH CANADIAN. Port Hope, Thursday, Aug. 24, 1882.

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION. From Wednesday's "Mail."

The conventions of the Liberal-Conservative party have hitherto been the preliminary steps to Victory. In 1877, a Liberal-Conservative convention prepared the way for Sir JOHN MACDONALD to office.

In 1881, a Liberal-Conservative convention prepared the way for his confirmation in power. These conventions were the outcome of strong political feeling and settled political principles.

We have much pleasure in announcing a third convention, as the first step towards a fresh victory. A convention of the Liberal-Conservative party, at the summons of Sir JOHN MACDONALD and Mr. W. R. MEREDITH, is called for Wednesday, the 13th day of September, in Shaftesbury Hall, Toronto, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Not less than six delegates should be chosen from each electoral district; more than six may be chosen if desired. The business of the convention will concern the Liberal Conservative party of this Province mainly, but the Dominion at large is interested deeply in the event.

How best to secure the Confederation from the active disloyalty of those who assail it; how best to secure the National Policy from the organized hostility of the Grit Local Government; how best to secure once more, and retain for ever, for Ontario, the unfettered exercise of her municipal institutions which is fast being forced from the people's hands; how best to secure the legal and final settlement of the territorial and financial questions affecting Ontario's interests—these will be among the questions to be submitted to the convention.

We need make no special call upon our party on this occasion. The spirit and energy of two great campaigns have not evaporated. The omens of victory are always ours, and are with us yet.

BRIEF COMMENT. The Globe says the Port Hope News is entirely incorrect in a statement in its last issue. Even the Globe is repudiating our contemporary, which has long maintained a local reputation for its say-anything-you-please style of writing.

The Grand Trunk system now covers three thousand three hundred and thirty miles, an immense stretch of line to be controlled and operated by one corporation. This total mileage is made up as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Line Name, Miles. Old Grand Trunk and affiliated lines, 1,511 1/2; Old Great Western and affiliated lines, 824; Midland Railway of Canada, 471; Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway, 335; Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railway, 159; Total, 3,300 1/2.

NEWCASTLE. Newcastle, Aug. 22nd, 1882. Mr. L. Munson intends buying barley here this season. Nothing like opposition.

We learn that the harbor company are not going to take any barley into the store-house until the first of September.

Over seventy of our citizens availed themselves of the cheap excursion to Toronto, leaving our lively little town rather dull.

Mr. George Foster, who has been home on a visit for the past two months, left us on Friday last, to attend to his duties in the States.

There are thirteen applications received from different parties for the position of assistant teacher in the High School here. The board will decide in a few days.

We understand that Mr. Wilmot is engaged making arrangements for a trip to Lake Superior, where he goes with a couple of assistants, to obtain specimens of fishes, for the great International Fishery Exhibition, in London, next May.

ONE RESULT OF AMALGAMATION.

Very much has been said concerning the amalgamation of the Great Western with the Grand Trunk, and a long time has been taken in its consummation. Monopoly, that giant of uncouth form, which is constantly and ominously shadowed forth in the press panorama, is the great frightening bugbear. Monopoly has its advantages and its disadvantages. In the Midland combination we see the good results in more efficient train service, which has resulted from the union of a number of non-paying roads into a system promising remuneration to shareholders and development to the country through which they traverse.

The policy of the new Grand Trunk administration, since the rivalry of the Great Western has been removed, is to retrench on all possible points, even regardless of the public convenience. As long as we had a Great Western ticket agency in Port Hope, we had a G.T.R. agency "down town," very much to the convenience of every person in Port Hope. Since the amalgamation has been concluded, we understand that it is the intention of the Grand Trunk authorities to terminate all existing arrangements with Mr. Stanley Paterson, their agent here, and confine G.T.R. business to the station alone.

This is to be greatly regretted, and we hope the decision will be reconsidered in behalf of the people of Port Hope. To the station is a long walk, and there are a hundred and one little things concerning travel, fares, time, distances, etc., which not only citizens of the town, but travellers from the north wish to be informed on, and it would be a hardship to oblige them to be continuously walking nearly a mile, when they might drop into an office on the front street and obtain all the information desired.

Monopoly itself may not mean anything very bad, provided "bloated monopolists" do not take advantage of their opportunities to extort, and we are not of those who go into howling madness over what has yet to stand the test of public criticism, before its merits or demerits are known. In other words, we do not believe in denouncing men or corporations for the evil they might do; but if the Grand Trunk in its new policy begins by limiting the conveniences the public have a right to expect, its future actions cannot but be looked forward to with suspicion, for there is wisdom in the proverb about straws indicating from which way the wind blows.

As to a general increase in the tariff of rates resulting from the fusion of the lines of railroad, that does not necessarily follow, although it may. It would not be wisdom in the long run, for the interests of the public and the railroads are one, and if the privileges of monopoly are abused, the public have the remedy in their own hands. The cost of managing one road will be much less than that of two, and a general benefit will be effected by a more close and advantageous system of connections. However, if the public interests are disregarded in small matters, there is good reason to suppose that in the more momentous concerns affecting the people at large, the company, shareholders, and directors will not scruple to bleed the country, and we will take very good care, as far as we are concerned, they shall not have an opportunity.

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While I do not exonerate the Globe from its full share of the responsibility for the late disaster, a candid enquiry will show that the true cause arose from the course pursued by the leader himself. "He (Mr. Blake) has run headlong on the breakers, and has sunk himself and all his followers; it is literally true that he has wrecked the ship."

OUR LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.

PERHAPS in all Mr. Mowat's career he never perpetrated a more egregious error, or one which more justly merits the general condemnation he is at present receiving, than when he took the power of appointing License Commissioners out of the hands of municipalities and usurped it to himself, for the purpose of dispensing party patronage. It was a most unscrupulous act towards centralization, and the appointments have been shamelessly partizan. It has been an utter failure in bringing about the results promised by Mr. Mowat and his colleagues.

We have had a convincing demonstration, and one not a little laughable, in our town recently. Under pretext of a blow at intemperance, Mowat's Government usurped the power of appointing the License Commissioners. They said: we will do this ourselves; we will appoint men who will not depend on local influences for their position, to carry out the law—these men will thoroughly eradicate the evil.

What does the sequel prove? Is it possible to show what good these License Commissioners, appointed by the Local Government, ever did, more than meet once a year to distribute licenses? Crime, through liquor-drinking and intemperance, has greatly increased, and Mr. Mowat's supporters in town have, by unmistakable action, acknowledged the futility of his theory.

Mr. Gamble, after Mr. Marshall left for Ireland, was appointed by the Council to look after the carrying out of the liquor law. Did this not mean that the License Commissioners were a nonentity, and further supervision necessary? Mr. Gamble was appointed for a month; his time has now expired. Whiskey detective business is not part of the Chief Constable's duties, and he cannot be expected to look after it, unless specially appointed.

Last Monday evening, at Council, it was expected that several of the prominent Reformers of the Board would bring the matter up, but they didn't. The reason they did not is well known: they knew it would be an official and public blow at the Mowat Government—in other words, a direct censure. Their intention having been made known, one or two of the head lights of the party got together on Monday, and after a long consultation it was thought better to let it drop.

That is why Mr. Marshall has not been appointed to look after the liquor law, and that is why these Grit members of the Council backed down. Their sense of right has had to become subordinate to their allegiance to the "little tyrant" who rules at Toronto. They were informed that they, in their representative capacity, must not give their party away. Their retreat from action is the strongest evidence that they themselves considered such action a hard blow at the Ontario Government, hence it must not be "did."

Table with 2 columns: Category, Amount. Under municipal administration from 1869 to 1874, inclusive, 15,432; Under Mowat administration, from 1875 to 1880, inclusive, 22,724; Increase under Mowat's management, 7,292; From 1869 to 1874, inclusive, 6,500; Under Mowat administration, from 1875 to 1880, inclusive, 14,927; Increase under Mowat's management of the liquor traffic, 8,427; Compare the total committals for crimes of all kinds during the same periods: Under municipal administration of the liquor traffic from 1869 to 1874, inclusive, 42,972; Under Mowat administration of the liquor traffic, from 1875 to 1880, inclusive, 69,340; Increase under the Mowat management of the liquor traffic, 26,368.

AMERICAN FORESTRY CONGRESS.

The rapid consumption of American forests has given rise to a great deal of anxiety as to the future of our wood supply. This feeling has given rise to a practical effort in the way of the organization of an "American Forestry Association," which holds its first meeting in Montreal this week.

The subjects to be discussed are of vital interest, and are as follows: How to conserve existing forests. The best methods of working timber-lands in the interests of the holders, of the public, and of the revenue.

The duties of Governments in regard to Forestry. How to promote the extension of timber-bearing lands in districts where timber is scarce, and how best to introduce it into the treeless regions of the West.

The protection of forests from fire. The necessity for special instruction in Forestry.

The best trees to plant for commercial, climatic, sanitary and ornamental purposes. Forests in their relation to the water supply. Utility of roadside planting. Shade tree planting for towns. Fruit tree cultivation. Climatology and Forestry.

The report of this meeting will be of great interest if the subjects be discussed in a manner equal to their importance.

A large number of American tourists and others who have been fishing in Canadian waters in the Kingston district, have been compelled to desist by the Dominion Fishery Inspector.

MORE ON HORSE-RACING.

REV. MR. JEFFREY, next to the aphorisms with which he enlivens his sermons, is noted for calling white, white, and black, black. He has none of that squeamish, traditional piety which prevents a man from calling wrong (if he thinks it is) what others call right, or in sticking up for what others, from preconceived or inherited notions, call evil. For all that, we cannot entirely agree with him on the question of horse-racing.

On Sunday evening, in illustrating the idea of a straight course which Paul had marked out for Christians, he referred to a boat race. He asked the question, "Did any of you ever see a boat race?" and added, "I suppose there are some here too pious to go to such." He expressed the opinion that if two men wanted to find out which could go the fastest, there was no harm in them getting into two boats, one alongside of the other, and making the trial—parenthetically adding that it differed from horse-racing.

Being present, we supposed that when he added the parenthesis, he had THE TIMES' editorial of last week in his mind's eye. However that may be, we cannot see the logic of the conclusion. If it is no harm for two men to find out by a race their respective speeds, we fail to see how it is a sin for two men, if they have two horses, to find out in a similar manner which horse can go the faster.

It is simply a question of man and brute. Circumstances being precisely similar in both instances, are we to conclude, therefore, that, although it is all right for two men to run a race, it is wrong for two brutes to engage in a trial of speed? What constitutes the difference? Is it because the horse is cruelly treated? Not so, because we showed in last issue, and it is beyond contradiction, that race horses are better cared for than any other class of equines; and surely, in a matter of muscle and endurance, the brute is not at a disadvantage with man. It cannot be said either that it is wrong to run horses because horses are made to go against their will, and men go voluntarily, because a much stronger objection could be made to horses working or driving at all. They were certainly intended as beasts of burden.

For these reasons we cannot help concluding that horse-racing, carried on under ordinary moderate circumstances, is not wrong, and is no reason why our councillors should be blamed for allowing part of the driving park to be thrown into a trotting course. If only a certain class, "worldlings" as it is chosen to term them, frequent and use this driving course, it is because there is an unjustifiable prejudice against them and horse-training, in the minds of those who feel themselves "too respectable."

We have been privately taken to task for promulgating what orthodox terms immoral teaching, by upholding horse-racing. Well, we plead "guilty" to the charge if it can be shown that the principle itself is wrong. We do not uphold the abuses which too often spring from it, or too frequently arise from boat-racing, and almost all customs or practices carried to an extreme. We, however, regard driving parks and race courses as almost a national necessity in developing a superior breed of horses, which require a means of cultivation just as men do to rise above the common.

A FEW "MISTAKES."

Our Queen street contemporary would not intentionally prevaricate; prevarication for a purpose has never been imputed to this immaculate factor of the world's existence. He is as liable to err, however, as the sparks fly upwards. For proof of which we refer to the columns of our contemporary.

The allegation is repeated that a TIMES representative was bounced from the official car at Portrytown. No official of the road informed our cotem. to that effect, and no representative of THE TIMES was ever bounced from the train.

Col. Williams is accused of being to Ottawa seeking for a senatorship. Col. Williams was surprised to find out that he had been to Ottawa, and is still more surprised to learn that he had been credited with applying for the vacant senatorship. The malicious intent of the insinuation is too evident.

Besides these, a cock-and-bull story is manufactured about Captain James. He is accused of calling Capt. Wright "a hog," and then follows a half a column of details, for which we have the authority of Capt. James to say that not one sentence of it is correct. We feel certain that Capt. Wright never gave a syllable of the information supposed to be contained in that article; it was some one higher in authority, whose antipathy to the Assistant Harbor Master is well understood. There was a dispute between Capt. James and Capt. Wright, but no such language as that attributed to Capt. James was used, and altogether, the whole yarn is constructed to do duty for a purpose. It is simply another link in the systematic abuse a certain clique have been pouring out against the Assistant Harbor Master.

If a man is to be criticized for his actions in a public capacity, it is only due to the public and simple justice to the criticized, that the particulars be first ascertained, and not to manufacture a case out of whole cloth, and from that evolve a series of strictures. We have no doubt Capt. James is quite willing to defend in the press his actions on this occasion, when the charges come from the proper source, and give the particulars as they occurred.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our Correspondents.

THE ROCHESTER LACROSSE MATCH.

PORT HOPE, Aug. 23, 1882. To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Having, through your kindness, seen the report by the Belleville Daily Intelligencer, of the lacrosse match played between the Okas, of Belleville, "gentlemen" (?), and the Beavers, of Port Hope, I beg leave to infringe upon your good nature and valuable space, to answer the same. The first statement made by the Intelligencer which I deem necessary to contradict, is that the Millbrook men were the "kickers." They were not, nor were they, as the members of the Port Hope team were responsible to them for their expenses. The only cause of any annoyance between the teams, was occasioned by the action of the accredited agent of the Belleville team, who did his best, to all appearance, to dead-beat the Port Hope boys. If such was not his intention, I humbly beg his pardon, but the delay and several refusals to pay the steamboat fare of our boys, as also the return fare, between Charlotte and Rochester, and the non-payment up to the present time of the \$2 per man, bear indisputable evidence of the intention of the head centre of the movement, and if the Okas intend to retain any claim to the title of "gentlemen lacrosse players of Belleville," which they, in the posters, advertised themselves to be, no doubt wishing to leave the impression that it was the rag-tag and bobtail of Port Hope they were playing,—they should be more particular in making their appointments of business manager. Another part of said report which I deem necessary to explain, and in which the "gentlemanliness" of the referee of the game—who should be, but was not, an impartial judge, shows forth in unparalleled brilliancy—is that wherein he says, "One stubborn Irishman, named Howard, was paid his two dollars on the spot." Now, why any man should be called names because he was desirous, as were all the Port Hope members, of obtaining the benefit of a contract which had been carried out on his and their parts, I cannot understand. The only reason which occurs to me why Howard should be especially singled out to bear the brunt of gentlemanly malice is one which creates envy on behalf of the Port Hope boys—that he received his \$2 while they were soft enough to be humbugged. Had the referee had sufficient money to pay all the Port Hope team they would each and every one have willingly taken it, as they felt and feel now that they will never see it. As to the fourth game, in which the dispute arose, the referee did not accept outside evidence, which by the way was not admissible in any event until he knew what their opinion on the matter was. He was certainly very partisan in all his decisions. As to Coleman being able to check Drake, he cannot play one side of him, and in his own language "could not play a little bit."

Yours, etc., PORT HOPE PLAYER.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Our attention has been called to a report appearing in your issue of 3rd inst. of a sermon delivered by Rev. Mr. McDiarmid from which we quote the following:—"A gentleman one night—by the way, the same night the circus was in town—was so overcome by one of the billiard rooms at 2 o'clock in the morning, and even at that late hour operations were in full blast. The sound of cursing and swearing which was borne on the night air from that place was shocking. He passed it again at four o'clock in the morning and still it was not closed."

"Another gentleman passed by the same hotel the same night, and the tale of drunkenness, blasphemy and obscenity which he related was too disgusting to be repeated in the pulpit."

As no one but the undersigned own billiard rooms in town we feel that either one of us is aimed at in the above. We can only say that the "gentleman" who passed the billiard rooms at 2 o'clock in the morning either could not see or lied. We defy any one or any number of people in the town to say they have ever seen our billiard rooms open at such an hour since we have been in the hotel business. We think the person who passed our rooms must have had his spectacles on or a brick in his hat and been knocked out of his own house. As for drunkenness, blasphemy and infamous language, we take this occasion to say we do not allow any one to make use of language in our houses that is improper. We claim to be as plain spoken as other people who wear black coats and white neckties. Fortunately the cloth does not make the man. We have no fault to find with the rev. gentleman for misrepresenting as believing he has been misinformed by some one who probably was out, at the hour stated, looking for a drink and could not get it.

We are, yours, etc., S. E. MCCARTNEY, CHAS. GARRITT.

EGYPTIAN WAR.

SATURDAY, August 19, 1882. The despatches regarding the troubles in the East relate mainly to preparations for the great battle to take place probably within twenty-four hours at Kair-el-Dwar. The British forces are being largely augmented as possible, while from the best accounts Arabi seems content with the present state of his entrenchments. He is said to expect to fall back on Cairo in case of a defeat, but he cannot arrive there before the place will be thoroughly garrisoned with men anxious to see him. The rumours of Russia's operations in concentrating a large force on the Caucasus to be ready for an attack on Turkey when England has her hands full in Egypt are still made, but they fail to cause much excitement.

MONDAY, August 21. The news from the seat of war this morning is of a most intensely interesting character, and is likely to astonish every country in Europe. A Constantinople despatch announces that the Powers have agreed to the international police protectorate of the Suez Canal, England making a reservation that this international police protection shall not interfere with her war operations. England has boldly set the whole of Europe at defiance, and if the despatches from Port Said be relied upon, she has placed gunboats at each end of the Canal and forbidden passage to vessels of all nationalities, whether merchant craft or not. Instead of landing at Aboukir, Sir Garnet Wolseley and Admiral Seymour proceeded to the Suez Canal with seventeen transports and five men-of-war, and seized that important work. Port Said and every point of importance has been placed under British control, and the whole fleet and troops are now en route to Ismailia, from which it is apparent a move upon Cairo will be made. Several engagements took place on Saturday and Sunday at Raudah, the details of which are of a highly interesting character.

TUESDAY, August 22. Yesterday was signalized by a brilliant exploit by a British force. A small body of Highlanders, marines and bluejackets advanced upon Shalati, a village about ten miles from Suez, where the enemy was found in force, outnumbering the British by three to one. A brisk and steady musketry fire was followed by a charge, and the enemy was driven out at the point of the bayonet.

BUDGE is opening out a tremendous stock of New Fall Goods. Scotch Tweeds, Overcoatings, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings.

NOTICE.

MR. SINGLETON having returned from England, we will resume his regular course of instruction in Music on the 1st of September. His students will please note this fact. 34-11

HIGH SCHOOL, PORT HOPE. This School will Reopen, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4TH.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, PORT HOPE. A. PURSLOW, Head Master.

MRS. and the MISSES LOGAN will, (D. V.) reopen their School on Tuesday, September 15th. Circles on Application. 34-21

JAMES LINTON, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER. Keeps always on hand, a good stock of the latest and best styles of TOP & OPEN BUGGIES, PHAETONS, TROTTING SELKES, MARKET WAGGONS, ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED. 10 ORONO, ONT.

BLACKHAM'S HOTEL, PORT HOPE. Near Midland Railway Station. Convenient to G. T. R. and Steamboat landings. R. G. BLACKHAM, Proprietor.

For a Really First-class P-H-O-T-O. CALL AT MUNDY'S STUDIO. HIS SAMPLES ARE OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

Children Taken Instantaneously. Having bought Irwin's Negatives, duplicates may be had by calling at my office.

10 GLOVE MAKERS. Wanted by JAS. McCOMB, Orono Glove Works.

TEACHER WANTED. A Teacher, holding a third-class certificate, wanted for School Section No. 18, Hope. Applicant to state Salary. Duties to commence after midsummer holidays. Apply to D. O. TREW, Elizabethville P. O.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE CHEAP. 90 ACRES West Hill LOT 15, Con. 1, CLARKE. Comfortable Buildings, plenty of Wood and water. For particulars apply to the proprietor on the premises. BEWELL HYATT. 29-132

FOR SALE. ANOTHER lot on Catharine street, 45 feet frontage, adjoining the lot I sold some time ago. Terms Cash or approved Credit. GEORGE HELM, Port Hope.

with heavy loss, losing a number of prisoners and a small cannon. Nefch, a rebel post near Ismalia, was shelled by the gunboats and the enemy driven out. Arabi has distributed his forces with the intention of obstructing the British advance upon Cairo. A force calculated to hold the Alexandria division in check will hold Kafir-el-Dwar; Arabi, with the main body, will oppose Sir Garnet Wolsley's advance from Ismalia, and a large body of Bedouins will appear an advance from Suez. At every favorable point he is seeking earthworks, and is apparently determined to make a desperate fight. The Porte is still harassing England by petty regulations, and has applied its prohibition of the export of mules from Asia Minor to Turkey in Europe. Lord Dufferin has informed the Porte that it will be held responsible for heavy damages.

WEDNESDAY, August 23rd. There seems to have been no fighting in Egypt yesterday, but on Monday a portion of the 72nd regiment engaged the enemy at Serapeum, near the Suez end of the canal, and repulsed them with a loss of one hundred men and four guns, the British losing only two killed and five wounded. This engagement, and that at Shaluf, appear to have settled Arabi's cause at this end of the canal. The energy and vim of the British have completely disconcerted the rebels, and this portion of the country is reported to be virtually clear of them. From the account of the prisoners taken at Shaluf there would not seem to be much cause for apprehension when the time for the decisive conflict comes, as these unfortunate creatures state that they were compelled to fight against their will, and that their chief officers discreetly withdrew when they found things getting hot. Apropos of the decisive engagement, a despatch to New York states that Arabi has shifted his quarters to Makama, within seven miles of the British lines, and that an engagement might be expected within a few hours.

ROUND ABOUT US.

An Epitome of District Intelligence Gathered from Various Sources.

Mr. L. C. Smith, of Guelph, has been appointed Head Master of the Oshawa High School.

The Port Perry horse stealer, Thos. Jeffries, has been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Peterborough Midland station has had another switch placed near it.

A man who was bathing in the Ottawa, not long ago, was seized by a huge fish, but fortunately he was rescued before being seriously hurt. The fish was caught shortly after, and turned out to be a maskinonge weighing 47 1/2 lbs.

A drive of logs numbering over 50,000 pieces is now going down the lower Ottawa.

Farm hands are so scarce in many parts of this and neighboring counties, that women are turning out in the harvest field.

The Whitby (34th) Battalion goes into camp at Niagara next month.

Neither of Lindsay's carriage builders intend competing at the Cobourg Central Exhibition. They are too busy.

Mr. John Rutherford, the clerk of Seymour Council, has been made a Justice of the Peace.

St. Peter's Church, Cobourg, holds its annual picnic at Idyl Wyld, next Wednesday.

Port Hope has not got all the bad boys. Bob has a posse of them who go into Bob's woods on Sunday, and play cards, drink beer, and tell dirty stories.

The number of saw-logs in the drive down the Meira this year will reach about 400,000. Other stuff such as ties and telegraph poles, will equal the total to over 500,000.

George Young, of the Trenton Courier, threatens the editor of the Trent Valley Advertiser, Mr. Geo. Graham, with a libel suit. The latter tells Mr. Y. to fire away.

Old Dave Smith, the notorious Castleton abolitionist, who was sentenced at the Cobourg assizes, in 1877, died in the penitentiary, last week. He was buried by moonlight the same night he died, and thus the career of an obnoxious was ended.

Thomas Fortnes, of Oshawa, who had twice amputated on Saturday, died about his clock Monday morning. The deceased was about fifty years of age. His remains will be taken to Bobcaygeon for interment.

Charles Coleman, deputy bailiff of Bowmanville, a young man in the prime of life, committed suicide by taking corrosive sublimate. He ate a hearty dinner on Saturday, and immediately after swallowed the fatal dose. He lingered till Monday morning, when death put an end to his sufferings. He was most respectably connected, and leaves a wife and two children.

A man named Thomas Fortune, who has been working on the missing link lately, started to walk to Lindsey on Friday while drunk. He was found the same night lying beside the railroad track with one leg bent to a right angle, and the other bent to a left angle. He was removed to Oshawa, and this afternoon Dr. Corwell amputated the lower part of his leg, assisted by Dr. Degross, of Lindsay. The patient is in a very low condition and his recovery is doubtful. His family resides near Keene.

On Monday last Mr. Samuel Johnston, merchant of this village, found in a hen's egg a queer object which looked like an immense tadpole with a swelled head, and rather less than the usual allowance of tail. It was nearly as large as a small marble, but what it was or whether or not it had ever been alive it is impossible to tell. Of the many persons who saw it some were of the opinion that it was a snake's egg, which idea was not doubt based upon the fact (or rumour) that a very small snake was once found in an egg laid by a hen that resided in Fenelon Falls or its vicinity.—Fenelon Falls Gazette.

The bank note fraud which has been perpetrated on the farmer in so many different ways, is victimizing people in many parts of the country in the following manner: A fellow comes along driving a shining rig, and sells carpet by the sample. He offers three-ply ingrain at thirty-seven and one-half cents per yard, and genuine Brussels at forty-three and one-fourth cents. The farmer selects the pattern he wants, the agent writes out the number of yards, the price, the farmer signs the order (?), and the next week he has his note in the bank to pay; and never sees or hears of the carpet man any more. Farmers, look out for him.

It is proposed to erect a monument in Montreal to the memory of the late Hon. Thomas D'Arvy McGee. The project meets with great favour with all classes and both nationalities.

A national movement is on foot in Tripoli, the participants in which are in favour of extending assistance to Arabi.

Five of the Irish bishops have expressed their approval of the movement for raising a fund in aid of evicted tenants.

A Milwaukee claimant to the throne of Ireland has written to Mr. Gladstone, urging Her Majesty to renounce her title to his country.

St. John Macdonald, who is reported to be in excellent health, is in the possession of Government business with the Governor General previous of his departure for British Columbia.

THE NEWS.

Condensed so as to take in, in small space, the important events of the week.

Smallpox is spreading in Cape Town, South Africa.

Apaches are still committing fearful outrages in Arizona.

A new time table will shortly be issued embracing the entire Grand Trunk system.

The failures for the week show an increase of 54 in the United States, and a decrease of one in Canada.

No ceremonies signaled the adjournment, to 24th October of the British Parliament, which took place the other day.

It is estimated that the revenue of the United States for the current fiscal year will be \$450,000,000.

A protest has been filed against the return of Mr. Gunn, the Liberal member for Kingston.

Mr. Herbert Spencer, the philosopher arrived in New York Monday from England.

The Mayor and 55 town councilmen of Reading, Pa., have been arrested upon an indictment for not keeping the streets repaired.

The peasantry of Andalusia, driven to desperation by the poor harvest, are becoming turbulent, and frequent collisions with the police occur.

Another tract of British Columbia coal lands, four hundred acres in extent, has been sold at a high figure, a California company being the purchaser.

Another agrarian outrage in Ireland. A farmer named Leahy, living near Killarney, was dragged from his bed on Sunday night by a party of moonlighters, and shot.

Notwithstanding official reports to the contrary, the Russians are said to be openly concentrating a formidable army of 78,000 men in the Caucasus, with the intention of occupying the whole of Asia Minor.

De Freycinet, the ex-French Premier, considers the Egyptian question will soon be settled by England with the assistance he will receive from the Sudan and the Sheik El Sanousi.

The Western Distillers' Association has adopted resolutions favoring the enforcement of Sunday laws and the reduction of licenses; also opposing the arraying of the society as such against either of the political parties.

The pruning-knife is being very efficiently applied by the new Minister of Railways in Quebec. Already he has reduced expenses by some fifteen thousand dollars a year, and before he is through he expects to have made it seventeen thousand.

A brother of O'Farrell, who attempted to assassinate the Duke of Edinburgh in 1868, has acquired notoriety at Melbourne, Australia, by an unsuccessful attempt to assassinate Archbishop Goold, of the Roman Catholic Church there.

Crop reports from the European continent are generally favorable. The poorest returns will be in Central and Southern Russia, where the grain suffered from the combined ravages of excessive rains, blight, and insect pests.

A Conservative newspaper in Quebec says that Mr. Chapleau's object in entering the Dominion Cabinet was to compel the Syndicate to admit several French-Canadians within the circle, so that the interests of the Province of Quebec may be duly guarded.

The corporation of Dublin has passed a resolution denouncing Mr. Gray's sentence as arbitrary and oppressive, and expressing the opinion that proceedings for contempt of court should be regulated by statute.

The Conservative members of the corporation were absent when the resolution was adopted.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Regular Correspondence. Washington, D. C., Aug. 19, 1882.

People away from Washington are apt to think this a very dull season with us, but the National Capital is never dull, and if we really live here did not have a breathing spell after the wisdom that dropped around us by the Solons of our nation, and the filibustering and parliamentary tactics endured for over eight months, there is no knowing what the consequences might be.

Secretaries Lincoln and Toller have made it lively here by their action excluding women from obtaining appointments in their departments, in the eight hundred appointments to be made. Consequently the women have donned their war paint and organized a Woman's Labor League, for the purpose of concentrating the working woman's influence throughout the country, and members and senators are threatened with the exposure of the names and characters of some of their special favorites appointed here.

The Star Route trial still drags its winding way, and it is apt to be very confusing to the average brain, when the thermometer is falling among the nineties, and our papers are conclusively proved that the other side are all liars, thieves, robbers, and other cheerful members of society, and then read another one and become impressed that it was the other side again that deserved the chromo in the above characters.

There are still a few members of the House and Senate that walk around the deserted halls of the Capitol.

You may break, you may scatter our Congress if you will, but a ghost of a few will linger here still.

Mrs. Garfield has presented the Ohio State Association with a hundred-year lease of the house owned by the late President and in which he lived until taking possession of the White House, to be known as the Garfield House. The house in question is one of the best and most valuable portions of the city—a plain but substantial double house with a pretty yard at the side. Since his death it has had a bad look, as if the griefs of the country was felt even by the inanimate walls where the happy family so long resided, not allowing the turmoil of public life to break into the sanctity of the home. Col. A. F. Rockwell, Commissioner of Public Grounds, who was the warm loving friend of the late President, is often seen strolling by the deserted house "in the gloaming" and leaning sadly over the little fence-railing.

The comedy and tragedy of life are more forcibly illustrated here in Washington than, perhaps, in any other city. The house formerly occupied by Balkin, when Secretary of War, whose lively fascinating wife reigned queen and gave some of the most brilliant receptions ever given to which the leading people of the country fought for invitations, is now to fall into the hands of boarding-houses, and the dining-room filled with the recollections of superb luncheon, artistic dinners, with ghosts of brave men and beautiful women, will now resound with the cries of the hungry boarder for more hash and more substance to his soup. It is the common fate of most of the houses, celebrated in time past, to end up in the inevitable boarding-house. The handsome house of Chief Justice Chase, where Kate Chase Sprague so gracefully presided, is now the refuge of any one who can pay a monthly room rent, and has even gone through the mortification of having the gas turned off, for non-payment. To what uses do great houses come at last! Your correspondent is writing this letter in the room formerly occupied by Bob Toombs and Alexander Stevens.

"LONDON HOUSE."

Cheap Table Linens and Towellings. Special Value in Shirtings.

Great Bargains in Ducks and Denims.

GRAIN BAGS—CHEAPEST GRAIN BAGS.

GRAIN BAGS—THE BEST GRAIN BAGS.

GRAIN BAGS—CHEAPEST GRAIN BAGS.

J. & T. WICKETT.

PAINTED WINDOW SHADES

Better than Holland, A Great Deal Cheaper, And Much Less Trouble for Housekeepers.

Call and See Them. Any size, color or Design can be obtained by ordering from

W. H. PARSONS,

Who is sole Agent for Port Hope and vicinity. These Goods are of Canadian manufacture and are guaranteed superior.

OUR LONDON LETTER.

Regular Correspondence. London, Eng., Aug. 7, 1882.

Practically there is no opposition in Parliament to the present Egyptian war, and consequently, the vote of credit for two million three hundred thousand pounds, required for strengthening forces in Egypt, was agreed to by 275 to 19. The Secretary of State for War, after consultation with Sir Garnet Wolsley and other competent authorities, believes that sum to be sufficient for a three months' campaign; and it is not expected that the task of crushing Arabi will take longer than the time specified.

On the other hand, should the revolution prove below the mark, the Government may easily appeal to the House of Commons, for more funds. Besides thoroughly suppressing the present rebellion against the Khedive, England will take care that Egypt will cease to be a military power except for the defence of her own borders.

An Egyptian army has been the prolific source of native troubles for many years past. Separate contingents have been taken for the safety and comfort of the troops, that the expedition is being forwarded without a hitch. England will be able to put forty thousand men into the field, leaving an adequate reserve behind. Without being overdone, the troops are to be made very comfortable. In sickness and in health, their welfare will be looked after with an almost tender solicitude, which was unknown to the ragged, shodless, patriotic bands with whom Bonaparte conquered Egypt under the direst necessity.

Sanitation has not been neglected. The wounded will find in the hospitals most of the comforts of home, and the soldiers on active duty are to have the right kind of clothing for a hot climate, and tents of the latest and best pattern. An adequate amount of regimental transport will accompany every regiment; and all ranks are being carefully considered.

So apparent are the necessities of the Government of being able to get through the business within the time mentioned, that the changes in command at home and in the Intelligence Department are to be only of a temporary nature. Before the first fall of snow in the midlands of England, Mr. Childers expects that the troops may return home, their work finished and complete. This is a comparatively cheerful view of the situation, which is warranted by events. For five weeks past, the heads of the war office, civil and military, have worked night and day to put the little army on the best possible footing. Nothing appears to have been neglected that could conduce to the comfort of all concerned. Even now there will be no undue haste; and whenever a regiment is sent off everything will be spick and span and in perfect order, from the most elaborate needs and requirements of the colonel, to the buttons on the tunic of the smallest drummer boy. Now-a-days we provide our armies and we "light by the card." Assuredly, if all the arrangements of the proposed Egyptian campaign work as smoothly as Mr. Childers hopes and expects, the English army will march to victory gaily and gladly, well clothed and well fed, along a level plain to glory, and by roads strewn with creature comforts.

Yesterday morning the Queen paid a special visit to Portsmouth for the purpose of taking farewell of the officers and men who are proceeding in the "Catalonia" for Egypt. The visit was semi-private, as, indeed, most of her Majesty's visits to Port-mouth are, for ever since the death of the Prince Consort, the Queen has dispensed with the firing of royal salutes at the naval ports. Her visit lasted an hour, during which time the officers of the regiment were presented, and her Majesty inspected not only the saloon and officers' quarters, but also the accommodation on the middle and lower decks.

The army worm is going through the oat crop in parts of New Brunswick with alarming rapidity.

The September Century is a good number of this fine magazine. It contains an excellent portrait of Mark Twain, with a sketch of his life; a paper on the Egyptian war having a probable forecast of events; and a second instalment of the essay on the "New North-West," besides the usual number of interesting articles.

CANADIAN SHORTHAND CONVENTION.—The first associated meeting of Shorthand Writers of Canada, irrespective of system and proficiency, will be held in Toronto on the 29th and 30th inst. The committee have prepared an elaborate and unique programme. The Secretary, Mr. Thos. Bengough, who believes in spelling as we speak, writes:—"Deep interest attaches to this meeting, as it will doubtless result in the organization of a Canadian Shorthand Society, combining the influence of professional and amateur, or technically speaking, of 'Steno-graphers' and 'Shorthanders.' Already the art-science of shorthand has taken high rank in this young Dominion—the demand for amanuenses being greater than the supply. Among the papers to be read is one by Mr. Wm. Houston, M.A., on 'Fœnetic Shorthand as an Universal Medium in Writing and Printing.' Rev. Dr. Wild, Rev. Robt. Torrance, of Guelph, and other prominent shorthand-riters and representative stenographers from New York, Buffalo, Chicago, Detroit, and other American cities, will participate. Shorthand riters and learners will find the meetings very profitable. Reduced fares have been secured for delegates." Ald. John Taylor is Chairman of the Committee. The Secretary's address is No. 11 King St., West, Toronto.

BOOKS AND PAPERS.

The American Agriculturist for September contains the usual amount of seasonable information.

St. Nicholas for next month is a bright, sketchy number, filled with short stories, clever verses, and beautiful pictures.

Demorest's Magazine for September, besides its special department of fashion, has interesting stories peculiarly adapted as literature for women.

An article in the Popular Science Monthly for September is one which is well worth reading; it treats of electric and gas illumination. The following are also of especial interest: "Longevity," "The Physician of the Future," "The Poisons of the Manufactory" and "The Chinese, their Manners, and Customs." The short contributions of a miscellaneous nature form an entertaining variety.

Baldyland for 1882. Boston: D. Lothrop & Co. Price, boards, 75c.; cloth, \$1.00. This handsome quarto exemplifies what the combined art of artist, engraver and printer can do in the way of making a book beautiful. It is as attractive to the eyes of grown-up people as it can possibly be to those of the little ones, with its hundred or more illustrations, drawn expressly for its pages. Its stories are just such as the youngest juveniles will read with delight, and those who have a taste for drawing will have ample opportunity for its cultivation in copying the twelve plate pictures it contains.

"True Anecdotes of Pet Animals"—This is a book deserving especial encouragement at the hands of Canadians, and especially of people in this place. The author, Miss Maclean, of Guelph, is a Canadian and was formerly a resident of Port Hope. Apart from this the book possesses intrinsic merits and a distinctive place in our literature. For a more comprehensive idea of its scope and character we would refer our readers to the inside pages, where nearly a column of testimonials from literary men can be seen, and ask them to buy and read it for themselves. Copies can be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. Borrowcock, who has undertaken the sale of Miss Maclean's book for Port Hope.

Prof. Macoun, a name quite familiar to our readers, is the author of an interesting volume on Manitoba and the North-West. We have just received a copy from the publishers—the World Publishing Co., Guelph. Not having time to thoroughly peruse it yet, we are unable to speak fully as to its merits. From a hurried glance through it, however, we can give an idea of its scope. The author has spent twenty years in the theoretical and practical study of botany, natural history, and physical geography, so that the fauna and flora of the country are particularly and accurately described. Prof. Macoun has travelled, accompanying a surveying expedition, and as a private tourist, in every part of the North-West. The geography, history, animals, climate, advantages and disadvantages, composition and fertility of soil, physical features, in fact, all matters of interest concerning this country, are fully treated of. In view of the interest taken in the North-West by all classes, this book cannot fail to be of great importance. As a distinctly Canadian work, in authorship, subject and mechanical execution, it merits every praise from the Canadian public. Besides 700 pages of reading matter, it contains well executed charts and illustrations. Mr. Watson is agent for it in Port Hope.

ALLAN LINE OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. SUMMER SAILINGS.

Table with columns: STEAMER, From Liverpool, From London, From Quebec.

Intermediate Passengers are found with every thing. Storage Passengers are provided with an abundance of food of the best quality, properly cooked and served by the Company's Stewards three times a day. No restriction as to quality is made.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain Passage Certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland, or Scotland, to any railway town in Canada. The tickets are good for one year, and the amount is refunded, less a small deduction, if not used.

The last train connecting and carrying the Canadian Mail, leaves Port Hope every Friday, at 9:45 a.m.

RATES OF FARE FROM PORT HOPE. Cabin, \$80.50 and \$90.50. Steerage, \$20.00. At lowest rates. For tickets and every information, apply to STANLEY PATERSON, Agent, Port Hope.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

New Dress Goods and Prints. New Silk Brocades and Satins. New MILLINERY. New Parasols and Umbrellas. New Hosiery and Gloves. New Laces and Ribbons.

With numerous additions to Fancy & Staple Departments, JUST TO HAND T

LELEAN'S

Making our Stock at this date probably one of the most complete and best assorted in this district.

GOLDSMITH'S HALL

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF WALTHAM, ELGIN AND SWISS WATCHES. Latest Styles of American, Walnut, Exposed Pendulum Clocks, and a Full Assortment of AMERICAN ROLL-PLATE JEWELLRY.

Has constantly on hand a complete line of LADIES' GOLD WATCHES AND NECK CHAINS. Fine Gold Wedding Rings on hand or made to order. Will be sold at small profits, Motto being "small profit quick returns."

I wish to state that being a Practical Watch-maker, and having an experience of years in this business, I feel confident of giving entire satisfaction.

J. S. SMITH.

THE PROTECTION OF PARENTS.

By KATE THORN.

Some friends of ours are busied just now in organizing a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

We have nothing to say against it. No doubt something of the kind is needed. We always think so when we see the bare legs and arms of the unlucky juveniles in mid-winter, and notice how corsets and tight shoes are put on little girls who ought to be thinking of out door plays, where every muscle and joint should be left to its full and natural expansion, without regard to fashion, or any thing else but health.

Yes, let us have a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and, on the other hand, let us have one for the Prevention of Cruelty to Parents.

Time has been when parents ruled children, when children were learned that commandment that is found in full force in the old Book, which has nearly gone out of fashion, "Honor thy father and thy mother."

But we have changed all that. In these more enlightened days the young people hold the reins, and the elders submit to the harness and are driven at a 2.40 gait in most cases.

The children rule the parents. They commence very young, usually when mere infants. Once an average woman could raise ten children and not turn the house, and the neighborhood, and all creation upside down doing it, but now it requires three hired nurses, and two old maid aunts, and mother, and four doctors, and an extra hired girl in the kitchen to raise one boy, and most likely he will die of the cholera morbus before his eye-teeth are out.

And if he lives the household to which he belongs is under his rule from the time when he begins to need his milk warmed up to the period when he takes a wife and sets up for himself, and gets, in turn, ruled by his baby.

Everywhere we go we find that the children are the real masters of the situation. The parents move to one place to school them, and to another to bathe them, and to another to give them the breezes of the mountains.

Whatever they want of clothing they must have. The boy wants a watch by the time he is six years old, and a brace of revolvers when a pony is his wish. The girl wants silk dresses and pearl jewelry as soon as she can understand that a woman's aim is to dress well; and she is ready for admirers by the time she is eleven.

Parents are nowhere. Little, if any, respect is paid to their opinions. They are old fogies, not worth noticing. If more money is needed for Adolphus to make a gentleman of himself, let the "old man" work a little longer down town, and let the "old woman" deny herself her annual silk dress. What does an old party like her want of fal-dala? She has had her day! Araminta cannot do any thing about the house. Housework blacks up the hands so! Let mother do it. It's no consequence about mother's hands. Mother can cook, and wash, and make the beds, and mend the stockings, and sweep the floors, and keep the ruffles and fluffing in order; and if her back aches a little, why, she is old enough to expect to have the backache!

If she ventures any remonstrances on the conduct of her children, she is told to keep still, to go slow, and let her hair grow! What is an old woman to know about it? Brought up in a past age, how is she to be able to judge about matters and things in this section of the world's history!

Mother can stay at home and drudge, and the girls can go to merry-making, and the boys can spend on wine and cigars the money she saves out of the wear and tear of her flesh and blood, and gets no thanks for—and society looks coolly on—and nobody seems to think there is any thing wrong in the system, which has become so common that it is legalized.

Young people, nowadays, lack respect for their elders; they deem themselves wiser than their parents; they scoff at the advice which is given them by the lips of experience, and it is only when the consequence of their wrong-doings falls upon their heads in the shape of vengeance from the God who said, "Honor thy father and thy mother," that they are willing to acknowledge that, after all, perhaps father was right about it.

It would be a mercy of heaven if those of us who have children could be permitted to die before the infirmities of age come on, at least, we should judge so when we look around among our aged friends, and see how they are regarded by those having the care of them. "No comfort to themselves or anybody else," we hear said of them continually. Perhaps it is true, but, nevertheless, hasn't a man a right to live so long as it pleases God to let him? Ought he to take strychnine when he gets to be sixty, for fear he shall live until seventy and be a bother to somebody? Ought there to be a law to suppress old people, and compel them to die within a reasonable time?

In view of existing facts, we are in favor of a society which shall see that parents are not imposed upon; which shall compel children to yield proper respect and obedience, and which shall make it legal and becoming for an old man to live to be ninety-five and die of old age, honored and respected, in the best room in the house, and not in the back bedroom, where "anything is good enough for the old man."

A petition has been filed at Halifax against the return of Mr. Thomas Keeler, Reform member for Lunenburg.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

DETAILED STATEMENT of all Election expenses incurred by and on behalf of ARTHUR T. H. WILLIAMS, Esquire, a Candidate at the last General Election for the House of Commons of Canada, for the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Durham.

- 1. Printing and Distributing.....\$370 65
2. Stationery and Postage..... 31 09
3. Copying Voters' Lists, Scrutineers' books and writing..... 74 75
4. Telegraphing..... 15 44
5. Rooms for Meetings, Lighting, etc. 46 00
Total.....\$540 94

I DUNCAN CHISHOLM, of the Town of Port Hope, in the County of Durham, Barrister at Law, Agent for the Candidate above named, do hereby certify that the above statement with the accompanying vouchers show in detail, the Election expenses incurred by and on behalf of the said Candidate, at the said Election.

Dated the fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord, 1882.

D. CHISHOLM, Agent.

To the Returning Officer of the said Electoral District, and whom else it may concern.

Received and filed this 18th day of August, A. D., 1882, at 3 o'clock P. M.

GEO. C. WARD, Returning Officer.

STATEMENT

OF DISBURSEMENTS OF SETH SOPER SMITH, Agent for LEWIS ROSS, a Candidate at the Election to the House of Commons, for the Electoral District of East Durham, held on the Twentieth day of June, A. D., 1882.

- To cash pd. George Cochran, livery charges..... \$ 5 00
To cash pd. G. Hewson & Co., livery..... 9 00
To cash pd. T. Goheen, livery..... 17 00
Total.....\$ 31 00

- To cash pd. A. Hayter, Voters' Lists.....\$ 1 60
To cash pd. Great North Western Telegraph Co..... 11 21
To cash pd. J. D. Smith, Agent, rent..... 10 00
To cash pd. Port Hope Gas Light Co..... 4 88
To cash pd. J. T. George, tables and stools..... 4 50
To cash pd. F. C. Tisdale, services..... 6 00
To cash pd. C. H. Scott, services..... 10 00
To cash pd. J. Craik & Co., cotton..... 52
To cash pd. express charges..... 2 55
To cash pd. G. Wilson & Sons, Printing..... 74 85
To cash pd. W. T. R. Preston, Printing..... 43 25
Total.....\$169 36

To cash pd. for Postage stamps..... 10 00
Total.....\$210 36

SETH S. SMITH, Agent for LEWIS ROSS.

Port Hope, 19th August, 1882.

Received and filed this 19th day of August, A. D., 1882, at 3 40 P. M.

GEO. C. WARD, Returning Officer.

COAL, WOOD & OIL

J. BROWN & CO.

Be it announced that they have purchased the Coal business recently carried on by Mr. Thos. Hayden, MILL STREET,

and will keep in stock and deliver coal in all parts of the town at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

HUMORISMS.

The tourist travelled on.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser

Young folks tell what they do, old ones what they have done, and fools what they intend to do.

How would the world have been affected if the freight-haulers had struck when Noah was loading up the ark?

Farmers, before buying your reaper and mower, ask for and procure a sample of "Kaiser" Machine Oil. It is warranted not to gum, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

"Misery may like company," says a colored philosopher, "but I'd rather hab do rheumatiz in one leg den ter hab it in bot."

Hanging the thermometer in the coolest place in the yard, to ascertain how hot it is, is one of the paradoxes of civilization.

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

"Why do you weep?" "Because Rothschild is dead." "But he was no relation of yours. Was he?" "No indeed; and that's why I weep."

"I think the goose has had the advantage of you," said the landlord to an inexperienced boarder who was carving. "Guess he has, mum—in age," was the withering retort.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. It acts directly upon the blood and the mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. For sale by Druggists. 29-131

Doctor.—"Well, Pat, have you taken the box of pills I sent you?" Pat—"Yes, sir, I have! but I don't feel any better yet; maybe the lid hasn't come off yet!"—Judy.

Imitators vs. Substitutes.

Good points are worth remembering, for the reason that they assist us in avoiding many discomforts, and protect us against the cupidity of overreaching people. When you learn from friends that PERSEA'S CORN EXTRACTOR is safe, prompt and effective, don't allow druggists to palm off a worthless and perhaps poisonous substitute. Its object is quite patent. He wishes to make a few cents difference between a good article and a cheap imitation or substitute. Putnam's Corn Extractor. Sold by R. D. Yell, Port Hope.

Said Tom: "Since I've been abroad I've eaten so much real that I'm ashamed to look a calf in the face." "I s'pose, sir, then," said a wag, "you contrive to shirk without a glass."

The following occurred in a San Francisco court: "Have you," asked the judge of a recently convicted man, "anything to offer to the court before the sentence is passed?" "No, your Honor," replied the prisoner; "my lawyer took my last cent."

Fogg asserted the other evening that he knew a woman who never appended a postscript to a letter. Every body was astonished until he informed the company that the woman he referred to didn't know how to write.—Transcript.

MONROE, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.

Sirs—I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder. It has done for me what four doctors failed to do. The effect of Hop Bitters seemed like magic to me. W. L. CARTER.

Once when Miss Caroline Sedgwick, the New England authoress, was in England, an aristocratic lady asked her: "Have you any large old trees in America?—Oh, I beg pardon, your country hasn't been settled long enough for that."

This is what the Peabody Press reporter says to his girl: "Meet me on the corner, where they sell ice cream; Life shall be for you, love, like a blissful dream. Cling to me, my darling, as vine hugs the oak, and when you're done eating, I shall be dead broke."

"I can marry any girl I please," he said, with a self-satisfied-if-you-loved-a-girl-would-you-marry-her expression of countenance upon his languid face. "No doubt," she responded; "but what girl do you please?" They don't speak now.

"Have you resided long in this town?" asked a tourist of the oldest inhabitant.

"Yes," he replied, "a long, long time. D'ye see that mountain over yonder? Well, that was there when I came here."

A pint of the finest ink for families or schools can be made from a ten-cent package of Diamond Dye. Try them.

She was an up-town lady of culture. She stood watching a boat loaded with ice. "What is that boat loaded with?" "Ice," was the reply. "Oh, my! she exclaimed, in surprise. "If the horrid stuff should melt, the water would sink the boat."

A Milwaukee drug clerk was whipped for putting whiskey in a prohibitionist's soda, and the next day lost his situation because he failed to comprehend the significance of an influential citizen's wink. It evidently requires a Metternich to run a soda fountain.

A cablegram from Alexandria says that "the American admiral performed a graceful act. He steamed around the British fleet and his men cheered each ship in succession." The admiral is, indeed, a brave man. Any one who will go right out on the water in an American man-of-war does not know what fear means.

An Irish girl who had applied for a position in which was required to do general housework, was asked by the mistress if she ever made fires. "Sure, that's a strange question for a married woman to be axin' me," responded Bridget. "Begorra, mum, I never did make fires; but I've no objection to be afther t'achin' yer husband."

An old ragged, red-faced, forlorn looking woman accosted us with "Please, sur, for the luv of heaven, give me a flip to buy bread with. I am a poor, lone woman, and have young twins to support." "Why, my good woman," we replied, "you seem too old to have twins of your own." "They are not mine, sir, I am only raisin' 'em." "How old are your twins?" "One of 'em is seven weeks old and t'other is eight months."

A hawk and a turkey gobbler were having a lively fight in a New Hampshire man's back yard, and he sat on the fence and watched it. A neighbor came along and said: "Isn't that your gobbler?" "Yes," "Well, why the blazes don't you pile in with a club and kill the hawk?" "Well, I calculate to when it begins to look as though the hawk would win; but, by hokey! as long as there's any show of evenness in the scrimmage, I'm not the man to spoil the fun."

A Tonic Without Alcohol.

Dyspepsia and those suffering from chronic diseases should read the following from Rev. John Gregory, pastor of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, at Pittston, Pa.

MY DEAR SIR:—Having at various times personally, and in my own and other families, tested the great value of the medicine called PERUVIAN SYRUP or Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron, I most cheerfully recommend it, especially to those who are suffering from dyspeptic and nervous disorders. As a reliable and powerful alternative, it is, I think, unsurpassed; and as a tonic, free from all the objectionable features of alcoholic remedies, it is a most efficient auxiliary to the temperance cause. One of the greatest hindrances to the temperance reform at present is, as I think, the medical use of alcoholic stimulants. Whatever may be argued as to their necessity in certain cases we have, in the PERUVIAN SYRUP, a safe and efficient substitute for those dangerous remedies. This testimony is given unhesitatingly, with the hope that some who are not yet acquainted with the valuable properties of the medicine may be induced to give it a trial. Sold by all druggists.

CANADIAN SHORTHAND CONVENTION.

The first associated meeting of Shorthand Writers of Canada, irrespective of system and proficiency, will be held in Toronto on the 29th and 30th inst. The committee have prepared an elaborate and unique programme. The Secretary, Mr. Thos. Beugough, who believes in spelling as we speak, writes:—"Deep interest attaches to this meeting, as it will disclose results in the organization of a Canadian Shorthand Society combining the influence of professional and amateur, or technically speaking, of 'Stenographers' and 'Shorthanders.' Already the art-sense of shorthand has taken hitherto in this young Dominion—the demand for amanuenses being greater than the supply. Among the papers to be read is one by Mr. Wm. Houston, M.A., on 'Fonetic Shorthand as an Universal Medium in Writing and Printing.' Rev. Dr. Wild, Rev. Robt. Torrance, of Guelph, and other prominent shorthand-riters and representative stenographers from New York, Buffalo, Chicago, Detroit, and other American cities, will participate. Shorthand riters and learners will find the meetings very profitable. Reduced fares have been secured for delegates." Ald. John Taylor is Chairman of the Committee. The Secretary's address is No. 11 King St., West, Toronto.

A convention of Land Leaguers in Philadelphia has decided to make the water-melon Ireland's national emblem, because it has the green above the red.

Dyspepsia is the most common of all diseases, and under ordinary drug treatment the most difficult to cure, it is a chronic weakness of the stomach with indigestion. The sensitive mucous membrane coating the stomach becomes irritated, and nearly all that enters the stomach continues to add fuel to the fire. Heartburn and Sour Eructations, Belching of Wind, Nausea, Headache, Variable Appetite, Costive Bowels, etc., are its prominent symptoms. Burdock Blood Bitters is a positive cure for this miserable disease.

The committee appointed to collect metal for cannon for General Beauregard's army, applied to a planter of Adams County, Miss., for his bell. Not having such an article, he mentioned it to his wife, who she patriotically offered her brass kettle. The little ones demurred at the sacrifice, and one of them, with a sweet look said, "Ma, pa, what will we do for preserves?" "My daughter," said the wag of a father, "our whole duty is now to preserve our country." The kettle was sent.

"Necessity is the mother of invention." Diseases of the liver, kidneys and bowels brought forth that sovereign remedy Kidney-Wort, which is nature's normal curative for all these dire complaints. In either liquid or dry form it is a perfect remedy for those terrible diseases that cause so many deaths.

During a shower yesterday a citizen, carrying a very wet umbrella, entered a hotel, to pay a call to some one up stairs. After placing his umbrella where it might drain, he wrote upon a piece of paper and pinned it to the sentence: "N. B.—This umbrella belongs to a man who strikes a 250-pound blow. Back in fifteen minutes. He went his way upstairs, and after an absence of fifteen minutes returned, to find his umbrella gone, and in its place a note reading: "P. S.—Umbrella taken by a man who walks ten miles an hour. Won't be back at all."

A Bright Bangor Barber.

Wm. M. Martin, an intelligent young colored man, a resident of Bangor, Mich., came to this city for the purpose of collecting \$15,000 from the Louisiana State Lottery Company, due him as the holder of one-fifth of ticket No. 85,003, Class G, which won the capital prize of \$75,000 in the drawing of July 11th. He had been investing in lottery tickets at intervals during a year, and had once before struck it for \$100. He presented his ticket, he said, and was given a check on the New Orleans National Bank for the full amount, and the funds he invested in two bills of exchange on New York. He proposed to enlarge and refit his barber shop with a portion of his money, but had not decided on the investment of the remainder. He, however, remarked, "I will certainly put it to a good use."—New Orleans Times Democrat, July 23.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Bitters Ever Made.

They are compounded from Hops, Malt, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion,—the oldest, best, and most valuable medicines in the world and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other remedies, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the Bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease of ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use Hop Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by doing so. \$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best medicine ever made, the "Invalid's Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them. Try the Bitters to day. 34-4t

Mr. Wm. Ransom, of South Norwalk, says: For sixteen years I suffered from Biliousness, never had any medicine done any permanent good until recommended by our druggist, (J. Wesley Fish & Co., Otterville,) to try Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters, which have done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. I would, with the utmost confidence, recommend them to all suffering from biliousness &c. Sold by Robt. Deyell Port Hope, 503, a bottle.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Coughs, Influenza.—The soothing properties of these medicaments render them well worthy of trial in all diseases of the lungs. In common colds and Influenza the Pills taken internally and the Ointment rubbed externally are exceedingly efficacious. When influenza is epidemic this treatment is safest, easiest, and surest. Holloway's Pills and Ointment purify the blood, remove all obstructions to its free circulation through the lungs, relieve the overworked air tubes, and render respiration free without reducing the strength, irritating the nerves, or depressing the spirits. Such are the ready means of saving suffering when afflicted with colds, coughs, bronchitis, and other complaints by which so many are seriously and permanently afflicted in most countries.

Percy people are willing to give a large bonus to any company who will build a railroad between Brighton and Warworth.

How It Works.

The purifying and healing properties of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry impart a healthy tone to the diseased mucous surfaces of the stomach and bowels. Its cooling, soothing properties counteract pain its antiseptic properties correct canker and foul humor, and its tonic astringent nature corrects all exhaustive diseases—such as dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera, morbus, and summer complaints generally.

Greatness of Africa.

At a meeting for considering the claims of Africa, held in New York some weeks since, a remarkable address was delivered by Rev. Dr. Richard S. Storrs, of Brooklyn, in the course of which he said:—

"Africa contains a population of 200,000,000—more than twice the population of the Western Hemisphere. Its agricultural and mineralogical resources are inexhaustible. The interior as it is neither a sandy wilderness nor a series of Marsh lands. The coast, that is notorious everywhere for its malaria, presents no fair indication of the interior. Here is an almost unbroken succession of table lands rising everywhere from 2,000 feet to 2,500 feet high; here are mountains larger than any in this country or in Europe; a system of lakes surpassing even the magnitude of the African lakes is larger in area than the whole State of New York; mighty rivers flow through the country, and the climate is healthful and delightful. This is the country in which commerce is bound to develop in the next fifty years. It has been said that Africa is like Noah's ark, which had few men but many boats. The truth is that the human inhabitants are all most beyond count. There are races among them who are just as different from one another as the Turk from the Russian, and the Frenchman from the Chinaman. And many of them are highly susceptible to cultivation. Around this immense continent commerce has been hovering for many years. It is now on the point of making its way into it, and its progress will be attended by the grandest results. Just as great inventions burst upon the world, and a dozen minds claim the first thought in the direction of their accomplishment, so the nations of the world seem to have turned their attention to this great 'dark continent' as with one mind. England, Belgium, France, Italy and Russia have sent out scientific parties there, and commercial embassies to increase our knowledge of the country. There are now steamship lines to the coast of Africa from Italy, France, England, and the United States. There are several steamship lines on the rivers of Africa. Railroad construction has been presented vigorously. One road is to be built from the northern coast south through the Desert of Sahara. This is the enterprise of an English Company. There is already telegraphic communication from the Cape of Good Hope to England, and there will soon be connections from the former point to the northern coast of the continent. The country's wealth is almost boundless. There are gold and silver, diamonds from the South African mines, coal, iron, tin, copper, malachite, cotton and wool. One million pounds of coffee a year are exported from one district; ostrich feathers, tobacco, hard woods and paper stock are other sources of wealth."

How to Sell Clocks.

A traveling clock-maker made a circuit, having a hundred clocks when he started. They were all very bad, which he well knew, but "by soft sawder and human natur," as Sam Slick says, he contrived to sell ninety-nine of them, and reserved the last for his intended ruse. He went to the house where he had sold the first clock and said: "Well, now, how does your clock go? Very well, I guess." The answer was as he anticipated. "No, very bad." "Indeed! Well, I've found it out at last. You see, I had one clock which was, I know, a bad one; and I said to my boy: 'You put that clock aside, for it won't do to sell such an article.' Well, the boy didn't mind, and left the clock with the others, and I found out afterward that it had been sold somewhere. Mighty mad, I was, I can tell you, for I'm not a little particular about my credit. So I have asked here and there, everywhere almost, how my clocks went, and they all said they 'actually regulated the sun.' But I was determined to find out who had the bad clock, and I am most particularly glad that I have done it at last. Now, you see, I have one clock left, a very superior article, worth a matter of ten shillings more than the other, and I must give it to you in exchange, and I will only charge you five shillings difference, as you have been annoyed with the bad article." The man who had the bad article thought it better to pay five shillings more to have a good one. So the exchange was made, and then the Yankee, proceeding with the clock, returned to the next house. "Well, how does your clock go? Very well, I guess."

The same answer, the same story repeated, and another five shillings received in exchange. And thus did he go round exchanging clock for clock until he had received an extra five shillings for every one he had sold.

Welland Canal Enlargement.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALD TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for the Welland Canal," will be received at this Office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on FRIDAY THE 1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, for the deepening and completion of that part of the Welland Canal, between Ramey's Bend and Port Colborne, known as Section No. 34, embracing the greater part of what is called the "Rock Cut."

Plans showing the position of the work, and specifications for what remains to be done, can be seen at this Office, and at the Resident Engineer's Office, Welland, on and after FRIDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF AUGUST next, where printed forms of tender can be obtained.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and in the case of firms, except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same; and further, an accepted bank cheque for the sum of four thousand dollars must accompany the respective tenders, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the works, at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque or money thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, A. P. BRADLEY, Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 15th July, 1882. 30-6t

KIDNEY-WORT THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM. It cures all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. It cleanses the system of the acid poison which causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize. THOUSANDS OF CASES OF THE WORST FORMS OF THIS TERRIBLE DISEASE HAVE BEEN QUICKLY RELIEVED, AND IN SHORT TIME PERFECTLY CURED. PRICE, \$1. LITERARY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. DRY CAN BE SENT BY MAIL. WELLS, BIGLOW & CO., THE ALEXANDRIA, N.Y.

The public is respectfully called to notice the new and enlarged scheme to be drawn Monthly.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. Tickets only \$5. Shares in Proportion.

L.S.L. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY CO.

Incorporated in 1838 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of \$500,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2nd, 1878.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly.

A SPECTACULAR OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS I, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1882—14th Monthly Drawing.

Look at the following scheme, under the exclusive supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La., and Gen. J. H. A. KELL, of Va., who manage all the drawings of this company, both ordinary and semi-annual, and attest the correctness of the published Official Lists.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE..... \$75,000 1 do do..... 25,000 1 do do..... 10,000 2 PRIZES OF \$6,000..... 12,000 5 do do..... 2,000..... 10,000 10 do do..... 1,000..... 10,000 20 do do..... 500..... 10,000 100 do do..... 200..... 20,000 500 do do..... 50..... 25,000 1000 do do..... 25..... 25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of \$750..... 6,750 9 do do..... 500..... 4,500 9 do do..... 250..... 2,250

1967 Prizes, amounting to..... \$205,000 Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by Express, Registered Letter or Money Order, addressed only to

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La. or M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.—32-5t.

The Simonds Saw

OUR CIRCULAR SAWS, manufactured by the SIMONDS PATENTED PROCESS, having given such general satisfaction, owing to their UNIFORMITY OF TEMPER, we have a great expense applied the PRINCIPLE to the TEMPERING OF CROSS-CUT SAWS, having frequently been asked to do so; and heretofore our Cross-Cut Saws will be FICHER and KNOWN as such. Those who like a nicely tempered Saw will do well to give them a trial.

Ask your Hardware Merchant for the Simonds Saw, and see that it is etched as such.

R. H. SMITH & CO., St. Catharines, Ont., Sole Manufacturers for Dominion of Canada.

CARD OF THANKS.

Onono, Dec. 14th, 1881. THOS. LONG, District Agent Standard Fire Insurance Co., of Hamilton.

DEAR SIR, We beg to acknowledge with thanks the very prompt manner in which your local Board for above Company have paid our loss by late fire on 3rd inst. we having only made application to your Company a few days previous to the fire, and no Policy having been issued, simply an Agent's interim receipt. We are, Yours very truly, (Signed) 50 D. A. GAMSBY & BRO.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

SUMMER SAILINGS. Sailing from Liverpool every WEDNESDAY, and from Quebec every SATURDAY.

FROM QUEBEC: Peruvian..... Saturday July 1 Circassian..... " " 3 Sarinlian..... " " 12 Parisian..... " " 22 Sarmanian..... " " 29 Polynesian..... " August 5 Peruvian..... " " 12 Circassian..... " " 19 Sarinlian..... " " 26 Parisian..... " " 26 Sarmanian..... " " 10 Polynesian..... " " 18 Circassian..... " " 23 Sarinlian..... " " 30 Parisian..... " " Oct. 7 Sarinlian..... " " 14 Sarmanian..... " " 21 Polynesian..... " " 28 Peruvian..... " " Nov. 4 Circassian..... " " 11 Sarinlian..... " " 18 Parisian..... " " 25 Intermediate Passengers are found with every trip.

Storage Passengers are provided with an abundance of food of the best quality, properly cooked and served by the Company's Stewards three times a day. No restriction as to quantity is made.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain Passage Certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland, or Scotland, to any railway town in Canada. The tickets are good for one year, and the amount is refunded, less a small deduction, if not used.

The last train connecting and Carrying the Canadian Mail, leaves Port Hope every Friday, at 9.45 a.m.

RATES OF FARE FROM PORT HOPE: Cabul..... \$80.00 and \$90.00 Intermediate..... 47.75 Storage..... 4.00 For Tickets and every information, apply to

STANLEY PATERSON, Agent, Port Hope.

FIRE! FIRE! NOTICE.

THE late fire in my Store having caused me considerable loss, I beg to ask ALL THOSE PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME to kindly call and SETTLE THEIR ACCOUNTS as soon as they possibly can. By so doing they will confer a favor.

W. G. STEVENSON

Carriage and Blacksmith's Shop

AT BAILLEBORO'. J. W. LUCAS

TAKES pleasure in informing his old customers and the public generally that he has again taken possession of his old stand at Bailleboro', where he will be pleased to execute orders for

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS of every description, and General Blacksmithing.

All kinds of JOB WORK and REPAIRS promptly executed. All work warranted to give satisfaction. 14-1st J. W. LUCAS.

Patent Medicines of all kinds and Homeopathic Medicines, at Deyell's Drug Store.

W. WILLIAMSON

Has received from London and Glasgow a large stock of STATIONERY & FANCY GOODS

in which will be found a variety of articles ornamented with views of Port Hope; Concertinas, Violins, Birthday Cards, Satchels, Pic-Nic Baskets, etc. Also an assortment of very handsome

WALL POCKETS AND BRACKETS,

of American manufacture. LINEN WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES, of best American manufacture, at lowest prices.

CHAS. DOEBLER

Has just received a large and carefully selected assortment of the LATEST STYLES of ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

Silk Hats, Felt & Fur Hats,

(HARD AND SOFT) and everything that can be asked for in the HAT AND CAP LINE, suitable for young and old for SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

This is one of the best stocks ever imported into the town, and as the undersigned has a thoroughly practical knowledge of the business, he is prepared to give everyone favoring him with an order the VERY BEST CLASS OF GOODS at a LOW PRICE.

Inspection respectfully invited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. DOEBLER, Practical Hatter and Furrier, Walton St., Port Hope.

HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR RAW FURS.

FOR GOOD, CHEAP

PRINTING

GO TO THE

PORT HOPE TIMES.

KALSOMINE, WHITING

PARIS WHITE, White Glue, Ult. Blue, Etc., Etc., at

EVANS' GENERAL HARDWARE STORE

GO TO J. HOFFMAN'S

FOR A FINE SELECTION OF WALL PAPERS, DADOS AND BORDERS

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, and a general assortment of FANCY GOODS.

Also, a Choice Stock of the Best Brands of Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, etc. All Goods at the very Lowest Prices.

Remember his new store, opposite the Queen's Hotel, Walton Street, Port Hope.

J. HOFFMAN.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

The Strike is Ended, and the

Toronto Boot & Shoe Store

Is receiving a Splendid Stock from Toronto Manufacturers, which are acknowledged superior to any other make, and will be sold at prices that will compete with any other firm, as they are determined not to be underbid.

THE FURNITURE DEPARTMENT

Will be found in the flats OVER THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE, where can always be seen a splendid assortment from the Best American and Canadian makers, which for style, finish and durability he defies competition.

(Bazar Patterns as now in type.) All the above will be found in RUSSELL'S BLOCK, Walton Street.

OUR BASKET OF FRAGMENTS.

A Sanskrit proverb says: Silence is the ornament of the ignorant.

The title of the latest balladistic gem is this: "He Met Me and He Mashed Me While the Moon Looked Coldly Down."

Is offered for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally, it is infallible.

"A rose by any other name would smell as sweet." Therefore, we presume the rose of Jericho is just as fragrant when you call it anastatica hierochuntina, but it is difficult to believe it.

Catarrh of the Bladder. Stinging irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-palpa."

On Egypt's banks, contiguous to the Nile, Great Pharaoh's daughter went to bathe in style; And as she ran about to dry her royal skin, She kicked the burgher that had little Moses in.

An old woman was asked what she thought of one of her neighbors of the name of Jones, and, with a knowing look, replied:—"Why, I don't like to say anything about my neighbors; but as to Mr. Jones, sometimes I think, and then again, I don't know—but after all, I rather guess he'll turn out to be a good deal such a sort of a man as I take him to be!"

SILVER CREEK, N. Y., Feb. 6, 1880.

Gents—I have been very low, and have tried everything, to no advantage. I heard your Hop Bitters recommended by so many, I concluded to give them a trial. I did, and am now around, and constantly improving, and am as strong as ever.

W. H. WELLER.

A LITTLE CHILD.

I love a child, it's artless too. The sweetest music seems to come. Of twisted that the cadence throws By lute cords o'er the stilly sea; It tells me of the sweetest sound.

Kidney Complaints.

The secretion from the Kidneys is often loaded with foreign and poisonous matter, which brickdust like sediment or mucous collection forms. The Kidneys are often inflamed and congested, causing pain and weakness in the back and many distressing symptoms.

LOVE AND TIME.

Two lovers watched the sunset die In happy clime that day; His lips caressed her silken hair, Her head lay nestling on his breast.

"Ah, love," he said, "I see that men Should make no count of hours and days; They live most when their sleepy hearts Do leap like mice in proud amaze."

"Yes, yes," she whispered, "all in vain I fear the bells of hollow towers; But your heart's truest bell is here, Tells all too well the flying hours."

Patrick has a great power of enjoyment after all, and always laughs at the right time. One day he saw a bull attack a man, and he had to hold on to his sides with both hands, the scene was so funny.

Why the Bear is Stumpy-Tailed.—One day the bear met the fox, who came slinking along with a string of fish he had stolen.

"Whence did you get those from?" asked the bear.

"Oh, my lord Bruin, I've been out fishing, and caught them," said the fox.

"So the bear had a mind to learn to fish, too, and bade the fox tell him how he was to set about it.

"Oh, it's an easy craft for you," answered the fox, "and soon learnt; you've only got to go upon the ice and cut a hole, and stick your tail down into it; and so you must go on holding it there as long as you can."

"SHEET THEM DOORS.—A crude old farmer, living on the line of one of the recent railroad surveys in Connecticut, and who is owner of a barn of large dimensions, with huge swinging doors on both sides, observed a posse of surveyors busily driving a row of stakes in the direction of his big barn.

"Layin' out another railroad?" "Surveying one," was the reply.

A CONVERTED INDIAN chief gave his sixty-year-old pale-face scalps to his son with the remark that it almost covered his heart-strings to part with these cheerful mementoes of the happy days gone by; but he was growing old apace—the sundown of his life was almost at hand, and he would turn to the Bible for that sweet peace that passeth all understanding—and, besides, the pale-face government foisted so many bald-headed Indian agents upon the dusky chief of the forest that he was disgusted with the whole scalping business.

The celebrated Dr. Isaac Watts was small of stature, and in no way of a striking appearance, and it is related that being one day in a coffee room with some friends he overheard a gentleman remark contemptuously of him, "What, is that the great Dr. Watts?" With much presence of mind and good humor he turned round and repeated the now so well-known lines of his own.

Who's the Best Physician. The one that does most to relieve suffering humanity of the thousand and one ills that befall them, is certainly the best of all physicians. Electric Bitters are daily doing this, curing where all other remedies failed.

On leaving church a country vicar was asked by his son (aged five) when the old parish clerk was going to be crucified. He expressed some surprise, and was reminded that he had just said in his sermon, "We must crucify the old man."

"How," said a country court judge to a witness, "how do you know that the plaintiff was intoxicated on the evening referred to?" "Because I saw him a few minutes after supper, trying to pull off his trousers with a boot-jack." Verdict for the defendant.

An army officer is retired when he goes out of service, and a wheel is retired to go into service again. When a sheriff releases a prisoner he loses possession of him, and when he releases a house he regains possession of it, and this is a howling old language of ours, ain't it?

TWO-STORY BIRD'S NESTS. BY DANIEL C. BEARD.

WIT AND HUMOR.

A teacher says: "In one evening I counted seven meteors sitting on my piazza."

Big college joke: He was a freshman and in all his morality was watching Rossi as Othello. "I thought Italians were white," he said.

A funny man at Jackson, Mich., put a cast-iron bullfrog on a log in the river, and boys threw stones at it all day without discovering why it didn't plunge.

"That is a good war steel," said a lively stable keeper to a customer, pointing to a mangy looking animal. "Why so?" "Because he'd sooner die than run."

Howells said once in an after-dinner speech that such was his stern impartiality as editor of the Atlantic Monthly, that on one occasion he respectfully declined one of his own contributions.

"Mamma," said Henry Thomas, a bright little fellow living over in Algiers—"Mamma, have my toes got eyes?" "No, my darling. Why do you ask such a foolish question?" "Because my foot's asleep."

A short merry wedding: A young clergyman in Iowa recently married a couple in the following brief manner: "Do you want one another?" Both responded, "Yes." "Well, then, have one another."

Old Pete's wisest remark. "Ef de deaconsments ob de rooster what crowed at Peter was ter make a noise every time a lie is told, dar would be sich a noise in de world dat yer couldn't heah de hens cackle."

"Once upon a time," a man met an old woman in an English town, driving several asses. "Adieu, mother of asses," said he. "Adieu, my son!" was the old woman's reply. The fellow went on his way feeling for his ears.

Jones says his wife is the most thrifty woman he ever knew. "Why, sir," he says, "she has made ten bedspreads during the last two years; made them herself, sir, out of the patterns she collected in her shopping tours during that time."

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TWO-STORY BIRD'S NESTS. BY DANIEL C. BEARD.

WHILE the expanding leaves of tree and shrub retain the tender tints of pink, and the broad lily pads commence to mosaic the surface of the ponds with green, in perfect harmony with the bursting bud and opening flower comes the summer yellow-bird, and from hedge and bush may be heard his song, as simple and pleasing as the tasteful but modest plumage that covers his little person.

After the first appearance of these industrious little birds they commence their preparations for housekeeping. The male bird flies busily about selecting such material as feathers, plants, fibres, the furze from ferns, the catkins from willows, and other similar objects, all of which he brings to his mate, who arranges and fashions their delicate nest. So quickly and deftly do this little couple labor that they build the greater part of their house in a single day.

There is often a third party interested in the construction of this nest, a homeless, happy-go-lucky Bohemian bird, who has sort of tramp's interest in the housekeeping arrangements of most of the smaller feathered denizens of copse and woods. This is the well-known cow blackbird, who disdains to shake her freedom with the care of a family, and shifts a mother's responsibility by farming her progeny out, while she seeks the incongruous but apparently congenial companionship of the cattle, with whom she appears to be on the most intimate terms.

The cow blackbird deposits its eggs indiscriminately among the nests of smaller birds. The blackbird's eggs generally hatch out a day or two before the adopted mother's own eggs, so when the legitimate members of the family do come, it is to find their nest already occupied by the strong, lusty interlopers, who, on account of their superior size and strength, come in for the lion's share of all the food brought to the nest. Thus the innocent parents rear the aliens, while their own young starve. It is really a pitiable sight to see a couple of little greets anxiously searching from daybreak till evening for food to fill the capacious crop of one or more young cow blackbirds, considerably larger than the greenlets themselves.

The summer yellow-bird, though confiding little creatures, are not readily duped or imposed upon. Their instinct is sufficiently near reason for them to detect the difference between their own little fragile, pretty marked, greenish-colored eggs and the great dark colored ones the vagabond cow blackbird has surreptitiously smuggled into the cozy nest. The domestic little couple cling to the spot selected for their house and will not leave it, neither will they hatch the obnoxious eggs, which they are apparently unable to throw out; but the difficulty is soon surmounted, and so are the gratuitous eggs, for the indefatigable workers proceed at once to cover up the cow blackbird's eggs, constructing a nest on top of the old one, building a second-story, as it were, to their house.

PRINTING PLATES OF CELLULOSE.

ONE of the latest applications of the remarkable material known as cellulose, and one that promises to become in time very useful and valuable, is its employment in the preparation of printing surfaces, as a substitute for the common stereotype and electrotype. At common temperatures, cellulose is an exceedingly tough, highly elastic substance, possessing sufficient hardness to withstand the roughest usage in the press, and being at the same time quite indifferent toward most chemical reagents, it is affirmed that it can be used with great success in printing with the most sensitive and brilliant colors, for which the copper-facial electrotype or the stereotype could not be employed, because of the chemical action of the metallic surfaces upon the colors.—Manufacturer and Builder.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by G. A. Mitchell.

A NOTED BUT UNTYLED WOMAN.

(From the Boston Globe.)

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-story, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at releasing it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. It has personally investigated it and is satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhoea, irregular and painful Menstruation, and Ovarian Trouble, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes fatness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Exhaustion. That feeling of bloating down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only \$1. per bottle or \$5. and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of either sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show. "Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are the best in the world for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bid fair to equal the Compound in its popularity."

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others. Philadelphia, Pa. (9) Mrs. A. M. D. 24-ly

GRAND DOMINION AND 37th PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

Under the Management of the AGRICULTURAL AND ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO, TO BE HELD AT KINGSTON, FROM 18th to the 23rd Sept., 1882.

\$20,000 OFFERED IN PREMIUMS, AND DOMINION MEDALS.

Entries must be made with the Secretary at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:—Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, Aug. 19th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, Aug. 26th. Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, Fine Arts, etc., on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural and Horticultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HENRY WADE, Secretary, Toronto. CHARLES DRURY, President, Crown Hill. 30-31

TRENT NAVIGATION. Notice to Contractors.

THE letting of the works for the FENELON FALLS, BUCKHORN AND BURLEIGH CANALS, advertised to take place on the second day of August next, is unavoidably further postponed to the following dates:—Tenders will be received until Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of August next. Plans, Specifications, etc., will be ready for examination (at the places previously mentioned) on Thursday, the tenth day of August next. By Order, A. P. BRADLEY, Secretary. Dept of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 15th July, 1882. 30-5t

COAL, WOOD & OIL. J. BROWN & CO. Beg to announce that they have purchased the Coal business recently carried on by Mr. Thos Hayden, MILL STREET, and will keep in stock and deliver coal in all parts of the town at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. Leave your orders and they will be promptly attended. AMERICAN COAL OIL AND WOOD CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE. Port Hope; Nov. 14th, 1881. 46-2t

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER. Commencing on Wednesday, 17th April, 1882. THE STEAMER NORSEMAN (G. CRAWFORD, Master)

Will make her regular trips on this route, leaving Port Hope every morning at 7.30 and Port Rochester at 9 o'clock on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway train from the east and west, connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Canada, and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Home, Watrison and Ogdenburg Railway for all points east, west, and south.

RETURNING—Will leave Port Hope at 10 o'clock on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway train from the east and west, connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Canada, and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Home, Watrison and Ogdenburg Railway for all points east, west, and south.

For further information apply to G. CRAWFORD, or F. GILDERSTRAEVE, Port Hope, 17-4

SIMPSON & READ

Have their usual large supply of CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS

OF THE BEST BRANDS, Crockery, Glassware, &c The best goods at reasonable prices at all times. 1-w-d

PIMPLES. I will mail (free) the recipe for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples and Blisters, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on bald head or smooth face. Address, including 1c stamp, BEN. VANDELPH & Co., 12 Barclay St., N. Y. 10-1y

Lubins, Jockey Club, White Rose, Stepanoff's, Wood Violet, and a Large Variety of other Perfumes by the Ounce, at Deyell's Drug Store.

FOR THE PIC-NIC SEASON

Use LYMAN'S Concentrated Extract of COFFEE

As a gallon can be made as easily as a cupful. THE EASIEST TO USE THE FINEST FLAVORED. Made from the BEST MOCHA AND JAVA. A HOME COMFORT. For Hunting, Fishing, Traveling and especially serviceable Camping Out. 18-1y

EVERYBODY that has used Brent's Condition Powder for Horses proclaims it to be the best in use. Sold by Mitchell & Watson, Port Hope.

\$66 a week in your own town. \$6 out of every \$100 required. We will furnish you free of charge. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make good pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. BALLANT & Co., Portland, Maine. 51-1y

THE MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES is the NEW HOME LIGHT-RUNNING BEST MADE SIMPLE STRONG SWIFT SURE

HAS NO EQUAL IS ALWAYS IN ORDER AND WILL LAST A LIFETIME SURPASSES ALL OTHERS Johnson & Clark & Co. 30 UNION SQ. NEW YORK CHICAGO ILL. ORANGE MASS.

We wish a Local Agent to represent us at 10-20t

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REMOVED!

The Railway, Ticket and Insurance Office.

So long occupied by Mr. HENRY WADE, and lately by the firm of WADE & LONG

has been removed from the old office over Dingwall & Ross' Store, to the new building in rear of PARSON'S BOOK STORE.

WADE & LONG'S Railway Ticket and Insurance Office, Parson's Book-store, Port Hope, 10-1y

St. Jacobs Oil, Electric Oil, Vegetine, Burdock Blood Bitters, Electric Bitters, &c. for sale at Deyell's Drug Store.

FOR CHEAP AND STYLISH FURNITURE! WALKER'S

Cabinet Warerooms, Ontario st. As I have now the largest and best assorted stock in town, at prices that defy competition. UNDERTAKING

Attended to in all its branches at most reasonable rates. A splendid stock of CHILDREN'S GARMENTS now in stock, which will be sold cheap cash. JOHN WALKER, Proprietor

WM. GIBSON'S Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c., Is at all times kept complete in every line and only the best goods in the market are offered for sale. Also, a large stock of CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c. Motto: "The best goods at the Lowest Prices." WM. GIBSON, Walton Street Port Hope

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DEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC contains an antiseptic amount of quinine and iron. It possesses all the powers of these valuable tonics in banishing disease and symptoms traceable to weakness, a low state of the nervous system, and debilitated condition of the body, and derangement of the general health.

DEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, imparts digestion, stimulates the appetite, and gives energy and vigor to the system. It is a specific remedy for neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatism, and all other forms of nervous debility, and is especially adapted to the treatment of the female system.

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&lt;

MIDLAND Banking Co.'y
Paterson's Block, Walton Street.
PORT HOPE.
In Operation Since 1862
CAPITAL, - - \$100,000.00
Does a General Banking Loan and Exchange Business.
Loans made to Farmers at 3, 6, 9, and 12 Months.
Notes & Mortgages Purchased.
Interest Allowed on Deposits
At FOUR per cent. per annum on current account, and FIVE per cent on time deposits.
DRAFTS sold on any point in the United States or Canada.
Reference—Bank of Toronto.
JOHN PATERSON, Cashier.
STANLEY PATERSON, President.
Money Loaned at SIX Per Cent. on Farm Property.

OUR readers are requested to examine carefully the advertising columns of THE TIMES. We do not insert advertisements for responsible parties, and you may be confident of being fairly dealt with if you patronize the merchants represented in our columns. Enterprising and successful merchants always advertise and acquaint their customers with their resources for supplying the needs and desires of the people.



VENNOR promises severe storms on the lower lakes, to commence shortly after the 25th of this month.

DURISE the past week Mr. Smith, of Port Hope, shipped from Lindsay to Port Hope 50,000 cubic feet of pine board timber.

A TOWN contemporary, existing on Queen street, makes a desperate onslaught on railway amalgamation. In thus striking one blow at railway corporations, it strikes two at the Mowat Government, which is directly responsible for whatever loss the country has suffered in this way.

THE Plymouth Concert Company, of Rochester, a quartette of singers, will be in Port Hope on the evening of Wednesday, August 30th. Last year the same company was in town and all who heard them were delighted. Each singer is a whole troupe in himself.

RETURNS of traffic of the Midland Railway of Canada for the week ending August 12th, 1882, were as follows:—Passengers and mails, \$6,173.43; freight, \$13,954.92; total, \$20,128.35, as compared with \$16,577.65 for the corresponding week of 1881, being an increase of \$3,550.70, and the aggregate traffic to date is \$608,029.77, being an increase of \$153,932.94 over 1881.

THE Queen street paper last week said that "Mr. James Marshall can show the largest gooseberries in this locality." Mr. James Marshall cannot, but Mr. Jos. Marshall can. THE TIMES made a typographical error in putting "Jas." for "Jos.," and this enterprising journal copied the item, with the error. By the way, the same paper is heavily indebted to the TIMES for its local information.

A PETERBORO' girl found a piece of iron on the street, which was shaped similar to a horse-shoe. She took it home in great glee because of the good luck she fancied it portended, and placed it over the front door. The first young gentleman who passed under it, blushing informed the fair one that the iron was not a horse-shoe, but off a bedstead. That young lady professes not to believe in omens own.

RAILWAY PICNIC.—The Midland Railway employees, as was announced in last issue, hold their annual picnic at Summit, on Saturday, September 2nd. The programme of games, sports and pleasures arranged has been issued, and a day of genuine enjoyment is promised. \$150, which has been generously donated by the merchants, will be given as prizes for the winners in the different contests, comprising running, jumping, throwing the hammer, etc. There will also be conveniences provided for swinging, dancing, bowl alley, ten-pins, croquet and other amusements. All the officials of the road are invited to be present, and the enjoyment of the day will be enhanced by music from the 46th Regiment Band.

PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL OF ORATORY.—This institution closed the labors of the summer season about a week ago. The students on closing day presented the Faculty with an address, from which we take the following:—"We believe this system to be the only one founded on true principles, and thoroughly effective in promoting a healthful development of the voice, correct and distinct enunciation, and natural expression."

Mr. McCue, of Cobourg, read the address. A number of ministers attended the school, and they all speak in high terms of the institution.

THE Arcade presents a grand appearance with its new front and the magnificent display of new goods arriving daily. Clark & Van Every are always to the front.

Threshing has now commenced in earnest.

High and Public Schools open on the 4th of September.

SEE the Port Hope Cash Store "Ad." Best bargains in town.

GREAT YIELD.—Mr. Martin Griffin had two acres of barley this season. He thrashed on Tuesday and had a yield, we are informed, of 65 bushels to the acre.

THE Oshawa Indicator suggests Queens-ton Heights as a point for a grand excursion party to spend a pleasant day. The idea is a good one.

MESSRS. Smith and McDougall have just finished shipping from Wauaubushene to Port Hope, a large drive of 2,443 pieces of square and board timber, of 108,500 cubic feet.

THE GREAT UNWASHED.—Passers-by admire a pair of feet, which, clothed in nature's simplicity, occasionally protrude from an elevated window in the Williams' block at even-time. It is not Cologne water, either, which gives them a peculiar odor.

ADVICE ABOUT DOGS.—Last Saturday evening a local divine expressed his opinions thus: I'm glad there are no dogs to-night. Church is not the place for dogs, but home is. Educate your canines to stay at home and not come to church, nor run out on the street to bite horses' heels.

THE School question is likely to shortly receive a quietus for a time—be settled one way or the other. The Mayor has been requested to call a public meeting of ratepayers when, a spirited discussion pro and con will undoubtedly take place. Let all duly qualified ratepayers attend and give an undoubted expression of public opinion.

FIVE tons of rags were sent to Port Hope by Mr. E. Woods on Wednesday. Port Hope will please accept Lindsay's compliments.—Post. While we accept Lindsay's compliments, in return we would beg Lindsay to accept Port Hope's commiseration for a town which can produce nothing better than rags.

THE following advertisement appears in yesterday's Globe:

Mr. J. Murray McNeil, London, Ont. will on receipt of one dollar, send recipe; guaranteed to produce moustache; no moustache, money refunded, Box 284, London, Ont.

Those who have no moustache, had better trust to time and nature for a hirsute upper lip than to a dollar to that gentleman in London.

In accordance with the amended regulations the Model School will open on Tuesday the 12th September, and instead of two terms of two months each, there will be but one session, of about thirteen weeks. All persons of legal age who desire to teach, and have the necessary qualification, are requested to be present on that date.

THIS is a season when cholera morbus attacks the household, and often with fatal results. A correspondent sends the following receipt as a cure: "Take one gill of boiled milk with one third of a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper in it, and repeat the dose once in ten minutes till you get six or seven doses down. By this time the patient will be in a profuse perspiration, and you will see at once that he is all safe; at least, you will see enough to satisfy you to continue the practice."

LUCAS WESS, of Belleville, commonly known as "Happy Jack," tried to beat his way across to Rochester on the Norweman excursion last week. He was under the influence of liquor, and was terribly profane and abusive. After a struggle he was hand-cuffed and put in irons, and kept on board until the boat returned to Port Hope. He was given charge of Mr. Marshall, and on Friday morning brought before the police magistrate. He pleaded guilty, and was given two months in Cobourg goal. This will serve as a lesson to rowdies. They must be taught that excursion parties and steamboats are not for the special object of proving the extent to which they can make themselves the terror of peaceable men and women.

BILLIARDS.—At Monday's session of Council a By-law regulating billiard-rooms was passed. The following are some of its provisions: Billiard-rooms, in connection with a hotel, pay \$100 for the first table, \$20 for the second table, and \$10 for the third. Billiard-rooms, not in connection with any hotel, pay \$50 for the first and \$10 for all extra tables. No gambling for drinks or any other consideration is allowed in the rooms, and no liquor is allowed to be taken in or drunk where billiards are being played. No one under 17 years is allowed to frequent, or play, in these places of amusement. Frequenters who violate the provisions of this By-law are liable to a fine of not less than \$2 and not exceeding \$50. Proprietors of billiard-saloons who infringe are liable to a fine of not less than \$5 and not exceeding \$50. Billiard parlors are to cease at 11 o'clock each night, except Saturday, when they will close at seven.

COUN. STEVENSON'S proposed amendment to the Coal By-law was defeated in Council Board on Monday night. He wished to make the weighing of coal for delivery in town, free, and also to make it compulsory on the part of dealers to have their coal weighed before delivery. Coun. Burnham introduced an amendment similar to that of Coun. Stevenson, with the exception that the weighing of coal should be optional with the purchaser, and that the dealer furnish a ticket with each load sold, giving the true weight in pounds. The latter amendment was accepted by the Council, and a new By-law, containing clauses to this effect, will be drafted and submitted to the Board at next session. The chief objection to making the weighing compulsory was the fear that it would entail too much extra work on the market clerk, and where it is optional with the purchaser, all that is necessary for the protection of buyers is secured.

THE Rioscin Italian band is in town again. It is one of the best on the road.

A German band which struck town last Saturday, plays remarkably sweet music.

The small light has been moved to the end of the new pier.

GAY, trim little yachts from all points call at our harbor quite frequently.

MISS PORTER opens her private school in Porter's block on Monday, the fourth day of September. 34-2t

A NUMBER went from Port Hope to Cobourg on Monday night to see "Patience" played. They were highly pleased with the performance.

THE Union Exhibition, East Durham and Hope, offers a silver cup to the winner of a bicycle race, to be contested the day of the Fair, October 4th.

THE excursion to Toronto on Tuesday morning was very largely patronized by people from Port Hope. Three cars filled with people passed through from Peterborough.

FALL EXHIBITIONS.—The dates of the following fairs have been announced:—Name. Place. Date. West Riding... Peterborough... Oct. 23rd & 24th. Horticultural... Peterborough... September 7th. Central... Cobourg... Sept. 20th to 23rd. Provincial... Kingston... Sept. 18th to 23rd. Industrial... Toronto... Sept. 5th to 16th. East... Durham and Hope... Port Hope... Oct. 3rd & 4th.

GOLD SPECTACLES LOST.—Lost on 28th June last, a pair of gold spectacles. The finder will confer a great favor, and be suitably rewarded, by leaving them at THE TIMES office.

PROF. WILLIAMS is now moved into his new quarters, Queen's Hotel block, and has fairly got to work again. He claims to have the most complete tonsorial establishment in Port Hope. 15-4f

THE Bible Christian Church was crowded last Sunday night, to hear the sermon in connection with the death of Mr. Robert Bedford, whose decease was noticed in our last. Rev. Mr. Hull preached, his text being—"Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints."

A great many of our readers knew Patrick Gunn and James White, both commercial travellers well known throughout the country. They were at the Albion Hotel, Montreal, one evening, not long since, and both felt "funny." Gunn was twirling his stick around, and jokingly, it is said, knocked White's hat off. White coolly walked to where his stick was standing, picked it up, and, walking back to Gunn, struck him over the head a terrific blow, from the effects of which the latter died. An inquest was held, and White, we are told, has been committed to stand his trial. It is said that White and Gunn were fast friends. One of them is a cousin to Mr. T. B. Collins, Millbrook.

A MUNICIPAL WANT SUPPLIED.

An ex-Councillor, and one who may yet aspire to occupy the chief seat of honor in our town, is studying oratory with the professional elocutionists who hold a class in the High School buildings. His example should be followed by others who enjoy municipal honors. The establishment of a class in oratory supplies a long felt want in the civic arena. We have aldermanic Ciceros in our midst, if they only possessed the gift of expressing themselves right. We have noticed on several important occasions at the Council Board, Councillors brimful of grand ideas, who would sink back almost broken-hearted and "broken up" at their failure to give effect to the thoughts which, figuratively speaking, were forcing themselves from every pore. The present city fathers are not equal to their opportunities; the first thing they know the ex-Councillor will leave them in the shade. All they want is a little training in the art of "How to do it." It has made our hearts glow two or three times to see wonderful forensic talent hopelessly struggling to free itself; we have also seen it pine and die. With a full course in oratory, the Cow By-law, the School By-law, and all personal grievances could be dealt with in such a way that the business of a Councillor would become the admiration and envy of his fellow-citizens. It would also lead the way, in the natural course of events, to legislative honors. Some of our aldermen require voice culture, others lessons in gesticulation—all have defects which militate against the success they are qualified to attain. As one who has noted in a quiet way the germs of greatness which occasionally show a desire to bud and bloom, we would, in a kind, fatherly way, advise the members of the Council to walk up and join the elocution class, collectively and individually. Noble men of the forum, let your light so shine, that men may see your good works, and vote for you at next election.

BRILLIANT SCIENTIFIC TRIUMPH.—Thousands cured of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung diseases by Dr. M. Souville's Spirometer, an instrument which conveys medicinal properties direct to the parts affected. These wonderful instruments are used in all first-class hospitals, and prescribed by leading physicians. Full directions for treatment sent by letter, and instruments expressed to any address. It is only since Souville's invention that lung diseases are no longer feared until their very last stage. Write for particulars to M. Souville, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, 13 Phillips Square, Montreal. All letters must contain stamp for reply. R. Deyell, agt. for Port Hope. 47-1y

Who's the Best Physician. The one that does most to relieve suffer- humanity of the thousand and one ills that befall them, is certainly the best of all physicians. Electric Bitters are daily doing this, curing where all other remedies failed. As a spring tonic and blood purifier they have no equal. They positively cure liver and kidney complaints. In the strongest sense of the term, they are the best and cheapest medicine known.—Daily Times. Sold by G. A. Mitchell, at 50 cents.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Cleers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by G. A. Mitchell.

THE SUN FLOWER RAGE.

Oscar Wilde has come and gone months ago, and extreme estheticism, it was supposed, had come and gone with him. Notwithstanding that, after a lapse of months of esthetic silence, when not even a lily adorned either sex on the street as a reminder of the great "too-too" ways that had swept over the continent, there was a grand renaissance on the morning of the Civic Holiday—the love of beauty as represented in the utterly too sweet sunflower, burst forth into glorious fullness, and not a maiden of sentimental turn but what sported in her bosom a full-blown specimen of the genius Helianthus. The hankering after sunflowers has not abated even after a week's time, and we do not wonder; they are delicate, lovely flowers, they are odoriferous and so retiring. The love of the beautiful is still developing in our fair town, and those who raise the Helianthus for the purpose of feeding chickens with the seed are becoming alarmed at the spoilage perpetrated on their gardens. Neither is it altogether confined to the fair sex. Let us pray that it may not be. Canada is a great country, with great resources and great hopes. We want all her noble sons to become flowers, and finally we will become a nation of sunflowers.

LOCAL SPORTING NOTES.

The Independents have received a challenge from a Toronto lacrosse club. They will not accept it, however, unless the conditions are altered.

Oshawa boys lost \$700 at the recent lacrosse match in Peterboro', betting on themselves.

Notwithstanding the "bar" in the Lindsay Post our Lacrosse Club have never received any challenge from the Lindsay team to play with or without Breakey.

The Port Hope papers printed paragraphs which showed their chagrin at the defeat of the Port Hope Lacrosse Club by the Lindsay boys. They also contended that the whole strength of the Lindsay team lay in the playing of Breakey. The Lindsay club have answered this by forwarding a challenge to play the Port Hope club on their own ground, in their own time and without Breakey's assistance. No reply has been received to the challenge as yet.—Lindsay Post.

The open seasons for game are as follows: Deer, elk, moose, caribou, Oct. 1 to Dec. 15; grouse, pheasants, prairie fowl, partridges, Sept. 1 to Jan. 1; wild turkey and quail, Oct. 1 to Jan. 1; woodcock, Aug. 1 to Jan. 1; snipe, Aug. 15 to Jan. 1; mallard, grey and black wood duck, Aug. 15 to Jan. 1; other ducks, geese, swans, Aug. 15 to May 1; hares, Sept. 1 to March 1.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Chas. E. McGann, of Toronto, paid a visit to friends in town, last week.

Mr. Geo. A. Cox, returned last week from his trip to Europe.

Mr. Wm. Craig returned from Orchard Beach last Saturday.

Mr. A. A. Adams, of the Queen's Hotel, left for the North-West yesterday morning.

Mr. D. J. Goggin, and family, returned to town on Tuesday. His duties begin on the 4th prox.

Rev. Geo. Richardson, the former pastor of the Baptist church here, preached from his old pulpit on Sunday, morning and evening.

Messrs. Geo. Wilson, of the Guide, W. T. R. Preston, of the News, and J. B. Traves, of the Times, started on Monday for Winnipeg, on the press excursion. They expect to be absent about two weeks.

Mr. Thos. Singleton returned yesterday, after his trip to England, and next Sunday he will be found presiding at the organ in the Methodist church. He feels wonderfully improved in health, his feelings in this matter being indicated by his appearance.

Messrs. Bonbright and Mercer, of the Philadelphia School of Oratory, intend taking up their residence in Port Hope for a short time. Those who are unable to attend the elocutionary class the regular nights of meeting, will then have an opportunity of taking private lessons.

Mr. Chas. A. Wilmot, superintendent of Newcastle fishery, is now engaged preparing for the grand international fishery exhibition, to be held in London, England, next May. We hope to see Canada give a splendid account of the great fishery resources at her disposal, and Mr. Wilmot is just the man with whom to entrust the task.

A good article that has achieved success, and attained a world-wide reputation by its true merits and wonderful results, is always imitated. Such is the case with Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and colds. Already unprincipled parties are endeavoring to delude an unsuspecting public, by offering imitations of this most fortunate discovery. Do not be deceived, but insist on having the true remedy and take no other. Trial bottles free at Mitchell's Drug store. Large size \$1.00.

WELCOME.

An accident, which we fear will prove fatal, happened to a young man named Bye, living with Mr. Gray, lot 23, con. 4. It appears he was bringing in the horses early Monday morning, and riding rapidly, by some means ran over a cow that was lying down. The horses stumbled and rolling over injured the young man's head. A physician being summoned, stated that the case was a critical one, and expressed but small hopes of recovery. He is a son of James Bye, toll-keeper, Canton.

Dr. Kelly, the ex-priest, preached in the church here last Sunday evening.

Mr. Paul Oke has commenced buying apples, and intends to begin packing immediately.

Tuesday was nomination day in Nova Scotia for the Provincial Assembly. Two of the Ministers were returned by acclamation, Messrs. Churob, Provincial Secretary, and Gayton, Commissioner of Works and Mines.

BIRTH. JEFFERY.—At the Wesleyan Parsonage, Port Hope, on Monday, 21st inst., the wife of the Rev. T. W. Jeffery, of a daughter.

THE LION. NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED. New Collars and Frillings. New Dress Buttons, in all Colors. New Laces and Lawns. New Kid Gloves, at 50c per Pair. New 4 Buttoned Black Silk Gloves. New Silks and Satins. New Satin Brocades. N. HOCKIN.

IMMENSE BARGAINS! WILL BE GIVEN AT FRASER & POWELL'S NEW Boot & Shoe Store, The coming four weeks our stock must positively be reduced to make room for new Fall Goods. Our stock is all fresh, new and clean, no old shop worn or second hand goods to be seen on our shelves. This will be a grand opportunity for everybody to supply themselves with first-class goods, at PRICES AWAY BELOW EVERY OTHER HOUSE IN THE TRADE. Ladies fine Kid and Goat goods kept in four different widths. Every pair of boots is guaranteed to give satisfaction. All rips in boots sold by us, sewed free of charge. FRASER & POWELL.

EDITORS OFF TO MANITOBA.

From Wednesday's World.

The Canadian Press Association held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon in the Council Chamber in the Court House. J. B. Pense (President) of the Kingston Whig was in the chair. The report of the Secretary-Treasurer showed a balance of cash on hand of \$200. The officers were elected: George Fye, (Brampton) President; J. Blackett Robinson, (Toronto), 1st Vice-President; G. Patullo, (Woodstock), 2nd Vice-President; W. C. Clinnie, (Bowmanville), Secretary. The party, which numbered 115 ladies and gentlemen, then proceeded to the Union station and took a special train on the Credit Valley railway for Manitoba, to which province the annual excursion is being held.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

The President in delivering the annual address, briefly but ably reviewed the progress of the profession in Canada since the date of last meeting. The reformation in newspaper laws, which were agitated at last convention, were announced to have been successfully carried out. The petition for the repeal of the law enforcing payment by publishers of newspaper postage had been noticed and its prayer fully granted by Parliament. An important amendment to the law of libel had also been effected, which greatly adds to the privileges of reporting another meeting. The project of establishing another news agency in New York by the careful discrimination and condensing of news matter was touched upon. The President also commented upon the stability and growing influence of the press throughout the country, on all questions of public moment. To its already imposing list of 565, at the last meeting, 28 new publications had been added, showing that in numbers, at least, they were certainly equal to the capabilities of the country.

PETERBORO' MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.23 to \$1.24; Spring wheat, \$1.23 to \$1.24; Rye, 70c to 75c; Oats, 50c to 51c; Peas, 75c to 80c; Barley, 70c to 80c; Potatoes per bag, \$1 to \$1.25; Hay per ton, \$10 to \$11; Wood per cord, \$3 to \$3.50.

LINDSAY MARKETS.—Fall Wheat \$1.20 to \$1.20; Spring Wheat \$1.25 to \$1.25; Barley 60c to 65c; Peas 70c to 75c; Marrowfat Peas 65c to 80c; Rye 70c to 75c; Oats 45c to 50c; Potatoes 50c to 60c; Hay per ton \$10 to \$12; Wood 18c to 20c.

COBourg MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.27 to \$1.30; Spring wheat, \$1.25 to \$1.32; Barley, 75c to 80c; Oats, 50c to 55c; Peas, 70c to 80c; Rye, 75c to 75c; Potatoes, 75c to 70c; Hay, per ton, \$9 to \$17.

BOWMANVILLE MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.20 to \$1.25; Spring wheat, \$1.20 to \$1.25, Rye, 75c to 75c; Oats, 35c to 45c; Peas, small, 70c to 75c; Barley, 70c to 85c; Hay, per ton, \$7 to \$8; potatoes, 60c to 65c.

Housekeepers Will save time and money by going direct to the PORT HOPE CASH STORE to make their purchases. We are showing to-day Fast Color Prints at 5c per yd, Ribbons 5c per yd, worth from 10c to 20c per yd. Special value this week in Dress Goods, Silks, Hosiery, Frilling, Gloves, Table Linen, Sheetting, Toilet & Honey Quilts. S. J. MURPHY, Manager.

Millbrook, and Bethany Special Notices.

KELLY & PRESTON, Grain dealers, Bethany pay the Highest Market Price for all kinds of grain at all seasons of the year. HENRY ATKINS, Livestock, Millbrook. First-Class Teams, with comfortable buggies, Carriages, Cutters and Sleighs, supplied at the shortest notice. Apply at the stables, 100 yards east of the Midland Railway Station. 49-1y

MARKET REPORTS: Montreal Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Flour, Meal, &c., and various types of Pork.

Port Hope Market

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat, Spring, Fall, and various types of Pork.

Wheat

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Fall Wheat, Spring, and Flie.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Barley, Oats, Rye, Peas, Black Eyes, and Clover Seed.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Flour—Branial Patrons, Extra, Spring, and Fall.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Lamb, Bacon, Hams, Small Pans, Mutton, Beef, Pork, and Eggs.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Butter, Eggs, Lard, Cheese, Hay, Straw, Potatoes, Apples, Carrots, Parsnips, Turnips, Beets, and Cabbages.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Turkey, Geese, Ducks, Chickens, Hens, and Eggs.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Calf Skins, Hides, Sheepskins, Grubby Hides, and Bones.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wool and Fleeced Wool per lb.

OSHAWA MARKETS.—Fall wheat, \$1.15 to \$1.20; Spring wheat, \$1.15 to \$1.30; Spring wheat, \$1.15 to \$1.30; Barley, 70c to 87c; Peas, 75c to 85c; Blackeyes 80c to 87c; Small, 65c to 75c; Oats, 40c to 45c; Rye, 80c to 85c; Potatoes, 60 to 65c; Hay, per ton, \$7.50 to \$10. WHITBY MARKETS.—Fall Wheat, \$1.20 to \$1.25; Spring Wheat, \$1.25 to \$1.30; Barley, 70c to 85c; Rye, 85c to 90c; Peas, small, 75c to 80c; Blackeye Peas, 85c to 88c; Oats, 45c to 50c; Hay, \$8 to \$10.00; Potatoes, \$1.00; Pork, \$7.00 to \$8.00.